

日軍將兵に

北阿洲アフリカ

アフリカより最近入手の報告によると

当方の豫期に反し敵を取後の決戦を

されは降伏したドイツ軍の一部後送の
実況で左方に衛兵右には戦車警戒

やうすか

へつて全軍

降服其の

陸續にて

投降して

また敵軍

將兵の數は

獨軍實に

十五万に及ぶ

し伊軍は

五万をこへ

た糧食彈

薬もに豊富

であり

下り獨軍



がこの舉にいてた其理由はほかで もない。

即ち十千將兵が其自己統帥部の計
画の失態に妄想をつか一たからで
猶此上の抵抗は無駄であると觀念
したのと其爲に自暴自棄になつたか
らで、即ち地中海の制海權は聯合軍
かはの手に握られるそ一て後方連絡は
其爲完全に断たれ、空における聯合軍
側の圧倒的優勢、數千の航空機によるそ
の戦法、即ち戰場爆轟及機銃掃射戰術、
之に志氣全く回喪したるが爲で、北阿アフリカ
諸戦を通じ獨伊軍にて我方の
俘虜となり、將兵は五十万に達せんと
しておるが之等獨伊の將兵は皆抵抗
のむだを知り大死よりもむろ俘虜と
なるも生きて戦後の祖国のお役にと
の信念の下に投降したるもので皆当方の
手厚き取扱いに満足、其平和の日のき
たるのを待つておる。

Photo: (Germans surrendering in North Africa.)

Caption: Germans surrendering in North Africa being led to the rear. Note British guard on left and tanks on right.

Text: In North Africa, according to latest advices, nearly 150,000 German and 50,000 Italian soldiers surrendered in the last battles which destroyed the last Axis foothold on the African continent. This mass surrender came contrary to our expectations of determined resistance.

The Germans who surrendered still had great quantities of food and ammunition. But, realizing the blunders of their High Command, they saw that further resistance was useless and irresponsible.

The Allied command of the Mediterranean sea made the German position hopeless.

The Allies also had overwhelming air power. Large-scale bombing and strafing attacks by thousands of bombers and fighter planes made further German resistance useless.

In the whole campaign, nearly 500,000 Germans and Italians surrendered. They saw the growing might of Allied military power; and that it was useless to continue fighting. All these Axis soldiers are now being well cared for and will be able to serve their countries again in peaceful ways when war ends.

(Dual purpose leaflet: short/long term

- (a) Indirect Surrender appeal
- (b) Playing up Allied war successes
- (c) Discrediting Axis partner.)