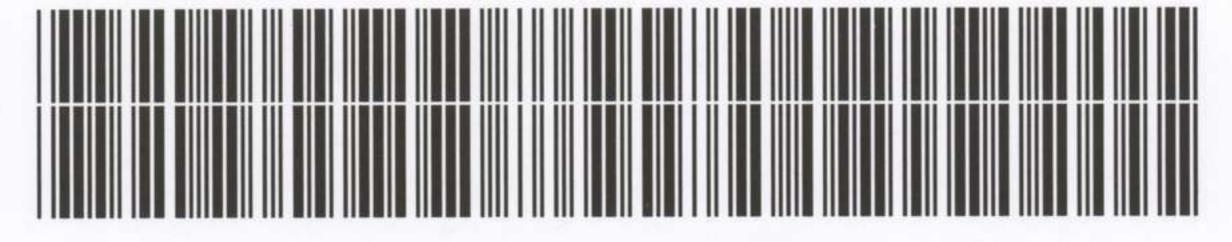
AWM4 Australian Imperial Force unit war diaries, 1914-18 War

Infantry

Item number: 23/74/32 Part 2

Title: 57th Infantry Battalion

September 1918 Appendix 27



AWM4-23/74/32PART2

57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

HISTORY OF OPERATIONS .

29th September to

1st October 1918.

57th BATTALION.

CONTENTS.

- V Preliminary Instructions.
- * Attack Order (9/101).
- wap shewing objectives.
- v Aerial photographs of areas attacked.
- Battalion Attack order 9/108.
- v Battalion Relief Order 9/110.
- · Dispositions handed over.
- w Messages received and forwarded during period.
- V List of captured material.
 - C.O's and Company Commanders' reports.

Congratulatory Messages.

SECRET



BATTALION ORDER NO 9/101.

Ref. 62 B N.W. 1/20;000.

28. 9. 1918.

- 1. On Z Day at an hour to be notified the 15th Australian Infantry Brigade acting as part of the Australian Corps to which the II American Corps is affiliated, will attack the enemy's positions in the HINDENBURG line in the sector NAUROY GOUY. The attack will be carried out in two phases?
 - (a) The 30th American Division on the right and the 27th American Division on the left are to attack at ZERO and capture the Green Line.
 - (b) The 5th Australian Division on the right and the 3rd Australian Division on the left are to pass through the AMERICAN Divisions in open warfare formation and proceed to the RED Line.
 - 2/ Objectives and boundaries are as shewn on the maps already issued.
 - 3. Dispositions:
 - (a) 57th Battalion on the right, 59th Battalion on the left: 58th Battalion in close support in the centre.
 - (b) Attached to 57th Battalion:

2 MARK V Tanks. 2 Whippet Tanks. 72 Section Light Horse. 1 Section Field Artillery.

- (c) The 8th Australian Infantry Brigade (29th Battalion) will be on the RIGHT of 15th Australian Infantry Brigade. The 11th Australian Infantry Brigade (44th Battalion) will be on the left of 15th Brigade.
- 4. 57th Battalion will arrive at the START line by 9 am. The Battalion will be disposed on a TWO Company front: "A" Company RIGHT: "B" Company LEFT in the front line: "C" Company RIGHT: "D" Company LEFT on the second line. The Battalion will occupy trenches in G 2 A and C. Battalion Headquarters will be about G 2 C 10.90.
- 5. The operations as far as they effect the 57th Battalion will be divided into stages:
 - STAGE 1. From the START lineato the GREEN line At 9 am the battalion will move within the boundaries indicated on map already issued in an EASTERLY direction. Movement will be by Platoon Columns. Battalion Headquarters will move with the second wave. The width of ground covered by the Battalion during this stage will be approximately 800 yards, approximate time table for various stages is issued separately.
 - The battalion will cross the GREEN Line at llam. Formation Two waves of TWO lines each either in platoon columns or extended according to the opposition being encountered. At this stage sections of the 58th Battalion will have been interpolated between 57th and 59th Battalions. Two MARK V tanks will have been guided to the head of the column and will themceforth operate in the lead.

 57th Battalion will swing SOUTH EAST skirting ESTREES.

 58th Battalion with FOUR Tanks attached will attack and mop up ESTREES. The Southern edge of the Village must be marked to permit of, our passage round the Southern end.

CONTD

SECRET.

PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTIONS NO 1 accompanying BATTALION ORDER NO 9/101.

26th September 1918.

SIGNALS.

- 1. The only light signals to be employed will be:
 - (a) S.O.S.: No 32 Rifle Grenade: Three REDS.
 - (b) Success Signal: No 32 Rifle Grenade: Three WHITES.

SECRECY.

- 1. It is of the first importance that secrecy should be observed priot to all operations in order to effect surprise. The necessity for secrecy should be impressed on all ranks.
- 2. The leaflet "Keep your mouth shut" will be pasted in the paybooks of all Australian personnel and will be issued to each individual American soldier.
- 3. Any Officer, N.C.O. or man found discussing the operation in public or giving details to any person not immediately concerned will be severely dealt with.
- 4. No orders will be given and no reference will be made to the operation on any telephone line forward of Divisional Headquarters of line Divisions.
- 5. The greatest care will be taken by Officers whose duties require that they should make recommaisances in forward areas that no map is produced except under cover.

CONTACT AEROPLANES.

- 1. It is essential that EVERY MAN should know when a contact aeroplane is desirous of ascertaining the position of our troops and how to communicate with it. Company Commanders will ensure that all ranks are informed (a) When the contact machine is likely to require signals.
 - (b) The means by which our position is communicated to the machine.
- 2. All ranks will at once be provided with tin discs. These discs will be secured to the reverse side of the Small Box Respirator and will be flashed in the direction of the contact aeroplane when that machine calls for signals by a succession of "As" on its Klaxon horn.
- 3. Red ground flares will be issued and these will be lit by front line troops for the same purpose as the discs are flashed when the aeroplane calls.

COMMUNICATION.

- 1. Message rockets will be issued as soon as available. The signalling Officer will ensure that Company and Headquarters Signal personnel are acquainted with their use.
- 2. A series of code calls for employment between Infantry, using the Popham panel, and contact aeroplanes has been issued to the Signalling Officer. Those calls already in use will be retained.

Cont'd.

The following are being issued:

- (a) 1/20,000 Special Operations Sheet for distribution to all Officers.
- (b) 1/20,000 map message form for distribution down to N.C.O's
- (c) 1/20,000 barrage map for distribution to Company Commanders.
- (d) 1/40,000 organisation map.
- (e) A mosiac photograph of the Divisional Front, squared and freely annotated for distribution to Company Commanders.
- (f) Oblique photographs of the Divisional front for distribution to all Officers and semior N.C.O's.

Company Commanders must ensure that these maps and photographs are freely circulated to N.C.O's so that the achievement of their tasks may be facilitated.

BATTALION INTELLIGENCE POLICE.

- 1. One German speaker and two searchers will be allotted to the battalion for use as follows:
 - (a) GERMAN SPEAKER (1) To secure immediate identifications quickly so that Divisional Head-quarters may be informed speedily of enemy units on the battle front.

 (11) Secure immediate information for the battalion commander as regards dispositions, assembly positions orders for counter attack, etc.

 (111) To be in charge of the two searchers, to separate important documents, orders, maps, etc., translate and convey information of moment too the Battalion Commander.
 - (b) TWO SEARCHERS. The two searchers under the German speaker systematically search the battlefield, enemy positions, suspected Headquarters, dead, etc., for papers, documents, maps, etc., have them packed in sand bags and returned to rear through the Battalion Intelligence Officer. This personnel will carry torches and besides rifles or revolvers, some Mills bombs for use on enemy dugouts.

PRISONERS.

- 1. (a) Searching.
 Officers and N.C.O's will be searched as soon as possible after their capture, by an officer or N.C.O. and all documents taken from them sent back to Battalion Headquarters.
 - (b) Prisoners other than officers and N.C.O's will be searched on their arrival at the Corps Cage.
 - (c) All ranks must understand that a prisoners paybook, identity disc and personal belongings should not be taken from him. All escorts and guards must be warned to take special precautions to prevent prisoners from destroying papers.
- 2. Separation of Prisoners.

 Care will be taken that officers, N.C.O's and privates are separated from one another at once and are not allowed to communicate. Prisoners who have been

CONTD.

interrogated should not be allowed to mix with those who have not yet been examined.

- It is important that when prisoners are sent back, information regarding the locality of capture should accompany them.
- It is most important that no officer or N.C.O. except those daly authorised be allowed to interrogate or converse with prisoners.
- 4. Prisoners should be sent to rear with as little delay as possible. Care must be taken that too many men are not employed on escort duty.

IDENTIFICATIONS.

The importance of passing on all identifications as speedily as possible cannot be too strongly impressed on all concerned. It is essential that the identifications and locality in which obtained should be sent to Battalion Headquarters as soon as secured.

LIEUT.

57th BATTALION.A.I.F.

57th BATTALION.A.I.F. APPENDIX

PRELIMINARY & INSTRUCTIONS NO 2 accompanying BATTALION ORDER NO. 9/101.

26th September 1918.

INFORMATION REQUIRED.

The following information is required by Battalion Headquarters during the operation:

- (a) Position of our troops.
- (b) Position and strength of the enemy.
- (c) Nature and Position of enemy defences.
- (d) Nature and direction of hostile shelling.
- (e) Identification of German units.

EXTRA WATER BOTTLES AND INCH RATIONS.

All ranks will cannot two water bottles and two iron rations. The extra bottle and ration will be issued later.

It must be clearly impressed upon all manks that both iron rations are emergency rations and will not on any account be consumed without the permission of an Officer.

CONCEALMENT OF MOVEMENT.

Movement in the forward area must be reduced to an absolute minimum. Officers will explain to their men the reasons for restricted movement. Great care must be exercised regarding lights etc. at night.

LOOTING.

Absolutely no looting of ememy dead is to be permitted. The only people authorised to search bodies are the Intelligence personnel.

DISPOSITIONS.

Exact Company dispositions should be sent in to Battalion Headquarters as soon as possible after the final objective has been reached so that an S.O.S. line may be given.

MINES AND TRAPS.

All ranks are to be warned of the need of caution in respect to mines and booby traps.

ADJT. 57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

SECRET.

57th BATTALION. A.I.F. APPENDIX

PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTIONS NO 3 accompanying BATTALION ORDER NO 9/101.

27th SEPTEMBER 1918

CORPS ARTILLERY AND TANKS.

Particulars regarding the co-operation of artillery and Tanks on the Corps Front have already been communicated to Company Commanders. This information will be passed on to all ranks.

ANTI GAS.

The enemy may try to render all dugouts unusable as he retires by exploding Yellow Cross shell in them. During an advance it is impossable to bring up cylinders of Chlorine, the use of which is the best means of neutralizing Yellow Cross Gas.

In the circumstances the best method will be to keep fires burning in the dugout for some hours and place the dugout out of bounds. The dugout should not be occupied until it has been declared fit for occupation by the Brigade Gas Officer.

LAND MINES

The following reports on mining in German back areas have been received

- (a) LE CATALET: Mines have been placed in houses and "La Rue Nationale" is mined one Km. south of LE CATALET Church.
- (b) All the wells in the localities neighbouring on ST QUENTIN have also been mined.

TANKS.

4 Mark V and two Whippet tanks have been allotted to 57th Battalion.

ARTILLERY.

One section of Field Artillery has been allotted to 57th Battalion.

BARRAGE: HEAVY ARTILLERY.

From 11 am heavy artillery will not engage targets East of the north and south grid line separating B 19 and 20. From 12 Noon it will lift 1000 yards east: at 1 pm 1000 east again and so on. Great care must be exercised by Company Commanders in the regulation of their advance so that our own troops do not walk into this barrage.

CAVALRY.

Cavalry will cross the start line at 2 pm to be in close co-operation with the 8th Australian Infantry Brigade on our right.

ENEMY ARTILLERY.

Ememy guns are reported to be in GOUY HOUROY and ESTREES.

INFORMATION.

It is of the first importance that speedy information regarding enemy forces and dispositions be sent to Battalion Headquarters. Care should be taken that the time of any occurrance is mentioned in the text of messages.

ADJT. 57TH BATTALION.A.I.F

SECRET.

APPENDIX 27

. 57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTION NO 4.

accompanying BATTALION ORDER NO 9/101.

28. 9. 18.

Ammunition, Bombs, Signals, etc.

The following will be issued today:

l extra Bandolier S.A.A. per man.

l extra water bottle per man.

1 extra emergency Ration per man.

8 Wirecutters per Platoon.

- 7 S.O.S. Signals per Company.

6 Success Signals per Company.

60 Ground Flares per Company.

3 Message Rockets per Company.

In addition each Company will carry as many picks and shovels as possible.

2. LIAISON.

O.C. "B" Company will detail one Officer to report to Headquarters 119 American Regiment before 7 pm tonight for liaison duty. He will take with him two runners and will keep these Headquarters informed of the situation. He will rejoin his Company as the Battalion passes over the Green Line.

APPROACH MARCH TO START LINE. 3.

Companies will pass the Starting point (the HIGSON QUARRIES in I loa) at 7 15 am on zero day and proceed on a two Company frontage as already allotted, by Platoon columns via routes already reconnoitred. Company Commanders must be responsible for judging of the necessity for ordering men to temporarily take cover if exposed to heavy shelling. In the event of casualties, wounded will be placed under the best cover available but the march of the column must not be delayed.

WOUNDED. 4.

Special measures must be taken to prevent tanks from running over wounded. Places where wounded are lying should be indicated by a rifle with bayonet fixed thrust into the ground and with a piece of white rag attached.

MINES AND TRAPS. 5.

warm all ranks to beware of mined dugouts and to be careful of mined trenches. Minenwerfer are sometimes butied in trenches with a board resting on the instantaneous fuses.

TRENCH SHELTERS. 6.

The trench shelters at present on issue to Companies must be carefully collected prior to moving out and placed with the Company blankets in the charge of CQMS's until collected by the Q.M. The Q.M. will arrange to collect all blankets, cookers, trench shelters, etc. as soon as possible after the Battalion moves out.

The R.M.O. will remain at rear of the column throughout the MEDICAL. 7. advance.

> LIEUT. ADJT. 57th BATTALION.A.I.F.

28. 9. 1918.

APPENDIX

The 58th Battalion will endeavour to supply troops for this purpose, but "B" Company will be responsible for rendering what assistance is necessary in this, operation.

The 57th Battalion during this stage will be operating in portion of 8th Brigade area.

"A" Company and "D" Company will proceed to the Eastern

ESTREES - JONCOURT road. "D" Company passing through "B" Company.

will occupy the Western road. Battalion Headquarters at this stage will be located about H 2 D 6.4.

out by three Companies. "A" on the RIGHT: "C" in the CENTRE;
"D" on the LEFT. For this purpose "D" Company will side slip to
the NORTH until its LEFT flank rests about H 3 A Central. "C"
Company will move from the Western road to the Eastern road.
"B" Company will by this time have occupied the Western road.
"A" Company will move outpreceded by a tank to the direction of
SWISS COTTAGE. "C" Company will move out as soon as "A" Company
is clear of the road. "D" Company will move as soon as "C" Coy.
is clear. "B" Company will move to the Eastern road as soon as
"A" Company has moved off. The RIGHT flank moving first.
Battalion Headquarters will move with "B" Company to the bend in
the Sunken road H 3 C 6.1.

STAGE 4 Capture and consolidation of the RED line - including capture of WIANCOURT. The explortation as far as the RED line must be undertaken without delay. The method of attack cannot be laid down with precision and will depend upon the situation at this moment. "A" Company will move forward and take up a position along the RED line facing RAMICOURT with left flank on sunken road leading to SWISS COTTAGE. "C" Company from that point 600 yards NORTH. One tank will work round SWISS COTTAGE Hill on the NORTH side of it; the other will work round the southern outskirts of WIANCOURT. "C" Company must provide flanking protection as the Company passes WIANCOURT whilst "D" company advances on WIANCOURT passing through and mopping it up. "B" Company as soon as the attack on the RED Line has commended will move forward and occupy that part of the BEAUREVOIR - FONSOMME road which runs through H 4 C. "B" Company will here await orders and be prepared either to support the attack on WIANCOURT or occupy any portion of the RED Line.

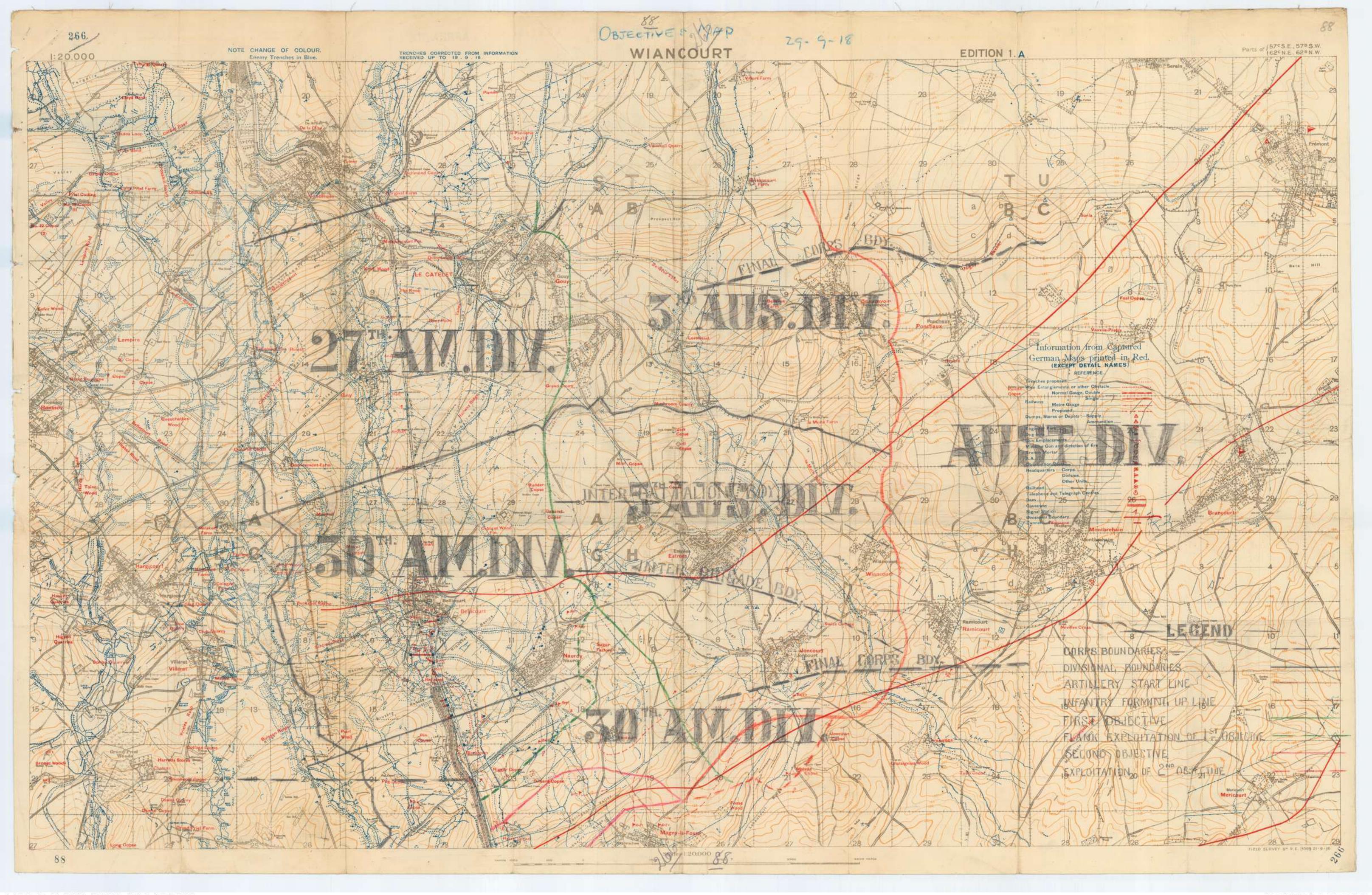
ACTION OF TANKS.

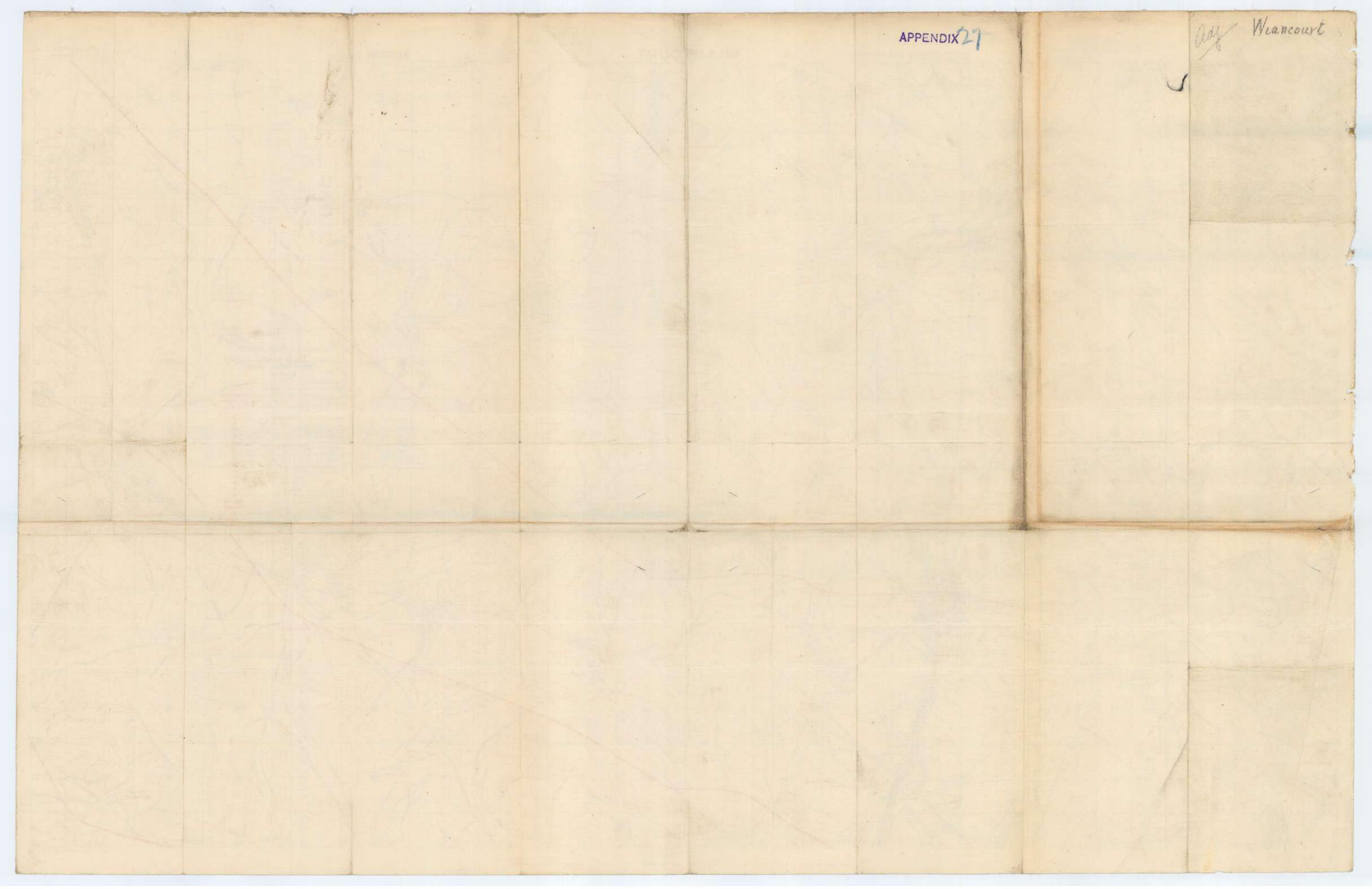
In crossing the BEAUREVOIR - FONSOMME Line, tanks will deposit 8 boxes of S.A.A.

Upon the arrival of the Battalion at the RED Line and capture of WIANCOURT tanks will rally. The four tanks allotted to the 58th Battalion for the capture of ESTREES will also be available to assist in the capture of the RED line should their duties permit.

4.30 pm.

C.O. 57th BATTALION. A. I.F.

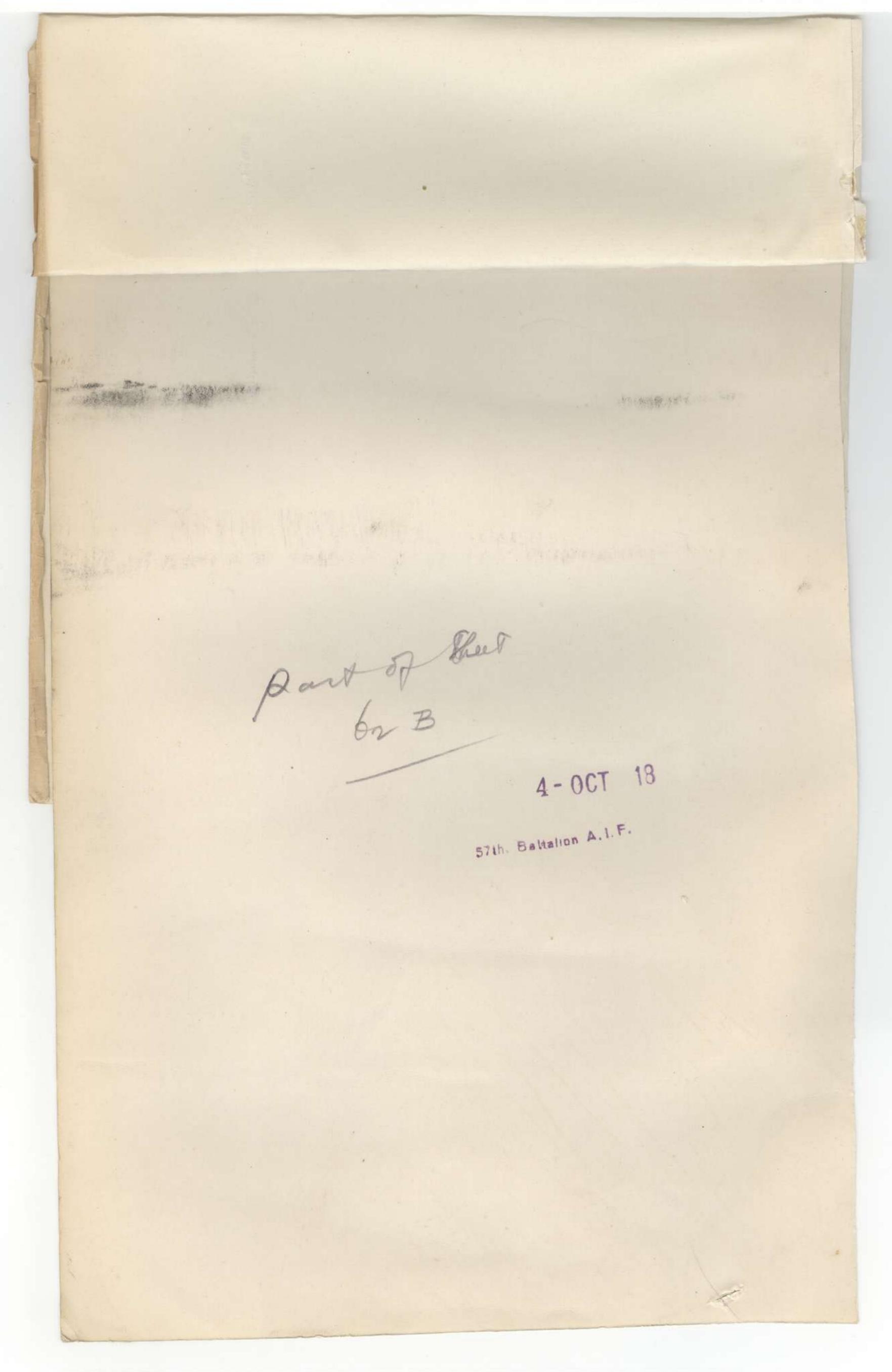












volume No

57th BATTALION. A.I.F. APPENDIX

BATTALION ORDER NO 9/108.

Ref. 62 B. NW. 1/20,000.

1st October 1918.

- 1. At zero hour on the morning of 1st October the 5th Australian Division will advance from its present line and sieze and consolidate along the line from A 22 Central to H 15 Central.
- 2. The 15th Australian Infantry Brigade will be on the left, the 14th Australian Infantry Brigade operating on the right.
- The 57th Battalion has been allotted frontage as follows:
 From A 29 C 2.4 on the left to G 5 D 5.8 on the right. The road to
 CABARET WOOD FARM is exclusive to 57th Battalion and INCLUSIVE to
 58th Battalion. The CABARET WOOD FARM road is the left boundary.
 The right boundary is a line running from the intersection of the
 railway and trench G 5 D 5.8 to A 30 D 0.0.
- 4. At 5.30 am on the morning of Oct. 1st Companies will be in position in the LE CATALET NAUROY line in the following order from RIGHT to LEFT:

nGn n

within the limits set out in para 3.

- 5. Each Company will occupy 250 yards.
- 6. One Company of Tanks is attached to the Division for the purpose of dealing with the maze of trenches west of ESTREES. The tanks will approach round the Southern edge of BELLICOURT and proceed through G 5 and G 6.
- 7. The 59th Battalion will operate on the RIGHT flank of 57th Battalion and the 58th Battalion will operate on the LEFT flank.
- 8. (a) A barrage will be put down at 6 am 200 yards beyond the Start line, and will lift 100 yards every 3 (THREE) minutes.

(b) When the troops have reached their objective a protective barrage 500 yards beyond will remain to cover consolidation.

(c) The extent of the advance for 57th Battalion is approximately 900 yards.

- 9. At zero plus 3 minutes troops will commence the advance, each company advancing in two waves. The second wave will not pass through the first wave but will remain behind at a distance of 100 to 200 yards unless the first wave require support to enable it to advance.

 "B" Company will detail a strong platoon to attack and capture CABARET WOOD FARM. This portion of the attack will be in conjunction with attack by similar party of 58th Battalion who will operate on the left.
- 10. Arrived at the line of objective the battalion will dig in in two lines about 400 yards apart. Advantage will be taken of the configuration of the ground so that the final line will be a series of posts along the general line of the objective given.
- 11. In the event of a counter attack driving us from our position before we are properly established the line of main resistance will be the LE CATALET NAUROY Trench.
- 12. COMMUNICATIONS.

(1) Two relay runner posts will be established.

(a) At 'C" Company's present Headquarters.

(b) At Lamp Signal Station G 4 B 45.50. The Signalling Officer will be established at "C" Company's present Headquarters. He will endeavour to run lines forward to Companies from this point. He will regulate all runner traffic forward

CONTD

APPENDIX 21 93

266d rearward. companies will send their messages to the Signal Officer at "C" companies present Headquarters.

(II) Each Company will detail one runner to report to the Signalling Officer at C Company's present Headquarters at 5.30 am today.

- 13. (a) The location of the objective can be guaged from the position of CABARET COPSE or from the fact that CABARET WOOD FARM is half way.
 - (b) Troops must be impressed with the necessity for keeping close up to the barrage.
 - (c) All Bombs, S.A.A. etc., will be carried. S.O.S. Signals also should be taken. Picks and shovels will be required.
- 14. Zero hour will be 6 AM today 1st October.

ACKNOWLEDGE.

1.43 am.

Issued to all Companies.

ADJT257th BATTALION.A.I.F.

Volume No 266 No SERET.

57th BATTALION. A. I.F.

APPENDIX .. 2794

BATTALION ORDER NO 9/110.

Ref. 62 B NW 1/20,000.

1. 10; 1918.

- 1. The Battalion will be relieved tonight by units of the 2nd Australian Division.
- 2. Prior to the relief the following adjustments will be made in the positions of Companies.
- 3. "B" Company will as soon as it is dusk move forward and establish a line of outposts on the GRANDCOURT + ESTREES Road (B 19 c and 25 B) "D" Company will establish a second lineof posts from BANK COPSE to FOLEMPRISE FARM.

 "A" Company will remain in present location keeping in touch with "C" Company.

 "C" Company will take over such posts as are vacated by "B" Company on the left and will also keep in touch with "A" Company on the right.
- 4. These moves will be accomplished immediately on receipt of this order.
- 5. On relief Companies will proceed to G 3 and G 4 and occupy our positions to be almocated as follows:

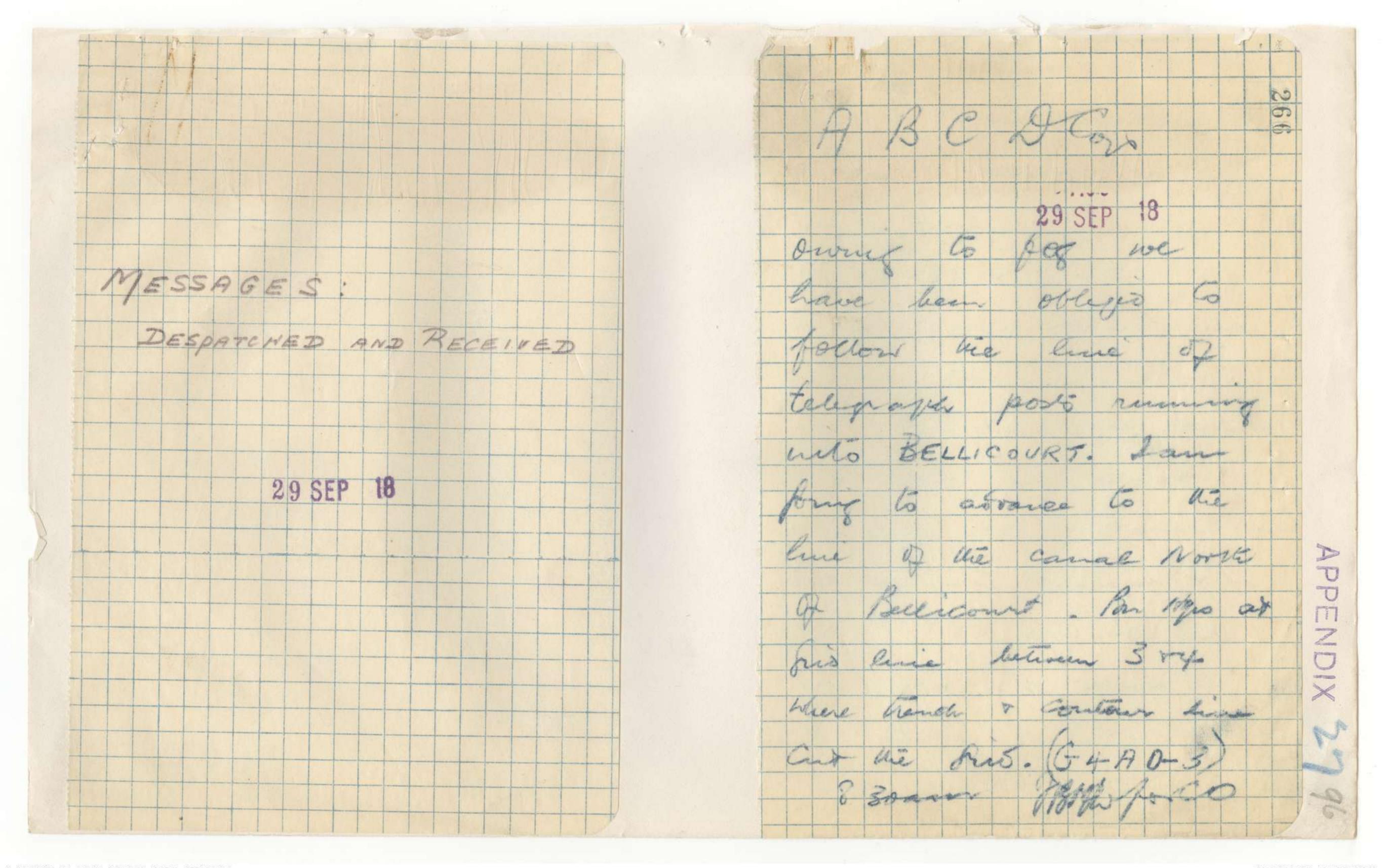
 "B" Company and "D" Company will occupy the Canal Bank. "A" Company will occupy trench running N and S G 3 B and D. "C" Company will occupy trench in rear running N and S through G 3 A and C.
- 6. Companies will make their way as best they can to these positions as soon as relieved.
- 7. Battalion Headquarters will be situated in the same location as yesterdy Report arrival when this vicinity is reached.
- 8. Rations will be available at the ration Dump same location as last night at 10 pm tonight. Each Company will arrange to collect its own quota.

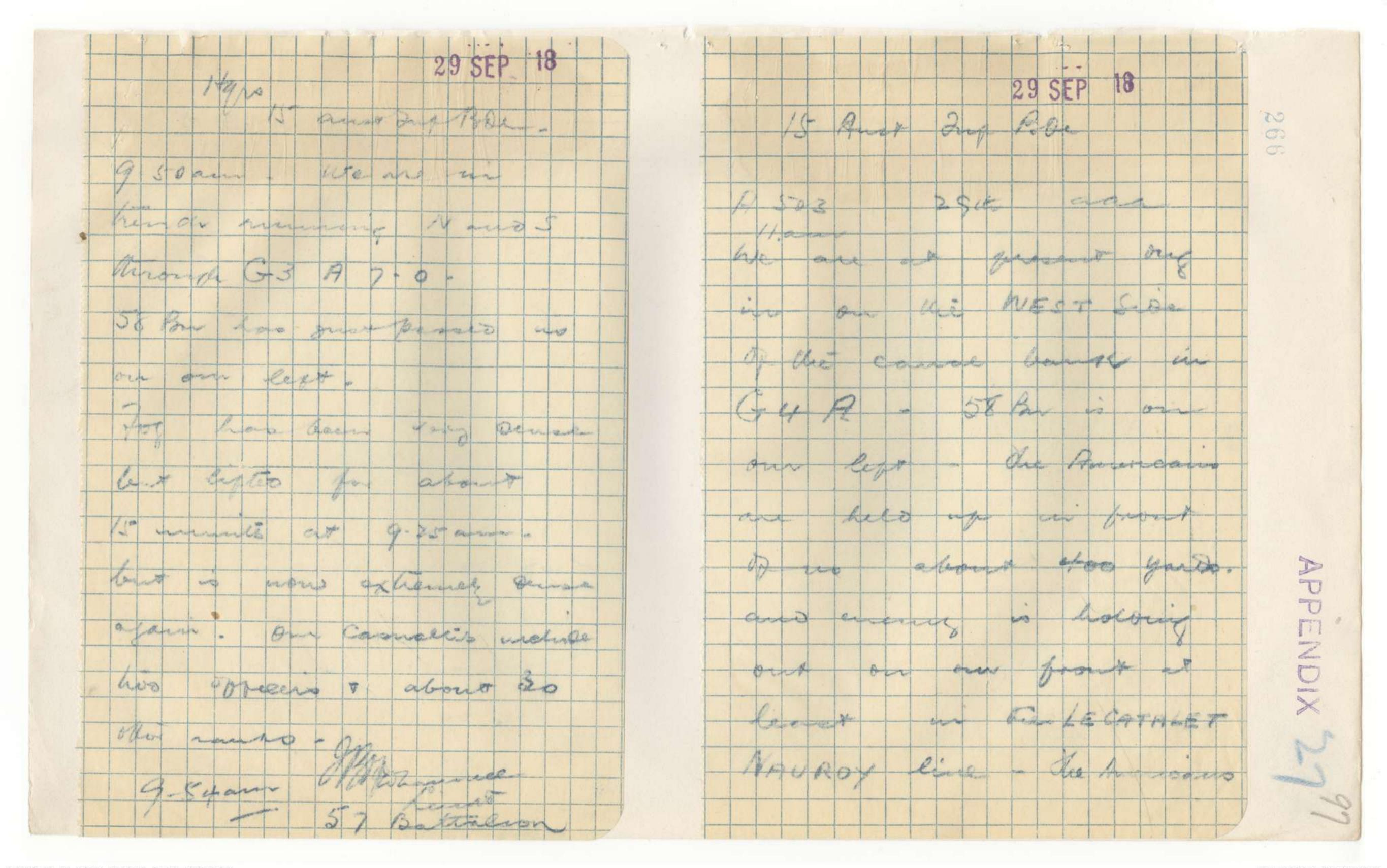
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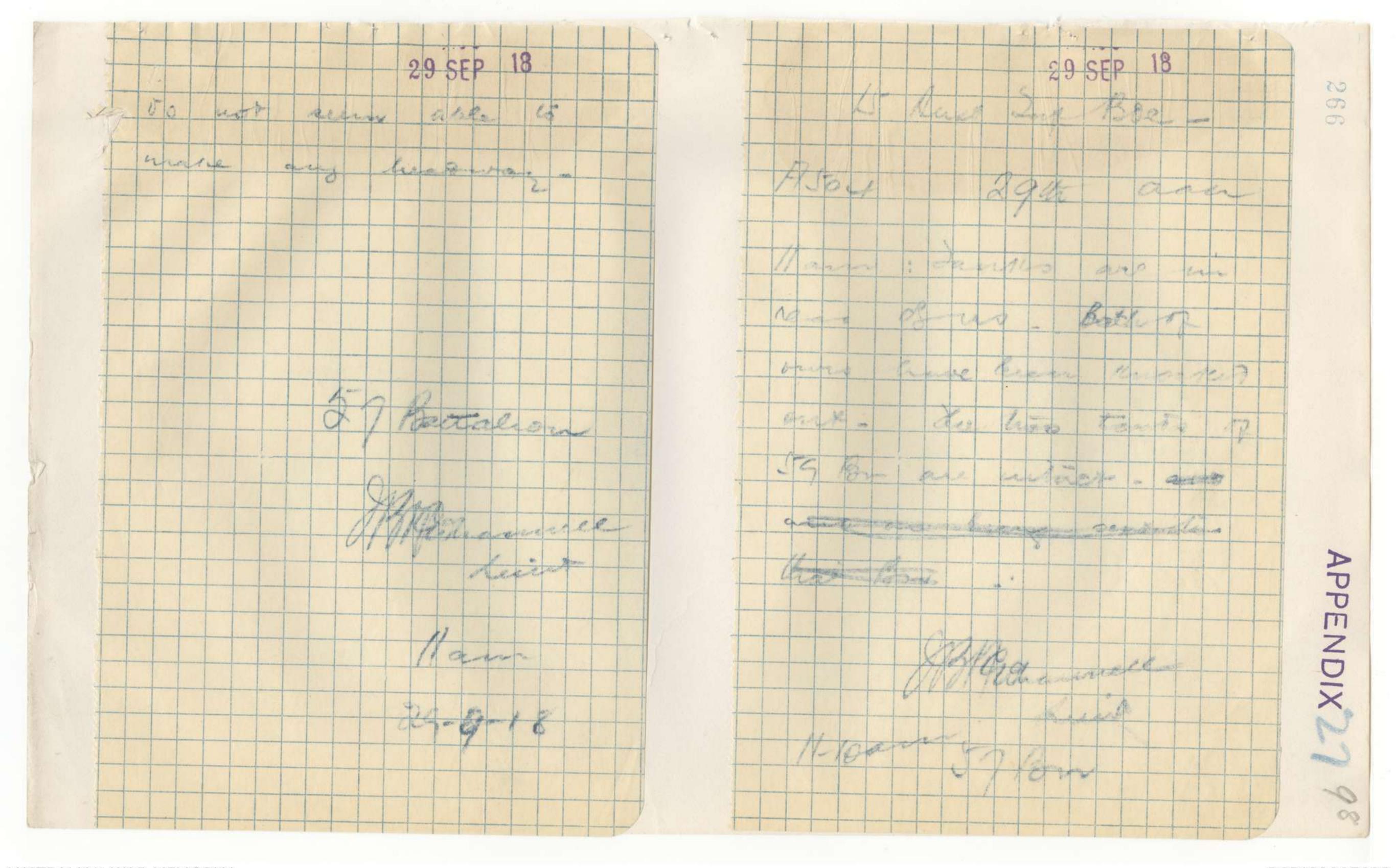
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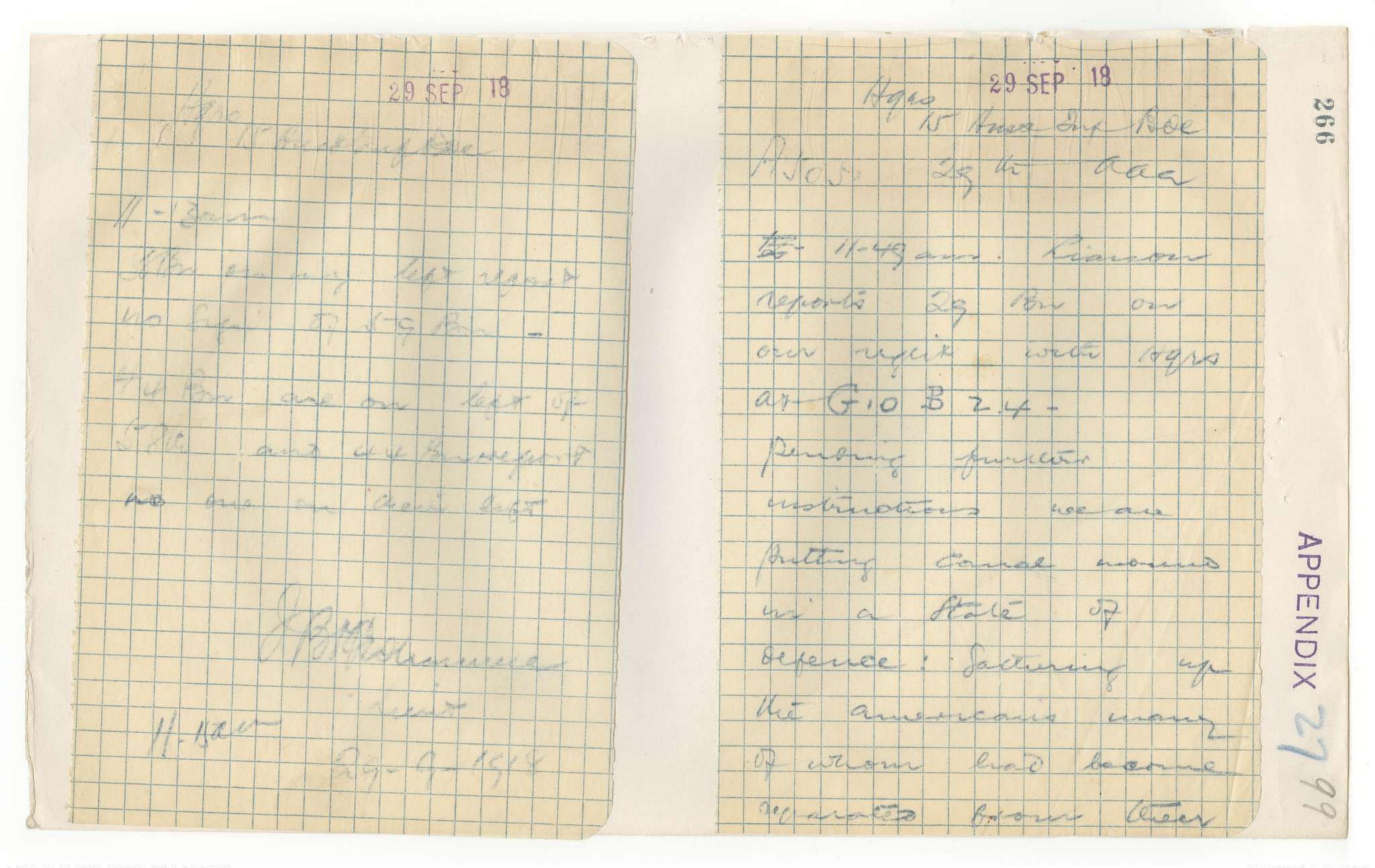
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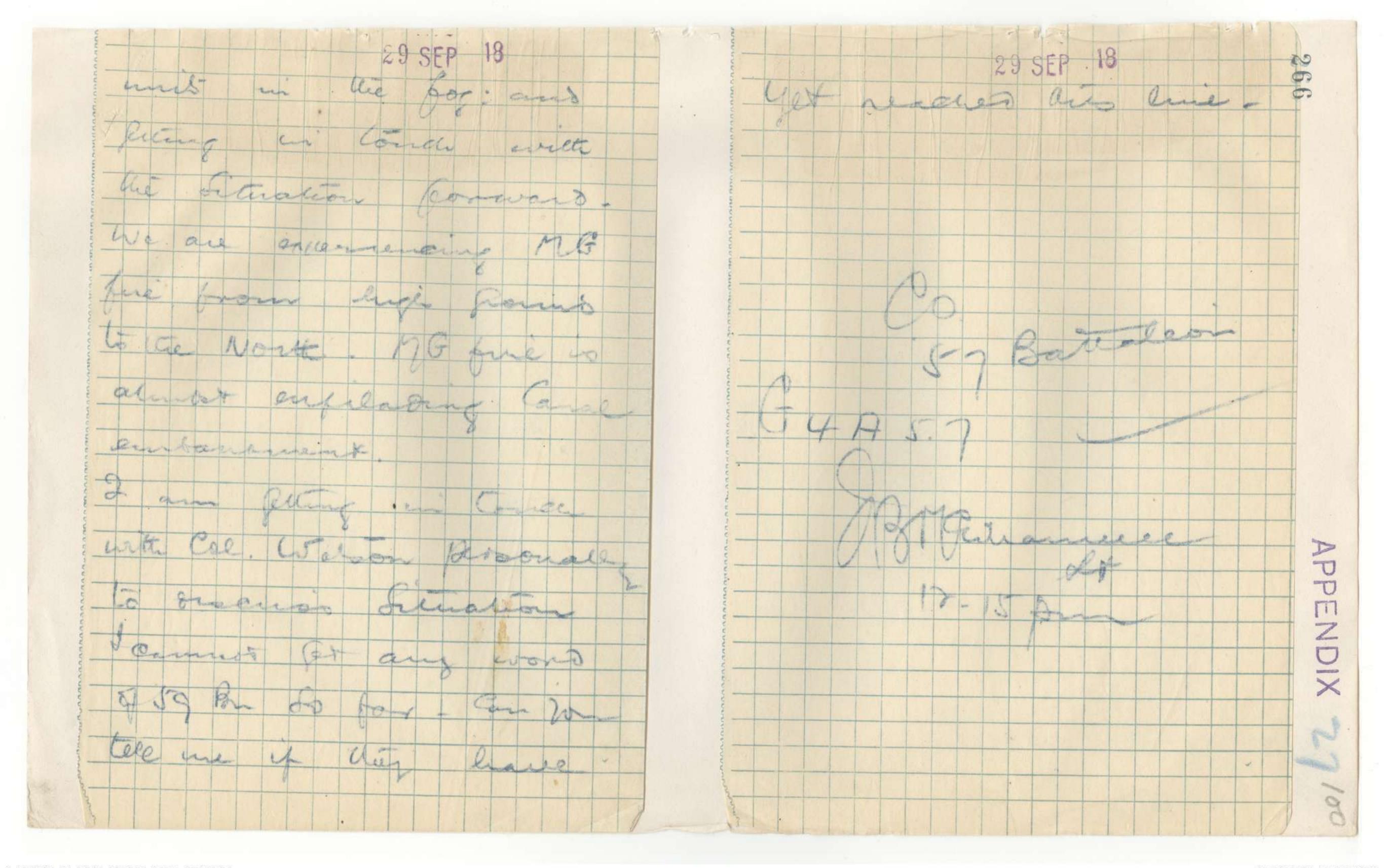


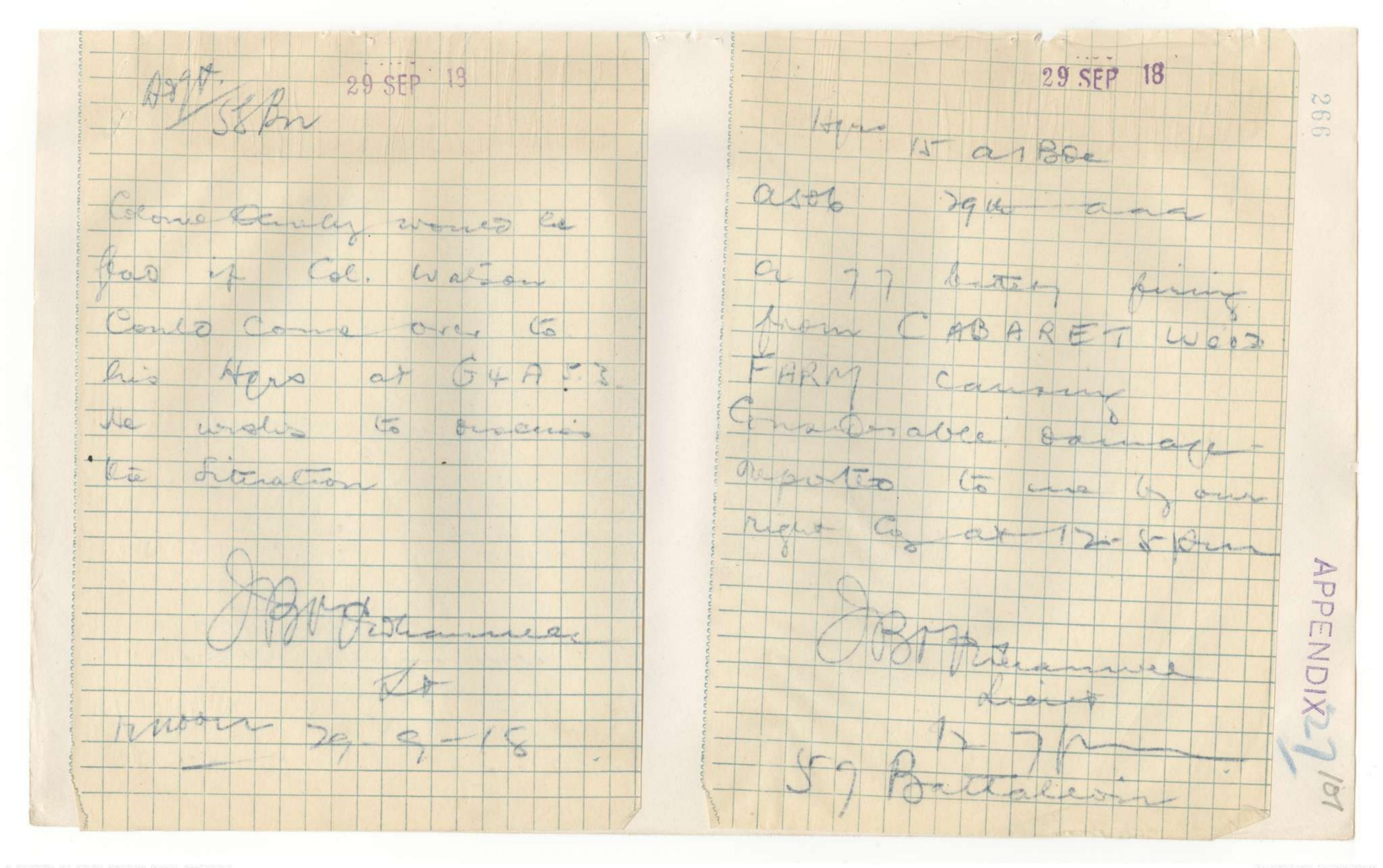


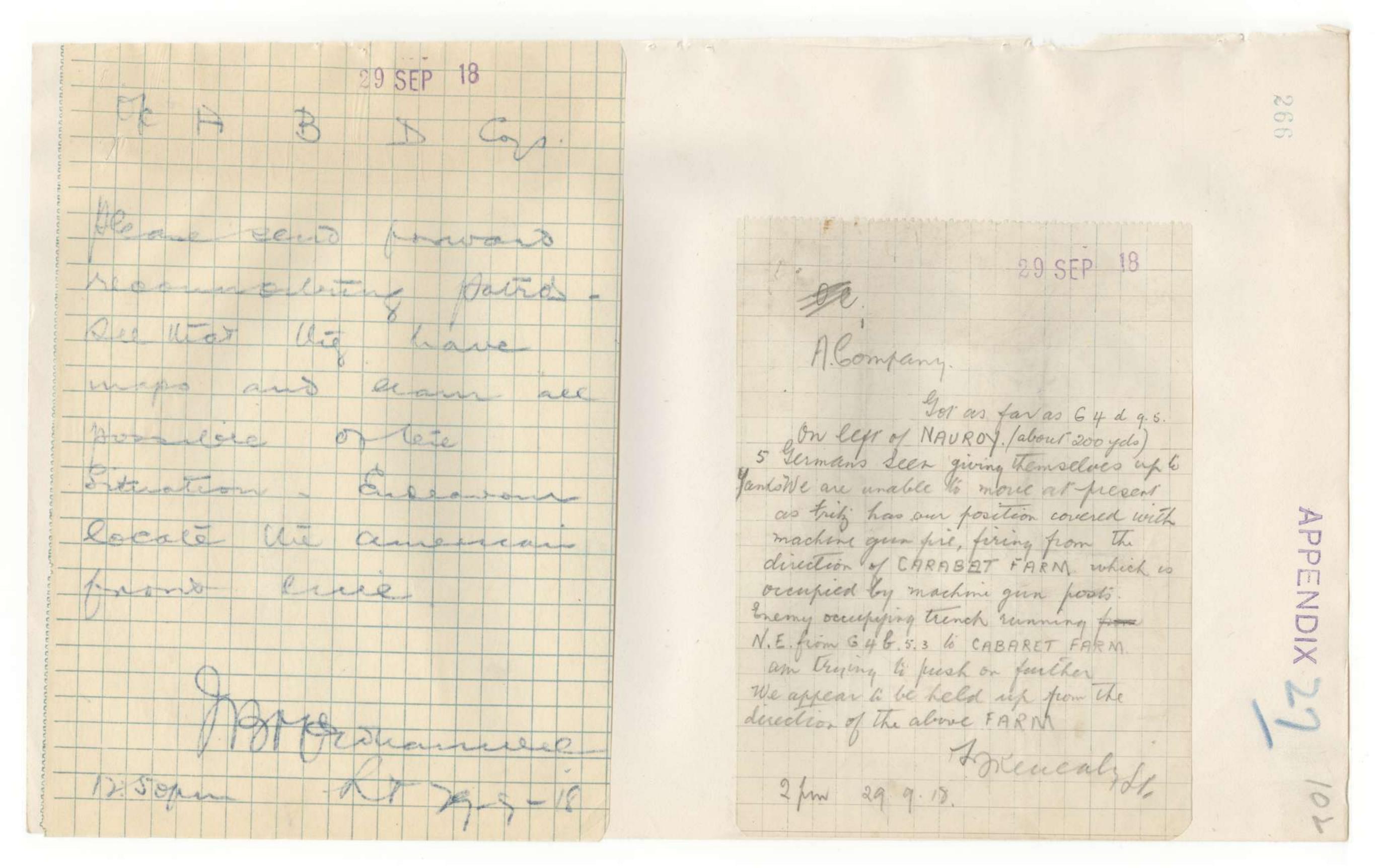


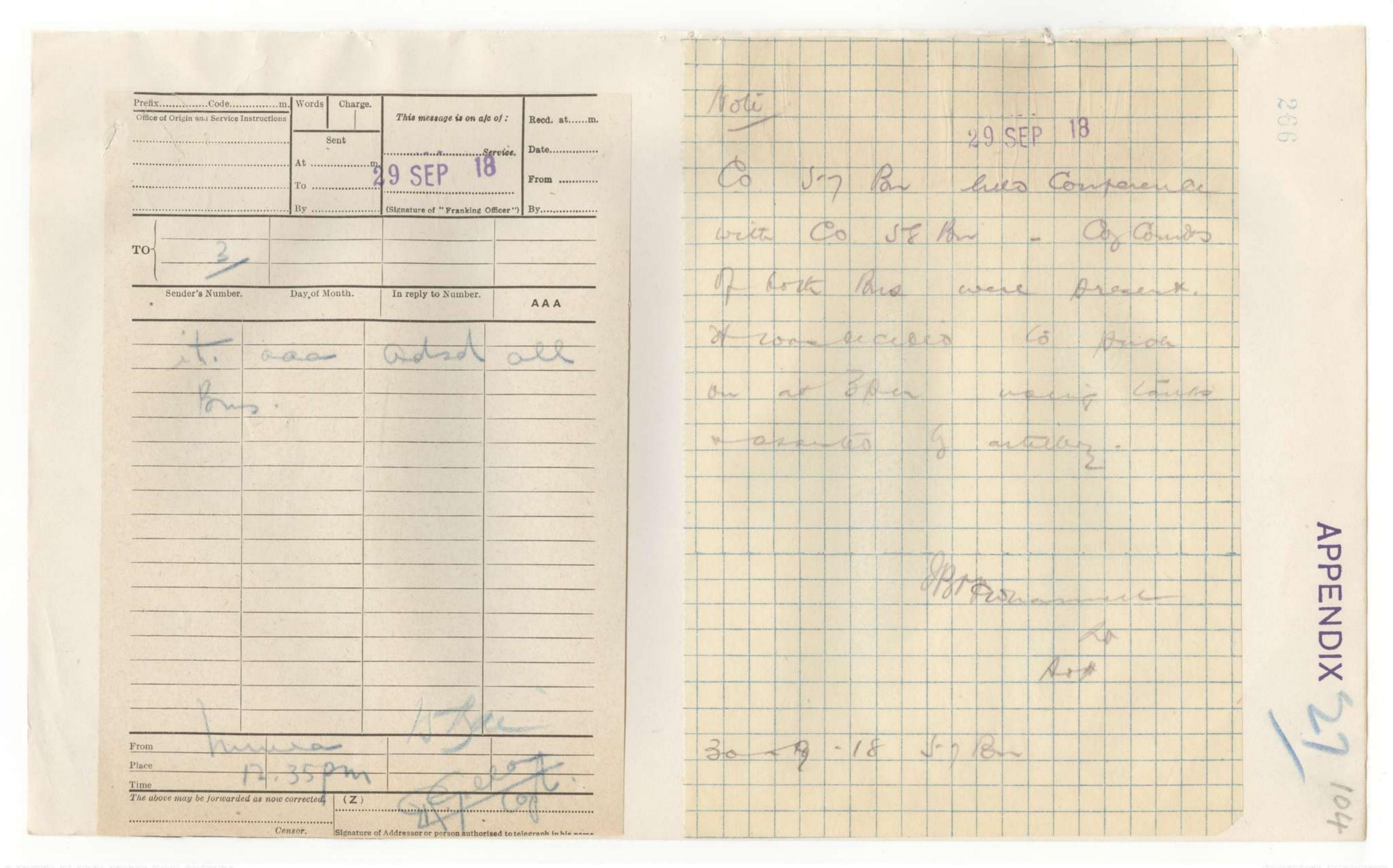


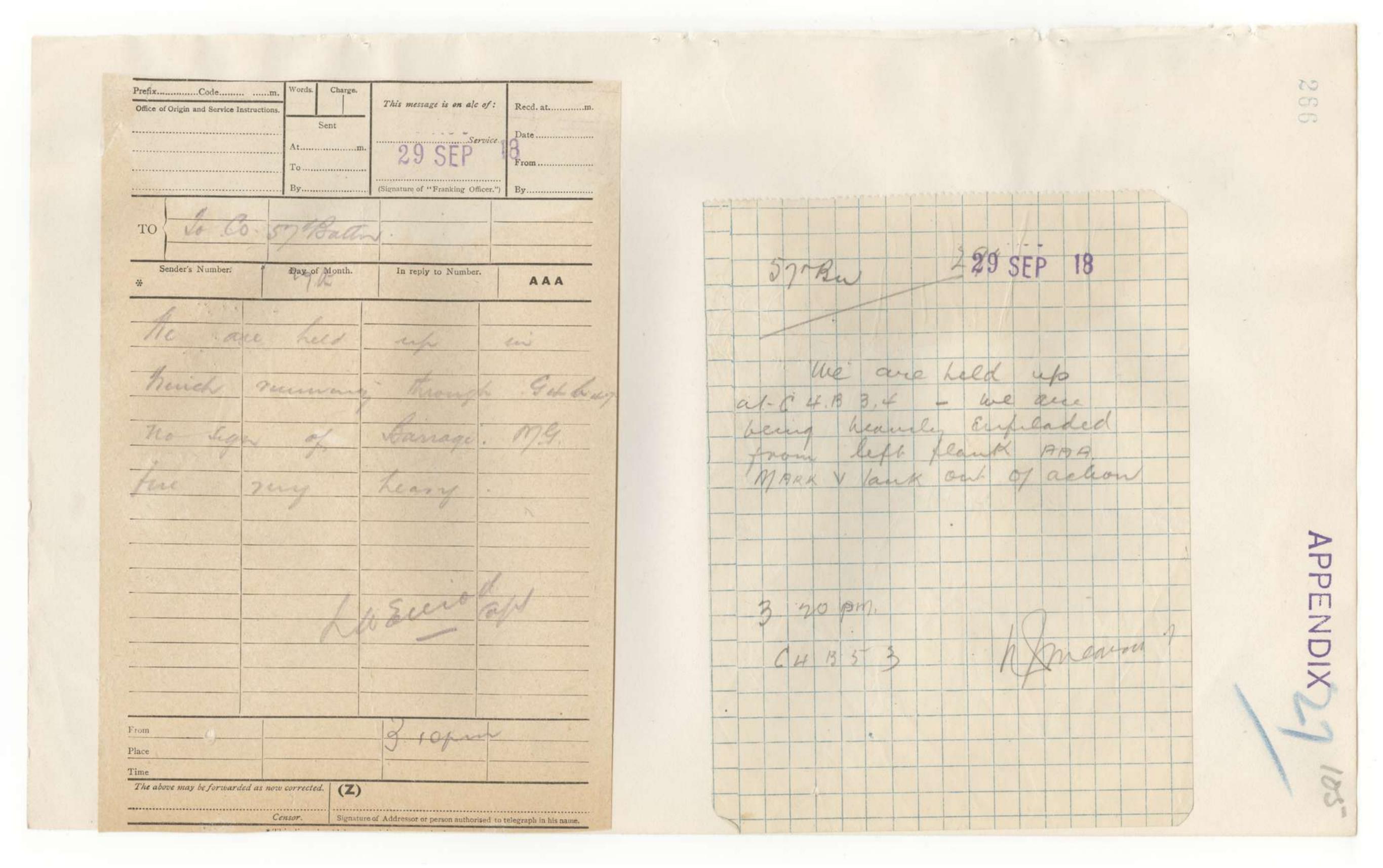


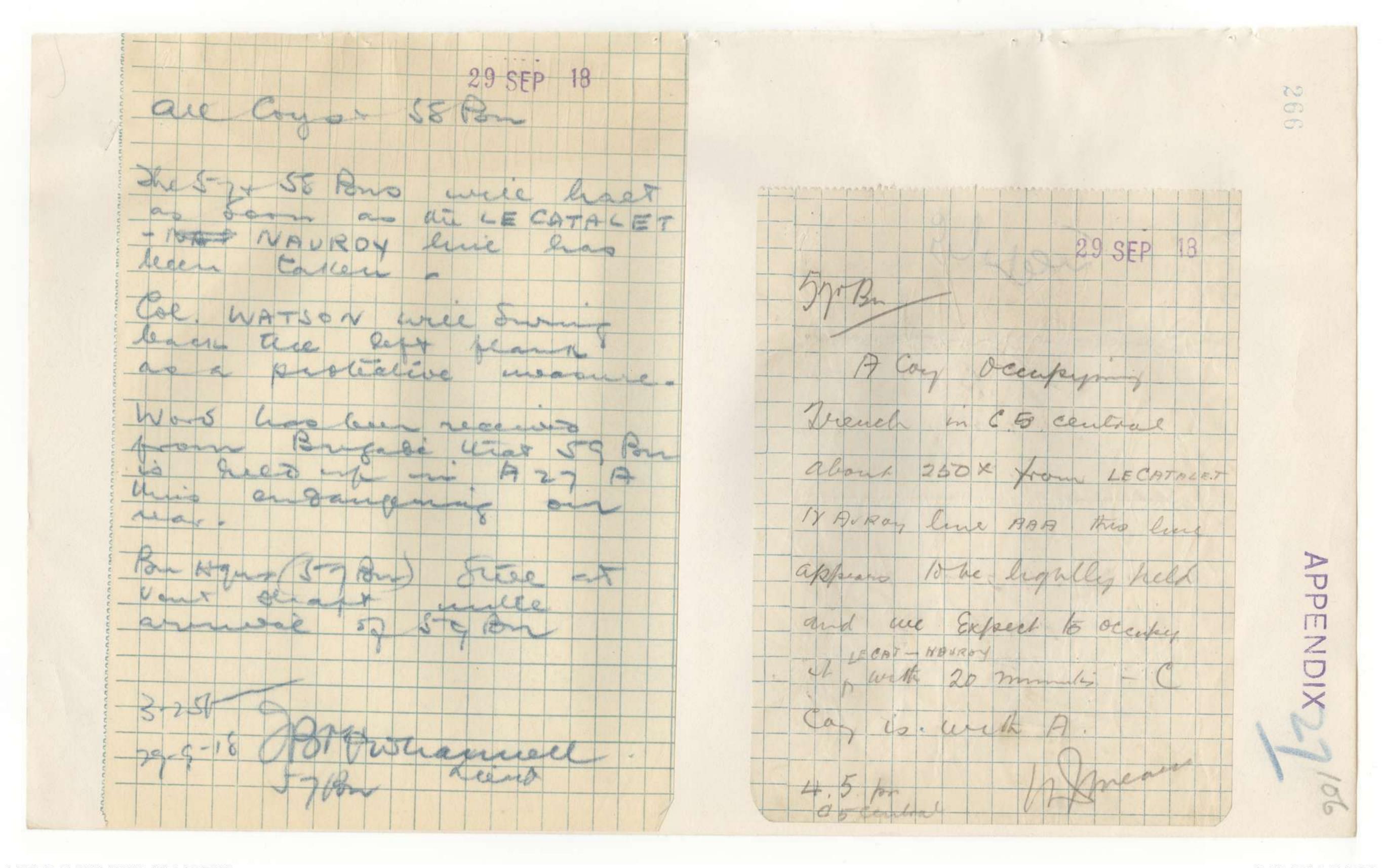


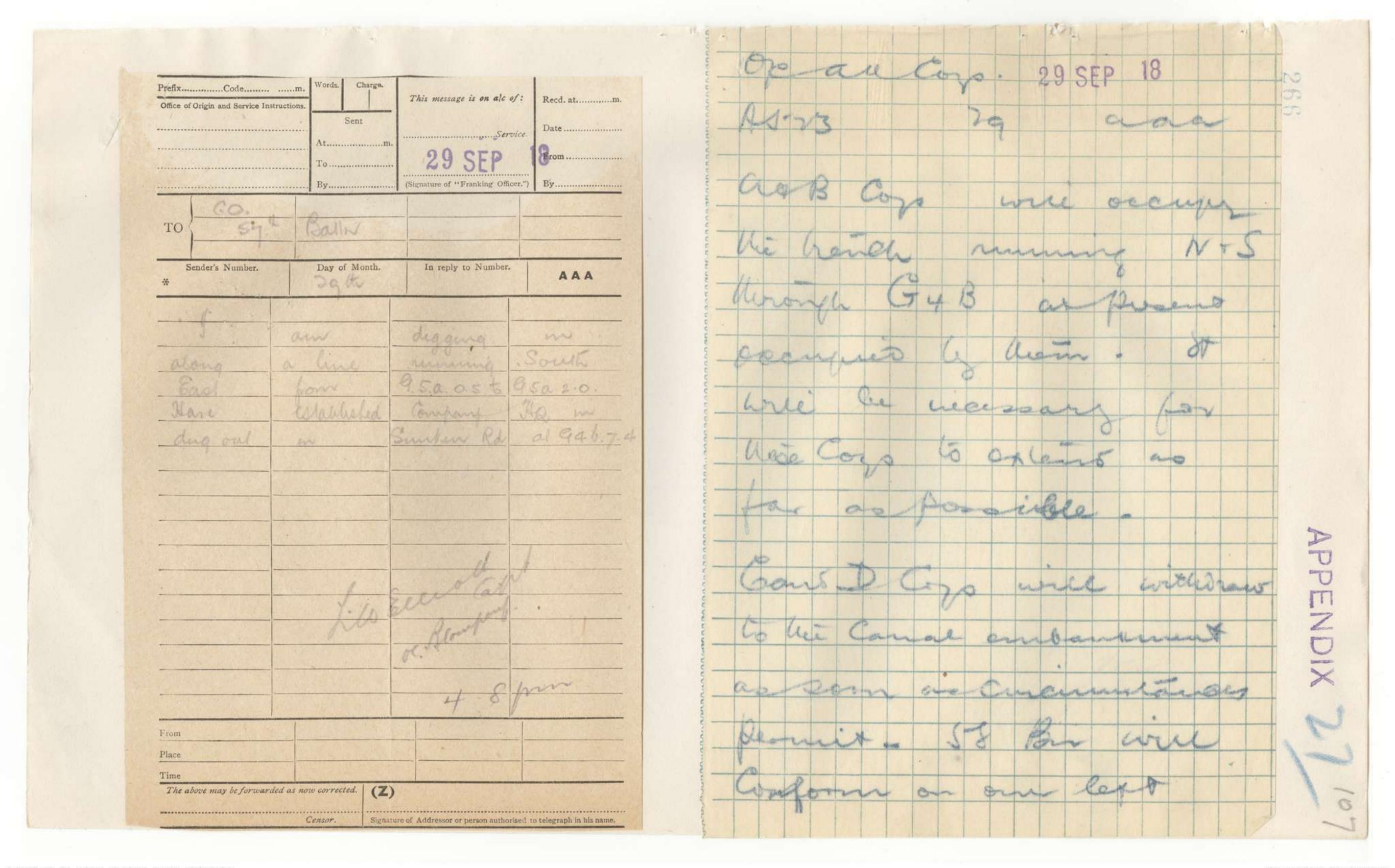


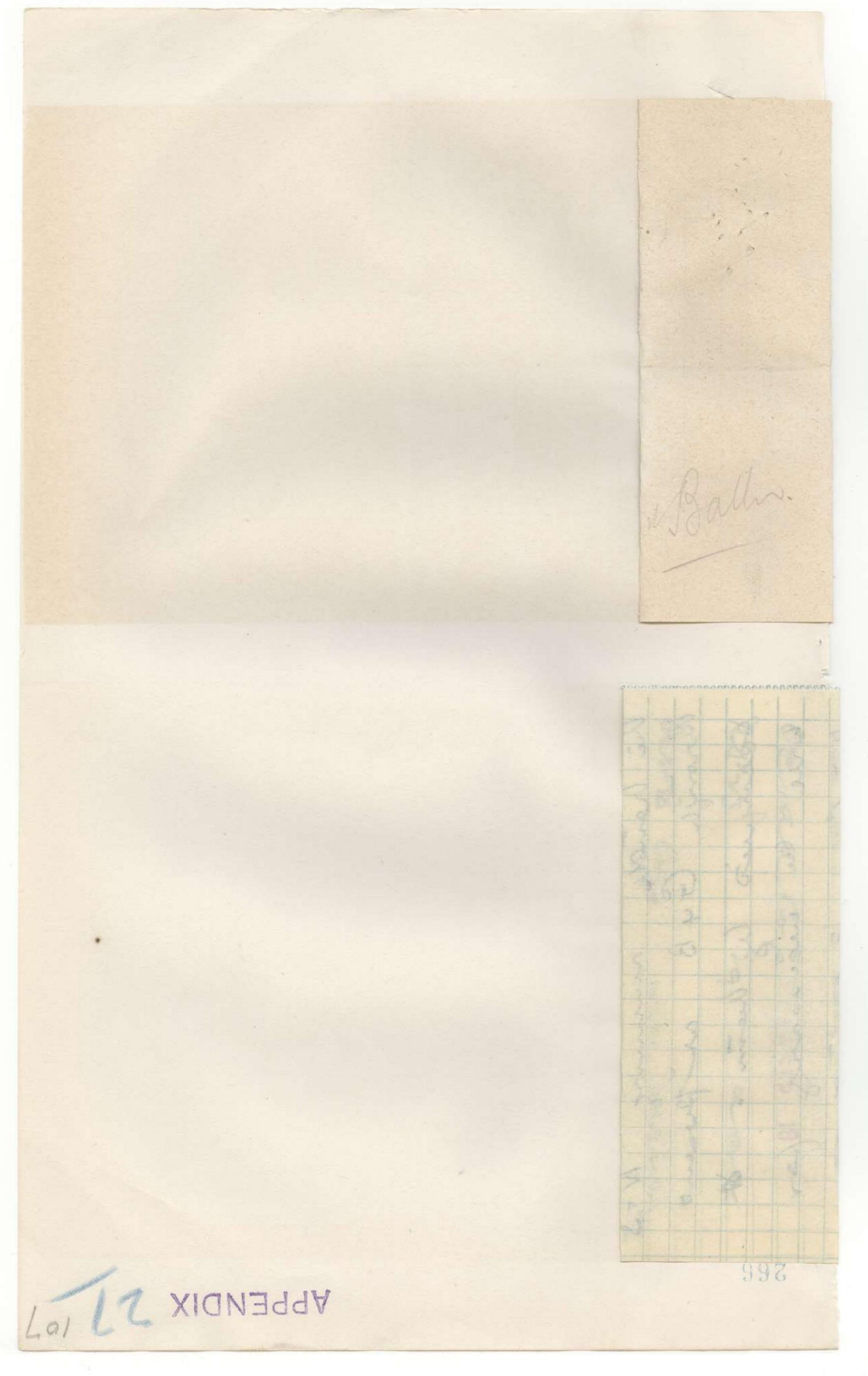


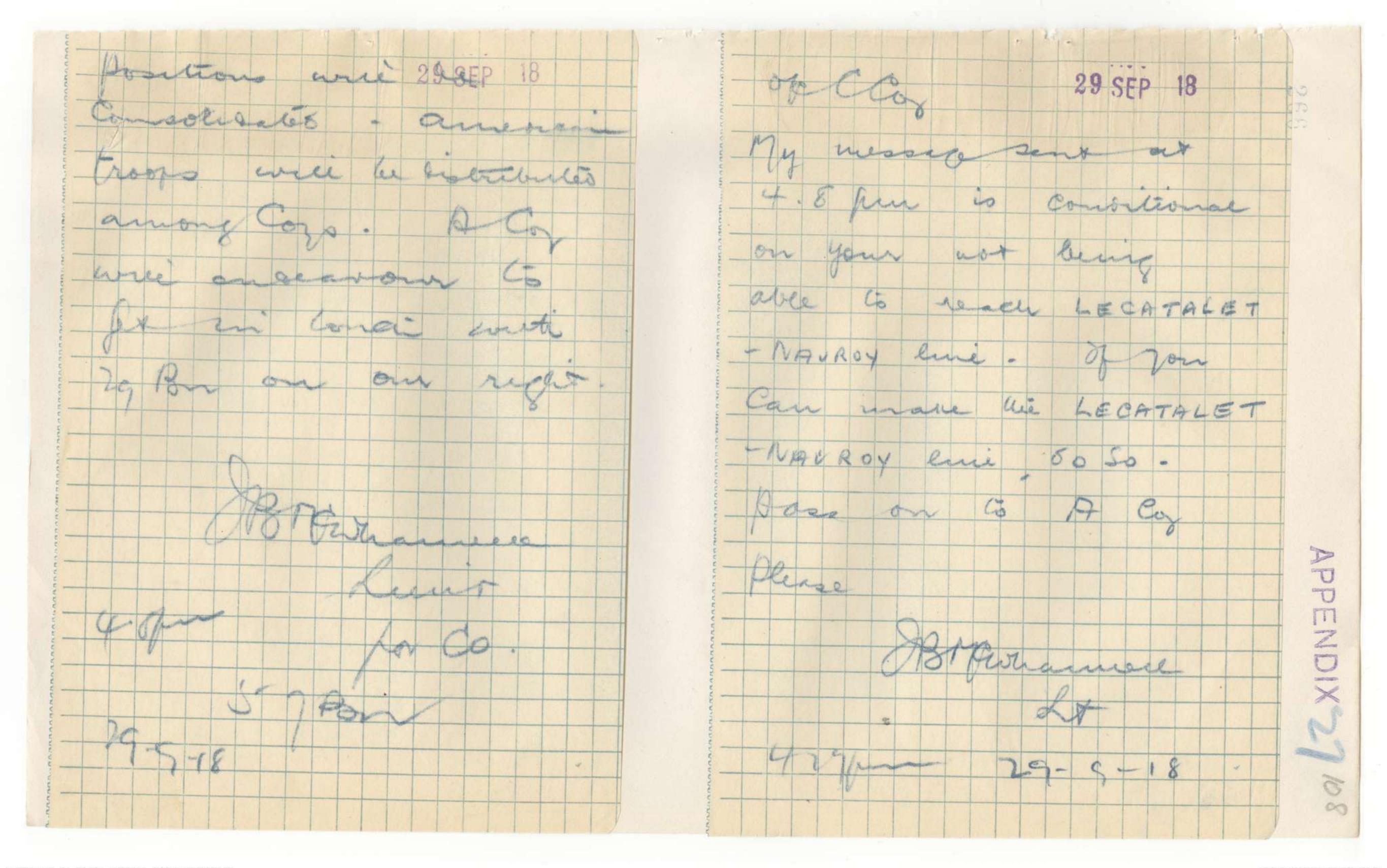


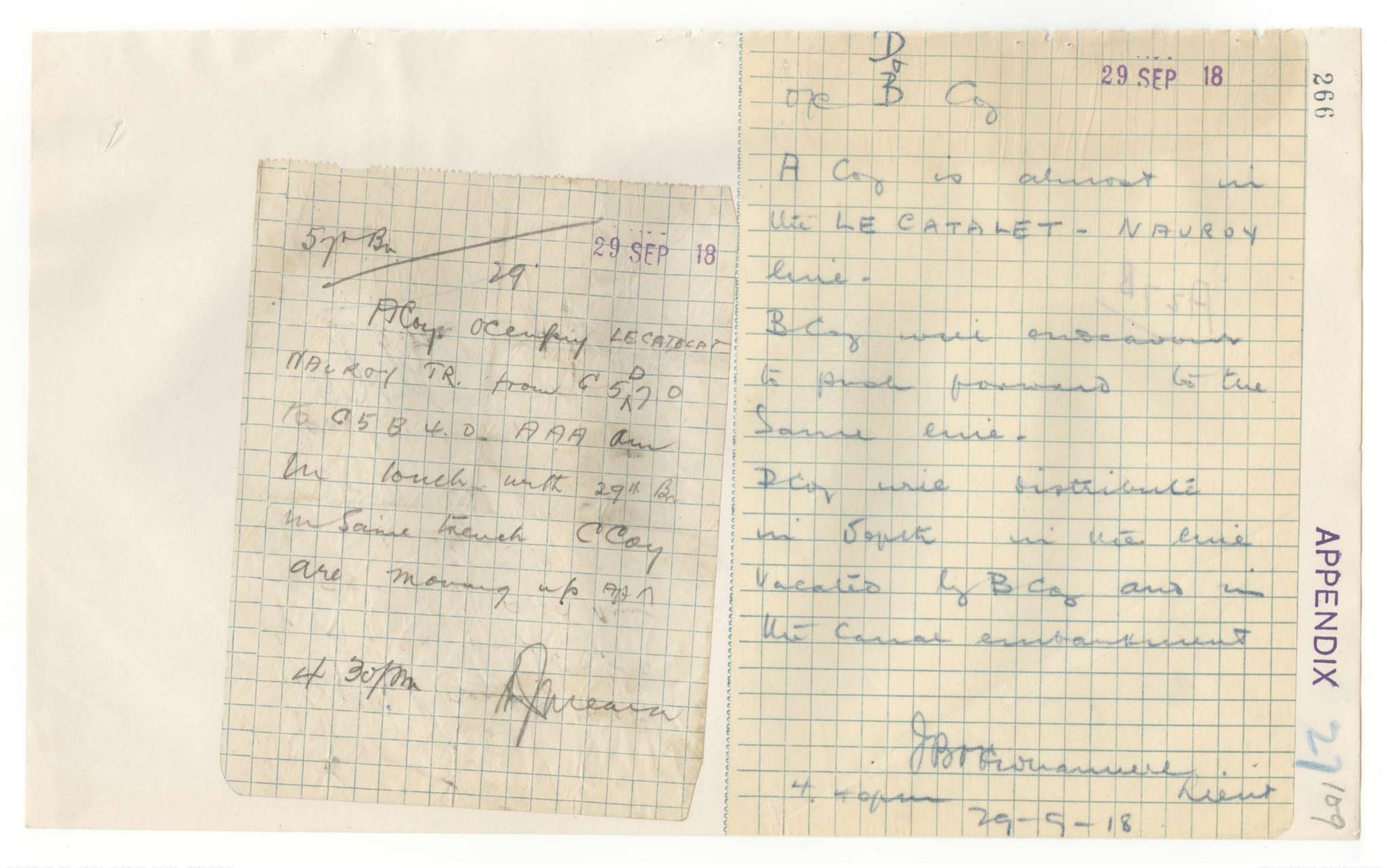


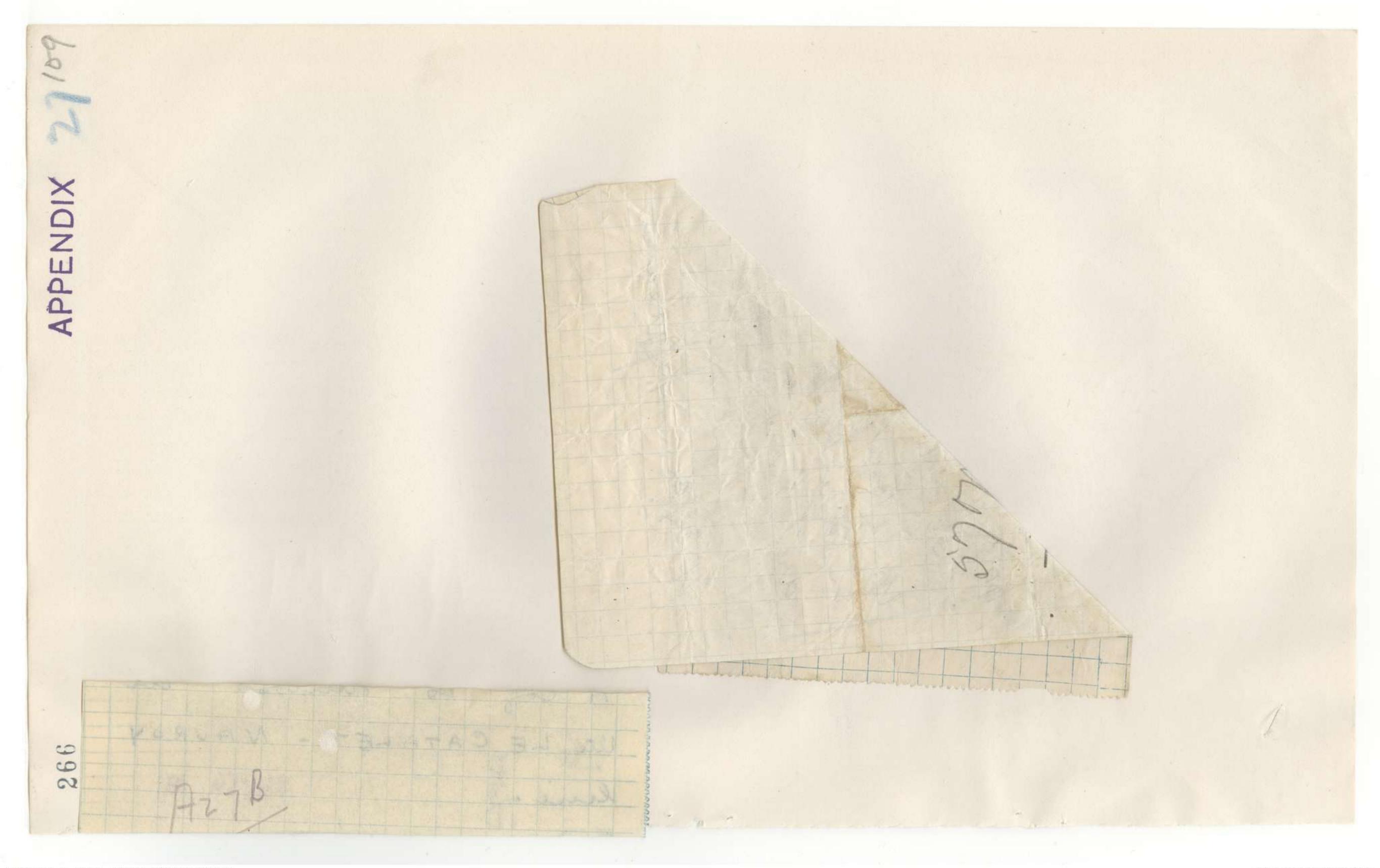




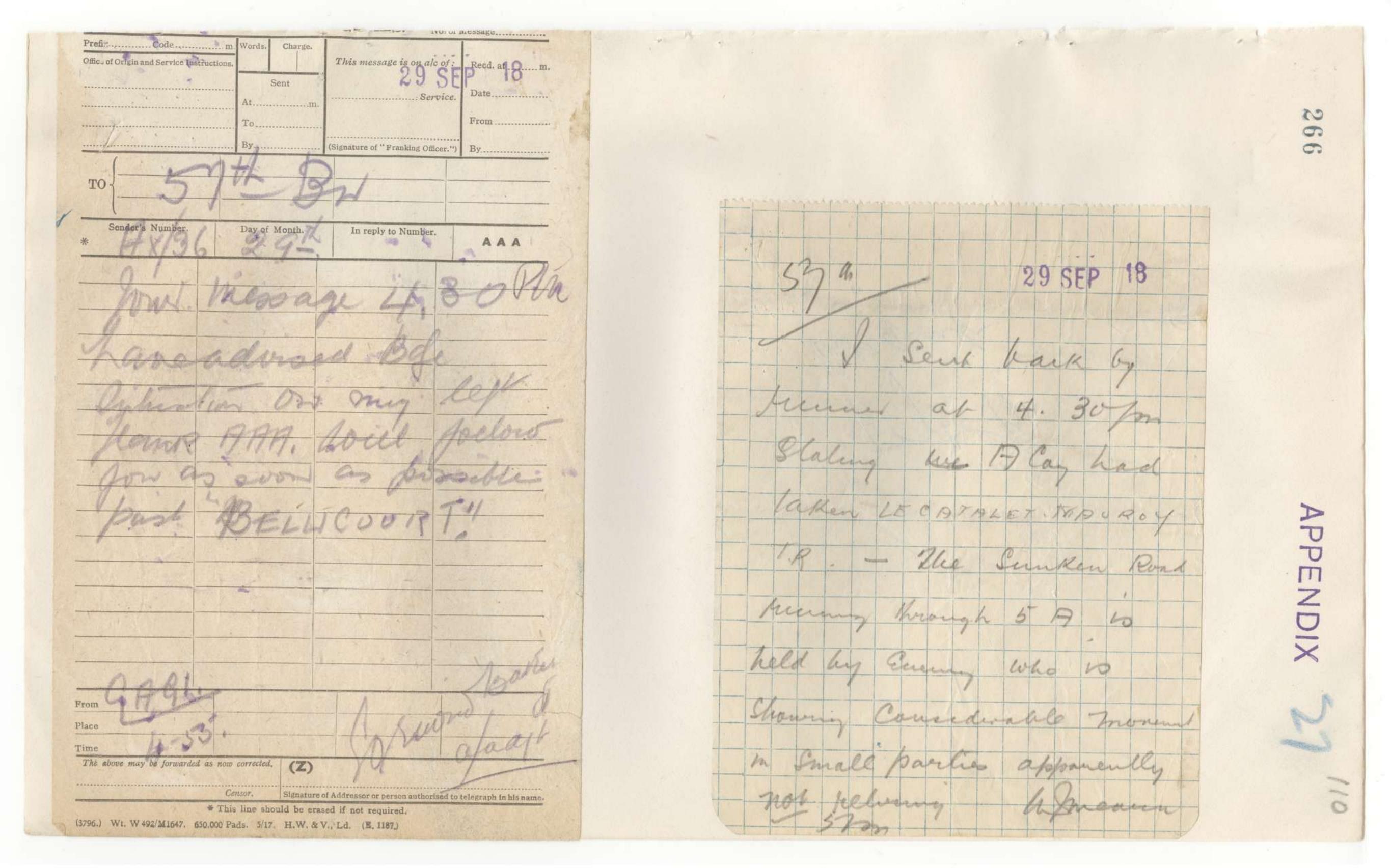


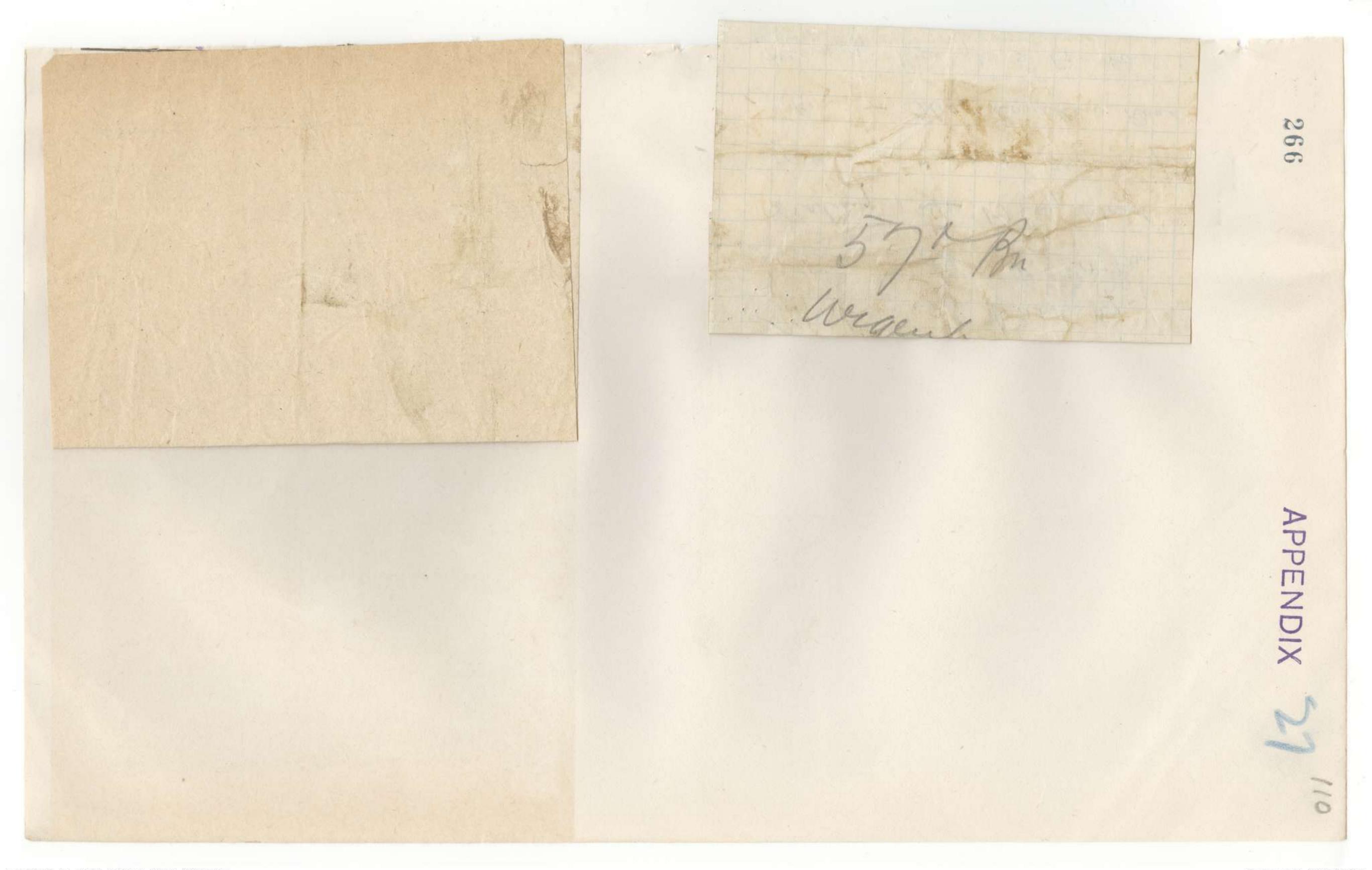


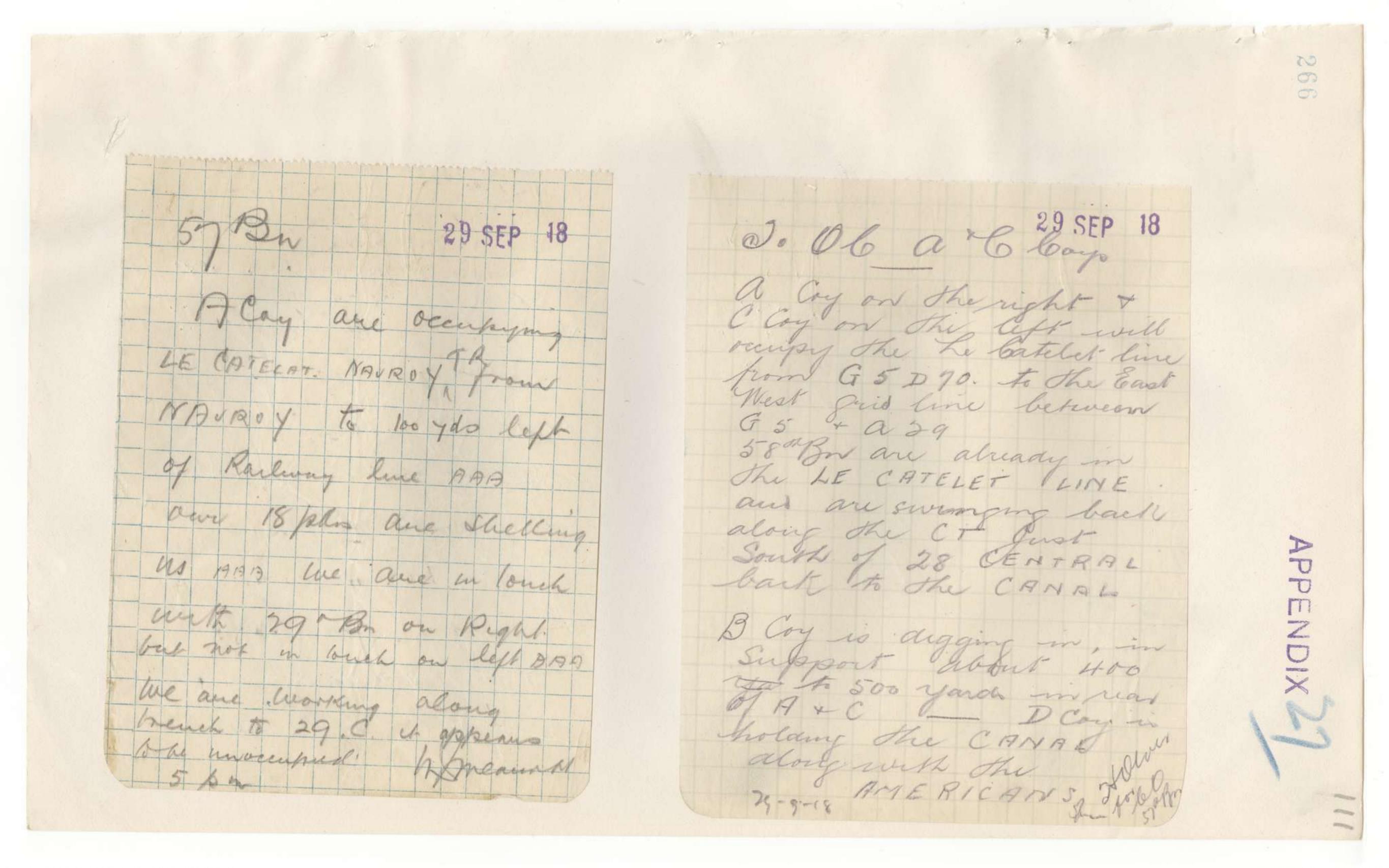


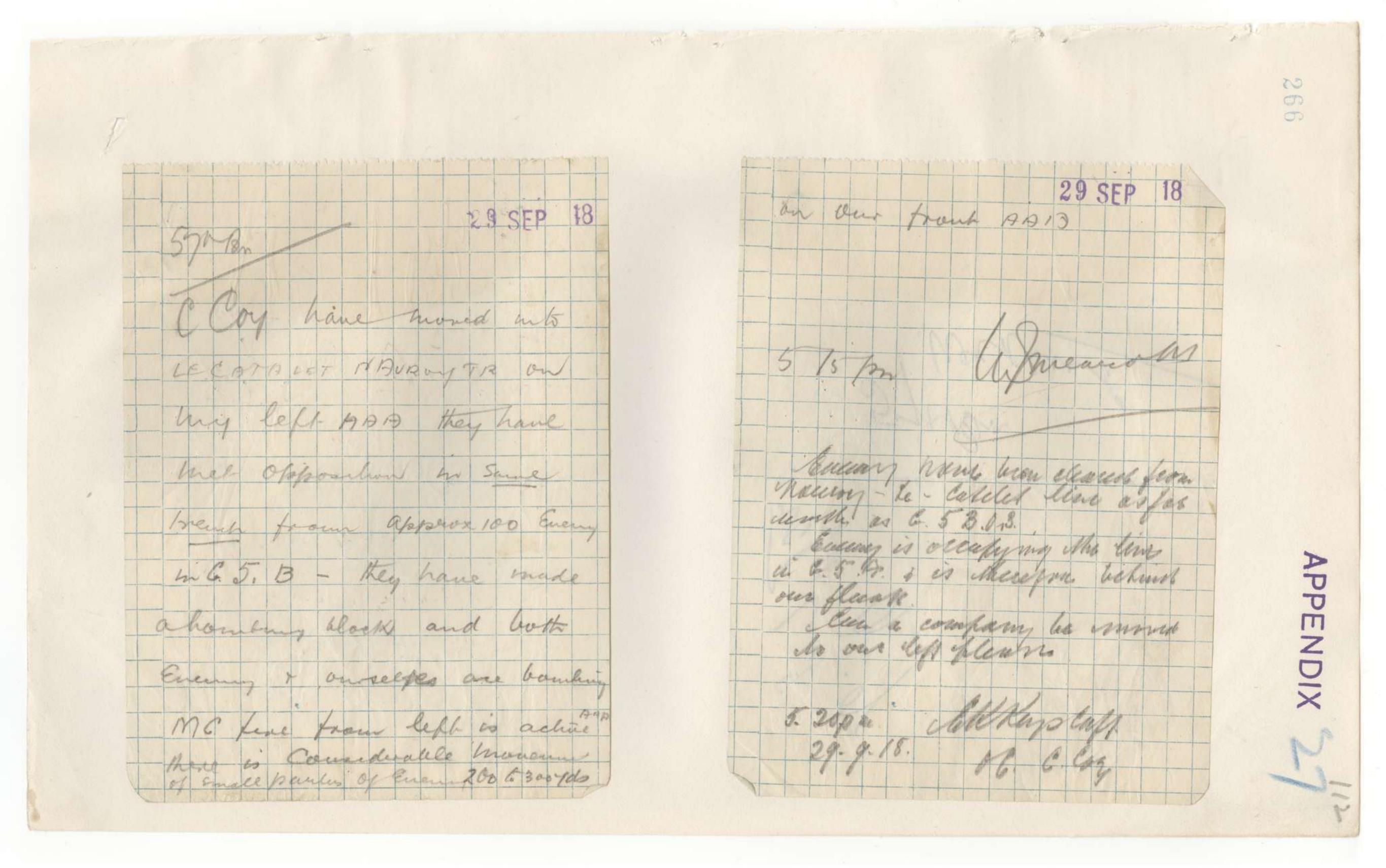


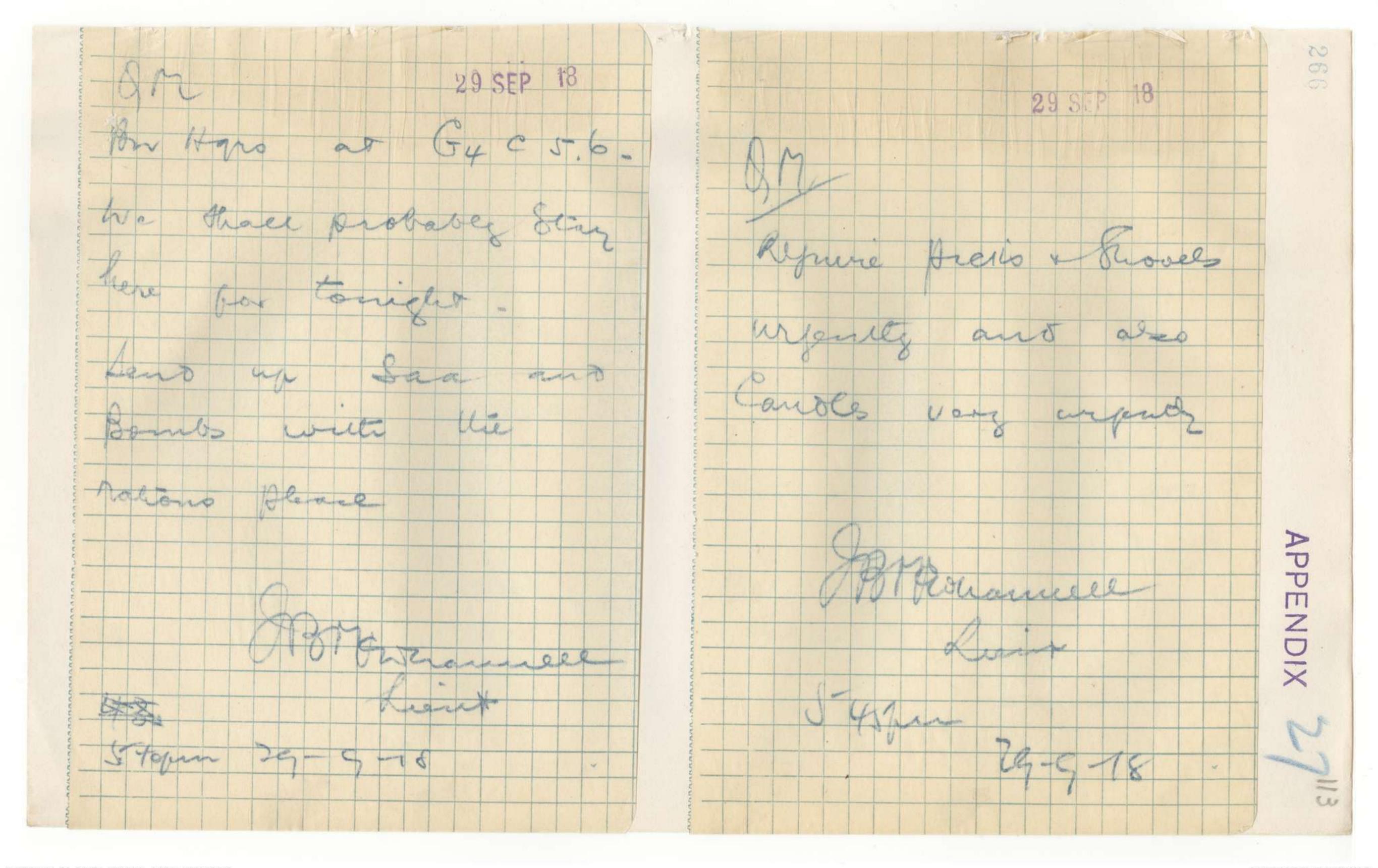
AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

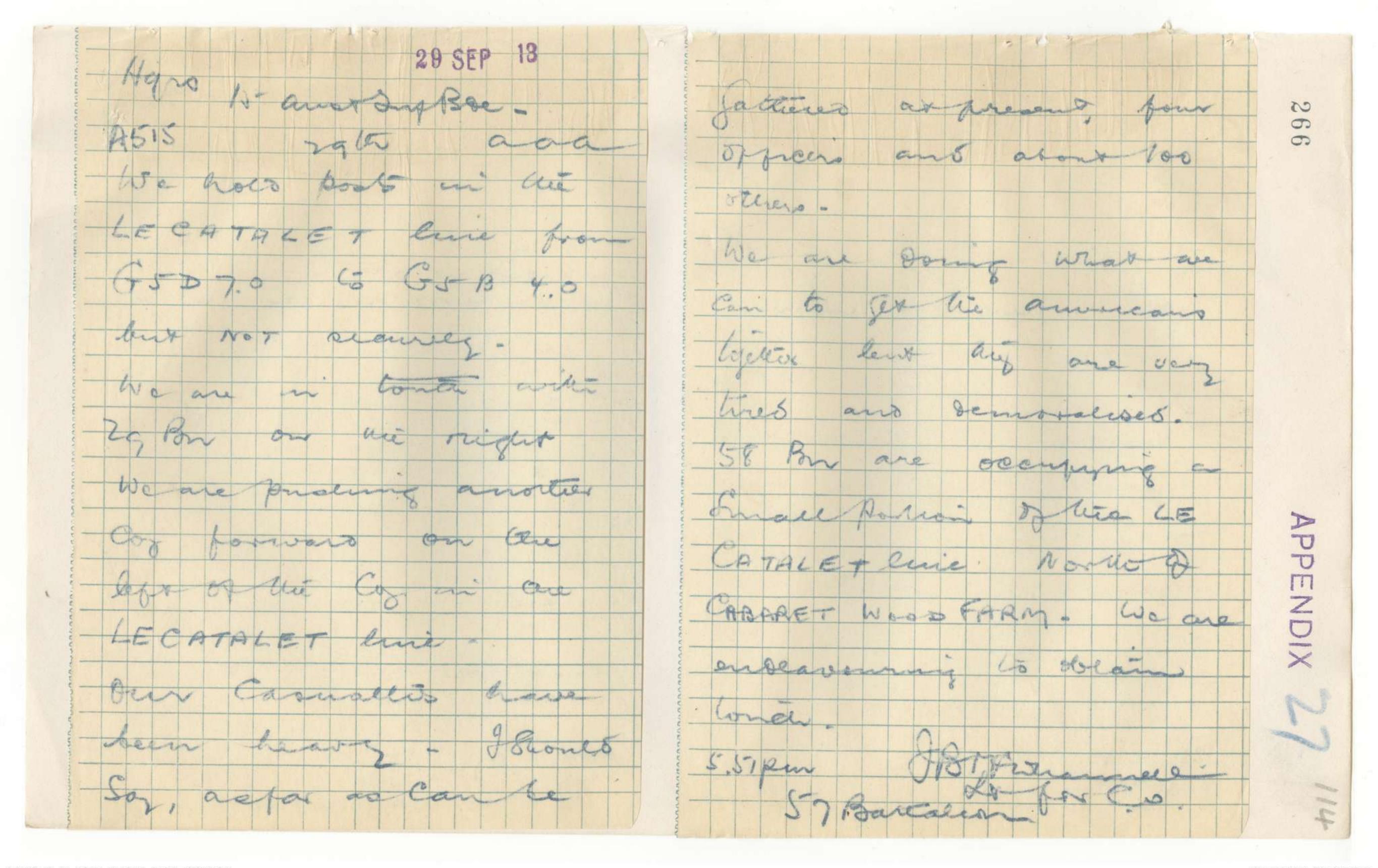


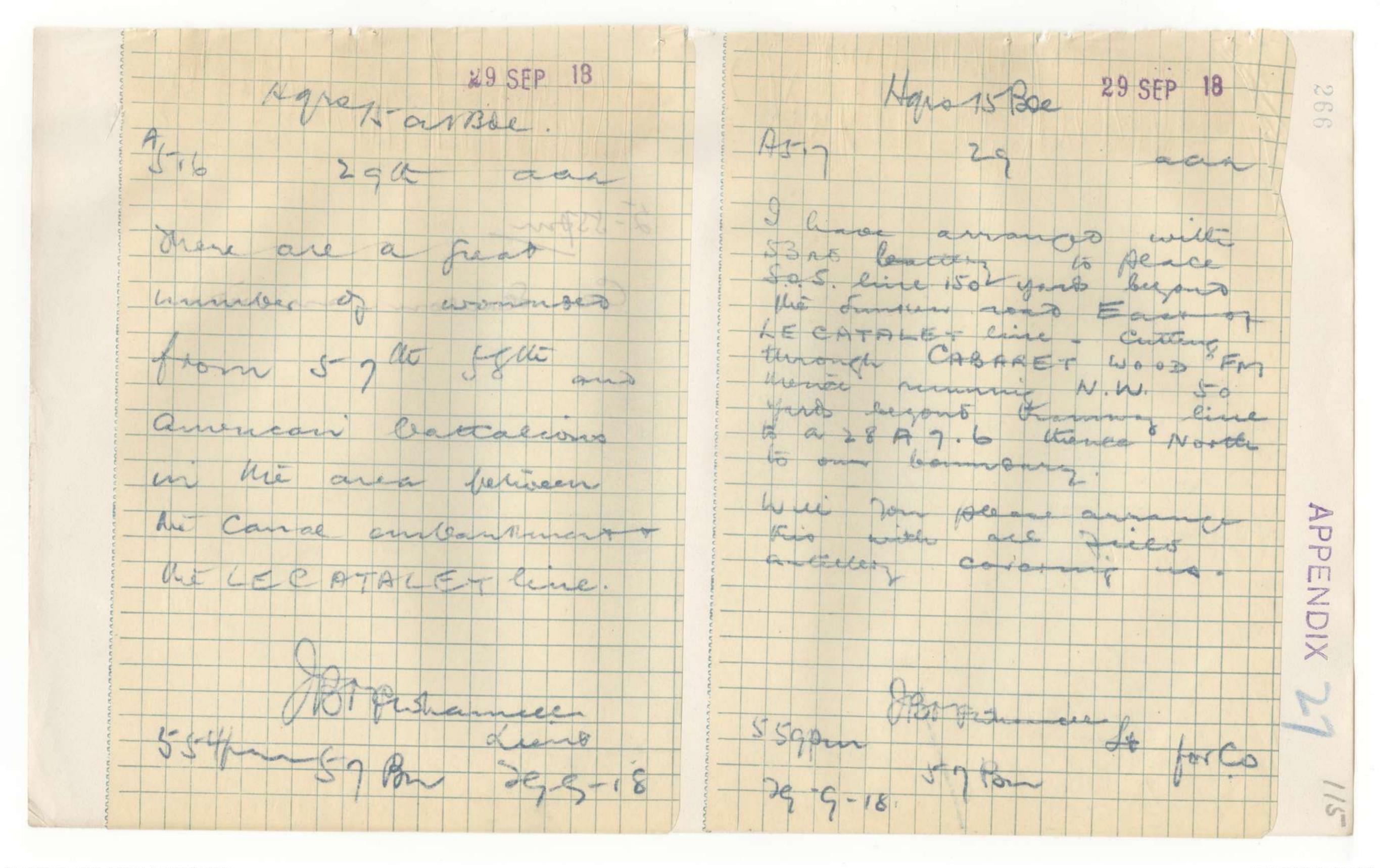


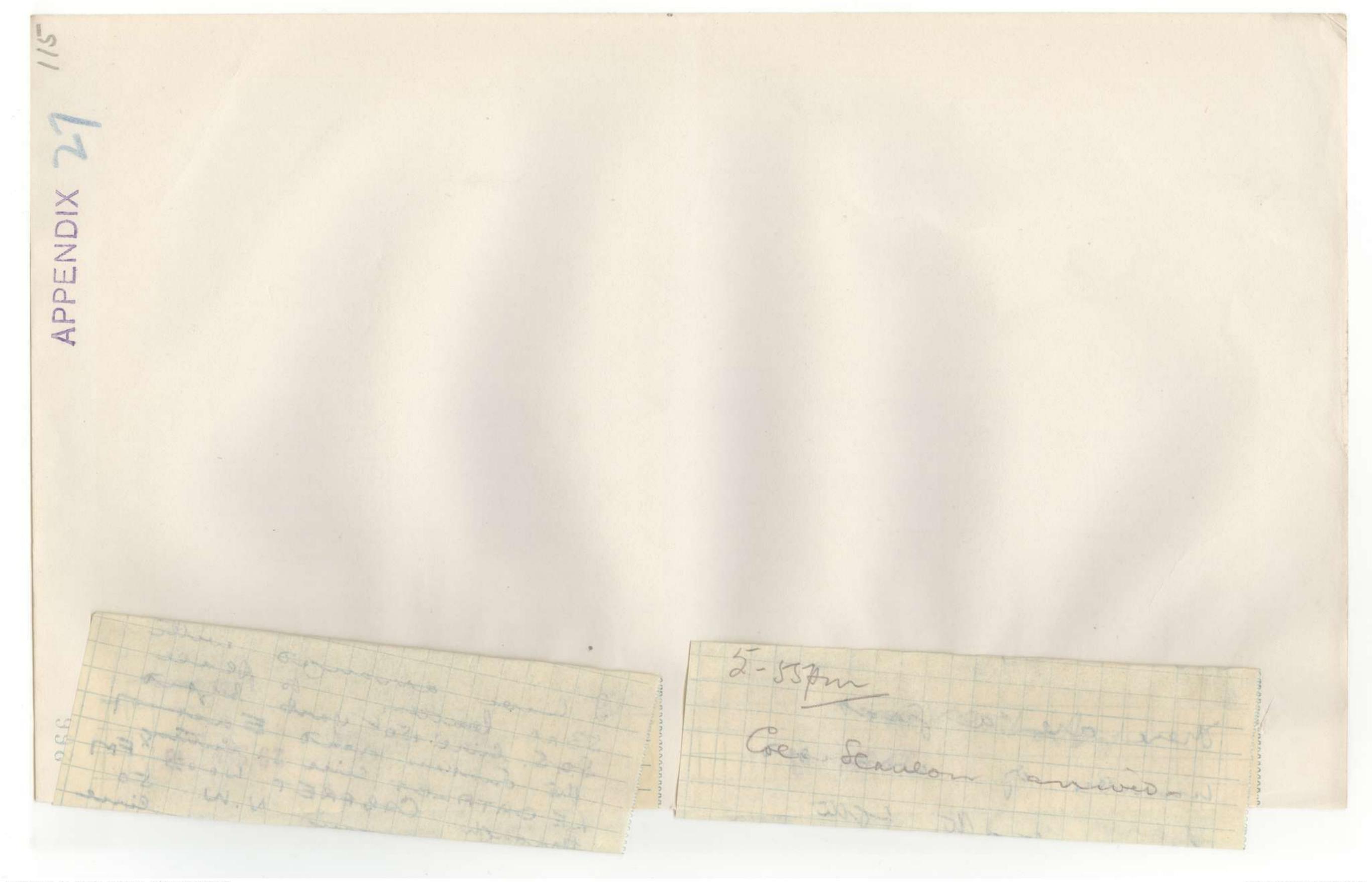


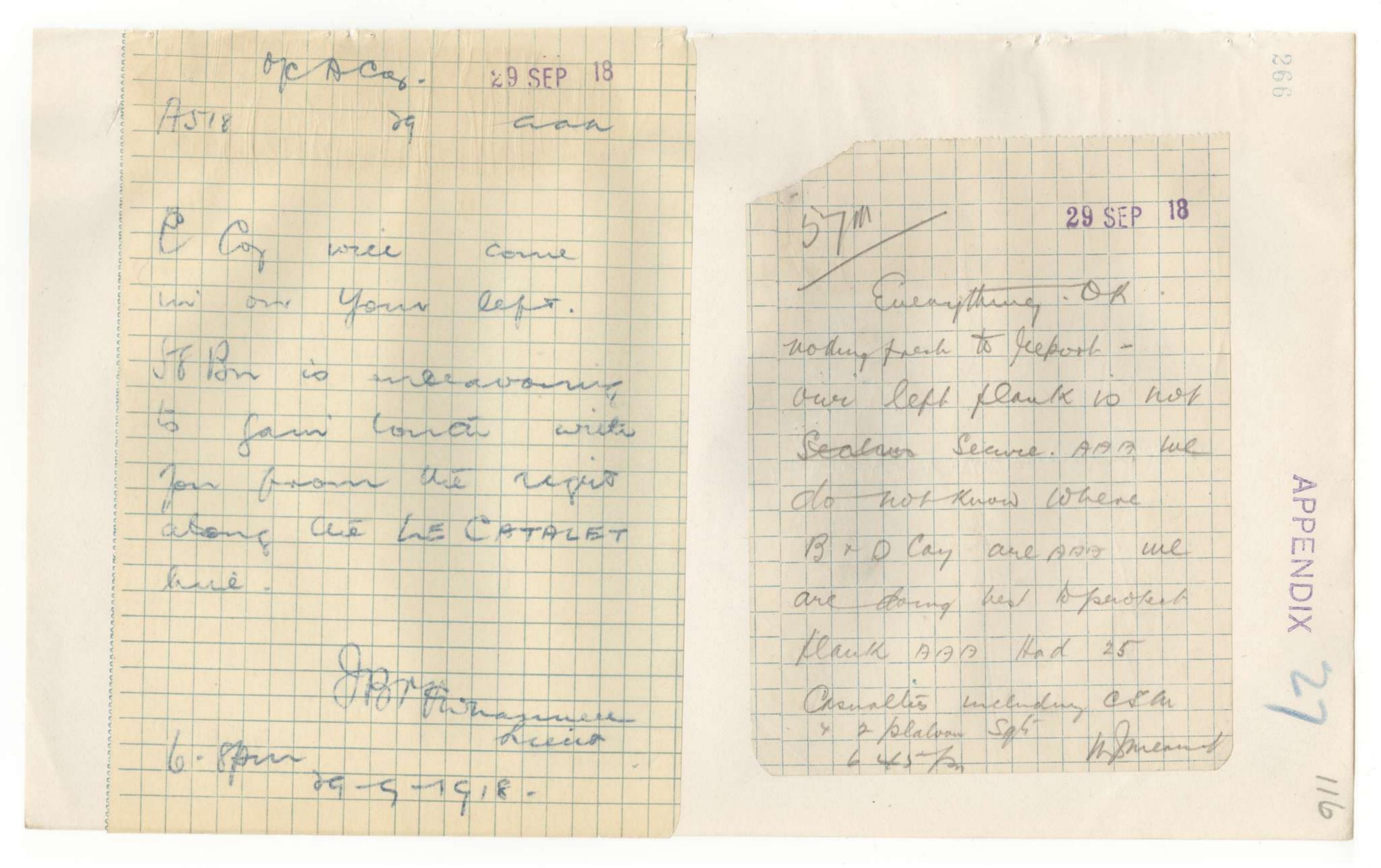


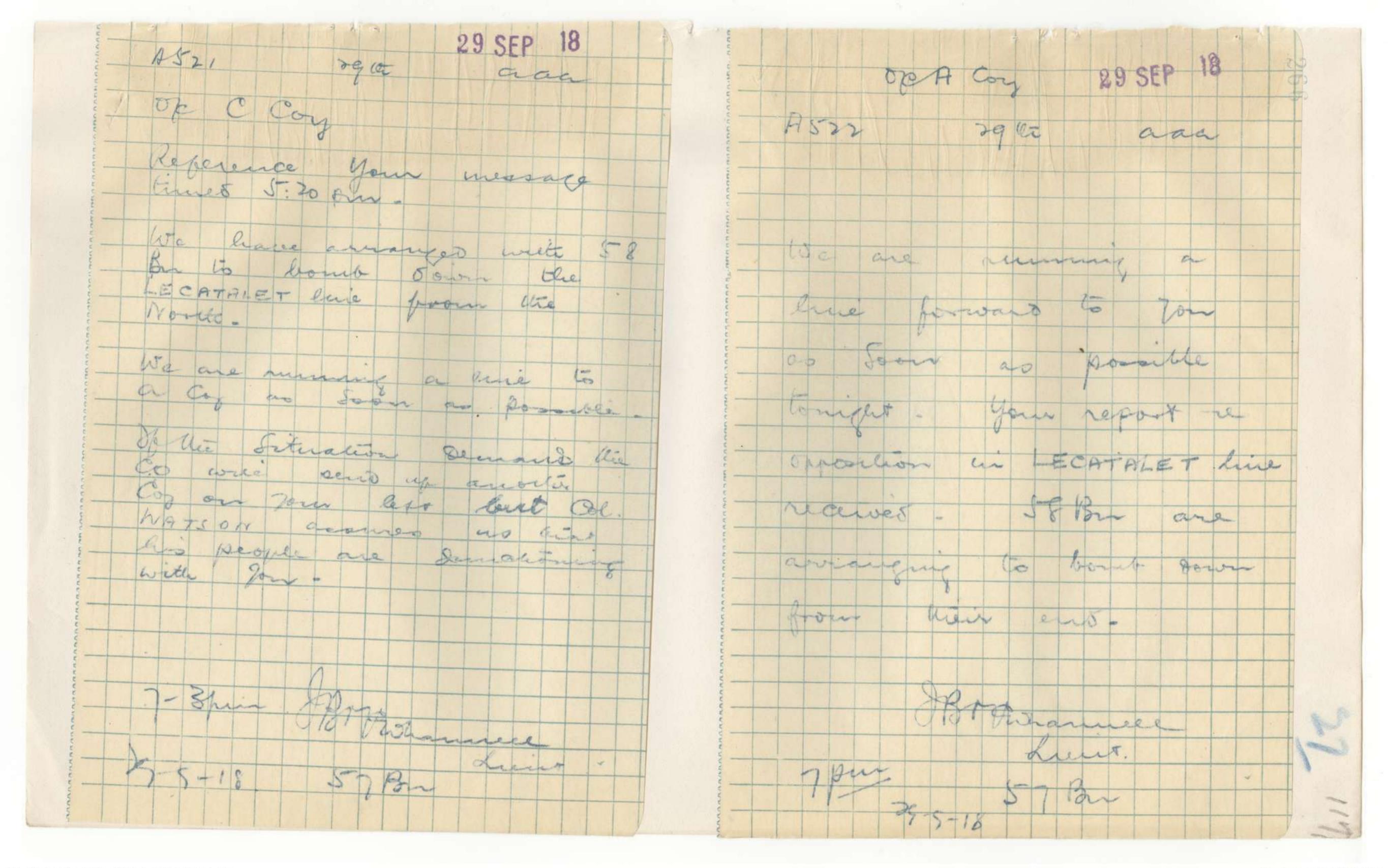


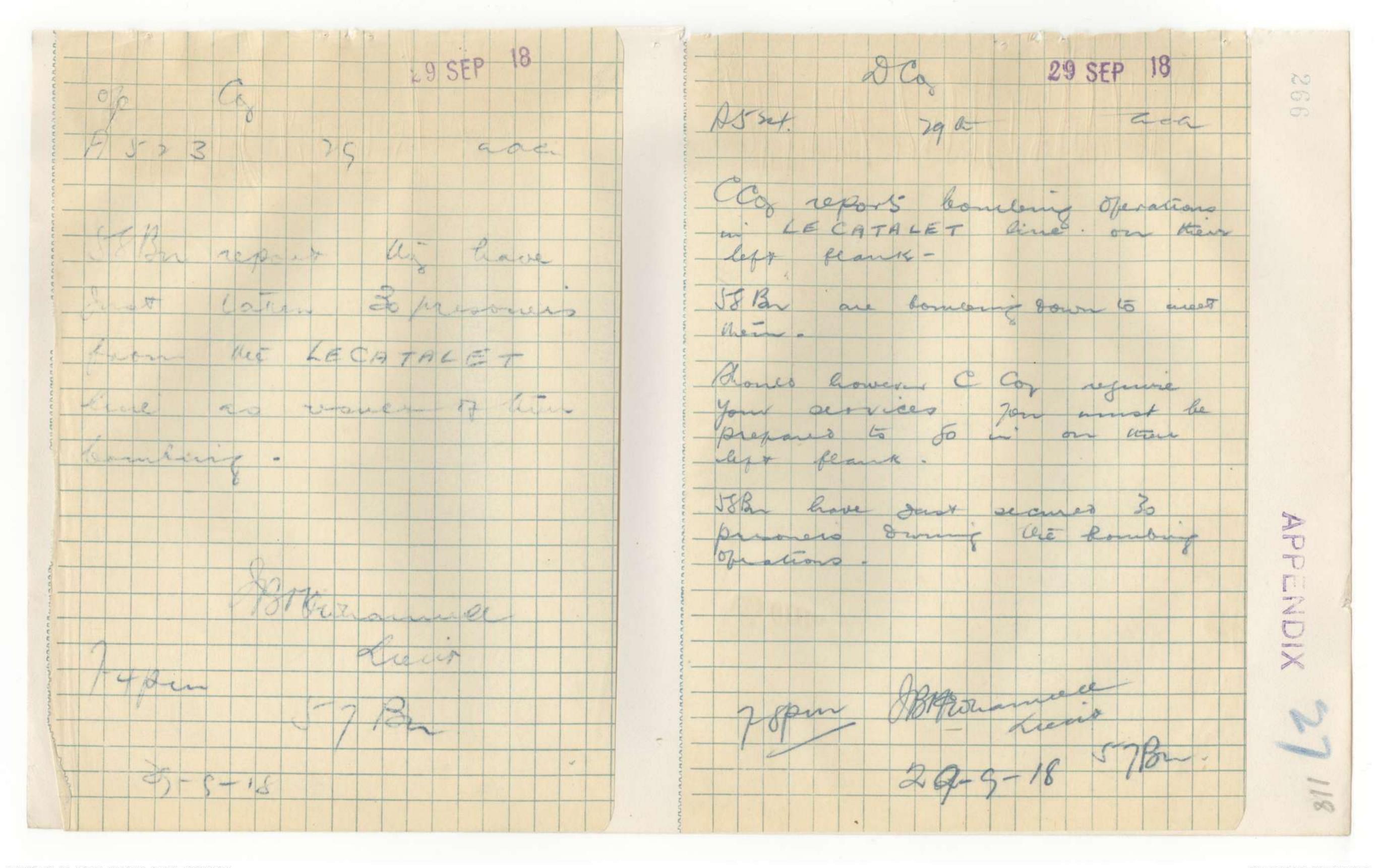


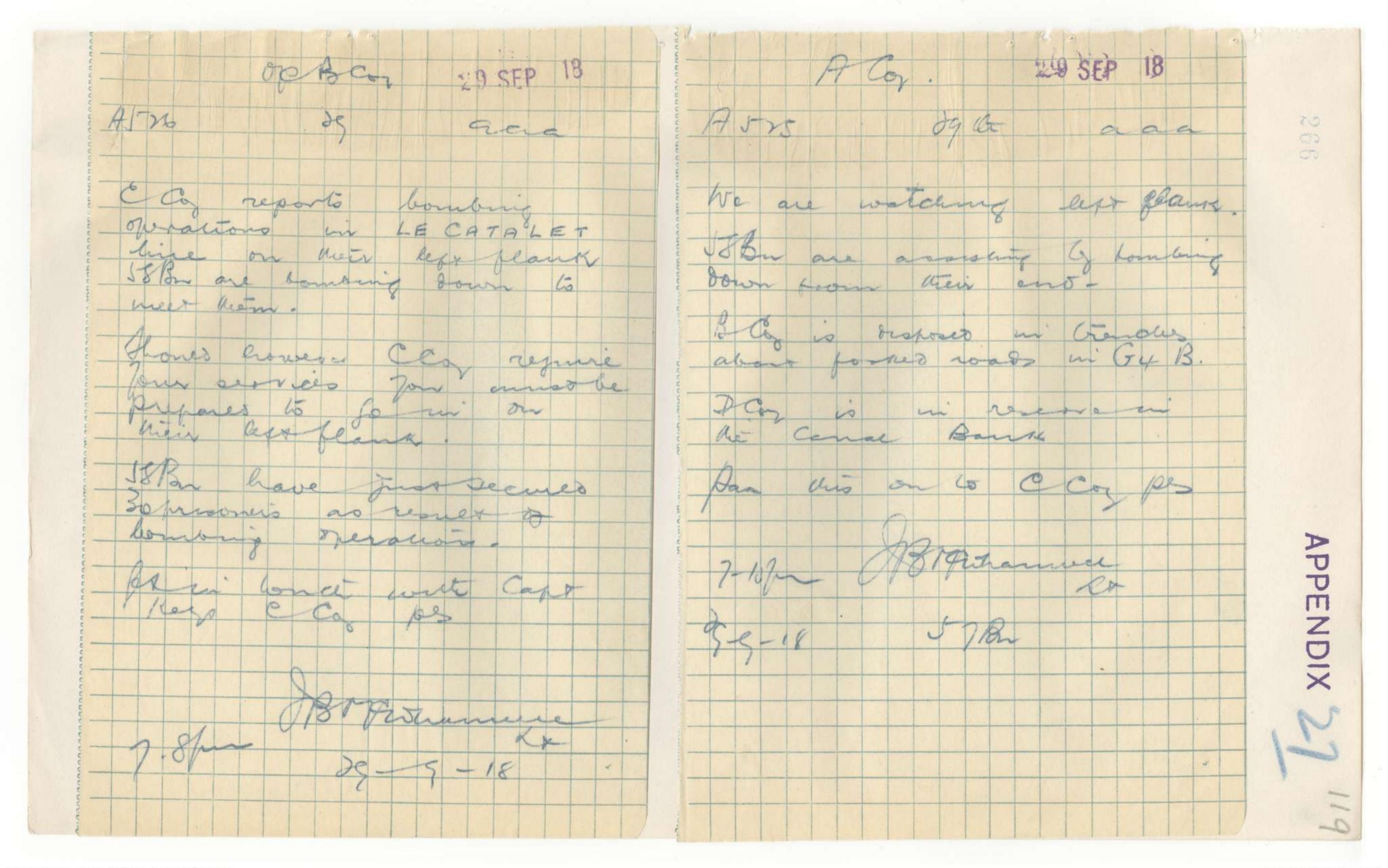


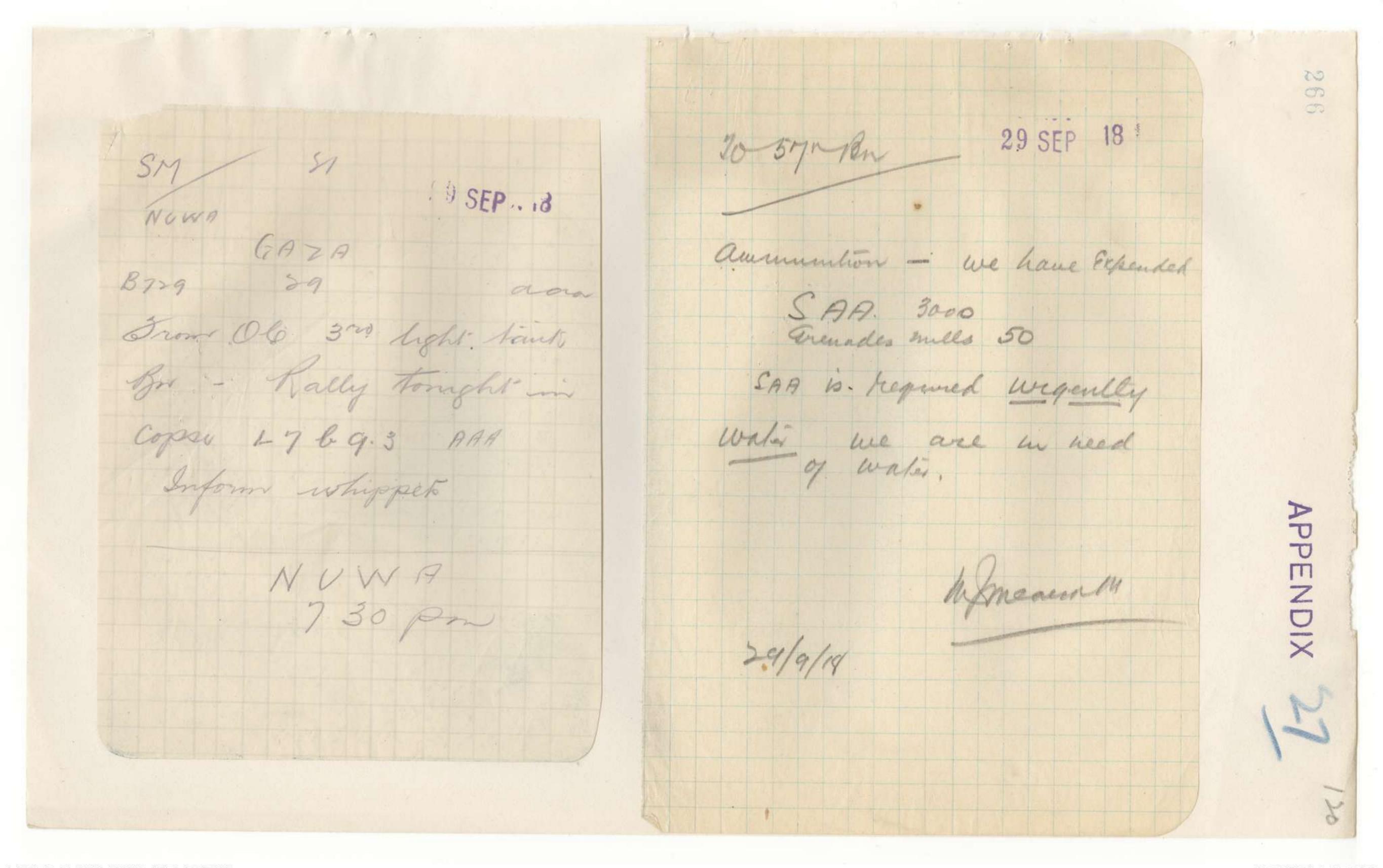


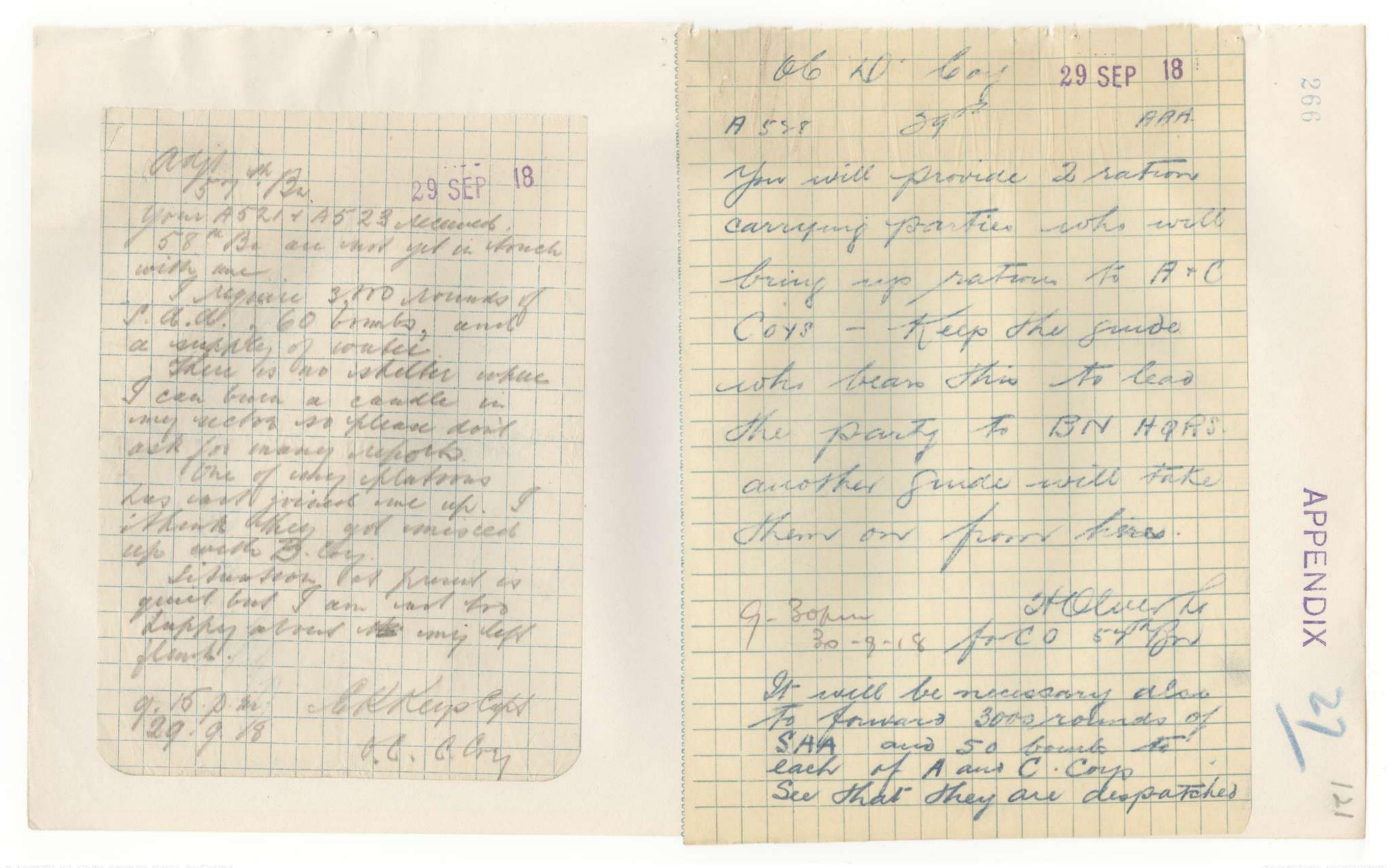


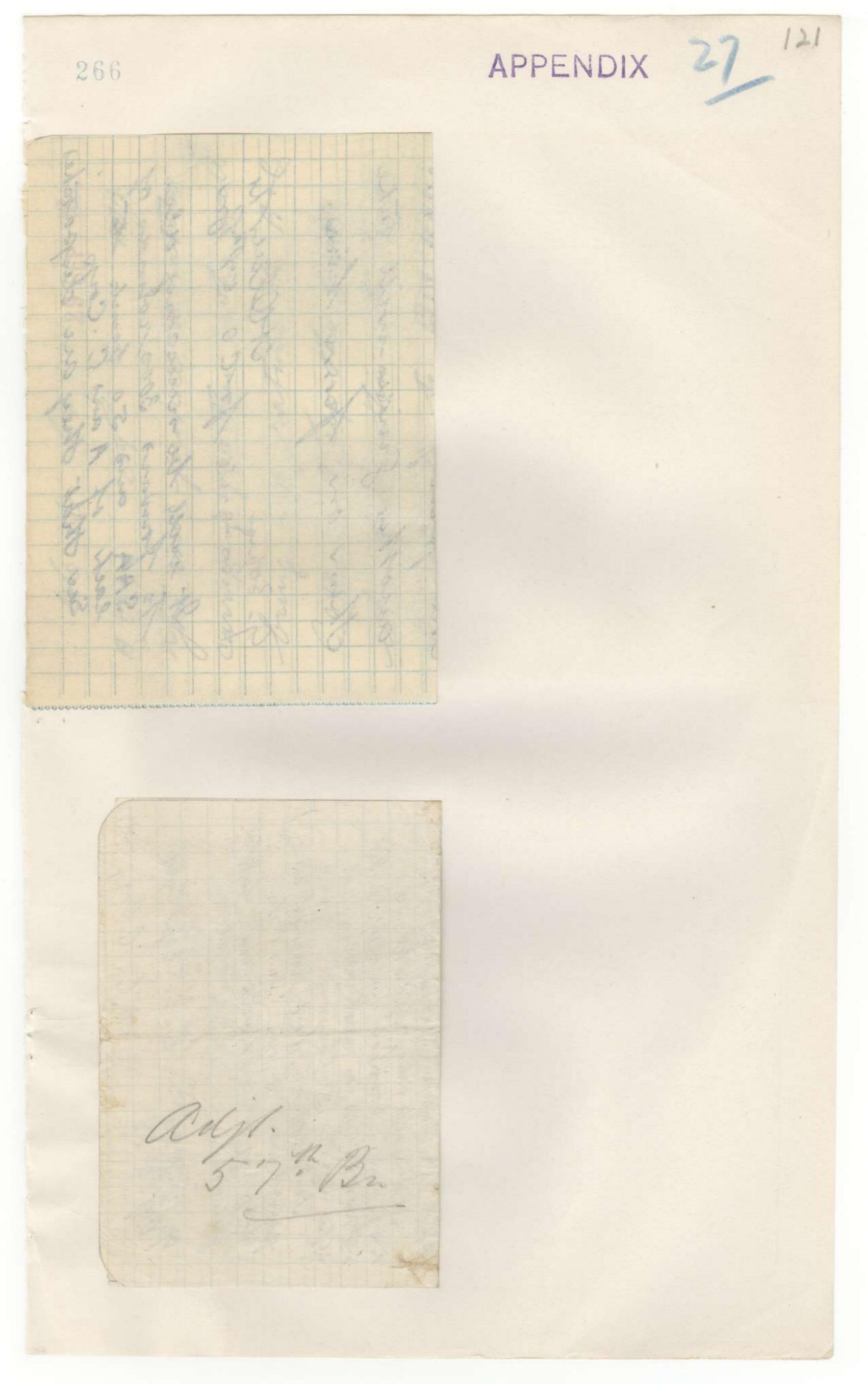


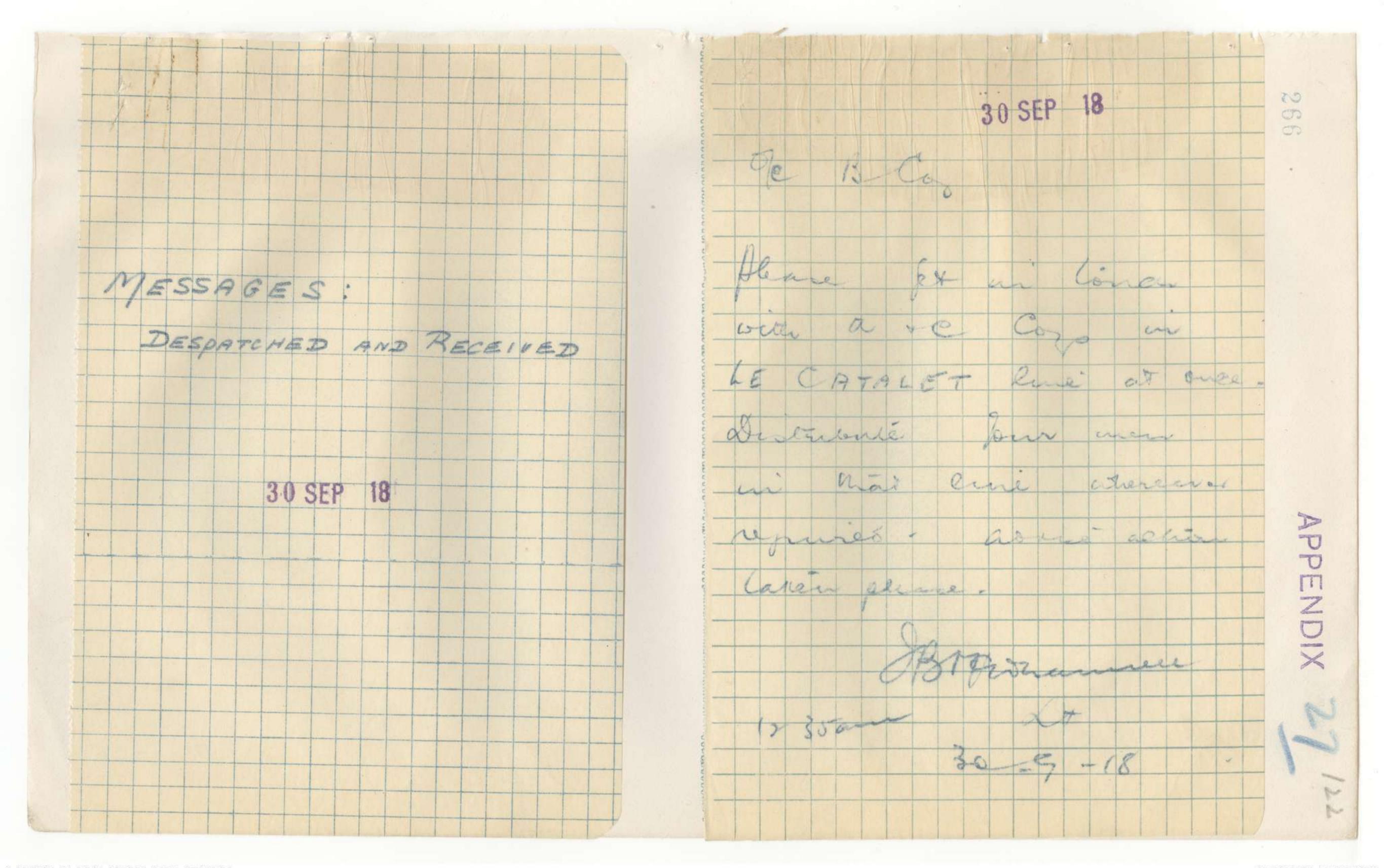


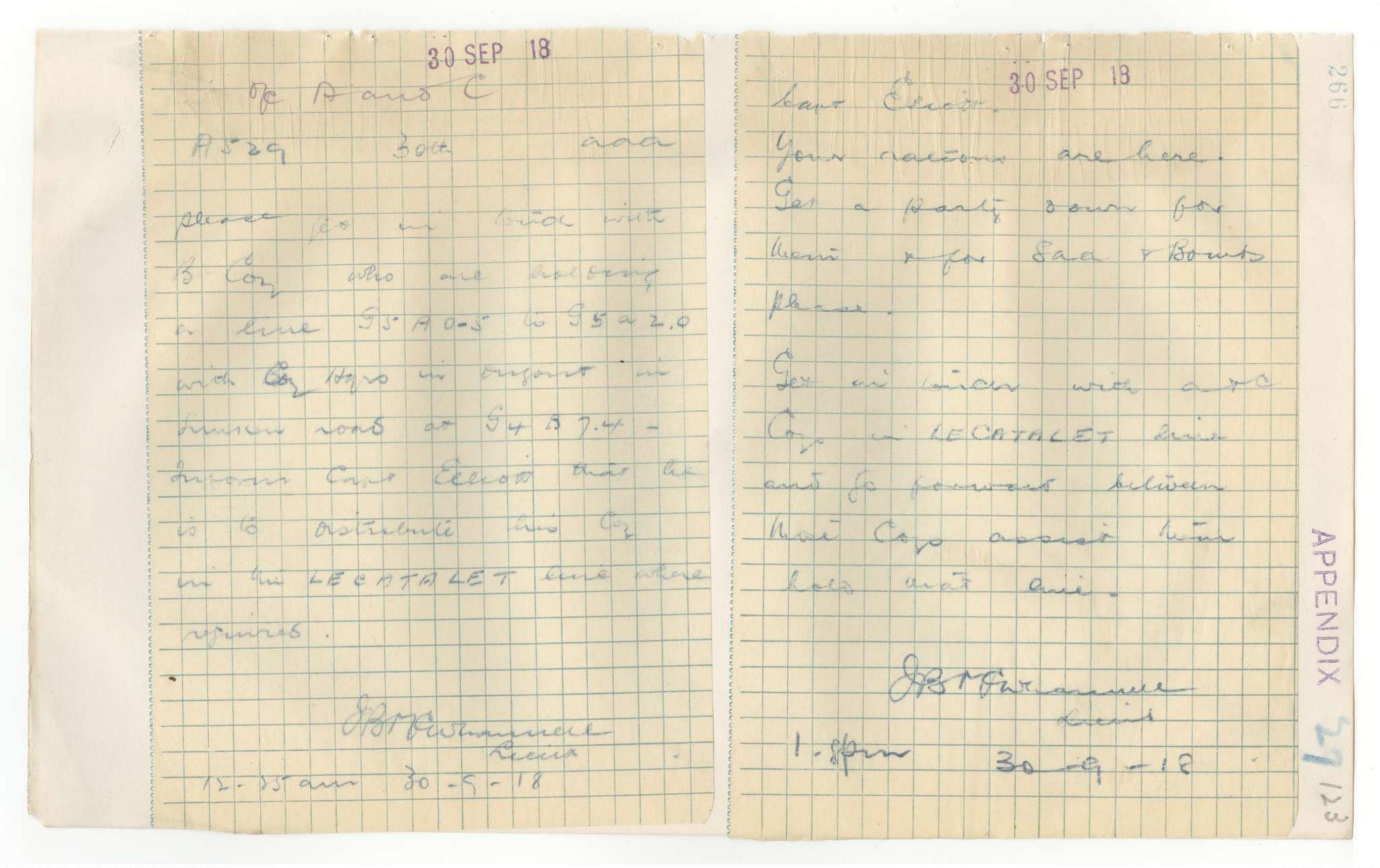


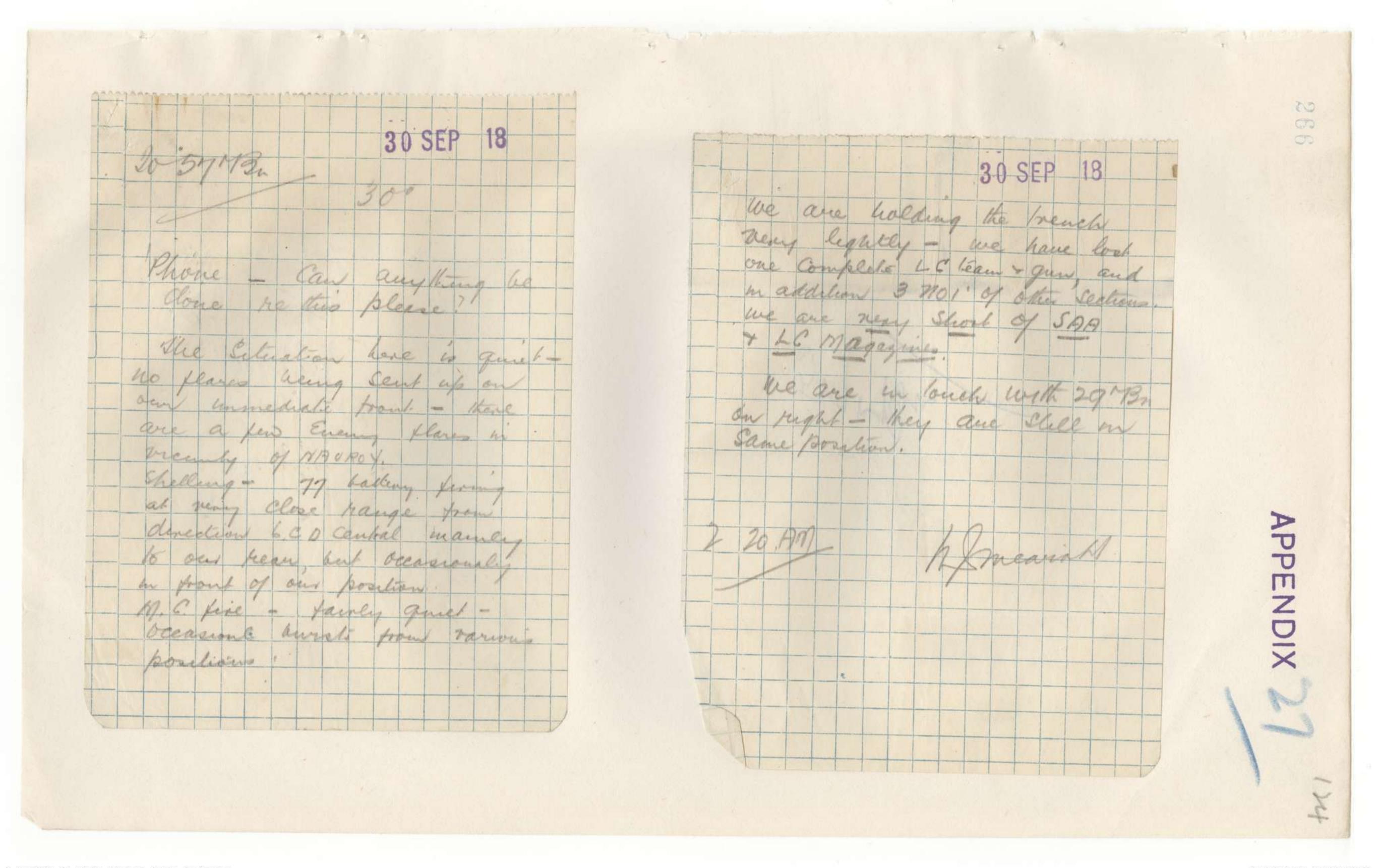


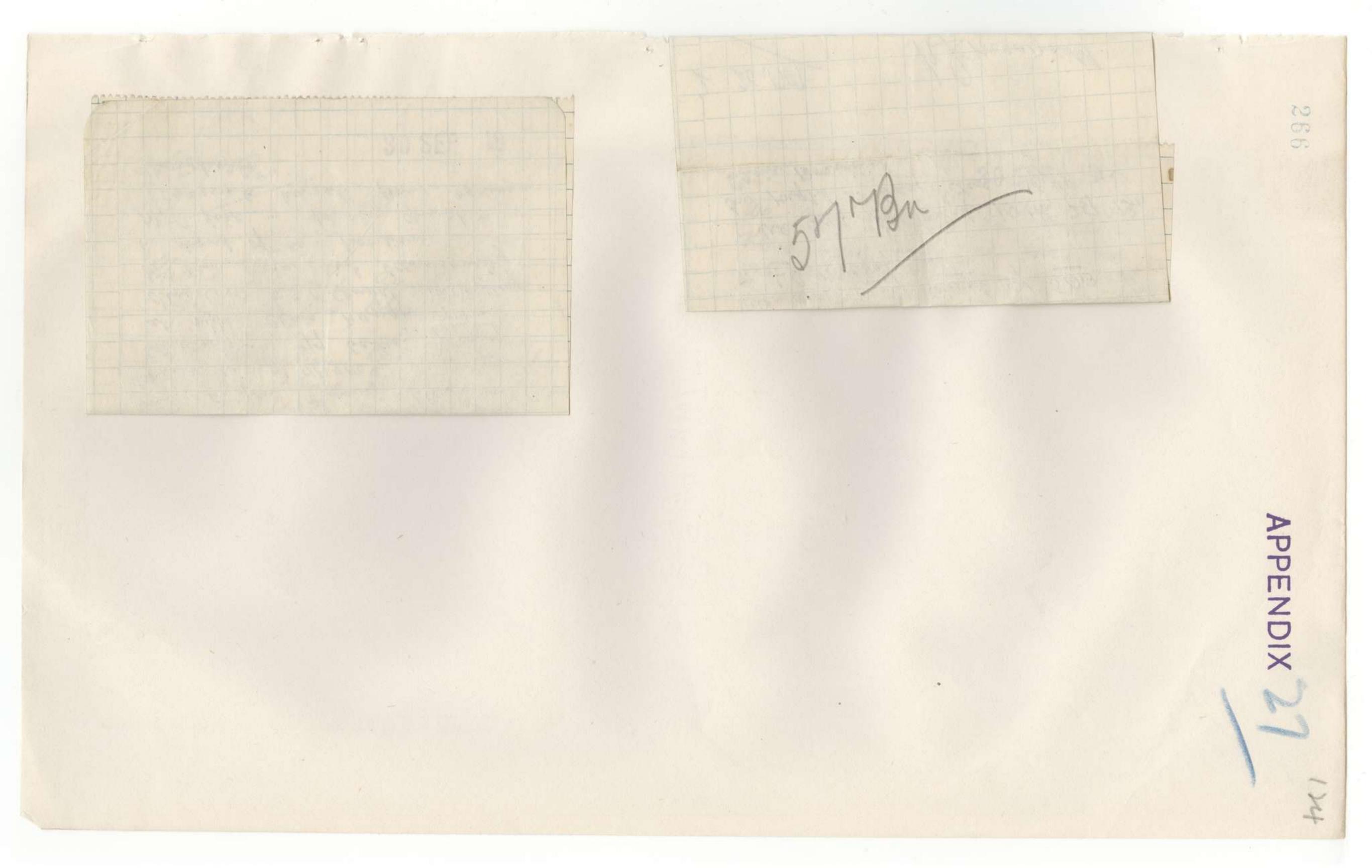


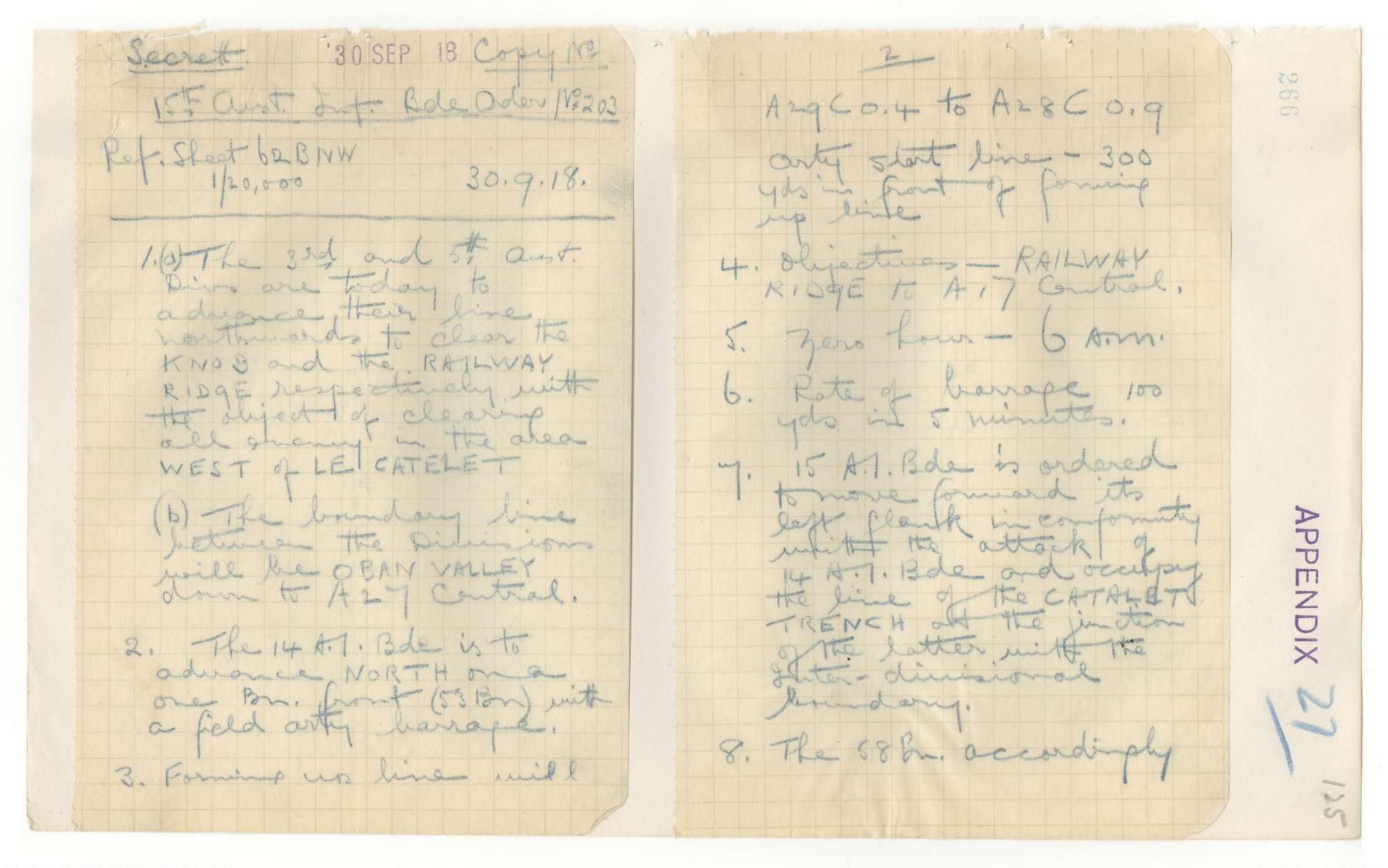


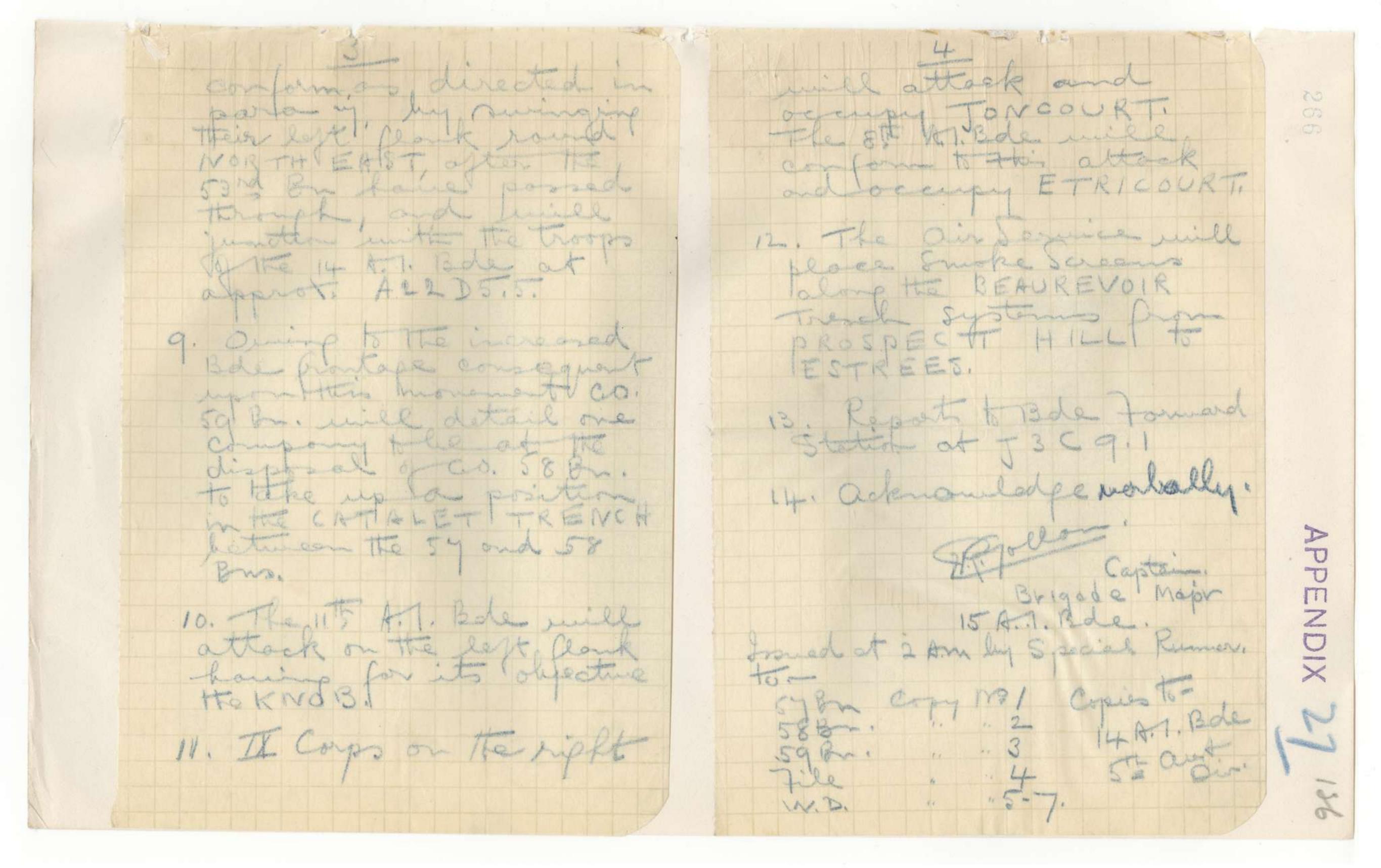


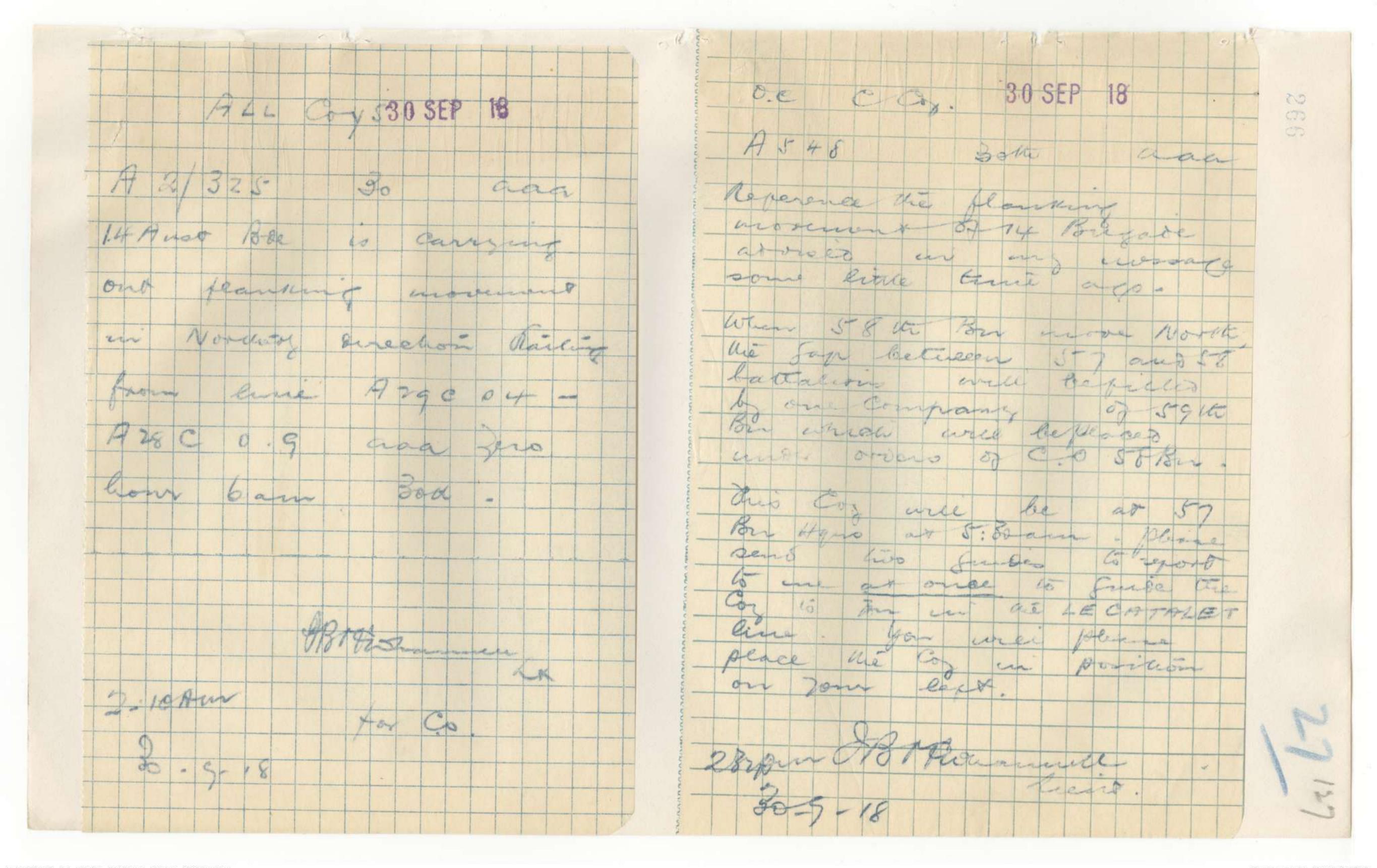


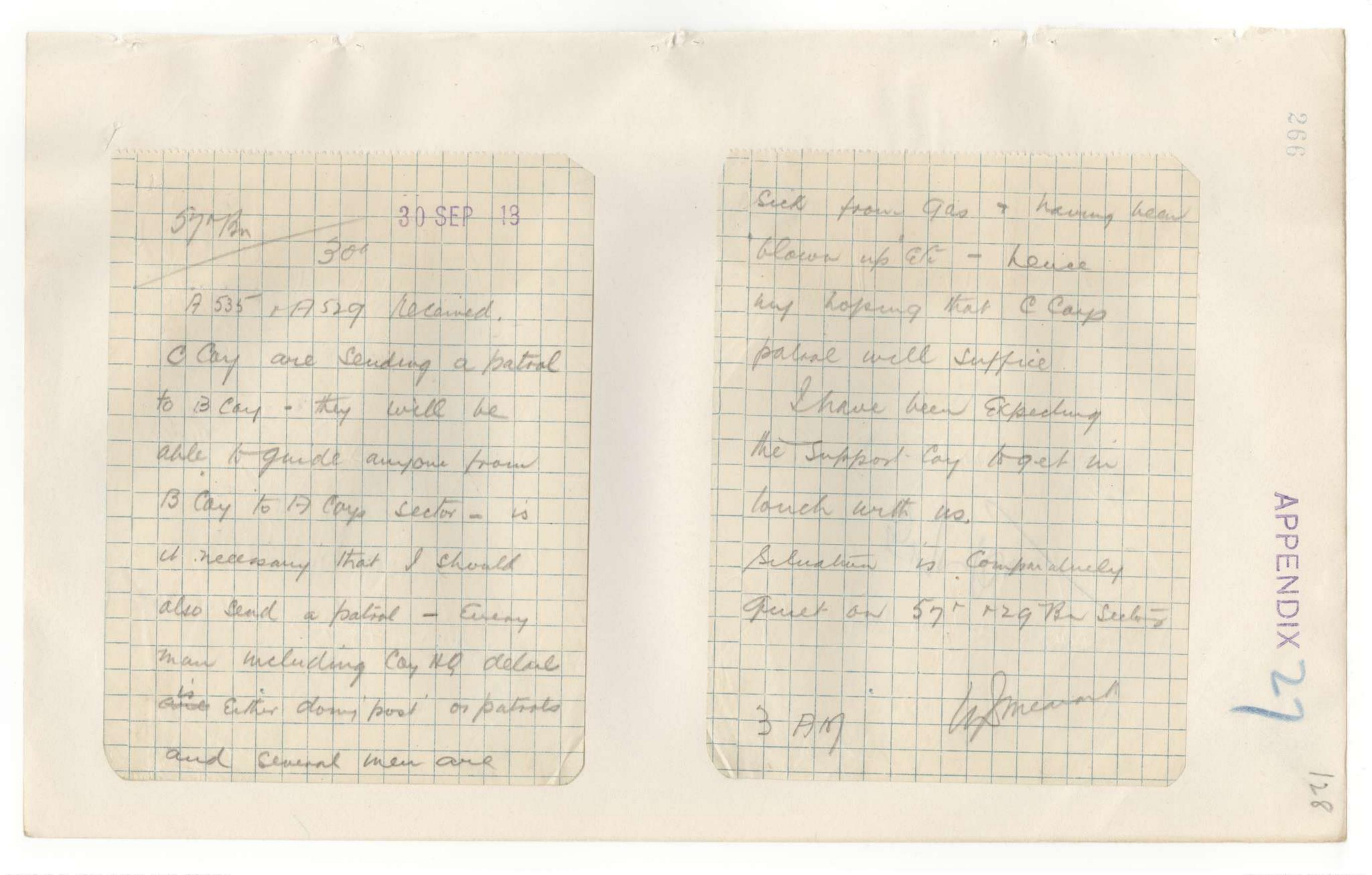


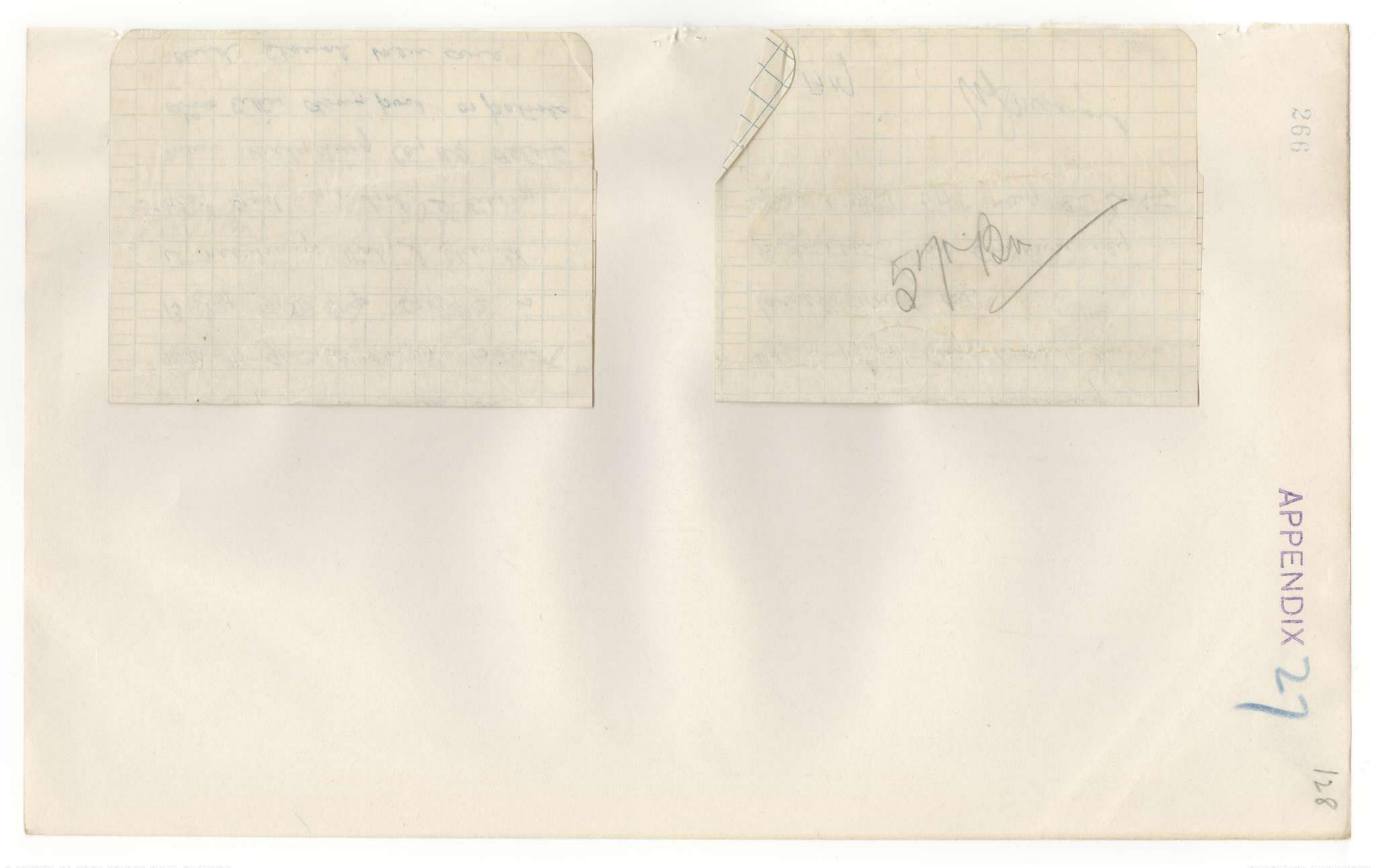


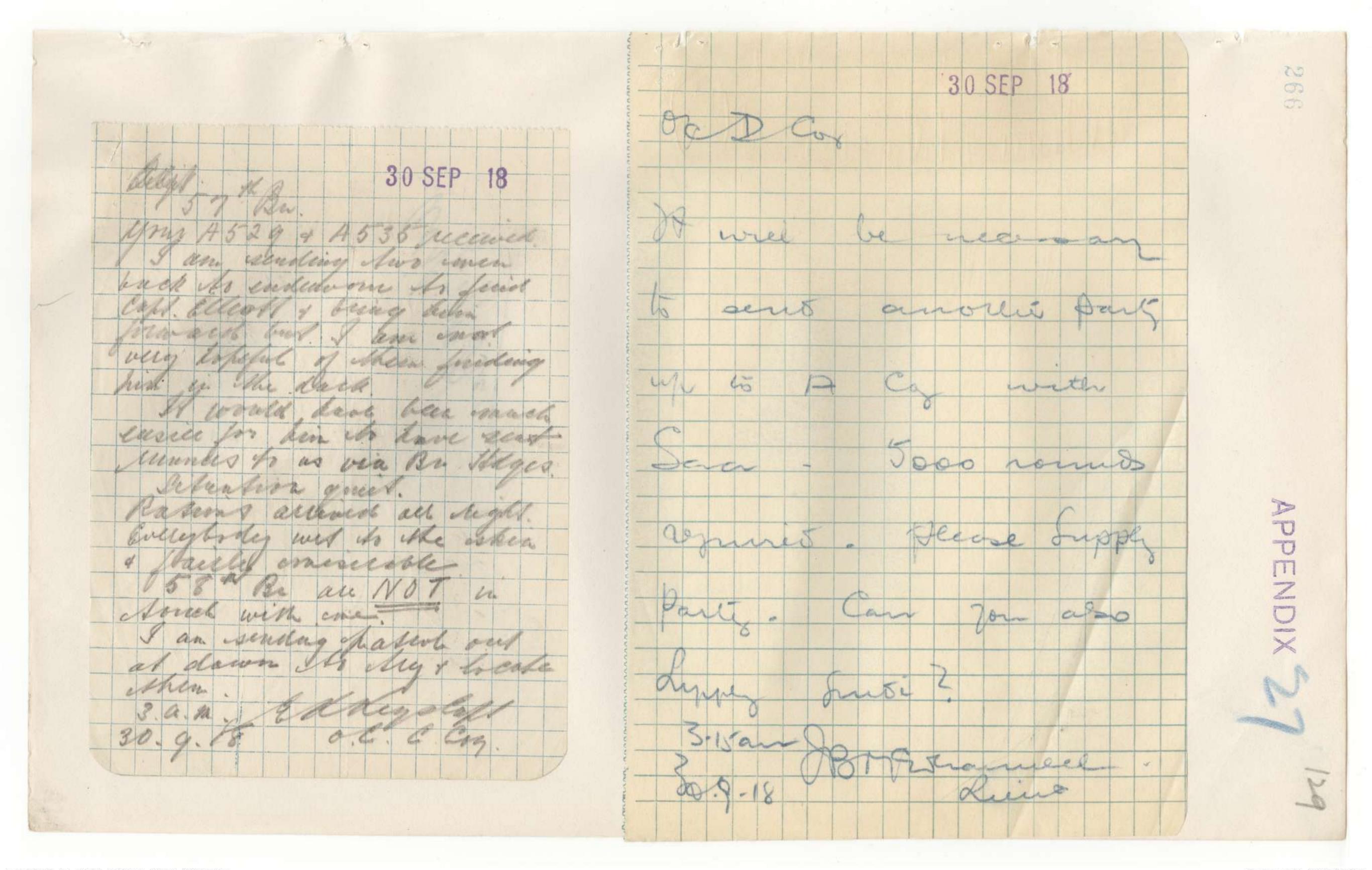


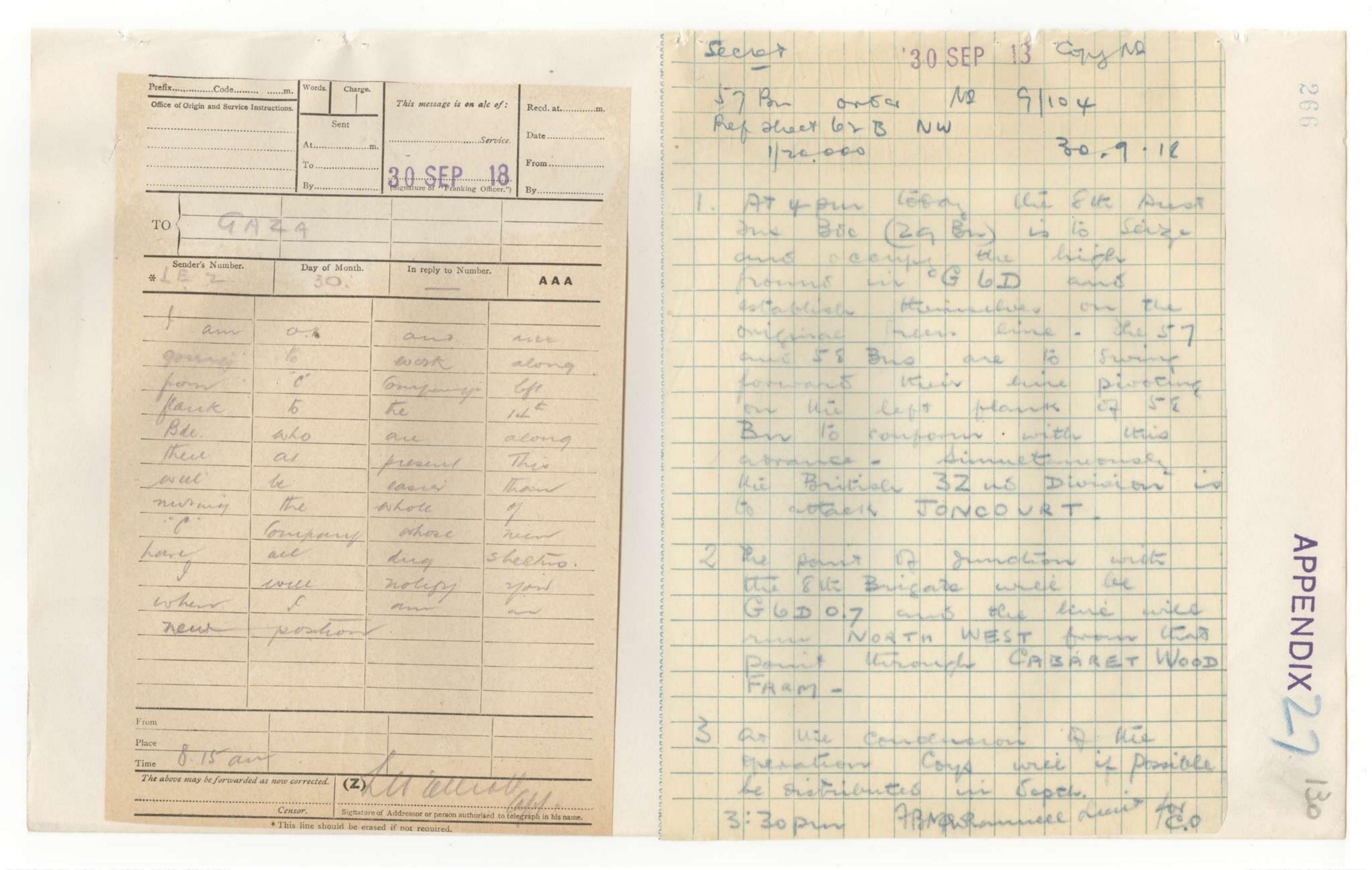


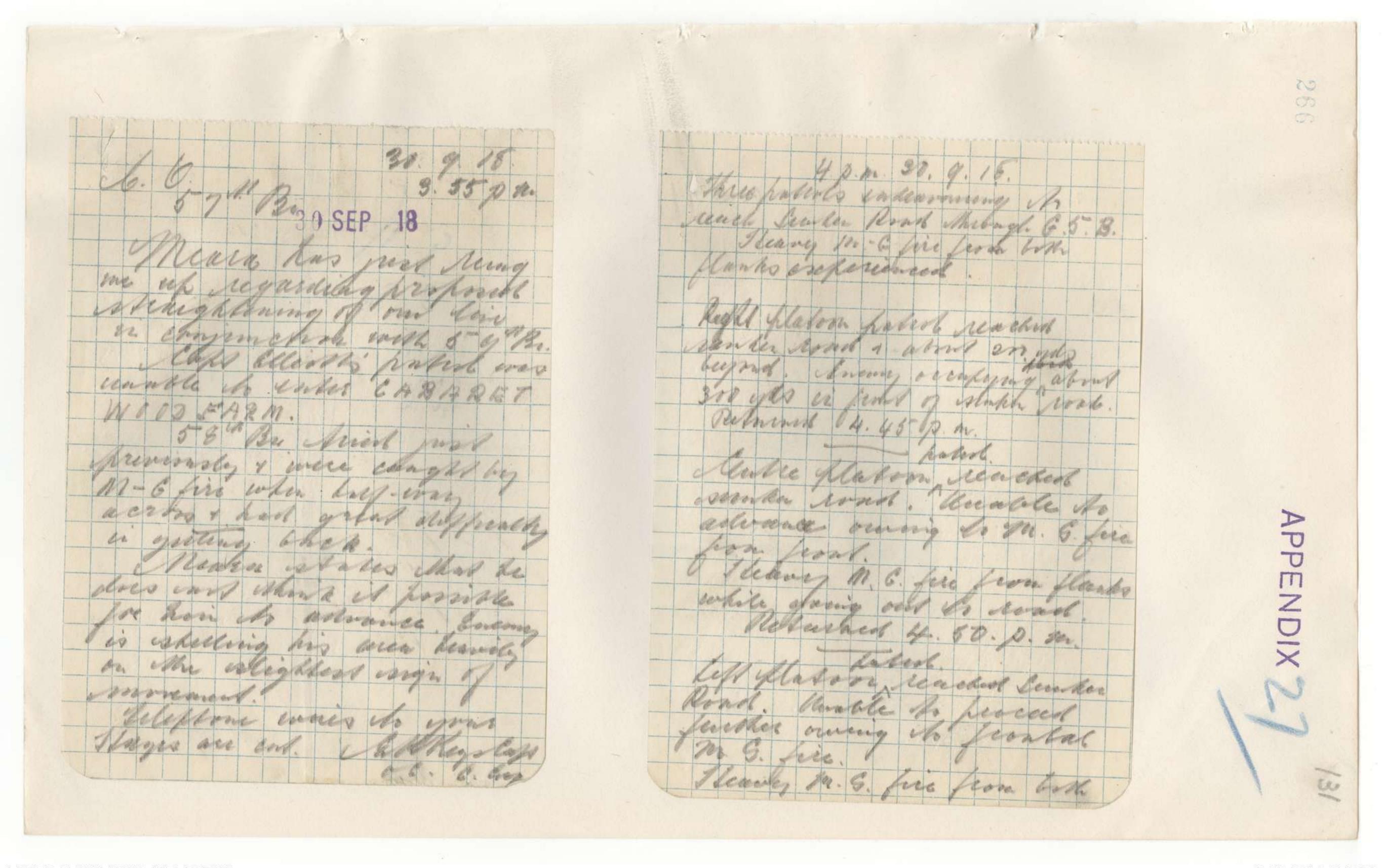


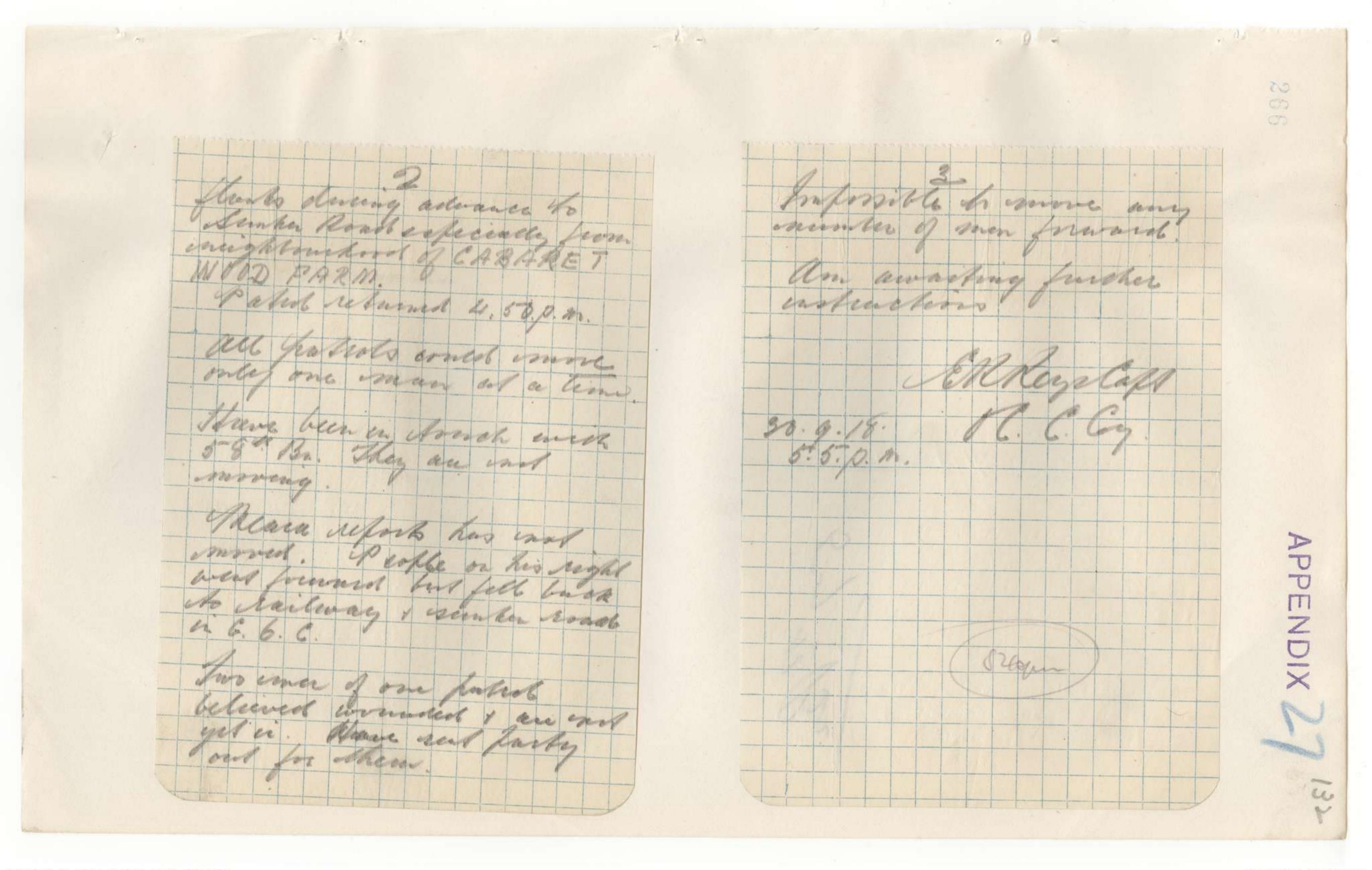


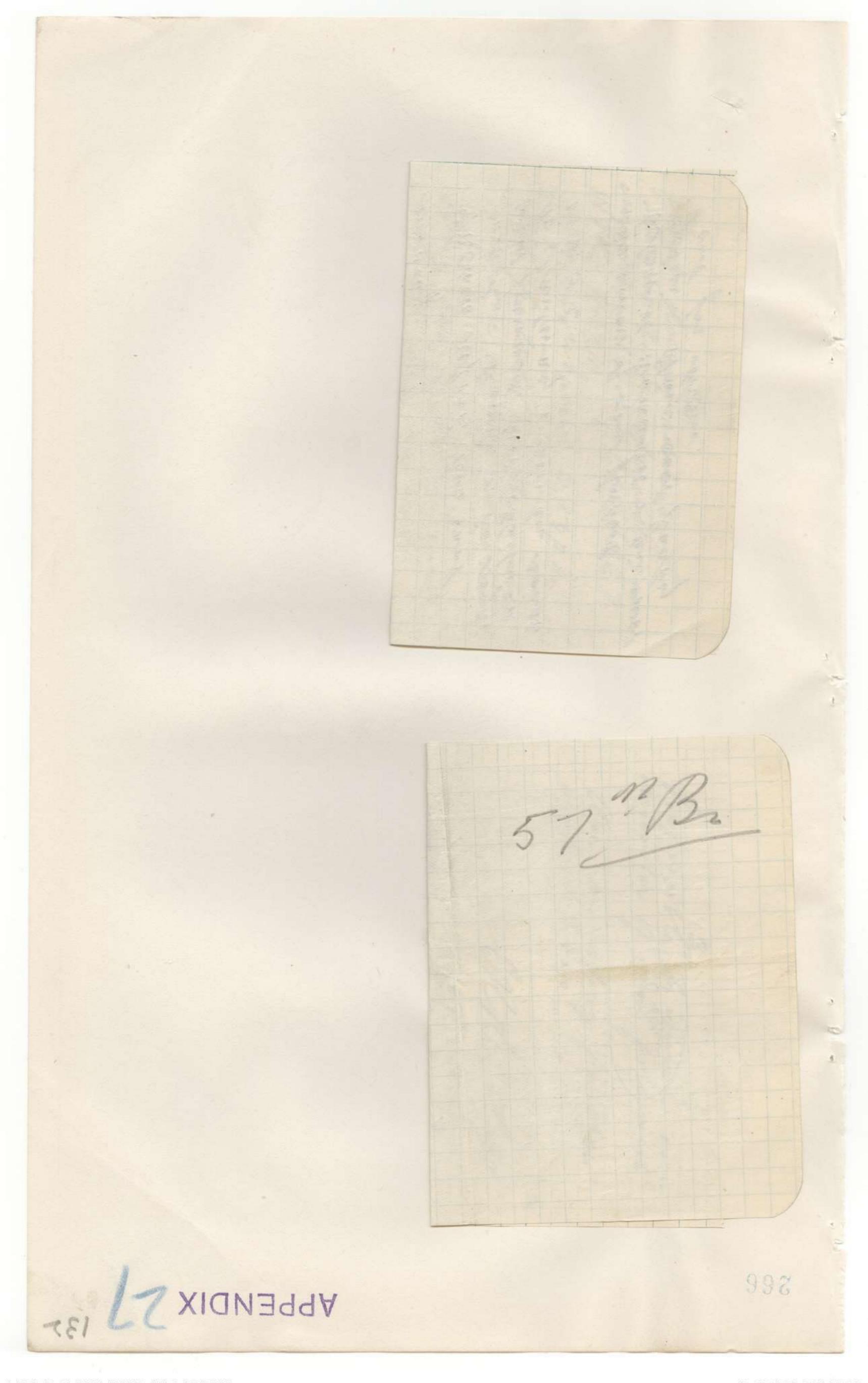


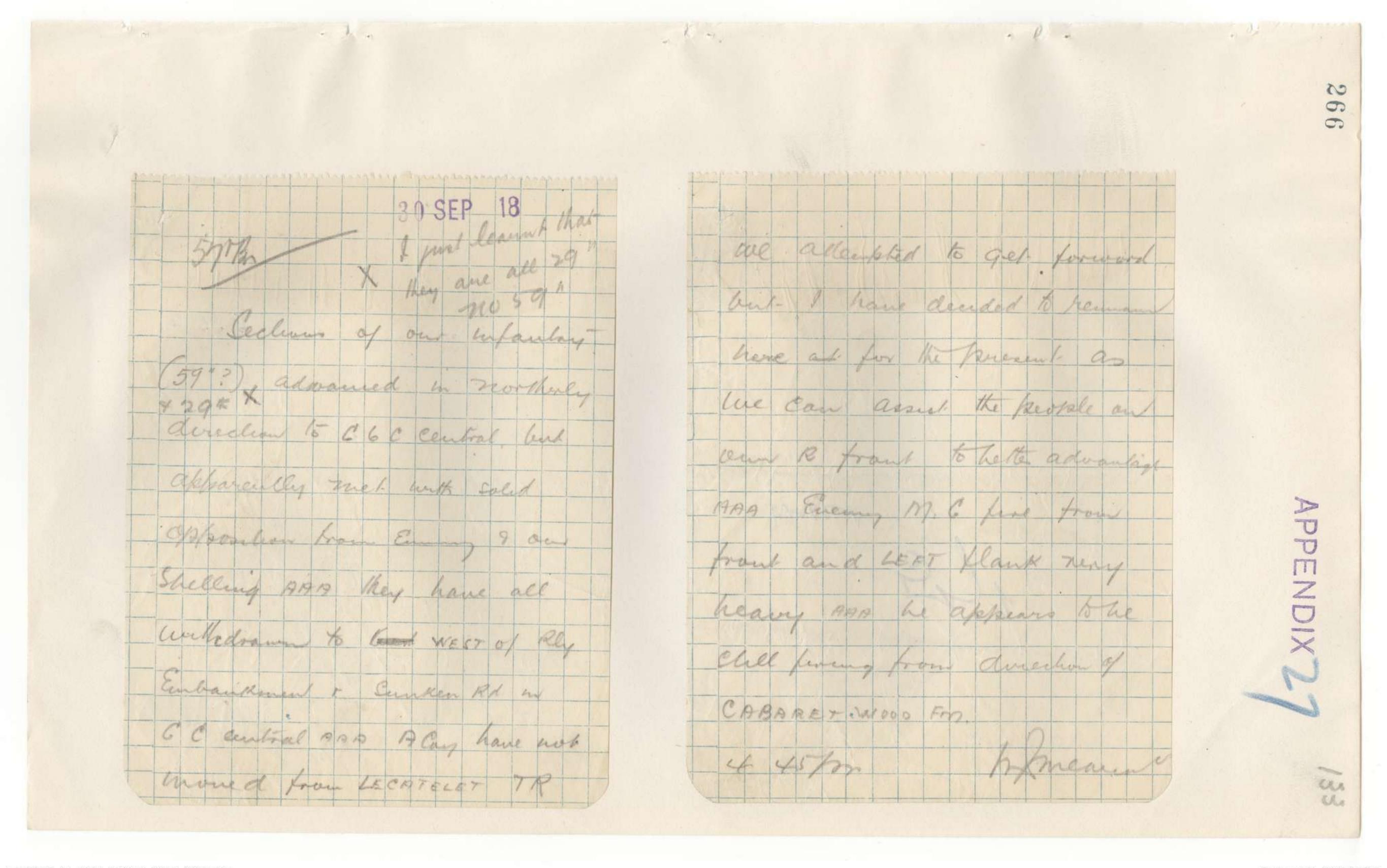


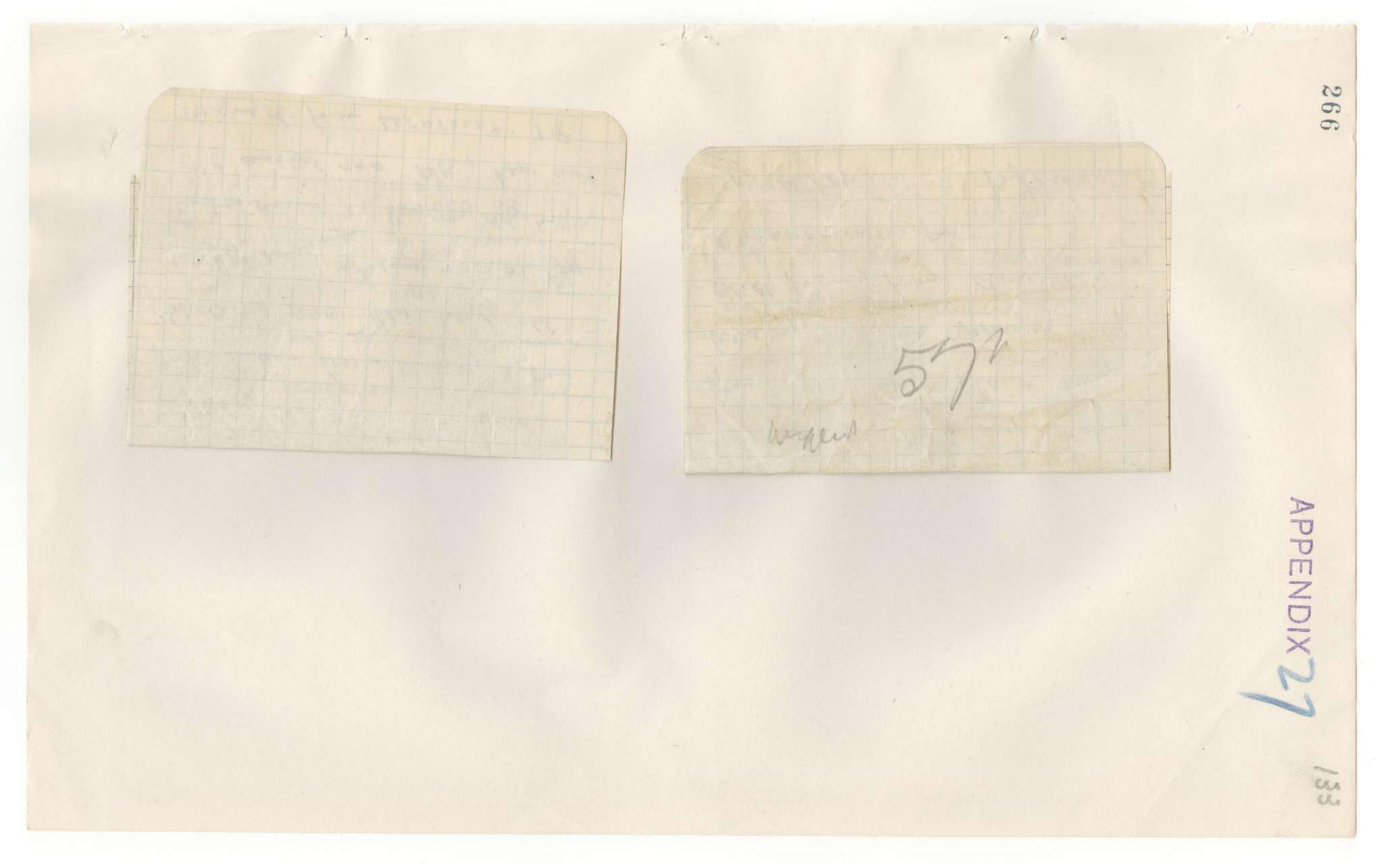






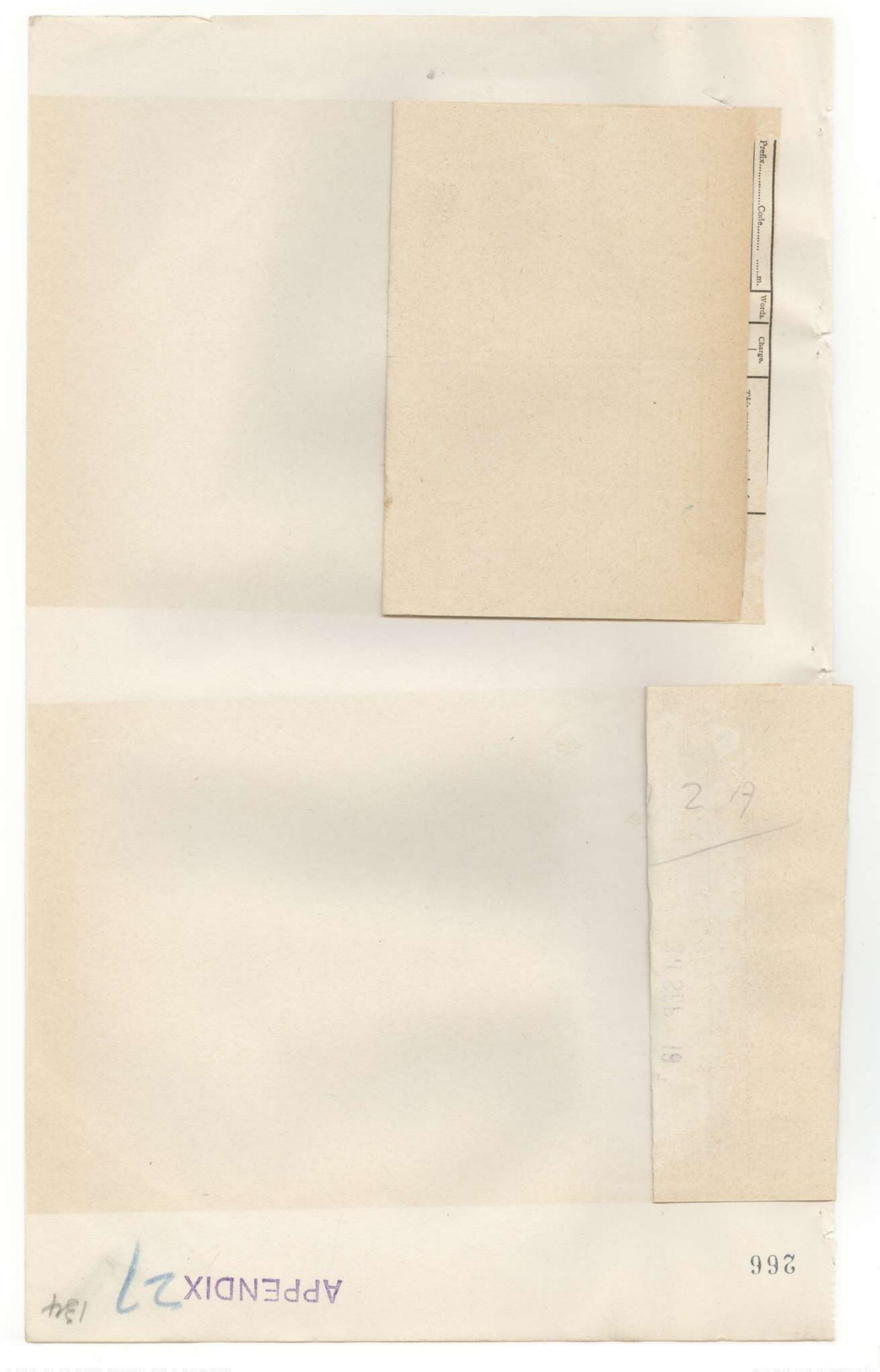


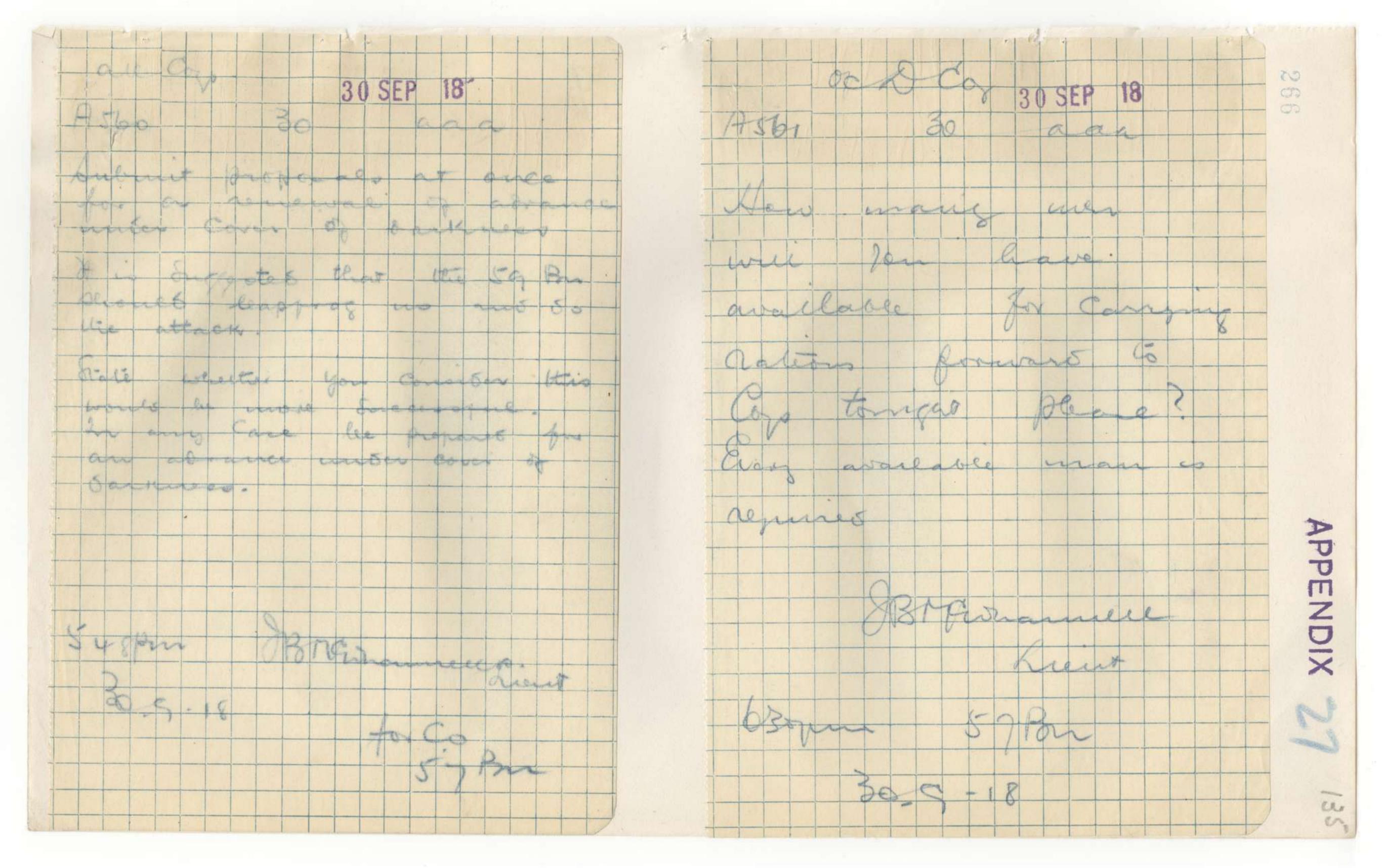


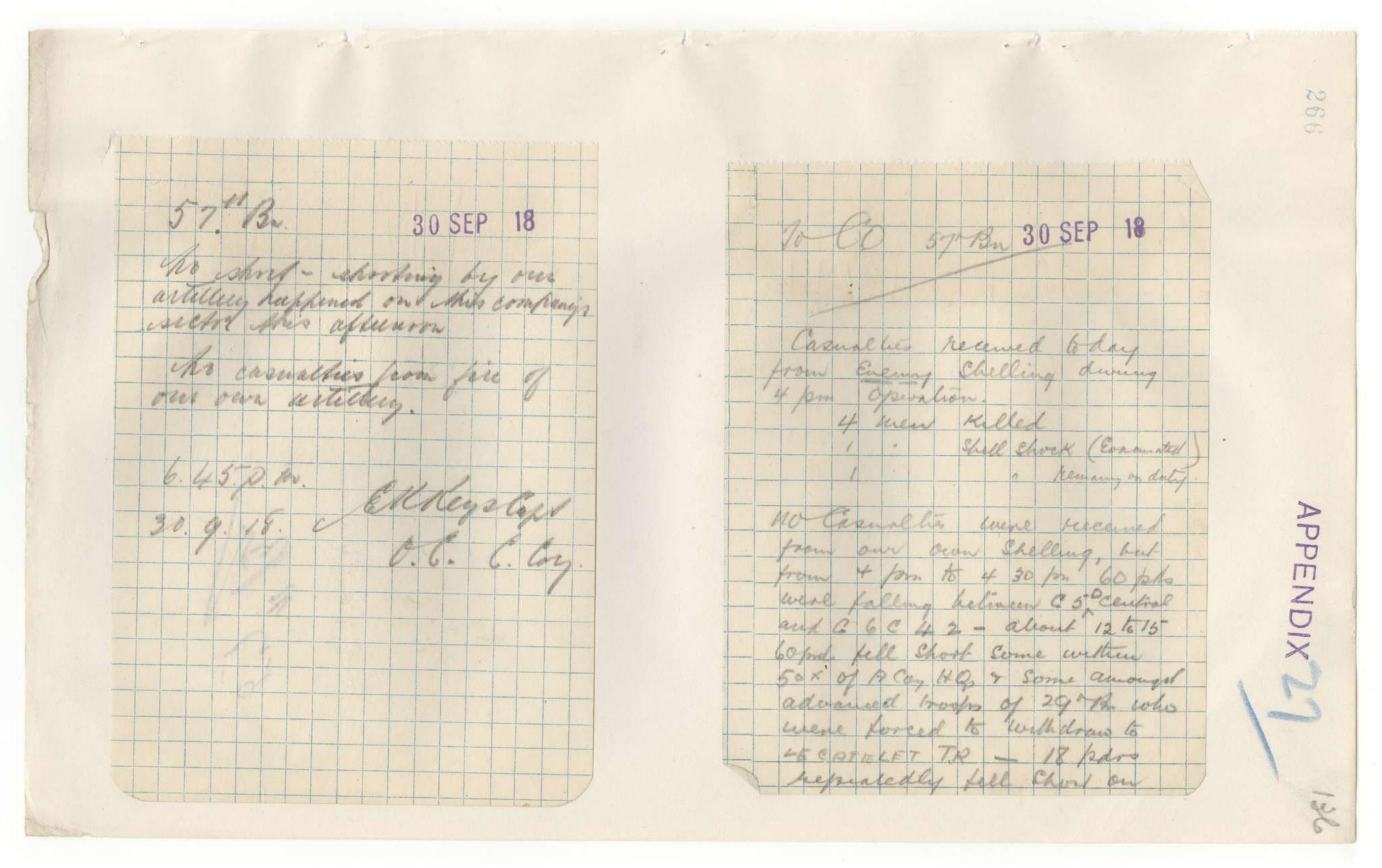


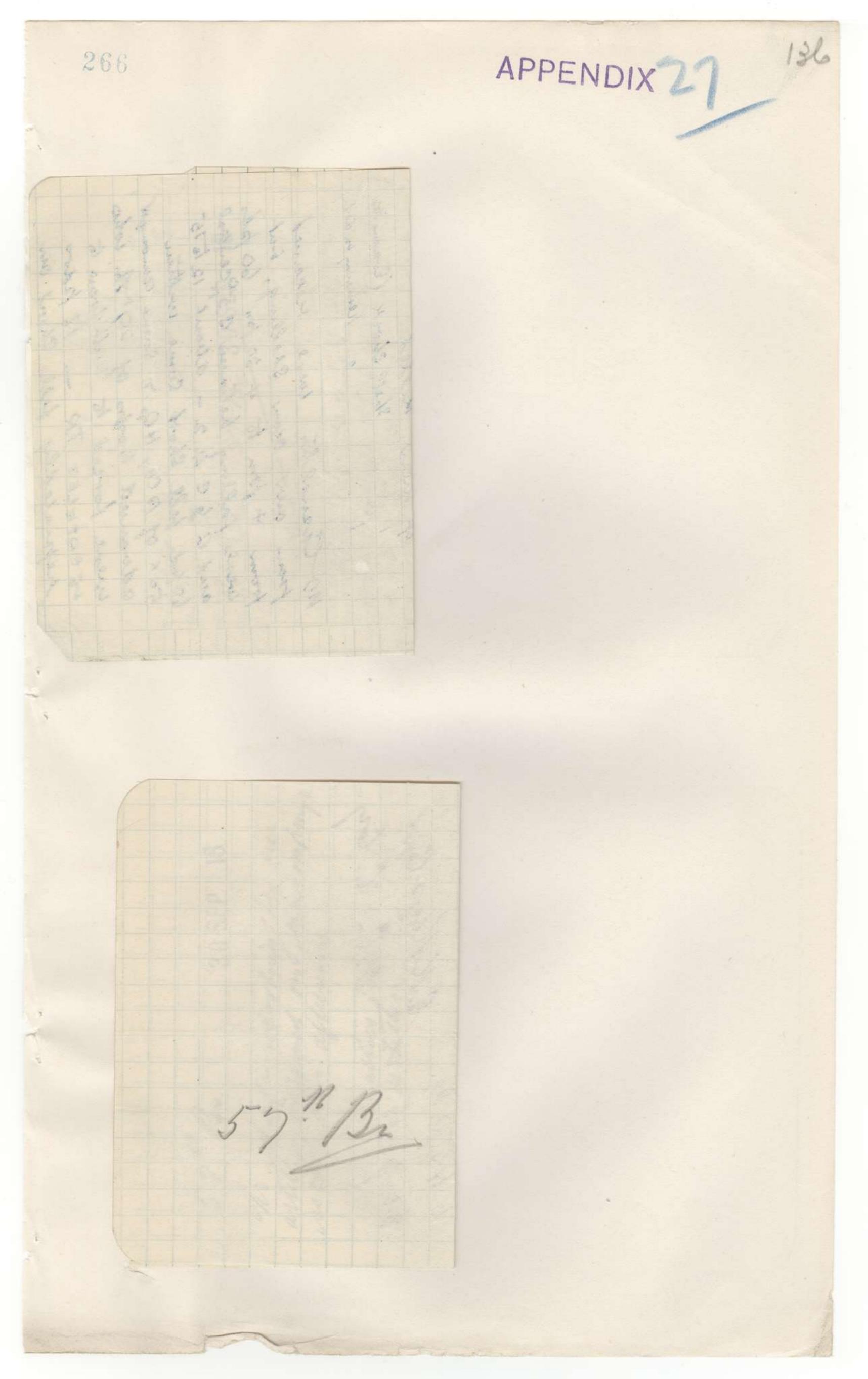
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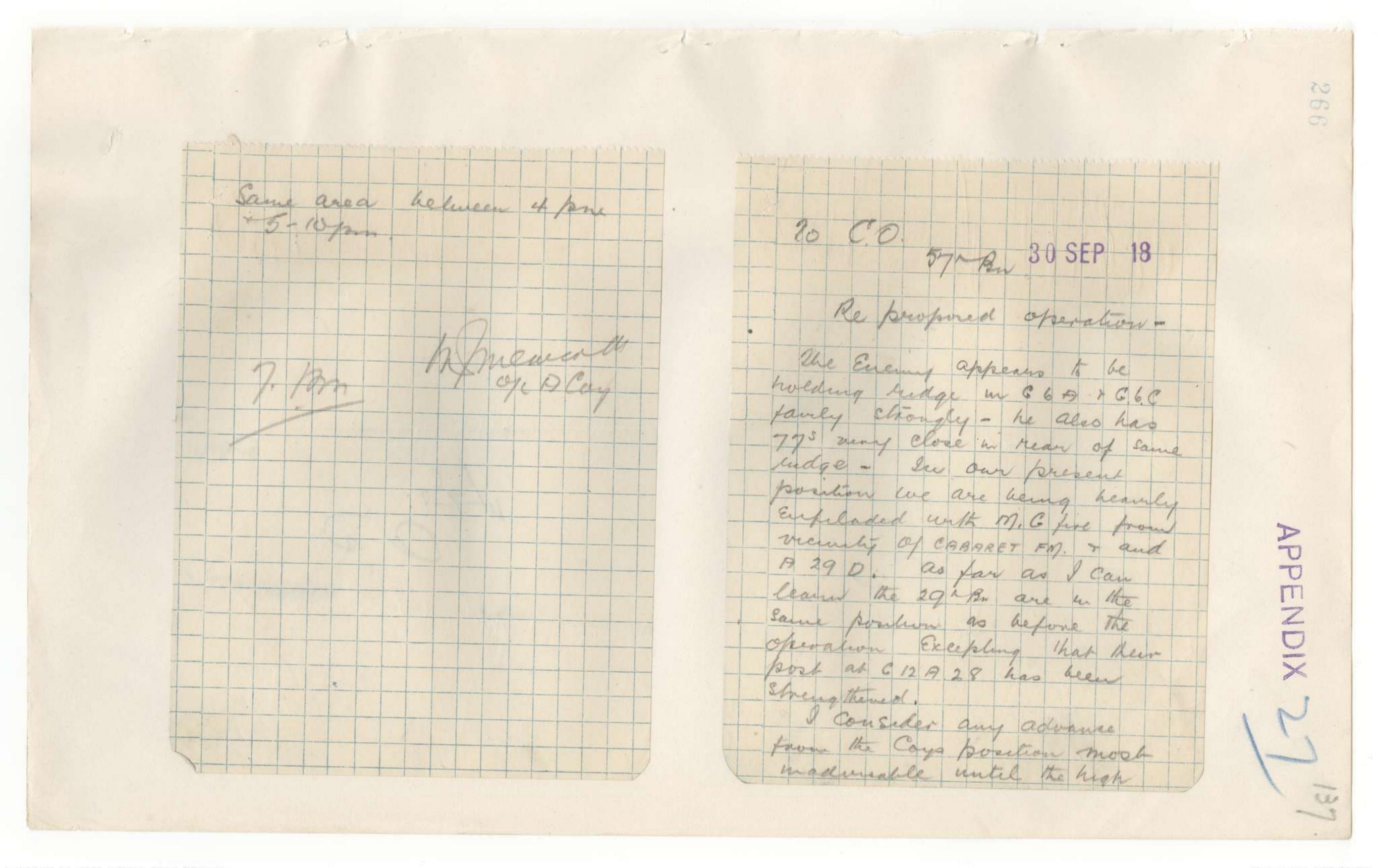
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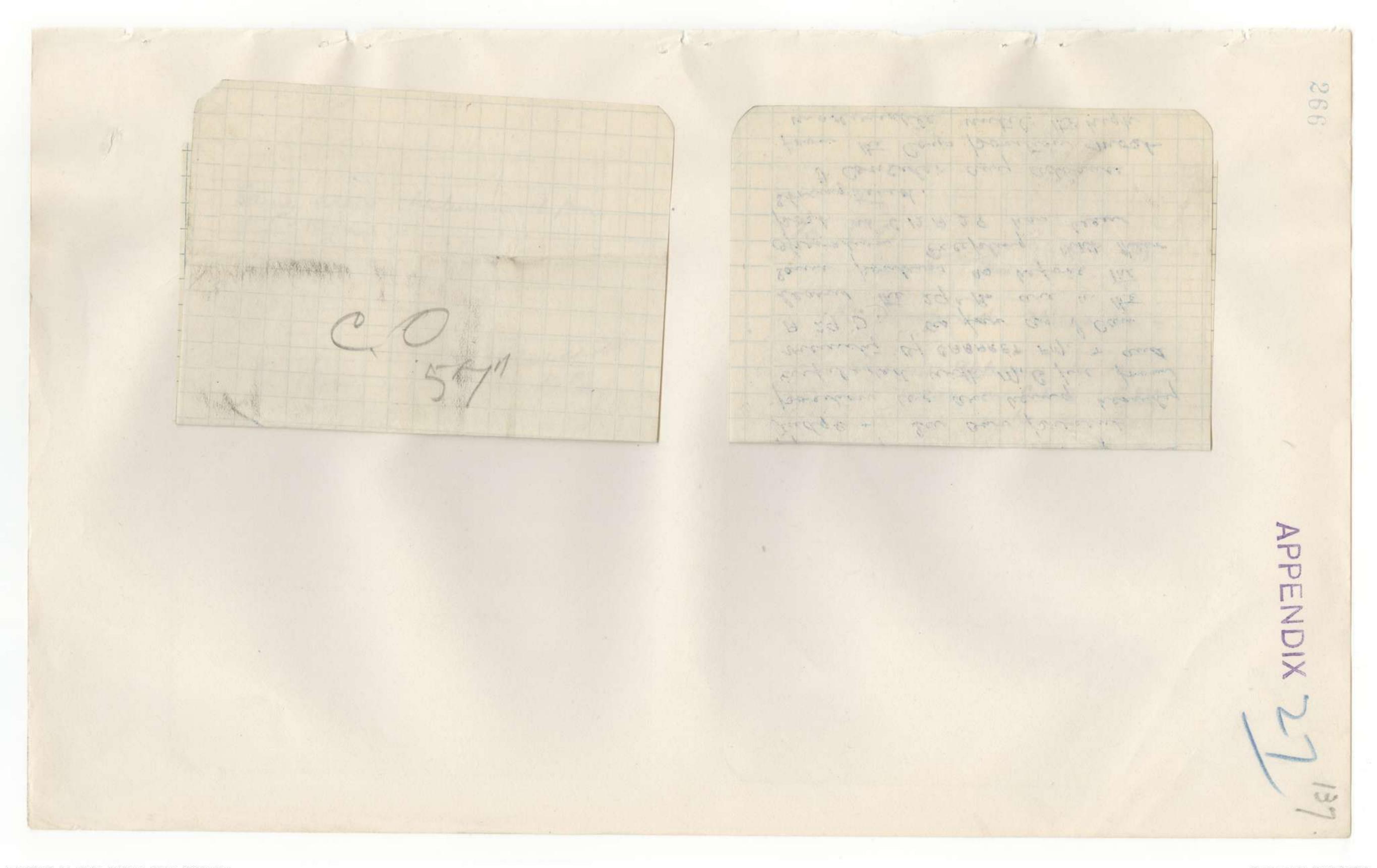


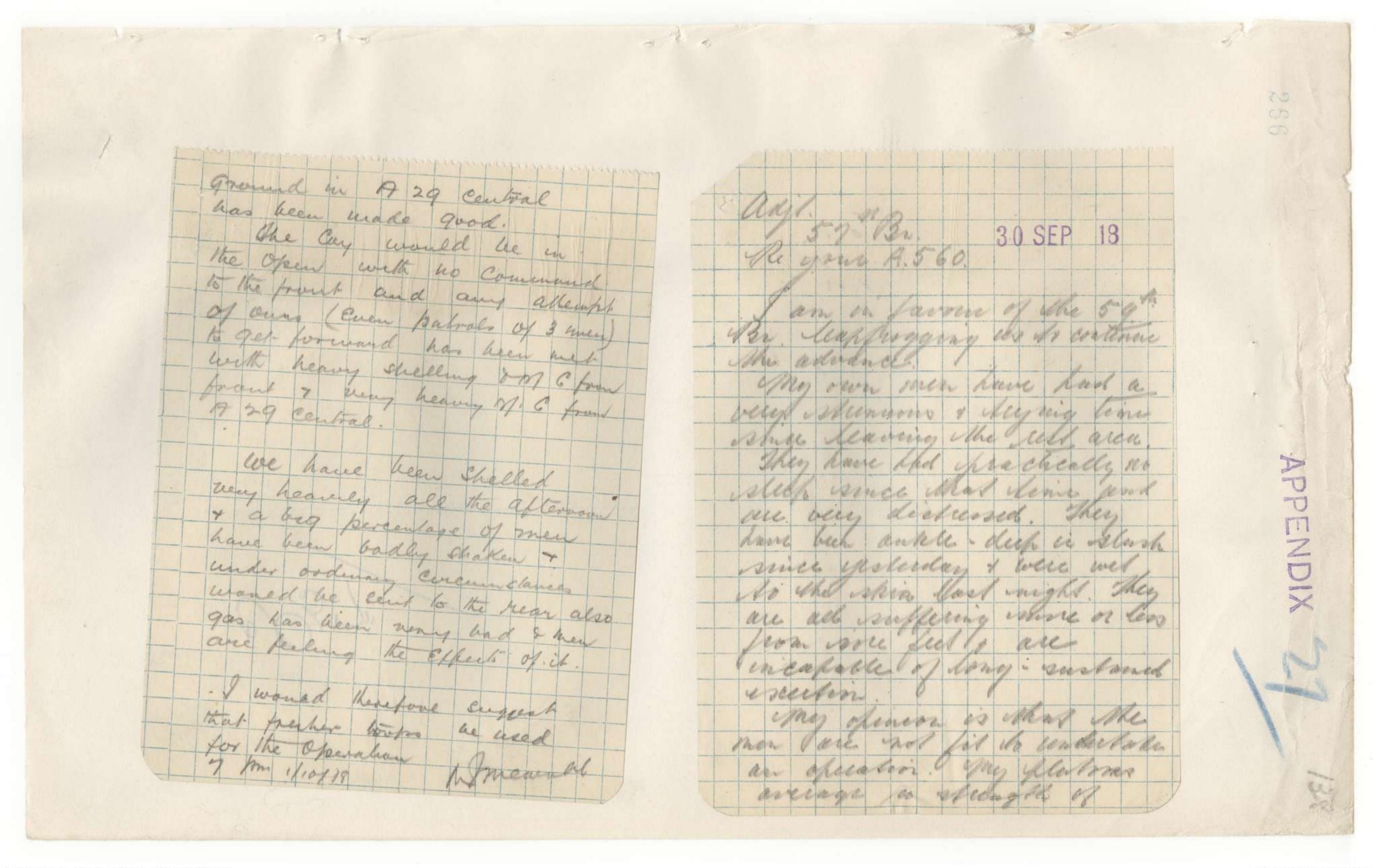


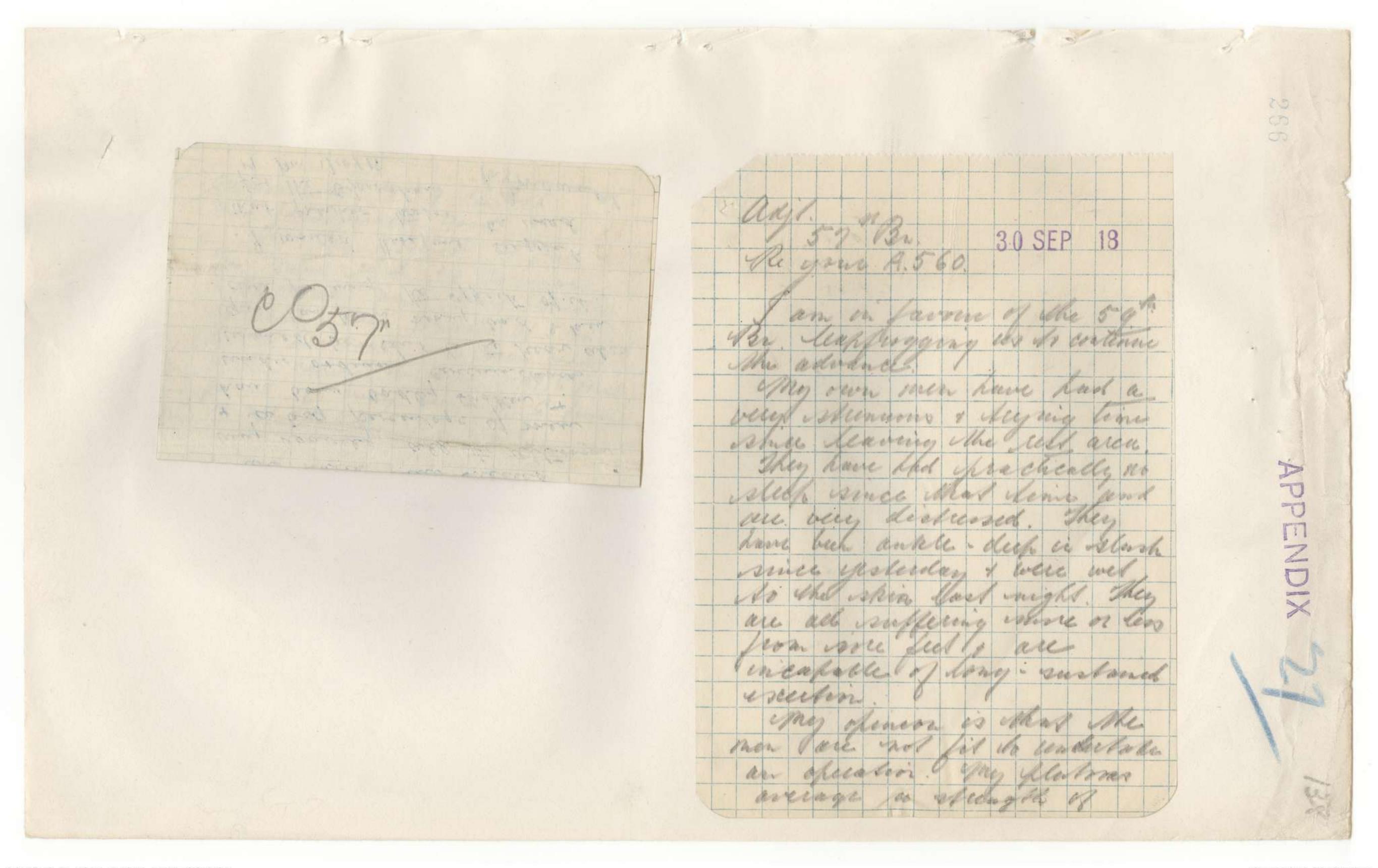


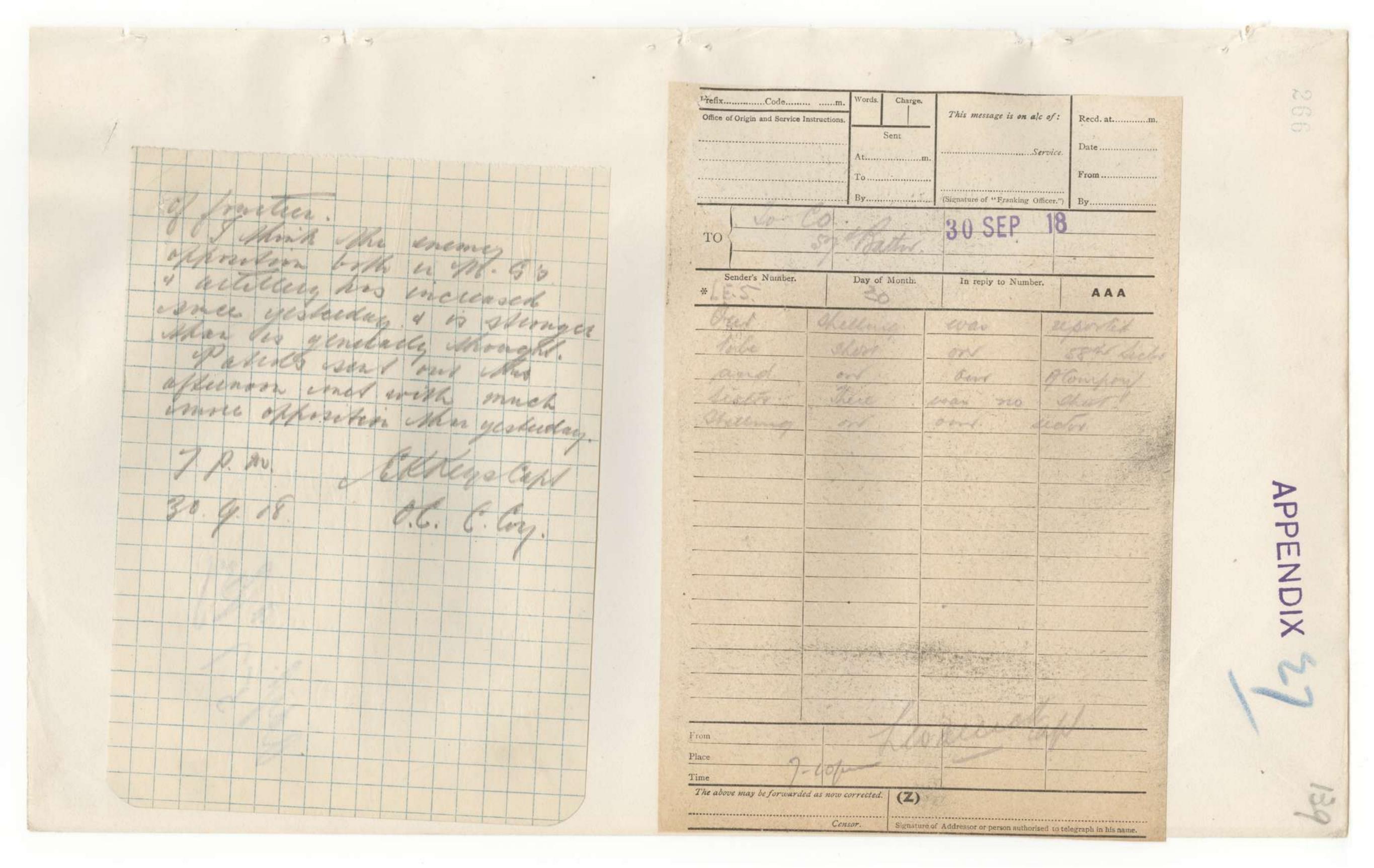


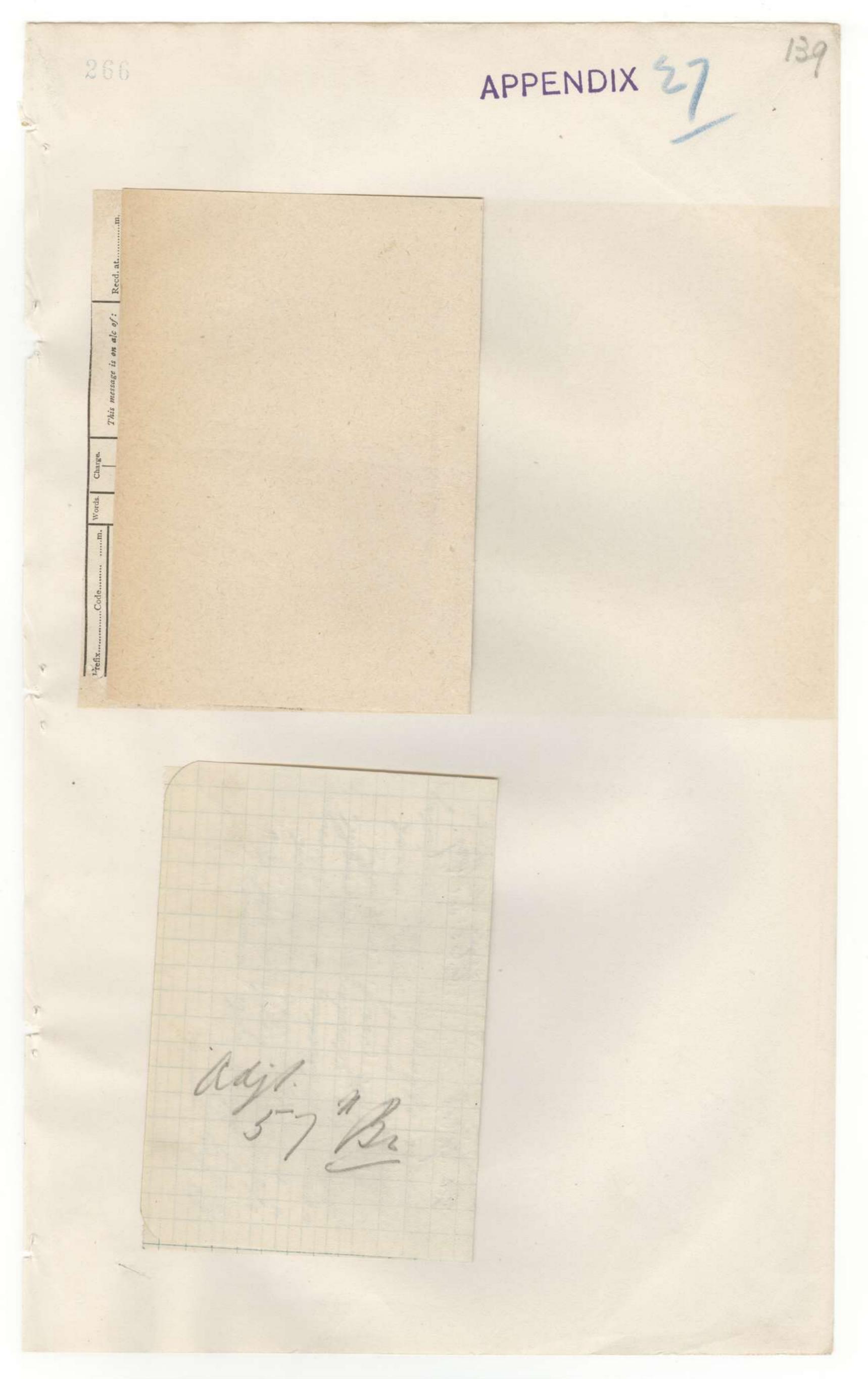


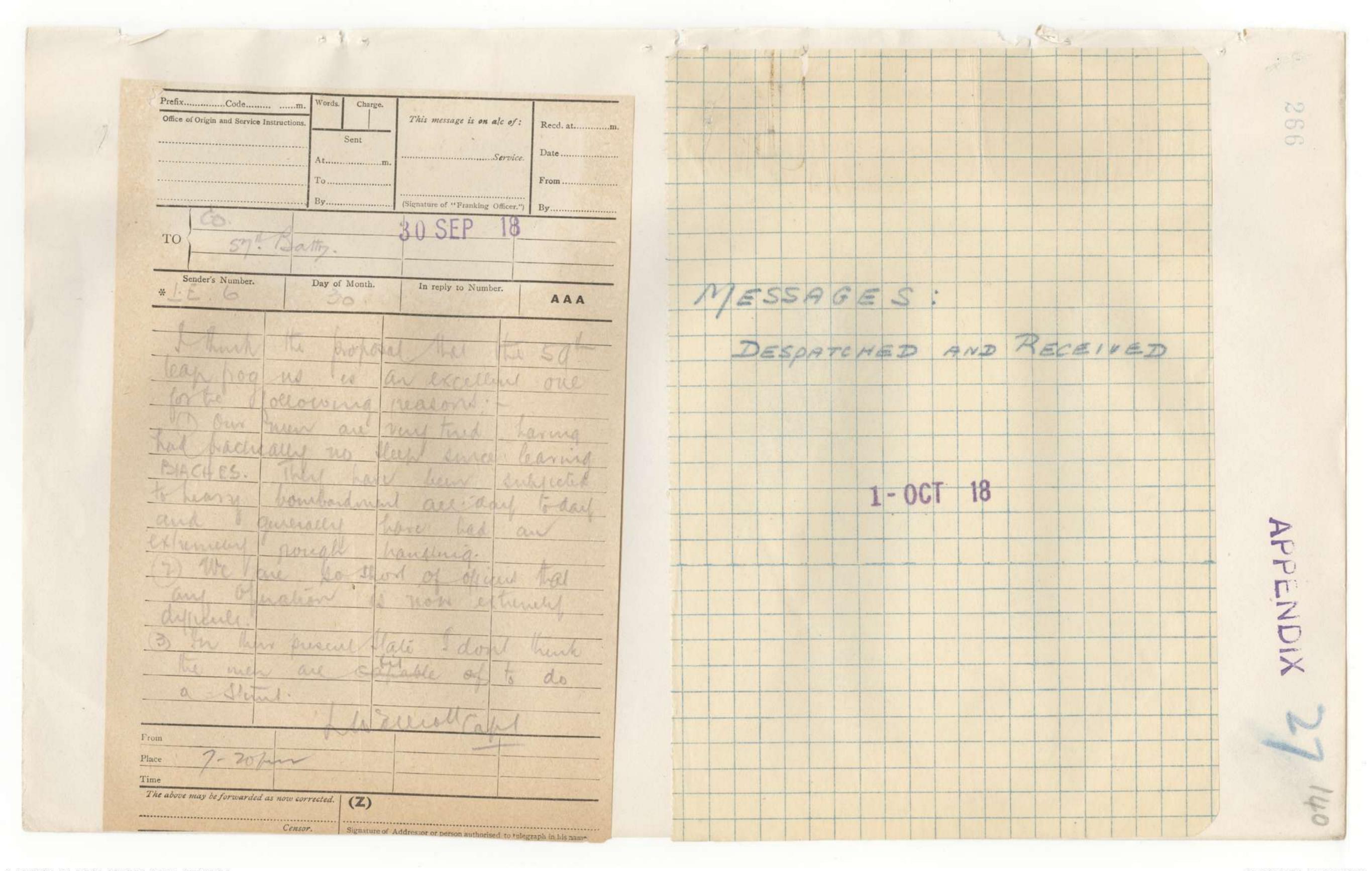






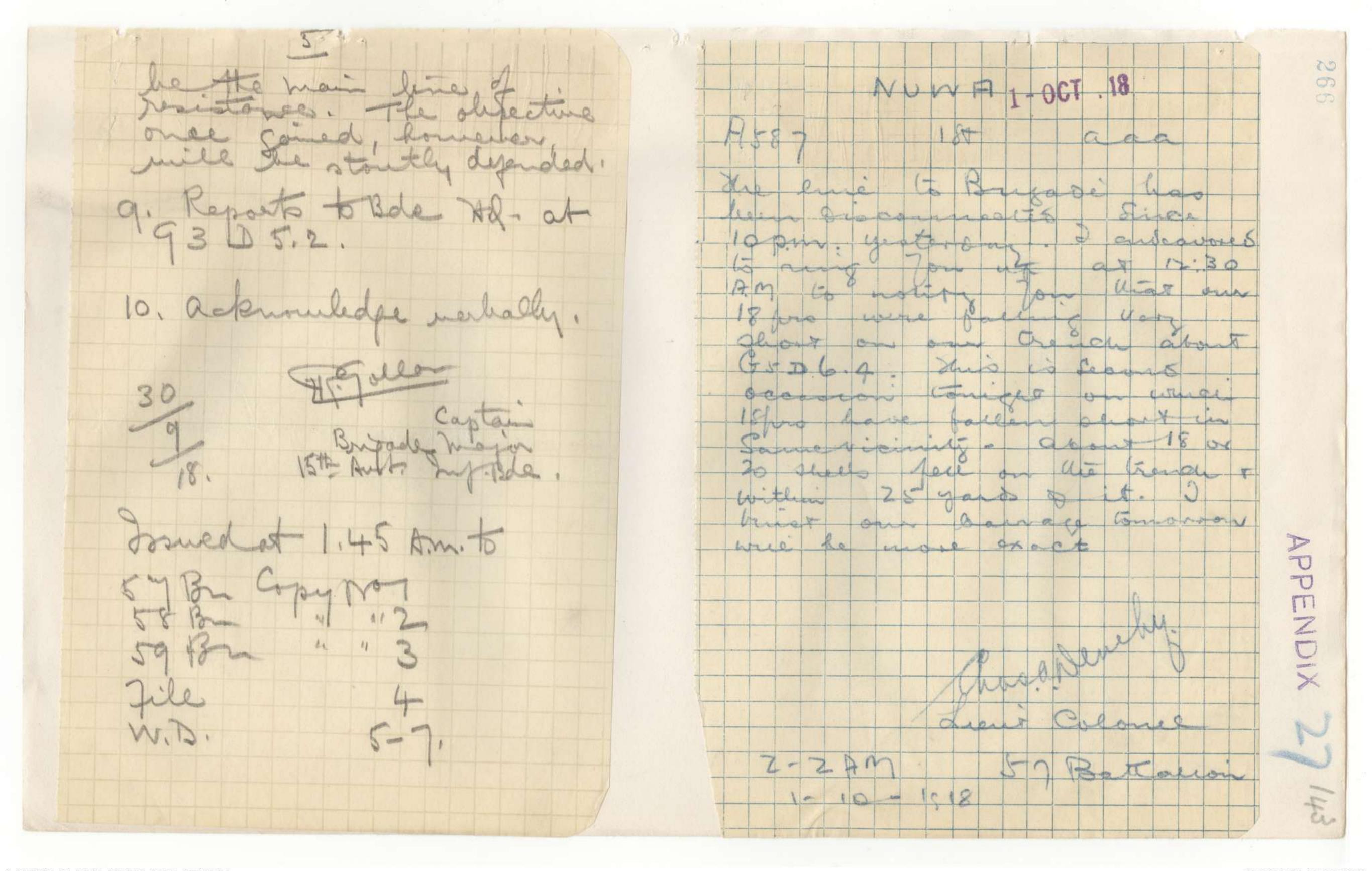


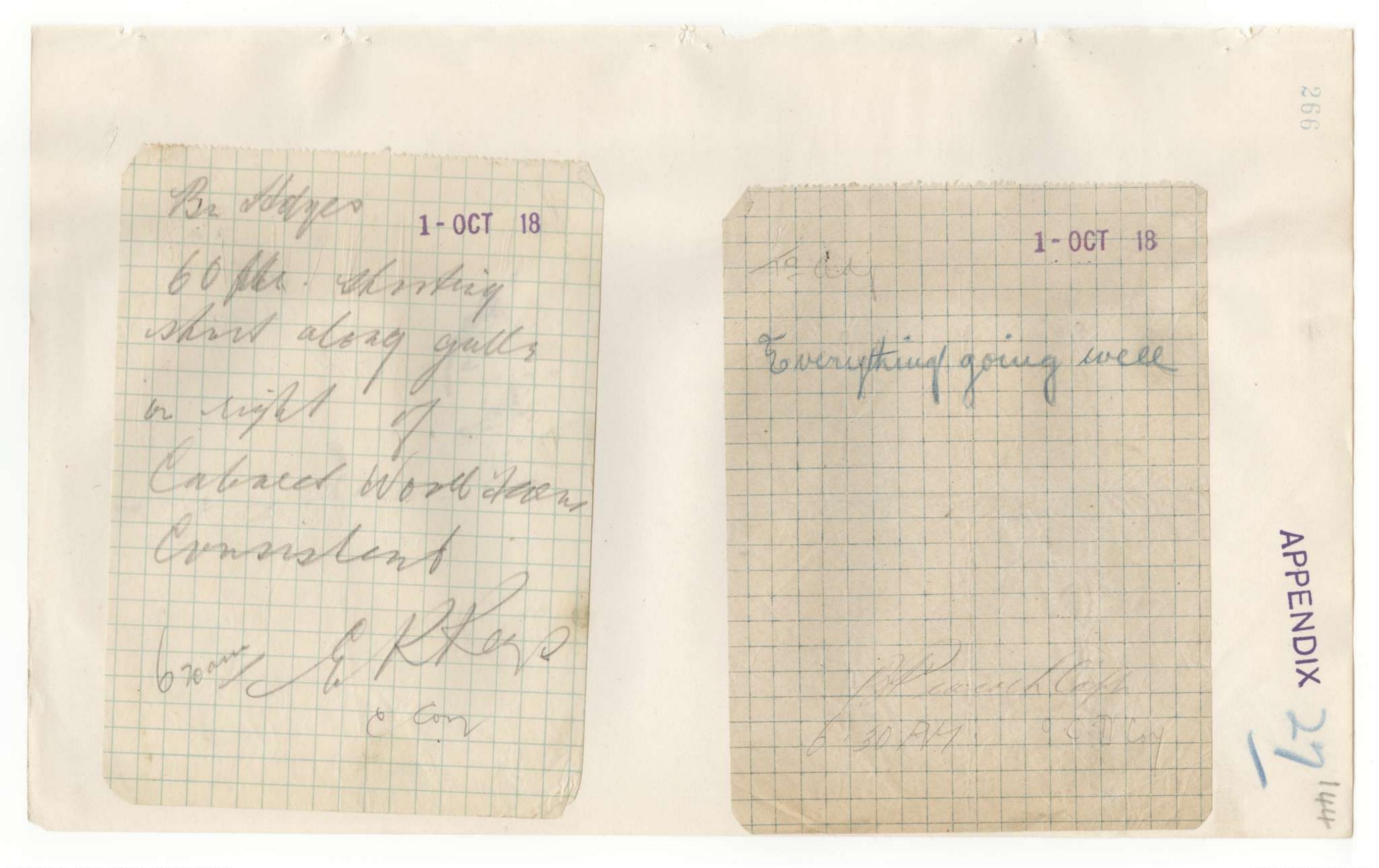


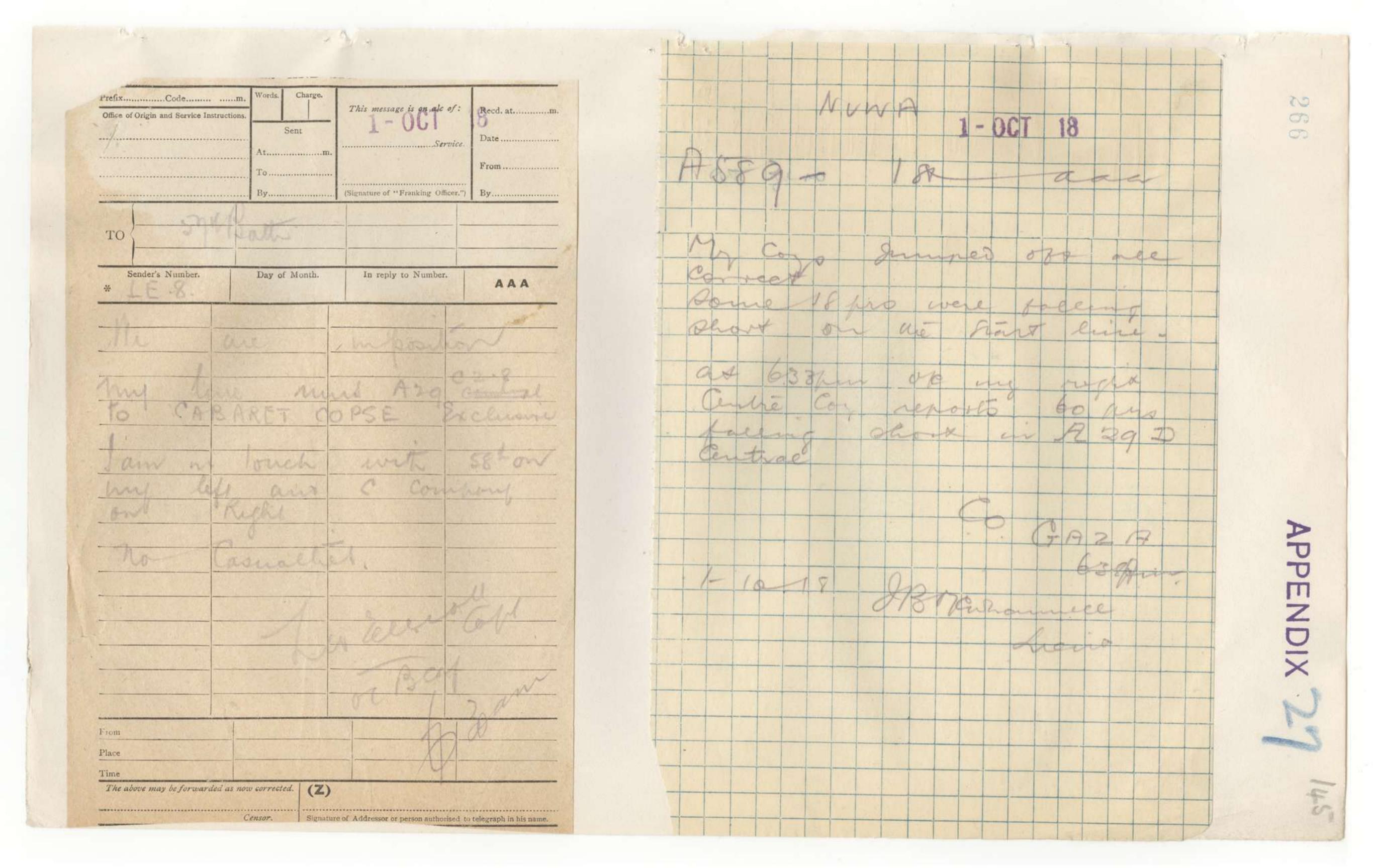


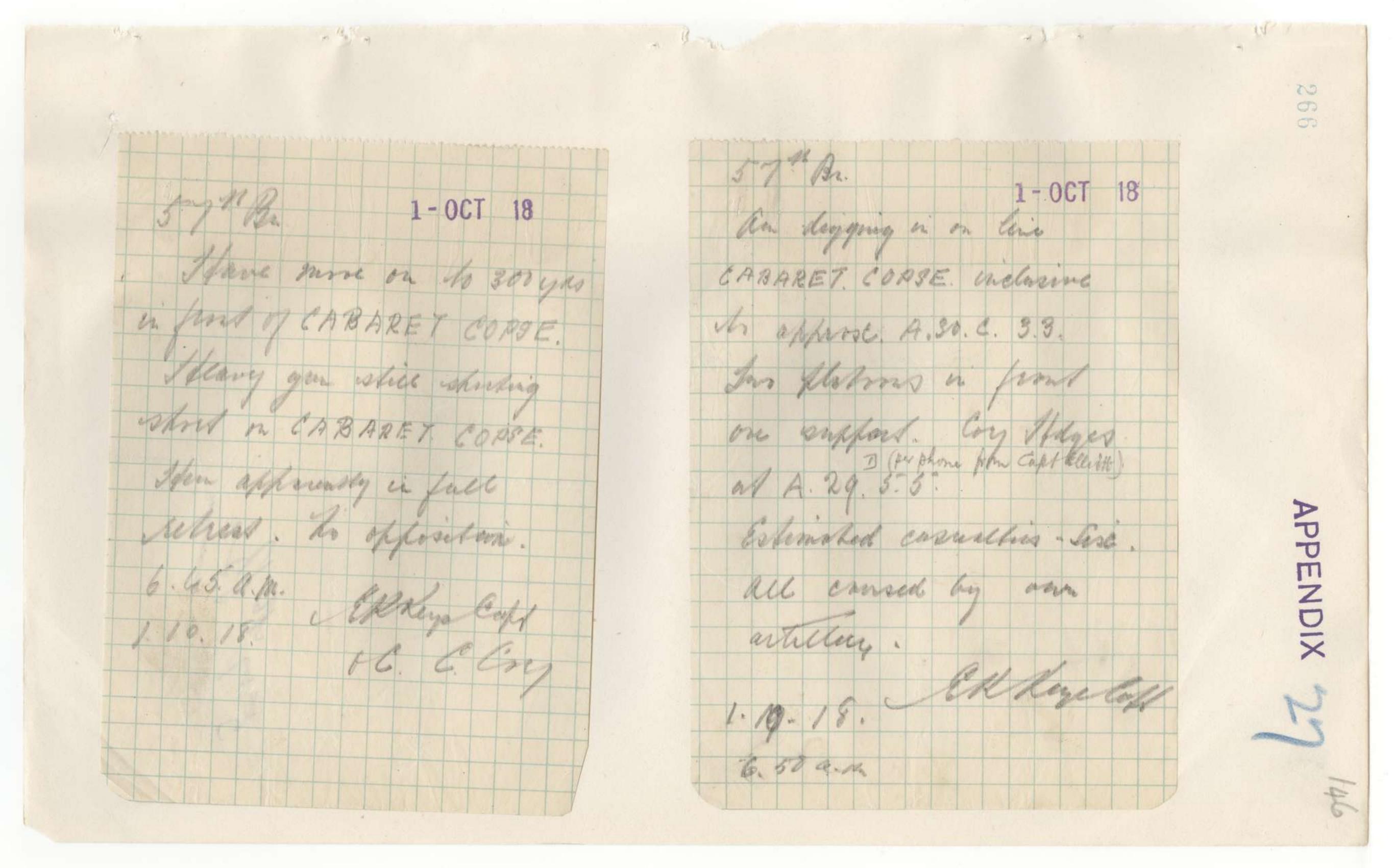
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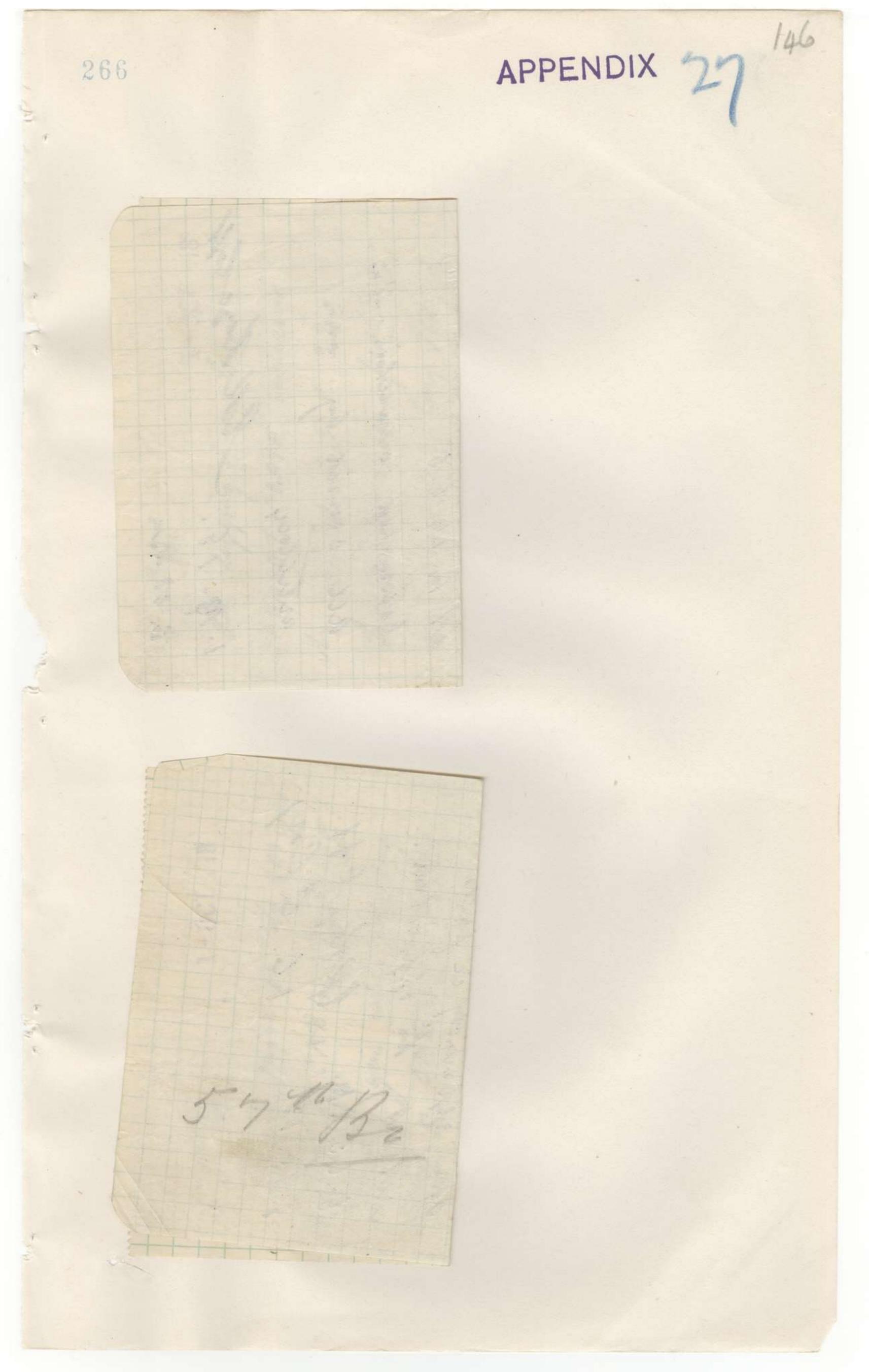
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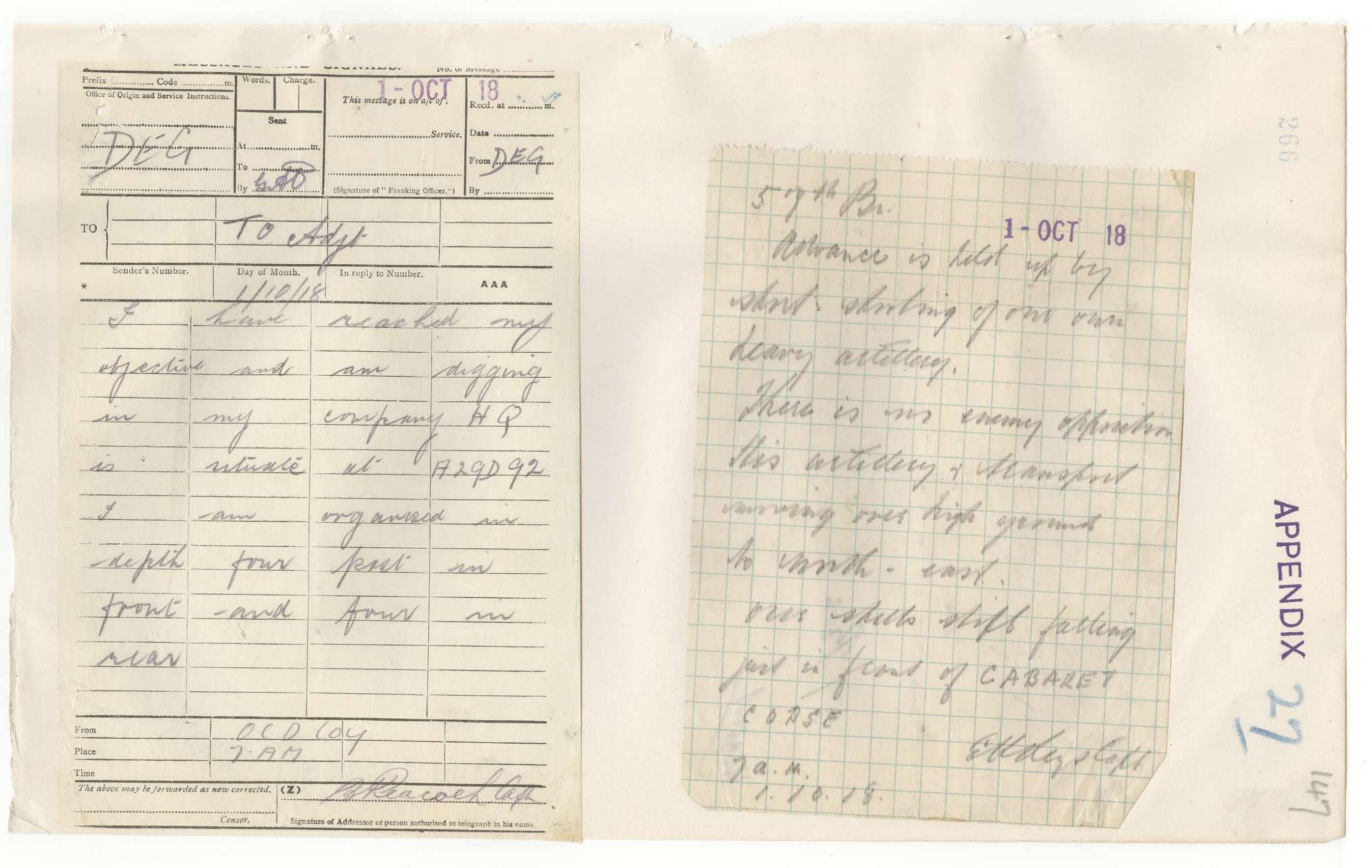


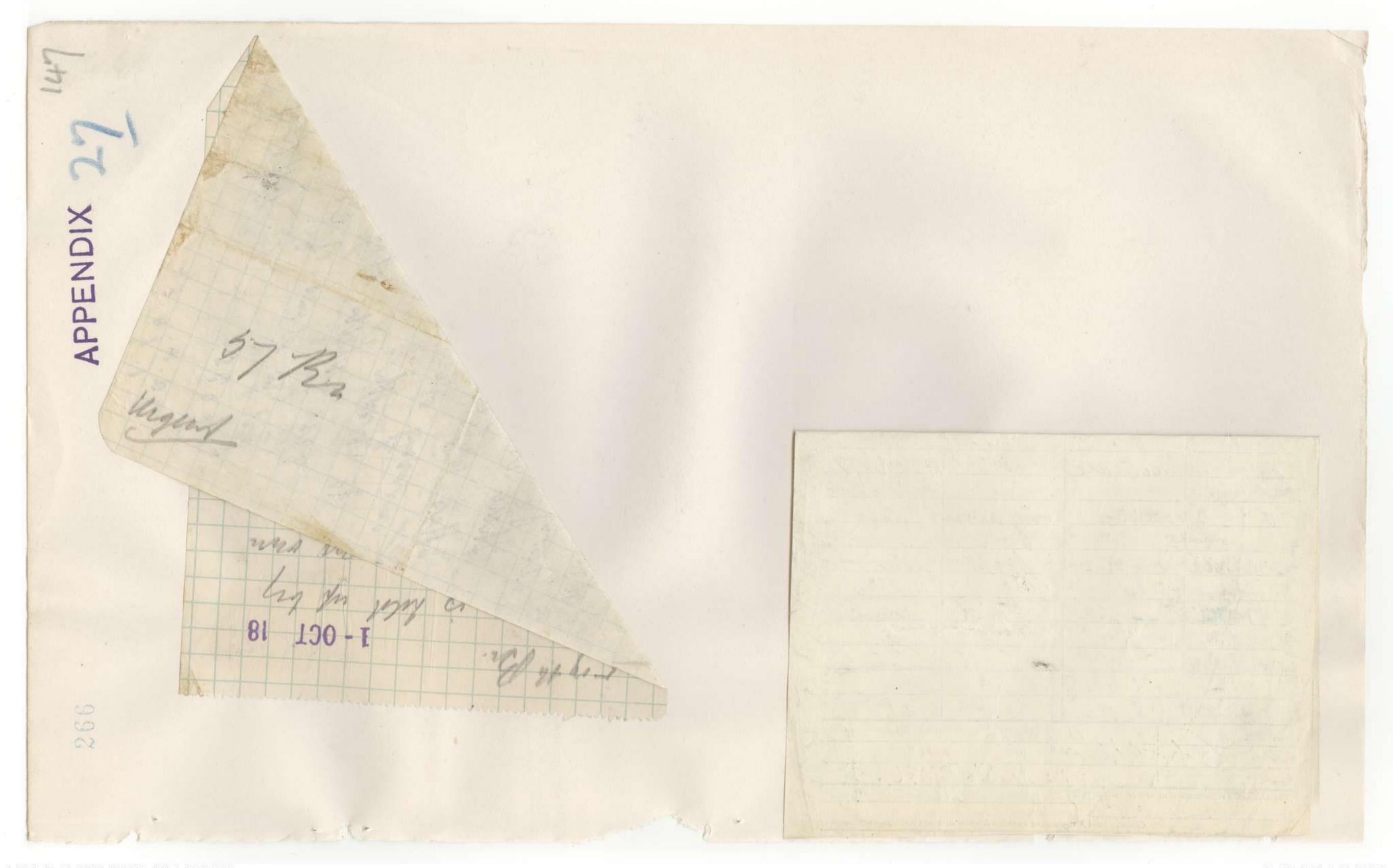


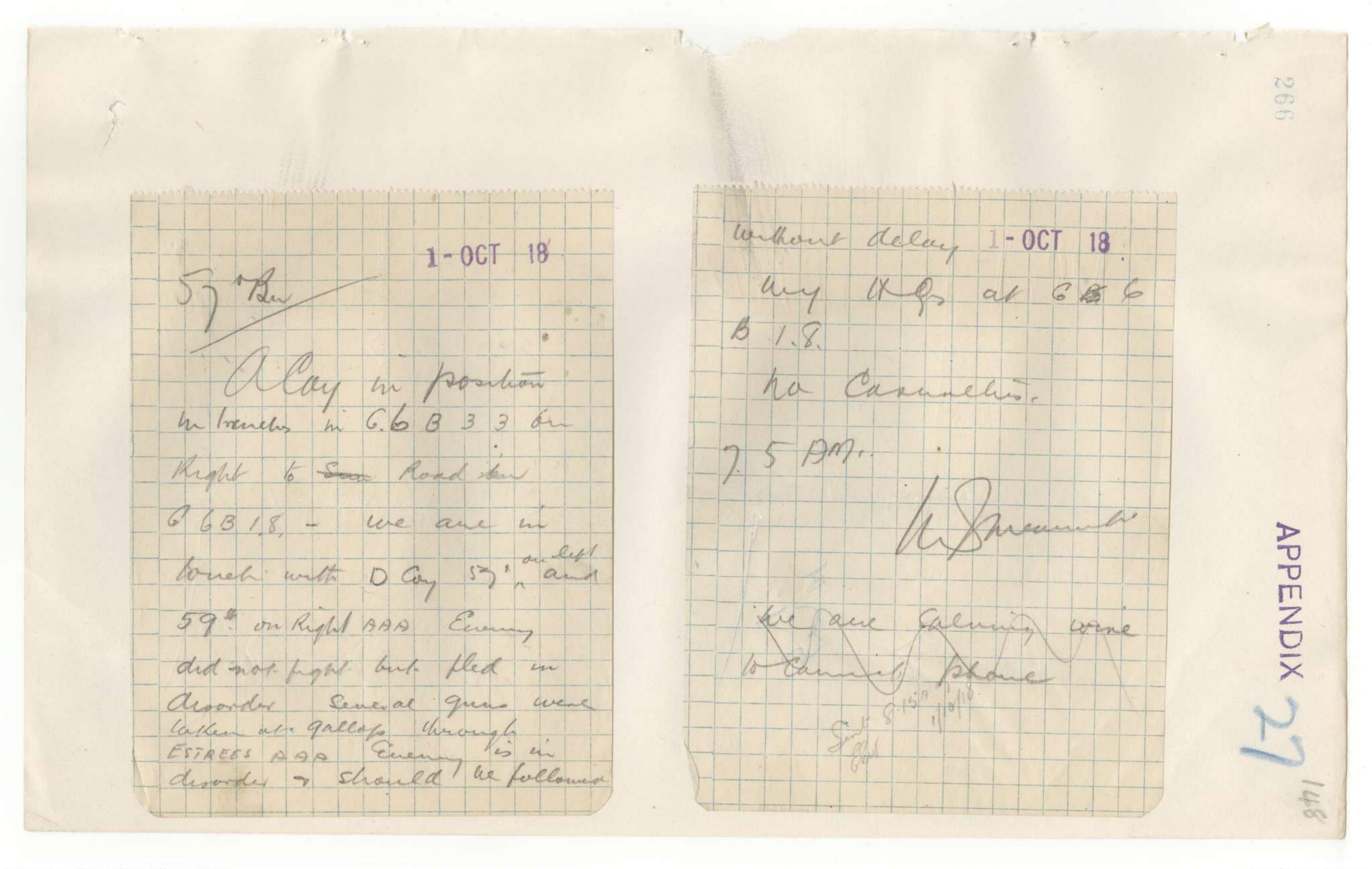


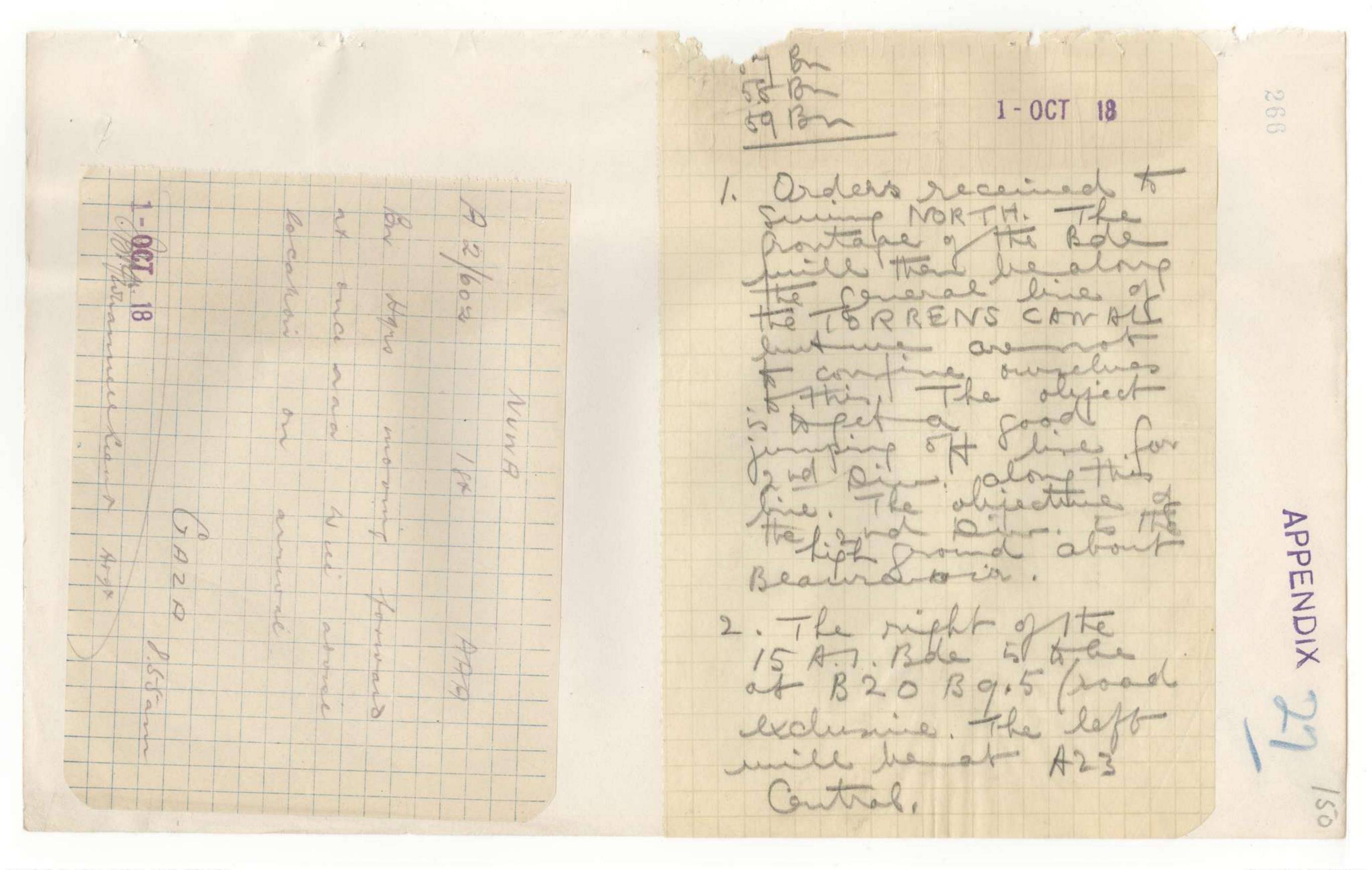


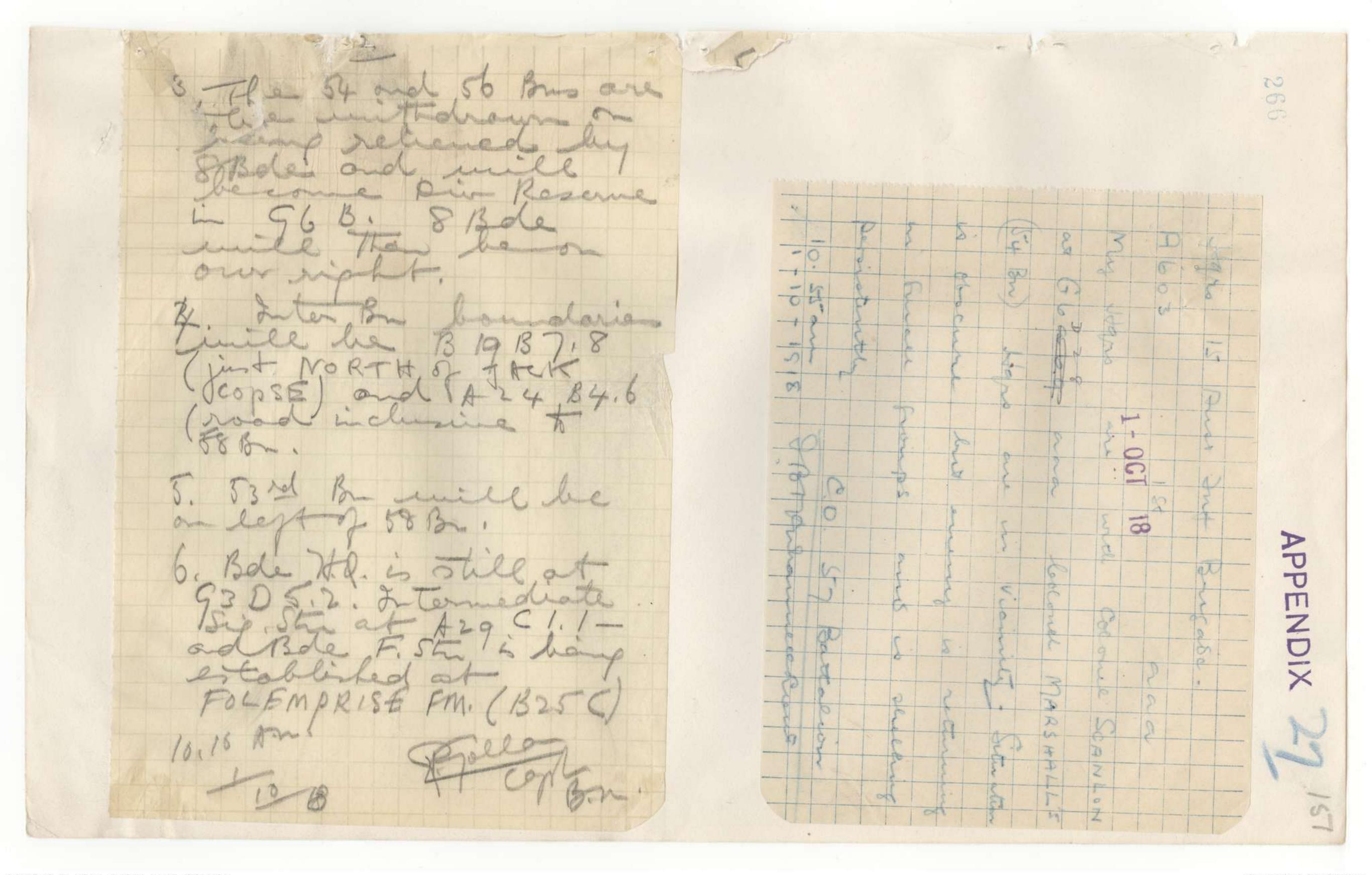


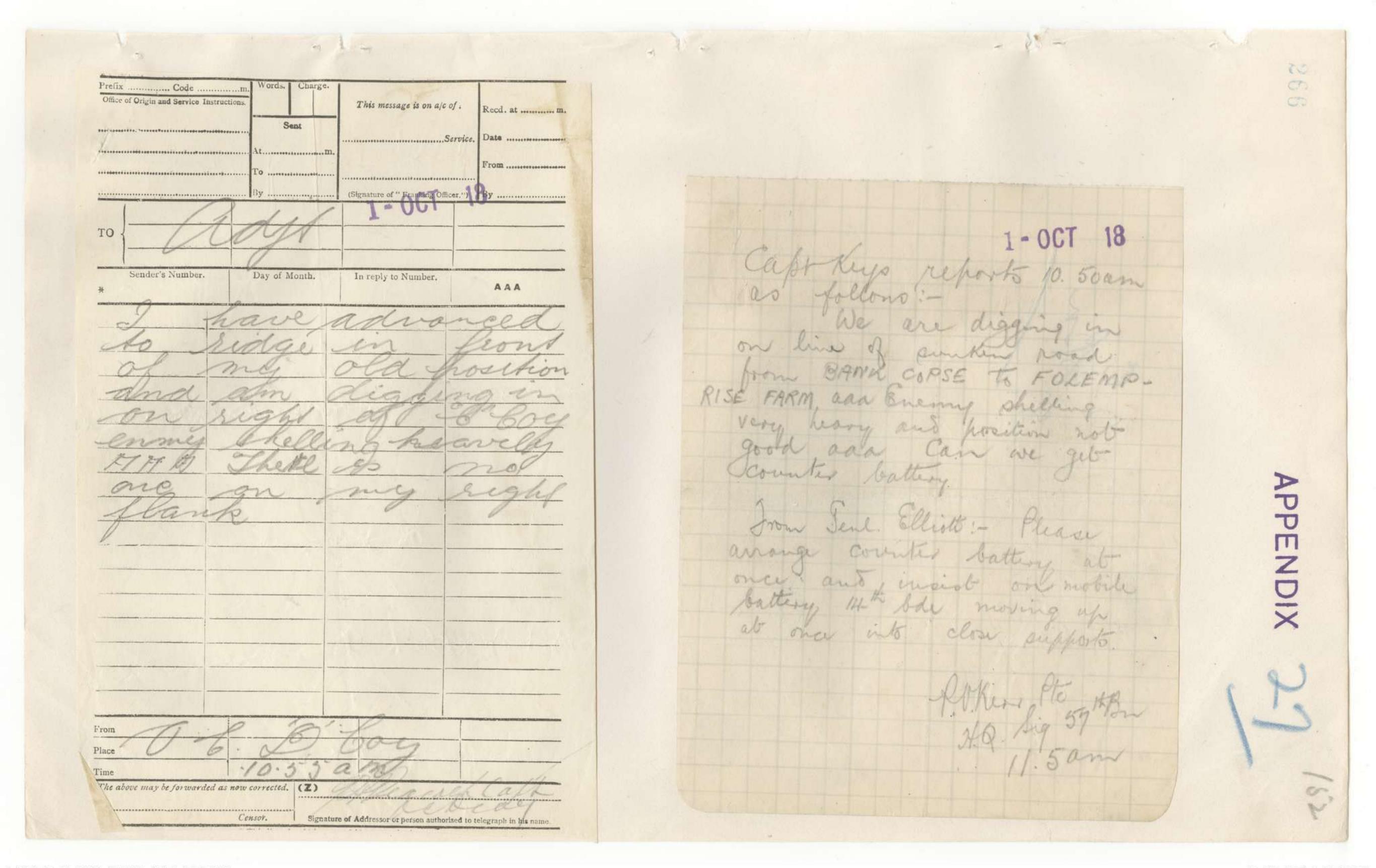


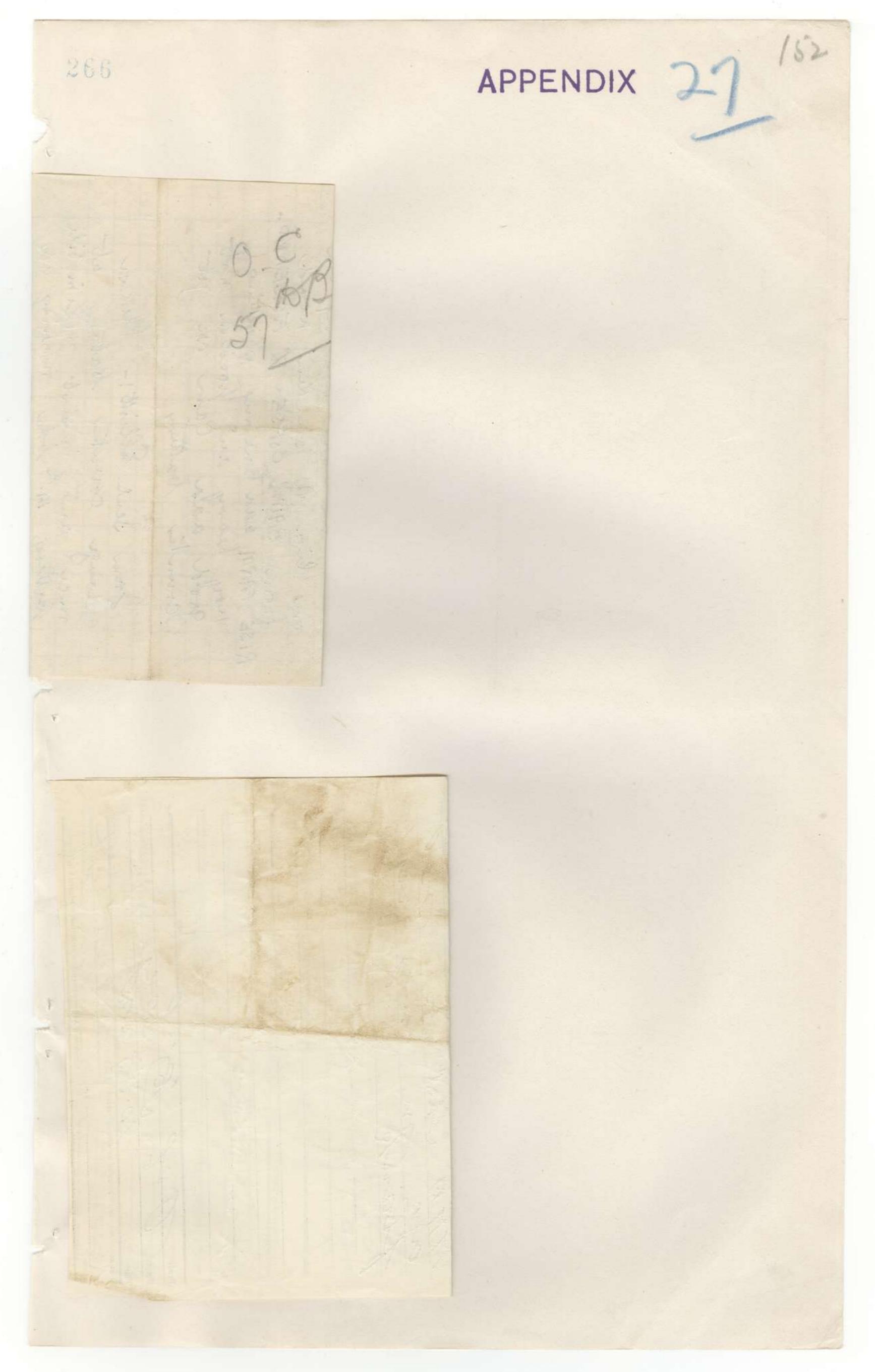


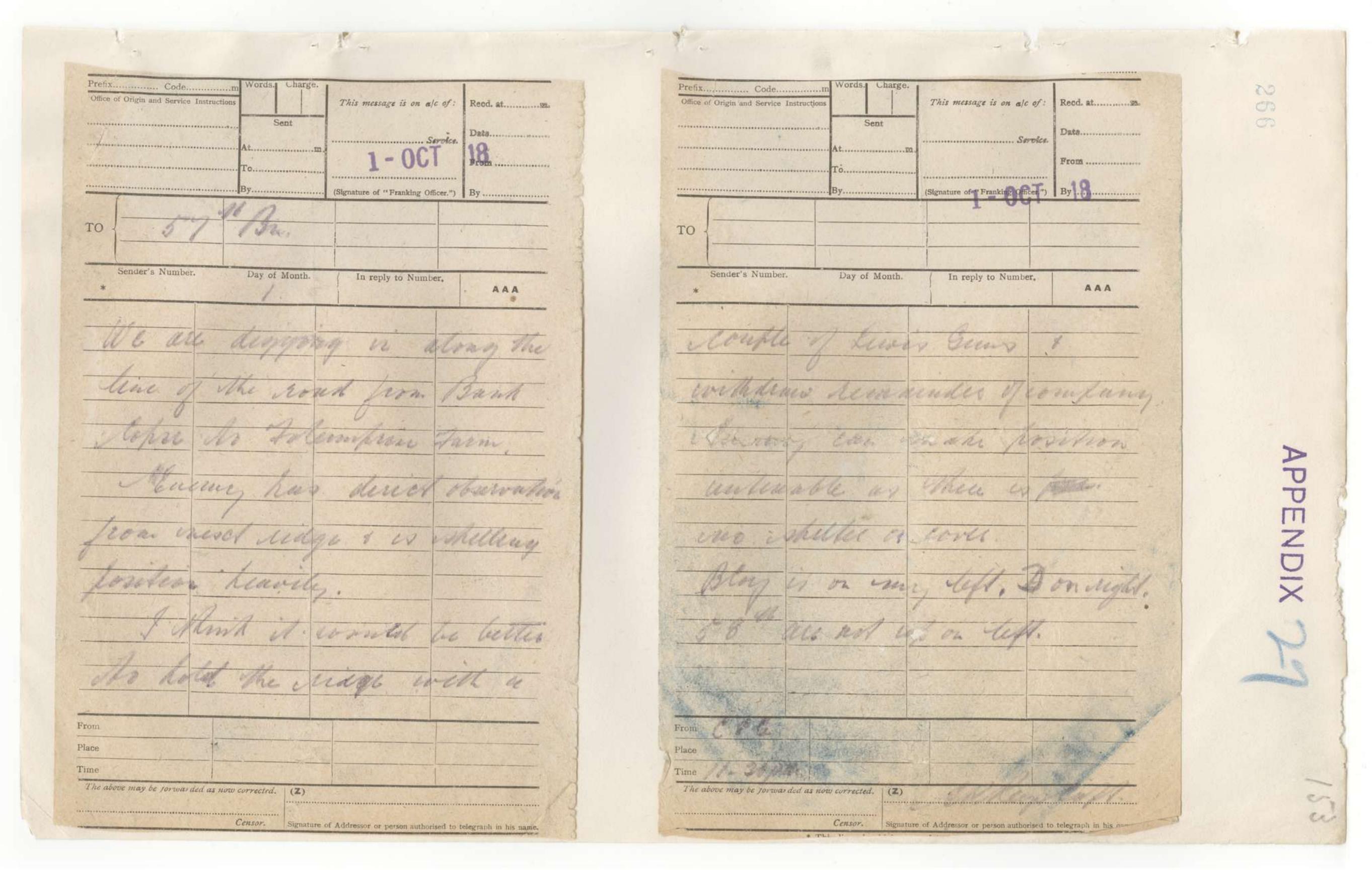


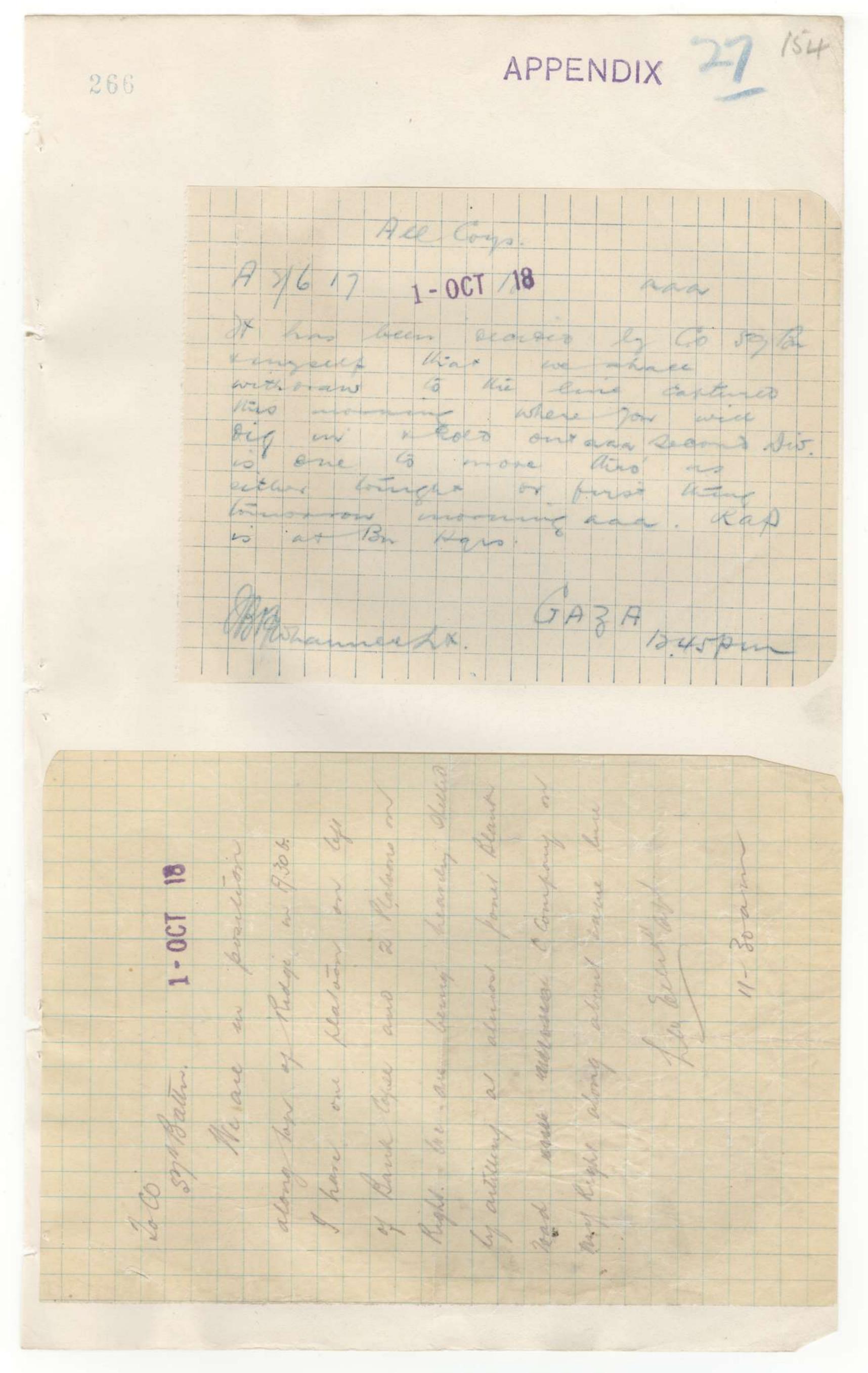






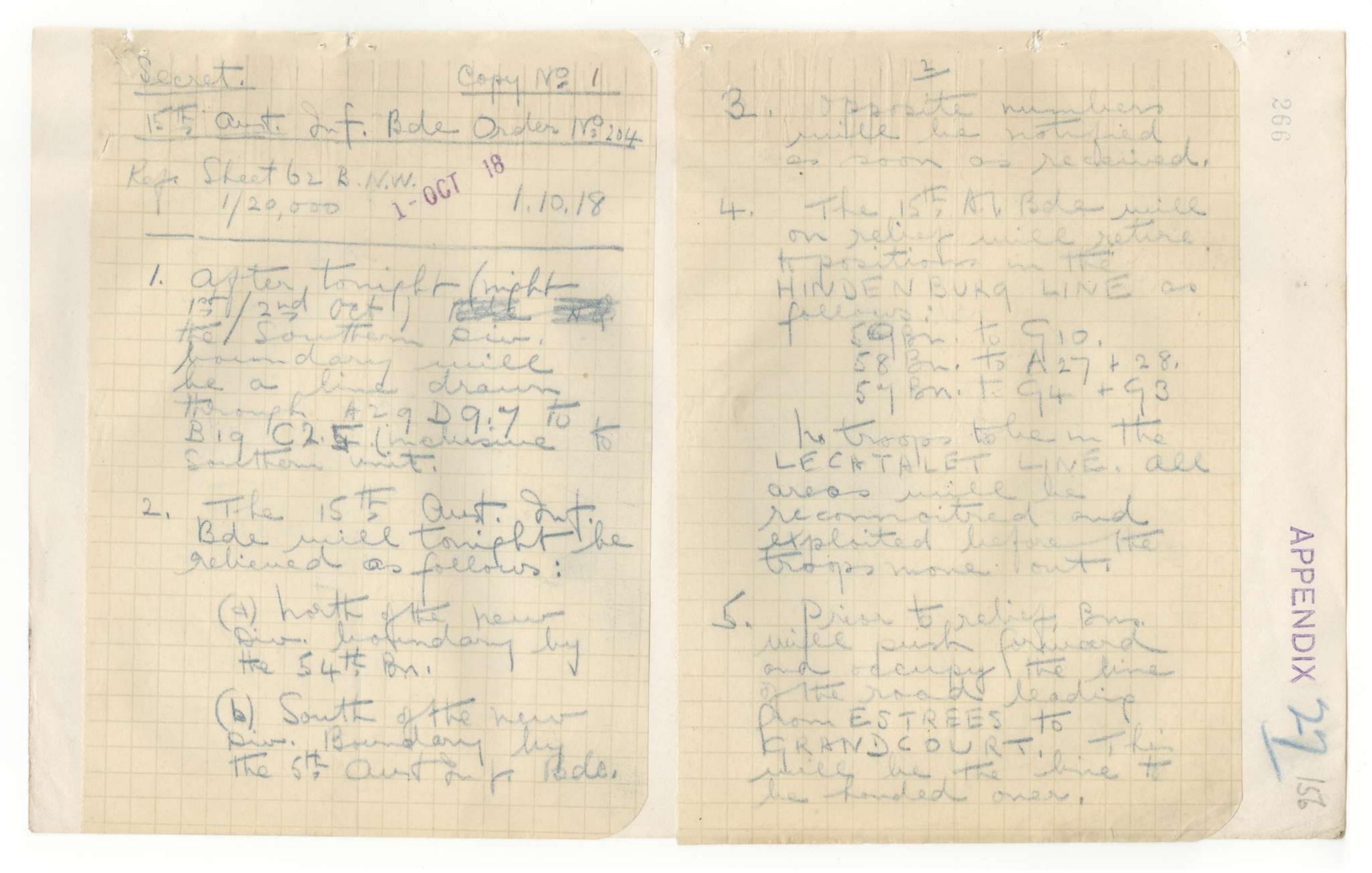


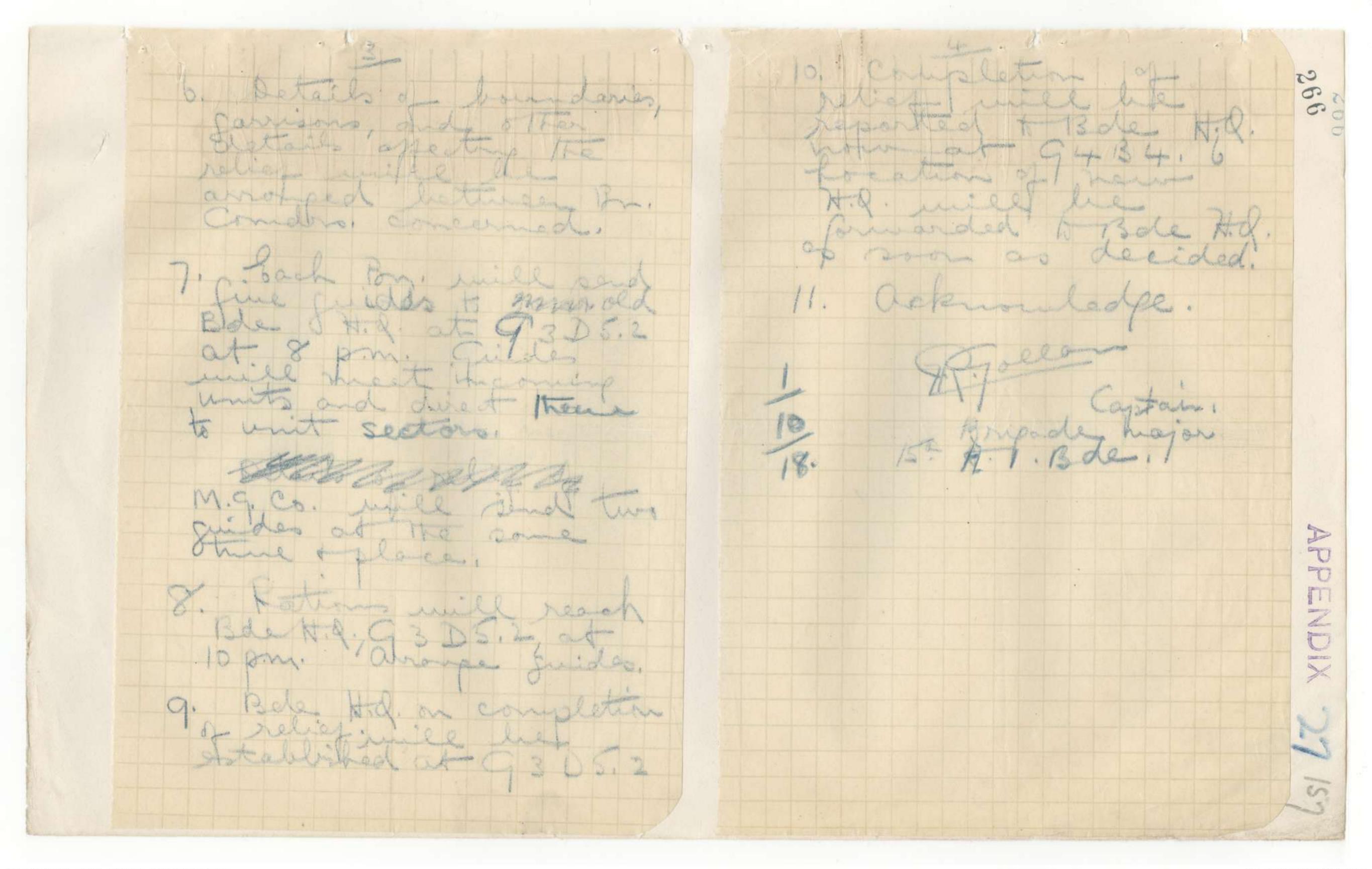




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APPENDRAM 27/58

57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

Material captured by 57th Battalion during the period 29th September/lst October

1918.

Heavy Machine Guns.	17
Light Machine Guns.	7
77 m.m. Gun (No 29717)	1
Light Minenwerfer	3
Rangefinder.	1
Heavy Machine Gun Mountings.	7

Lieutenant and Adjutant
57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

Personal Narrative of O. C. "D" Company.

On the 27th Sept. orders were received that we were to move to position near TEMPLEUX. At 2.2 pm the head of the column was to pass a given point with 100 yards between companies, my Company moving in rear of column. Observing the usual halts we marched as far as TINCOURT where we halted for the evening meal. Continuing the march from here we passed around ROISEL where we picked up guides who were to guide us to our destination. At this place we stayed until the morning of the 29th when we were to move in rear of the Americans and finally to pass through them to our objective which was the red line east of WIANCOURT. At 7.15 am my company moved along the left of the railway in rear of B Company, my company being in the second wave. Moving across the trenches in front of HARGICOURT in L 6 the battalion was forced to merge into file in order to, keep touch, the fog and smoke making it impossible to see more than a few yards ahead. Moving due east we took up our position on the western side of the canal in G 4 a. We did not continue our advance from this point until 3 pm owing to the lack of information from forward. At 3 pm the battalion hopped over, my Company moving in the second wave? That night our lime was established in the LE CATABET - NAUROY line my Company withdrawing to supportin rear of the canal in G 4 a. In this position we remained until the morning of the 1st when we moved forward to the attack. Prior to the barrage I had established myself in the LE CATELET - NAUROY line on the left of "A" Company. At 6 am the barrage fell. It lifted 100 yards every three minutes and at 6.30 am we hopped over and took our objective, no opposition being offered.

From there I pushed forward a patrol to B 25 a. at 10.30 am I advanced ro road running from BANK COPSE to FOLERIPRIZE FARM, and established a line on the right of C Company. At this time the enemy heavily shelled my position and at 11.30 am I retired to my former position. Orders were received for me at 6.30 pm to push forward and occupy that ridge from which I retired. This I did at 7 pm and established a line of posts between BANK COPSE and FOLERTFRIZE FARM. I received orders that the forward company had been relieved and that I was to proceed to the canal bank in G 4 A. We remained there until

11.30 am on the same day when we moved to our present location.

3. 10. 18.

ABTRohamette O.C. D. Company.

Synes for Captain BPEACOCK on

furconga)

APPENDIX 97/60

57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

Personal Narrative of O.C. "A" Company re operations Sept. 27th / Oct. 2nd 1918.

Ref. Sheet. 62 C NE. 1/20,000. Sheet WIANCOURT 1/20,000.

Sept. 27th. Battalion moved from Rest Area to Embankments South of TEMPLEUX in Square L 8 and 9.

Sept. 28th. Rested in same area. forward routes reconnoitred.

Sept. 29th.

Company moved to "START LINE" passing starting point HIGSON QUARRIES at 7 15 am - from there on we came under shell fire and on nearing the START LINE we came into a dense fog which hampered our advance considerably - orders were received that we were to move forward to the TUNNEL (on our sector) SOUTH of BELLICOURT. We moved to this position pausing for a few minutes in the HINDENBURG LINE in G 3 D. On reaching the TUNNEL, the position forward was not clear and the Company took up a temporary defensive position there. About 12.30 pm a patrol went forward about 400 to 500 yards and could not locate troops except the enemy on EAST side of tunnel. Orders were received that we were to attack DE CATALET - NAUROY line of trenches and exploit as far as possible. Zero 3 pm. At 3 pm "A" and "B" Companies advanced, each Company having one Mark v mank and several "whippets" were to operate. The 58th Battalion appeared to be late in starting their advance. "A" and "B" Companies were supported by "C" and "D" Companies respectively. On reaching the sunken road in G.4.B. the enemy put down a machine gun barrage and from a close range field guns opened a deadly fire on to the tanks. At this time there were 2 Mark V and 4 Whippets on the Company Sector. We advanced in rushes to approximately G 4.D 9.9. We appeared to be getting very heavy casualties in the Company and most of the tanks were put out of action. The strongest opposition appeared to be coming from our left front and I therefore decided to cross the railway lime which would protect our left flank and attack from the south of the Railway. We accomplished the movement to the right in rushes from and to shell holes and were able to reorganise in a trench running parrallel with our objective. We then resumed the attack and Enemy were seen evacuating to the ridge in rear of trenches. We captured out objective about 4 pm and O.C. "C" Company came forward and together we reconnoitred the trench 200 yards to the left of where we had entered it. He immediately brought "C" Company into the trench on my left. I also sent a

400 yards East of it.
We were receiving a considerable amount of M.G. fire from
CABARAT FARM and the slightest forward movement on our part was
resented from that quarter.

patrol to the right and it got in touch with the 29th Battalion

who had also reached the LACATALET LINE. Patrols were sent

forward to railway line about 300 yards in front, it was not

occupied by the enemy, who was them occupying the ridge about

Sept. 30th. We remained in LE CATALET TRENCH - there was considerable movement of enemy in small parties on ridge to our front and every target was actively engaged. About 6 am 14th Brigade carried out an operation, moving NORTH along LE CATALET TR. but we were still subject to M.G. fire from our left flank.

Oct. 1st. The Brigade carried out an operation - A Company operated on right flank of 57th BN. - the objective was reached behind a creeping barrage and A Company occupied trenches in G 6 B - connecting with 59th BN on right and D Company 57th BN on left. Our barrage was good. Enemy shewed no opposition and fled in disorder. We captured 14 prisoners of 46th Regiment.

cont'd

APPENDIX 27 161

266 Tmmediate

Immediately our barrage lifted a platoon was sent forward to FOLEMPRISE FARM and to reconnoitre ground EAST of ESTREES and WEST of BANK COPSE. Ememy appeared to have retired beyond BEAUREVOIR LINE but could be seen returning in small parties a and digging in there. ESTREES appeared to have been evacuated. Our patrol after being out fortabout an hour were heavily fired on by M.G. and 2 field guns were brought into action on forward slope west of BEAUREVOIR TR. and fired over open sights at them. The patrol returned to line occupied by the Company. About 11 am I received orders to conform to forward movement of C and D companies - these companies were then advancing towards sunken road between FOLEMPRISE FM. and BANK COPSE. I gave orders to the Company to move forward and immediately went ahead myself to the right of D. Company. As soon as these Companies appeared over the crest the enemy shelled them heavily and the position appeared almost untenable. Before I had got A Company into position on the alignment it was decided to withdraw to the original objective until darkness set im.

OCT. and.

On morning of 2nd we were relieved and returned to HINDENBURG LINE.

The work of all Platoon Commanders, N.C.Os and men throughout the operations was splendid.

MJMEARA

3/10/18.

O.C. "A" Company.

Lieut.

57th BATTALION. A.I.F.

Personal Narrative. of O.C. "B" Company.

FRIDAY. 57th Battalion moved forward from position near PERONNE and trav-27.9.18. elled by Route march to a point near TEMPLEUX where we arrived late at night and remained until about 7 am on the morning of the 29th inst.

B Company moved forward via HIGSON QUARRIES along railway to SLAG SUNDAY QUARRIES and thence roughly along the EAST and WEST GRID between 29.9.18. G 1 and G 7 to a point along G 2 d 322 and thence in a N.E. direction towards G 3 Central, Crossing the trench systems in G 3 a and b we came to and dug in along Canal Tunnel at G 4 a. At this point we were unable to get in touch with American troops in front and at 3 pm the battalion advanced towards the LA CATALET - NAUROY LINE. Battalion disposition Artillery formation of sections. A Company right, B Company left, C Company Right support, D Company left support. One tank was allotted to each of the front Companies. Immediately the advance commenced the enemy opened up with 77s', 4.2, and 5.9s at point blank range. The two tanks attached to the battalion were out of action from direct hits within 10 minutes. No 8 platoon on the left front was reduced by 50 percent casualties including Flatoon Commander Lieut. Fleming and Platoon Sergeant Walker. DCM. No 7 Platoon on the right was reduced to 5 men. The casualties of this platoon included Platoon Commander Lt. Duncan, 2 Section Commanders and the whole of the Lewis Gun section with their gun. It was impossible to advance under the fire so I ordered the Company to reorganise in trench running from G 4 A 9.9 to Sunken road in G 4 B, whilst I informed the Battalion Commander of the state of affairs. Meantime A Company on right had succeeded in getting a footing in the LEXCATALET - NAUROY LINE by way of the railway line through G 5 C and D and C Company moved to position in trench on A Company left. B Company then advanced to and dug in Support along a line

At 4.30 am B Company moved forward and entered the LE CATELET -MONDAY NAUROY LINE between "A" and "C" Companies. At 6 am the 14th Brigade 30.9.18. (53rd Battalion) cleared the LE CATALET - NAUROY TRENCH between C Company left flank at G 5 b 0.3 and the 58th Battalion Right at A 28 b 95.00 and B Company passing in behind 53rd Battalion occupied the trench between the points mentioned. At 7 am I got in touch with Lt. Dalgleish, 58th Battalion, to find what he knew of the CABARET WOOD FARM. He told me that he had endeavoured to get there about half ah hour earlier but had been driven back to this trench by M.G. fire from FARM and small Sunken road in G 29 a. about 10 am it was reported that enemy had been seen going out of the FARM so I ordered Sgt FORRESTER, No 6 Platoon to send out a patrol to investigate, this patrol however met with no better success than that of 58th Battalion. The enemy shelled trench heavily several times and killed Sgt. Collins, No 5 Platoon Commander. Nothing else unusual happened for the day.

extending from G 5 a 0.5 to G 5 a 2.0.

At 6 am barrage fell 200 yards in front of our trench LE CATERET TUESDAY 1st Oct.1918NAUROY LINE and at zero plus 3 57th Battalion advanced and dug in along N & S grid line between A 29 and 30. B Company left flank was thrown back to rear to keep in touch with 58th Battalion whose Right flank was dug in at & 29 central. At a time later the Brigadier coming forward ordered the Battalion forward. Our scouts having already reported the ridge in front clear we advanced covered by screen of scouts and reached a position on topof ridge in & 24 d A 32 b? At this point we suffered very heavy casualties from enemy direct shell fire. B Company were disposed as follows, No 5 Platoon dug in on sunken road APEX A 30 b 7.8, No 6 Platoon at A 30 b 5.8, No 8 Platoon (made up of remnants of 7 and 8 Platoons) in part of gun pit at A 24 c 2.3. At this time matters were becoming so serious from a casualty point of view that we were forced to return to our positions on grid line CONTD.

163

ments and their right post was in touch with my left at cross Roads in A 24 C. At 7 pm B Company under cover of darkness moved forward and occupied the CRANDCOURT - ESTREES ROAD from left at cross roads B 19 C to bend in road B 25 b where we were in touch with 59th Battalion. We were unable to get in touch with 58th Battalion on left although we patrolled 400 yards along road towards GRANDCOURT and captured 3 prisoners in doing so. The only post of the 58th Battalion we were able to find was established at about A 27 D 5.0. they were then being relieved by men of 54th Battalion. B Company was relieved about 12.30 am by 20th Battalion and returned to Canal Tunnel G 4 a.

3/10/18.

O.C. "B" Company. CAPT.

the Eccitt

AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

APPENDIX 2"

266

57th BATTALION.A.I.F.

Personal Narrative of Capt. E.K. Keys "C" Coy. 57th Battalion, covering recent operations.

I moved forward with my Company from the bivouac area at 6.50 am on the morning of the 29th inst. joining the remainder of the Battalion near the HIGSON QUARRIES. The route followed was along the railway line as far as COLOGNE FARM thence due east along line of telegraph poles. Shortly after passing COLOGNE FARM a heavy fog came on and touch between units was maintained with difficulty. At about 10.45 am the canal tunnel on the left of BELLICOURT was reached and a few stragglers from various American Units were met with. They could give no accurate information as to the progress of the attack. Patrols were thereforee pushed out and these immediately came under hostile machine gum fire. The enemy was also infilading the canal bank from the North and it was apparent that the attack of the Americans had come to a standstill.

at 3 pm I moved out with my Company to attack the LE CATEDET -NOUROY Line, following in rear of "A" Company who formed the right half of the first wave the other two Companies being on my left. Immediately we started we came under heavy machine gun and artillery fire. The tanks accompanying the attack were put out of action immediately. After considerable difficulty I reached the railway line at approximately G 4 D 7.4. There I came upon Lieut. Meara, O.C. "A" Company and after consultation we decided to push on and attempt to reach the LE CATELET -NAUROY line although touch had been lost with the left Companies and we

could see that they were not advancing.

We entered this line at about G 5 D 623 and worked along to the left. Lt. Meara's Company extending to about G 5 D 4.8, there my right flank rested and the Company worked along the trench to the left. A party of the ememy were in the trench at about G 5 B 3.1. After a short exchange of bombs there were driven out and a party of enemy advancing towards the trench from the east were dispersed by Lewis Gun fire, casualties being inflicted on them. We established a bombing block in the trench at about G 5 A 9.5 and consolidated our position. At this time I had only two very weak platoons with me, the remaining two having become disorganised and mixed with B Company shortly after leaving the canal tunnel when the enemy's fire held up the left half of the advance.

My left flank was well in the air, the enemy holding CABARET FARM WOOD and that portion of the LE CATERET - NAUROY LINE to the south west of the farm. Later on during the night another of my platoons came up and gave some much needed strength to our line. The position remained unchanged until 6 am next morning (30th sept.) When the 53rd Battalion advanced astride our line and mopped up the LE CATALET -NAUROY Line to the North, Our Lewis Guns got in some good work on the Huns as they retired from the trench to CABARET WOOD FARM. B Company now moved up and occupied the trench from my left flank to the road at A 29 C 2.4.

During the day I sent out patrols to ascertain if enemy were holding country in front but they were unable to get far owing to heavy machine gun fire coming from the front and from both flanks, particularly

from CABARET WOOD FARM and its vicinity.

Ememy artillery and machine guns were very active all day. At 6 am on the 1st inst. I moved forward with my Company under cover of am artillery barrage. This barrage was fairly good on my sector with the exception of one 6 inch gum which was shooting short consistently and caused us some casualties. I dug in on a line about four hundred yards in front of CABARET COPSE and immediately pushed out a strong patrol to recommoitre ground in front.

Later on in the morning I moved forward again and dug in on the line of the road from BANK COPSE and FOLEMPRISE FARM . Here the enemy had direct observation on us from the next ridge and shelled us out of this position. We withdrew to the position taken up during the morning.

At about 1 pm on the 2nd inst. the Battalion was relieved by the 20th Battalion and we moved back to the HINDENBURG Line mear BELLICOURT.

O.C. "C" Company.

of events in connection with the Operations of 29th Sept.

to 2nd Oct. 1918.

THE ADVANCE TO From the vicinity of TEMPLEUX, 4500 yards behind the START LINE. Start Line of the 30th American Division, we started at 7 am. We were not due there till 9 am. but the going would be bad for a column and it would be advantageous to have time to getveet and view the unknown country before starting. We moved in two main columns with Battalion Headquarters between and slightly in advance to give direction. The route had previously been reconncitred but it was not an easy one. Since 5.50 the artillery had been roaring but it was mainly our guns we could hear. Avoiding the village of HARGICOURT on the north and VILLERET on the south we steered a middle course past the AIGSON QUARRY. As we passed through the line of our heavy artillery we encountered a considerable amount of hostile shelling, sustaining some casualties. As we neared the crest of the ridge East of HARGICOURT I called a halt in a suitable

spot. About 30 German prisoners with an unnecessarily large guard of Americans passed us here.

The ridge was being heavily shelled at the very spot where we wished to cross so I decided to utilize a trench running forward to enable us to get over the crest. Two Companies "B" and "D" were instructed to follow. We were disappointed on reaching the forward slope to find that the villages to the east were entirely obscured by smoke and fog which was rolling towards us in a dense cloud. Quite suddenly we became enveloped in it and so thick was it that we could not even see the sun. Things began to look serious and keeping touch became of paramount importance. I decided not to wait on the start line as the progress must necessarilybe very slow and I could not risk being late onathe Green Line where we had to pass through the Americans. It was impossible to see a man 3 paces away, and no land mark was visible, we could not even get direction from the sun. In the preliminary reconnaissance a line of telegraph poles had been noted leading to BELLICOURT. The fact that they were badly smashed and the wires trailing ounthe ground proved a boon to us now. I passed the word along the column to feel along this line of poles. It was impossible to see from pole to pole but the broken wire helped us. We moved very slowly along this line managing to keep the column of Headquarters and "B" and "D" Companies intact. By the slope of the ground and from compass bearings I knew we were in BUCKSHOT RAVINE which was about 500 yards south of our allotted area, This did not matter until we approached BELLICOURT when it involved the risk of crossing an 8th Brigade column, and in any case we had to pass round the North of BELLICOURT. Having advanced as far as I judged advisable I sent a recommoitring party due north to locate the road known as the Red Road and halted the column, As we sat there in shell holes, waiting, three figures suddenly loomed out of the fog. When they stumbled across our line they halted and flung up their arms calling out "Pardon, Messieurs". Everyone laughed at the three Germans who were glad chough to be directed towards the rear.

ENTERING THE The party returned having located the road a few hundred HINDENBURG LINE. yards away. A line of men was formed reaching from our halting place to the road and the column wheeled north with this line as a guide. We reached the road exactly where we had planned to, at the pridge over the Crater. At this moment the enemy poured in a hot fire of shells and fortunately the fog partially lifted for a few minuted enabling us to break into artillery formation and reach the morth side of the road without getting scattered? The break in the

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27 166

fog enabled us also to see the 58th Battalion crossing on our left of flank. We had proceeded about 500 yards, found the main HINDENBURG LINE and the fog closed round again. It was 9.10 am and we had gained our allotted area but I was in touch with two companies only. These I extended along the trench and hoped by this means to intercept the other two companies. Shortly afterwards both "A" and "C" Companies arrived. Here also I got touch with the 58th, half of which was on my left and half on my right. I directed those on my right to their proper area which they gained immediately after.

oquipments lay about here and there and presently an American mopping up party moved down the trench past us. They could not give us much information of the situation ahead. One of our men found a full box of cigars and as his comrades filed past he extended the box which was speedily emptied and presently the smoke from loo cigars mingled

with the fog.

AD VANCE TO THE By 9.40 am all companies were reorganized and ready BELLICOURT TUNNEL. to advance. The fog was how lifting and we were able to resume our advance in parallel columns. I

calculated on reaching the Green Line, which was then 3000 yards off, easily on time, viz: 11 am. Enemy shelling was desultory and undertain but we got through without mishap and as the visibility became suddenly quite good the high mound of the BELLICOURT TUNNEL suddenly appeared ahead. I noticed groups of Americans in the vicinity. These shouted to us to halt and waved us back. I could not understand their reason so continued to advance till I reached the tunnel embankment and there extended my line.

The Americans were much bewildered and could give no idea of the situation except that there were Americans about 300 yards ahead who apparently formed the firing line. Two things soon were made manifest. First; a recommaissance forward revealed no American line but the enemy facing us. Second, machine gun bullets were zipping along our line in rear of the tunnel and proving that our left flank was exposed. The 58th were on my left but we could find no trace of the

the 59th who should have been on the left of the 58th.

BELLICOURT AND THE LE CATELET MAUROY LINE. The men at once dug in to shield themselves from the enfilade fire and from shells which now commenced to fall in BELLICOURT and round the tunnel. Include avoured to rally the Americans but they did not seem equal to

the task of sorting themselves out or amalgamating. I therefore attached them to my various Companies as I located scattered groups. I them pushed forward posts to establish a line. Pigeons would have been invaluable at this juncture for it was impossible to get touch with Brigade, but no pigeons had been available. The two Light Horsemem who had been attached to us came up at this juncture and the report of the situation was taken by one of them to Brigade report centre. The C.O. 58th Battalion came across at my invitation and we discussed the situation. The Americans had not finished their task, and, as far as could be ascertained, their attack had fizzled out and would not be renewed. At 13,30 the Brigade signallers having discovered our location had got a telephone line run out to us. Brigade directed us to continue the advance as best we could, sweeping the American, troops on with us as we went towards the Green Line. Some of the tanks Had been allotted to us had arrived, the rest having been put out of action as they advanced. It was decided to launch an attack on the LE CATELET -NAUROY Line at 15.00 using the 4 Mark V Tanks and the whippets and arranging for a creeping barrage.

Exactly at 15.00 the attack was launched, but the barrage for some unexplained reason fell wide of the mark and was useless. The large tanks were put out of action one by one as they climbed the slight ridge forward of our position and the whippets were soon either ditched or out of action from shell fire. The enemy was strong in machine guns on the left and had at least one Field gun well forward, firing at point blank range. Heavy fire from the north hampered the 58th advance and made it necessary to swing back a defensive flank. My right flank got into the trench successfully after some trouble and shortly after another company on its flank also secured a footing.

Cont'd.

appendix 2000 on their left flank the enemy still held the trench and a bomb fight commenced. The 58th had got a footing also in the trench further north opposite CABARET WOOD FARM, and had its right flank swung back down a sunken road where they were in touch with "B" company of this battalion whom I had directed to hold a support position. The situation on the left was very obscure. C.O. 58th maintained that he occupied his frontage in LE CATELET trench with his right flank in touch with 57th whereas I knew that on my left flank was a bomb block we had made and beyond that the enemy. It became clear that we were not strong enough to carry out our intention of advancing to the Green Line and beyond, and the absence of the 59th Battalion from the northern flank and the presence of the enemy there made it too risky to do more than hold our gains for the time.

EVENTS OF NIGHT The situation on the right of southern flank, where 29th/30th SEPT. the 57th was in touch with the 29th in the LE CATELET line, was satisfactory but there seemed every danger of a flank attack from the north. About 6 pm C.O. 59th arrived at my Headquarters and reported having met with much opposition further north, his advance having in consequence been checked. His battalion was then coming up to support the attack by 57th and 58th. As this attack had come to an end, the 59th was placed in rear to support

57th and 58th in event of flank attack.

During the might an American Lt.Col. a regimental commander, arrived at BELLICOURT with a Battalion. He explained that the Battalion commander had apparently got lost and he was himself taking charge of the battalion. He did not seem to have any clear idea of what he was expected to do beyond the fact that the 28th Division of Americans further north had not cleared the enemy out of the HUNDENBURG System, thoughbthey had apparently passed through. He had to defend the flank against attack but did not know where to place his mem, I gave him; the exact position on the flank and arranged to have him guided to the locality where out left flank was most exposed, so that the defensive flank of the 58th Battalion was strengthened and extended. The American troops were eager to do well but at every turn betrayed lack of experience. The RegimentalCommander, for instance, had made no provision for lights and wished to "buy" from me a couple of camdles. Very few of the officers and N.C.Os know how to locate themselves on, or to read a map. Lieut, COZENS of the 5th Battalion A. I.F. was attached to this American Battalion, The C.O. apparently found him wory useful.

THE ATTACK BY 14TH BRIGADE 6 am 30th SEPT. To clear up the situation to the morth, and to safeguard the flank, an attack by 14th Brigade waswlaunched at 6 am. The 53rd Battalion passed through my area at 6.20 am. My left flank Company co-operated and

careter line was bombed out and the enemy caught by our Lewis Gun fire as he retreated towards CABARET WOOD FARM. Who advance of the 53rd Battalion cleared the LE CATELET LINE on the 58th Battalion frontage and beyond, and that unit was able to swing forward and occupy the trench.

at 8 am General ELLIOTT wisited my Headquarters and remained discussing the situation, till 8.45. Lt.Col. CHEESEMAN of the 53rd BN. was with me also. He had used my Headquarters and telephone line to carry out his mortherly attack, until 8.30 am when he left to follow his unit. Before leaving he expressed his apprec-

iation of the facilities I had placed at his disposal.

At 8.55 am the C.O. 58th BN. rang up and notified me that a patrol of his had established themselves in CABARET WOOD FARM. This was good news to us for we had been much troubled by machine gune fire from that place from which they could get the greater part of my line in engilade. I notified my left company commander about it and was surprised he had not first notified BN. H.Q. He stated that he was in touch continuously with the 58th Company on his flank but nothing had been told to him of the fact. Moreover the enemy could still be seen walking about the farm. A patrol was sent out to investigate but was driven back by heavy machine gun fire and our left flank was shelled from close range. It was evident that we did not had the place and indeed it was not captured till the advance of the mext day.

During the rest of the day the enemy shelled our position constantly. We had suffered up to this time over 100 casualties. The men were wet through on account of the rain which had fallen during the night and there had been practically no sleep for any one. A hot meal had been served to them during the nightand two hot meals had been arranged for the next night. No complaining was heard, however, and the men could be relied upon for further effort. The call for further effort came next morning at 6 am.

was thus able to engage successfully many targets that presented themselves. An officer of the 53rd Battery did particularly bood work in this respect. During the night two hot meals were sent forward to the mea. At 10 pm I went to Brigade H.Q. where plans were

made for an advance to take place the following morning.

In accordance withplans the Bragade launched an attack THE ADVANCE OF at 6 am. The objective was a line from A 22 Central to OCT. 1st . G 15 Central, an average distance of 1000 yards from our position. The object was to secure a good definite start line for the 2nd Australian Division who were to continue the advance next day. A good barrage fell and the attackers advanced without trouble, except in the case of portion of my line where one at least of our guns persistently fired short, and inflicted half a dozen casualties, the only oneswe sustained. We captured a number of prisoners and the enemy fled in disorder. His guns also were seen galloping away. We therefore passed the objective line and commenced to exploit. Patrols entered ESTREES, FOLEMPRISE FARM and BANK COPSE. The battalion then moved forward and H.Q. advanced with them halting in square G 6 A. Had such an easy success been anticipated and provision been made for a more extensive advance we could have taken the BEAUREVOIR line. The delay onnour objective line, and the period occupied by patrolling however, gave the ememy time to realize that we were not contemplating and extensive advance, and both infantry and guns returned to a position in front of the BEAUREVOIR line. As we mounted the crest of the high ground North west of ESTREES we came under direct observation of his artillery and a heavy barrage was put down on our advancing troops. They dug in along the line MINT COPSE - FOLEMPRISE FARM, but it was impossible to maintain themselves there. Our field artillery were not yet in a position to help as it was mainly a question of our infantry against BOCHE heavy artillery. Having pigeous with me this time I sent a message by that means to ask for vigorous counter battery work and to have the mobile section of F.A. sent up. Response was soon forthcoming to these requests but not much diminution of the hestile shelling was noticeable.

Won and seeing my battalion systematically blown to bits by artillery. I chose the former and ordered a withdrawal to the rear of the crest line, the objective line of the morning not to be passed. This order was carried out, 58th on the left, and 59th on the right conforming. I left posts on the ridge for some hours but eventually withdrew them also as there seemed every possibility of their suffering from the fire of our own guns as well as those of the enemy. At dusk I sent two companies forward again to solve and hold the ridge. 58th and 59th BNS. conformed and a line was established and consolidated from MINT COPSE to ESTREES.

The men were very much exhausted by this time from want of sleep, gas, and the strain of the constant shelling. That might units of the 2nd Aust. Division relieved us in the forward positions and we withdrew at 2 am; to the positions previously eccupied along the BELLICOURT TUNNEL, where a hot meal was waiting for the men. Unfortunately the stew in the hotboxes had turned sour owing to the jolting it had been subjected to on the pack animals and the length of time it had been kept closed up as a result of the late relief. Authority was therefore given to consume the meat in the battle rations where necessary.

the section of Light Horsemen attached to the battalion during the operations of 1st Oct. did excellent service carrying despatches under heavy shell fire. Fortunately both Brigade and Pattalion signallers soon had communication by phone established thus saying the Light Horsemen.

C.O. 57TH BATTALION. A.I.F.

8th Bde. 5th M.G.Bn. A.D.M.S.

14th Bde. 5th Pnr.Bn. 5th D.Trein.

15th Bde. 5th D.Engrs. D.A.P.M.

5th D.Arty. 5th D.Sigs. "A.Q".

Ig 2nd A A A

Following wire from Aust Corps aaa begins and Please convey to all Commanders, Staffs and troops of 3 and 5 Aus. Divs. my sincere appreciation of and thanks for their fine work of the past three days asa confronted at the outset of the operations with a critical situation of great difficulty and hampered by inability to make full use of our artillery resources these divs. succeeded in completely overwhelming a stubborn defence in the most strongly fortified sector of the Western Front aaa This was due to the determination and resource of the leaders and the grit endurance and fighting spirit of the troops aaa nothing more praiseworthy has been done by Australian troops in this war aaa General MONASH aaa ends.

From. Eth AUST. DIV.

(Z) Jonn. a. Chafman

Cand.

8th Bde. 5th M.G. Bn. A.D.M.S.
14th Bde. 5th Fnr. Bn. 5th D.Train.
15th Bdg. 5th D.Engrs. P.A.P.M.
1g. 223 3rd AAA

Following from Gen. RAWLINSON begins as The task carried out by the 3 and 5 Aus. Divns. in clearing the main HINDENBURG system in the neighbourhood of BONY has greatly assured the operation and wish to thank both these gallant divisions for their endurance and tenacity in carrying out a most difficult and intricate operation as Ends.

From 5th AUST DIV.

(Z) Jim 161. Chafman.

Capt.

266

APPENDIX 27/71

Headquarters, 5th Australian Division,
4th October, 1918.

I desire most heartily to thank and congratulate the Division on the splendid results of their efforts during the recent operations, in connection with the capture of the SIEGFRIED System of the HINDENBURG LINE, from the 29th September to 2nd October inclusive, which compare most favorably with anything that has been achieved by British troops during the war, and the great value of which has been acknowledged in terms of the highest praise by the Fourth Army and the Australian Corps Commanders.

The operations were conducted under most difficult and trying conditions and reflect very great credit on all ranks. The courage and determination of the infantry was only equalled by the gallantry, efficiency and close support of the Field Artillery, afforded, at times, under extraordinarily difficult conditions and at very short notice.

The perfect and whole-hearted co-ordination and cooperation of the Staffs and all arms and branches of the Division
were again largely responsible for our success, and the very fine
work by the Eachine Gun Battalion, Engineers, Signal, Medical and
Transport services, and especially the Pioneers on the 29th September
deserve special recognition and praise.

On behalf of the Division I wish also to most heartily thank a d place on record our appreciation of the great assistance and most valuable support rendered during the operations to the Division by the Heavy Artillery, 5th Tank Brigade, 5thBrigade, R.A.F., 3rd Squadron A.F.C., and 13th Light herse Regiment, which contributed in very large measure to the successful attainment of all our objectives.

Commanding 5th Australian Division.