

# ソビエト連邦





# 戦況週報

八月二日

5307.

聯合國日本に対し警告を発す

目下開かれて居るベルリン会議

に於て米英中華三國首脳は七月二十六日日本に対し停戦せざれば國家の破壊を免れざる旨共同警告、ナチドイツの無益なる抵抗が如何にドイツ國土其工業等を破碎したるかを指摘、君側の重臣に対し善断を要望、目下日本々々土進軍に集結中の軍力の其破碎作戦に充分なるものなる事而してドイツも同様状況に在りて後れ走せ乍ら断乎無條件降服の賢策に出でたるものであつた事を述べた。

空襲に對する警告

人道上の見地より聯合國は軍事工場を有す

る左の拾餘の都市住民に對し退去警告のビラを七月廿七日ビロイ廿九からまいいたが右は函館、青森、一宮、郡山、長岡、津、大垣、西宮、宇和島、久留米等であつた。

吳軍港に於ける戦果

英米艦載機編隊は吳軍港及び瀨戸内海攻

襲作戦に於て七月廿四日艦艇廿隻沈破の戦果をあげ空偵察機により戦艦三隻、空母、巡洋艦各五隻が其中に含まれて居る事が判明した。ヨロロパ情報 英軍の手によるナチ大本營押収書類のうち昭

和十五年九月前即ち開戦後一年足らずで全英國を占領するの作戦計画書が発見されて居る。然して其六年後の今日ではナチ帝國は亡びドイツは英米ソ聯及佛四國の統轄の下に置かるゝに至つた。

英國の總選挙

今回の總選挙では労働黨が大勝利を占めたが、首

相チャーチル氏は当選して居る。新首相アトリイ氏は対日戦はチャーチル内閣同様強引に行はるゝ旨発表した。

バリクパ、ンの空襲

濠洲軍七月一日上陸以来初めての日本側

空襲が同廿七日行はれたが目標地域に到達前其二聯機因爆薬機十よりなる編隊は濠洲軍吐火戰鬥機により阻散地上ではオーストラリア軍は中央丘陵地帯に布陣の日軍を引續き圧迫中で、又爆薬機戰鬥機は既に二飛行場を使用し居る一方、バリクパ、ン港では多量の武器、彈藥、器材等の陸あげで繁忙を極めて居る。



## WEEKLY WAR NEWS—JULY 20.

**BATTLESHIPS SHELL HONSHU:** The Japanese homeland is now being shelled by United States warships. The Bombardment began on July 14 when three 35,000-ton battleships, cruisers and destroyers of the Third Fleet attacked the port and industrial centre of Kamaishi, 250 miles north of Tokio. The Imperial Iron and Steel Works, oil storage tanks and electrical installations were left burning fiercely after being hit by 1000 tons of explosives. A destroyer and 10 merchant ships were sunk. The American warships ranged unhindered close to the shore.

Naval bombardment continued on July 15 when three 45,000-ton battleships concentrated their fire on Muroran, seaport and steel centre in Southern Hokkaido. Again the U.S. Fleet was not intercepted by either the Japanese Navy or aircraft.

**AIR STRIKES:** Simultaneously with the naval attack on July 14, 1,000 carrier-borne planes were attacking Northern Honshu and Hokkaido. Their targets were air bases, shipping, and railways, particularly the rail ferries linking Honshu and Hokkaido.

On July 11 took place the greatest single day's air assault of the Pacific War. A total of almost 2,000 bombers and fighters—based on Okinawa and Iwo-Jima—attacked oilfields extending from the Tokio Plain to Nagoya and Osaka. On July 12, 1,600 carrier planes continued the attack on Tokio's oilfields, and fighter planes bombed Kobe. On July 13 the oil storage centre at Kawasaki was attacked by Super Fortresses.

As more air bases are established on Okinawa to take the aircraft released by the end of the war in Europe, attacks against Japan will be heavier.

**INVASION EXPECTED:** On July 12 Tokio Radio announced that Japanese troops were manning the coastal defences of Honshu to meet an Allied invasion of the homeland.

**BORNEO:** Balikpapan harbour has been cleared of minefields and is now open for Allied shipping. The town of Balikpapan and its oilfields were captured on July 4 after three days' fighting. In North Borneo Australian troops have seized the town of Pinar on the Jesselton railroad, Brunei. Since Australian forces captured Tarakan Island, North Borneo, in May they have taken Labuan Island, Brunei Bay, Muara Island, Weston, Beaufort and Lutong, Seria and Miri (Sarawak).

**CHINESE ATTACK IN KWANGSI:** Latest victory in the Chinese drive in Kwangsi Province has been the recapture of Liuchan, 28 miles north-east of Liuchow. They have also captured Tayu, a town in the heart of the wolfram mining region. Other Chinese forces who recaptured Chinnankwan Pass, gateway to Indo-China, have cleared all the Japanese from the south-west of the Provinces. Chinese troops are now only 55 miles from Kweilin.

**TARGET:** Japanese troops—General.

**DISTRIBUTION:** Two weeks after receipt.