AWM4

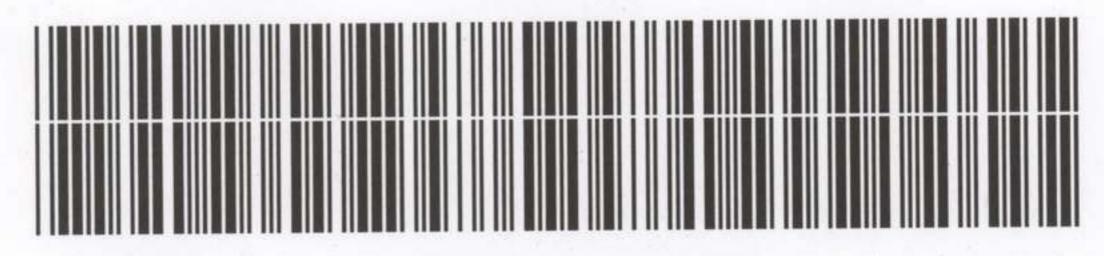
Australian Imperial Force unit war diaries, 1914-18 War

Formation Headquarters

Item number: 1/42/6 Part 4

Title: General Staff, Headquarters 1st Australian Division

July 1915



AWM4-1/42/6PART4

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1 8.615

1st AUSTRALIAN DIVISION.

Summary - 6 a.m. 7th July to 6 a.m. 8th July.

General

A column of enemy, estimated at about one battalion was seen moving from HILL 600 towards ACHI BABA at 1825.

No. I. Section

being directed at our guns on that flank. During the night the enemy expended a good deal of ammunition with the enemy expended a good deal of ammunition we had some working parties out. Light horse patrols were out in the direction of BALKAN GUN PITS and towards the southern end of HOLLY SPUR. The former patrolydid not encounter any enemy but the latter was held up by an enemy covering party; the patrol endeavoured to encircle the covering party but owing to the strength of a working party behind it did not succeed. The enemy is attempting to construct works on the southern portion of HOLLY SPUR.

No.II. Section ..

A good deal of shelling was done by the enemy during the day. Some of it fell in our trenches but appeared to have been directed against our guns. During the day the enemy attempted to repair some of the damage done to GERMAN OFFICERS TRENCH but was prevented by our sharpshooters.

There were sharp bursts of rifle fire during the night, and on the 400 PLATEAU the enemy seem to have

increased the number of machine guns.

Artillery

Enemy's artillery opened fire from the OLIVE GROVE at 1539 on the 8th Battery and vicinity of SAPPERS POST, Two guns in square 212 H.8 and one gun on WINEGLASS HILL also fired. The guns ceased fire very shortly after we engaged them.

BROWNE'S battery engaged guns west of THE SANDPIT; the enemy guns at "C" at once replied, and were engaged

by CADDY'S battery, apparently with effect.

0.0000000

At 1730 the 6-inch howitzer in the hollow below TURKS HUMP opened fire on our trenches in the centre. Our 5-inch howitzers had been waiting all day for this gun to open and immediately engaged it, firing what appeared to be a most effective series of 10 rounds.

on 5/7/15 is again ready for action but is minus a shield

Casualties
Ammunition 'expended
fa sy
ad Mit
Q. 1/8/7/1915.
Driv Surs

Willed

Sick

Wounded

6-inch howitzer

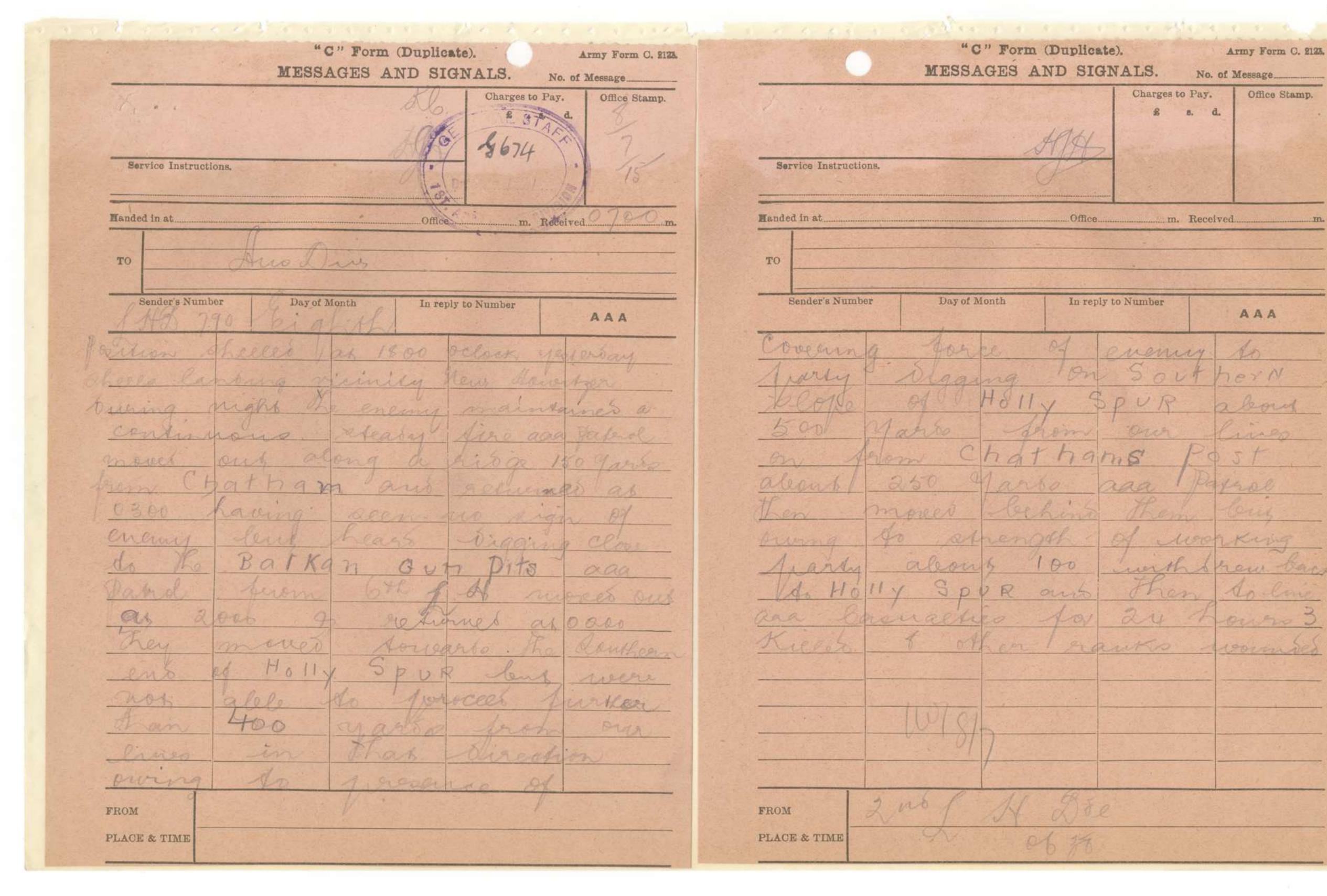
nil

OTITGOLE	Other ranks	Animais
	4	
	33	
. 7	58	***

5-inch howitzer

Japanese mortar 3 rounds

Lieut.-Colonel. General Staff. 1st Australian Division.



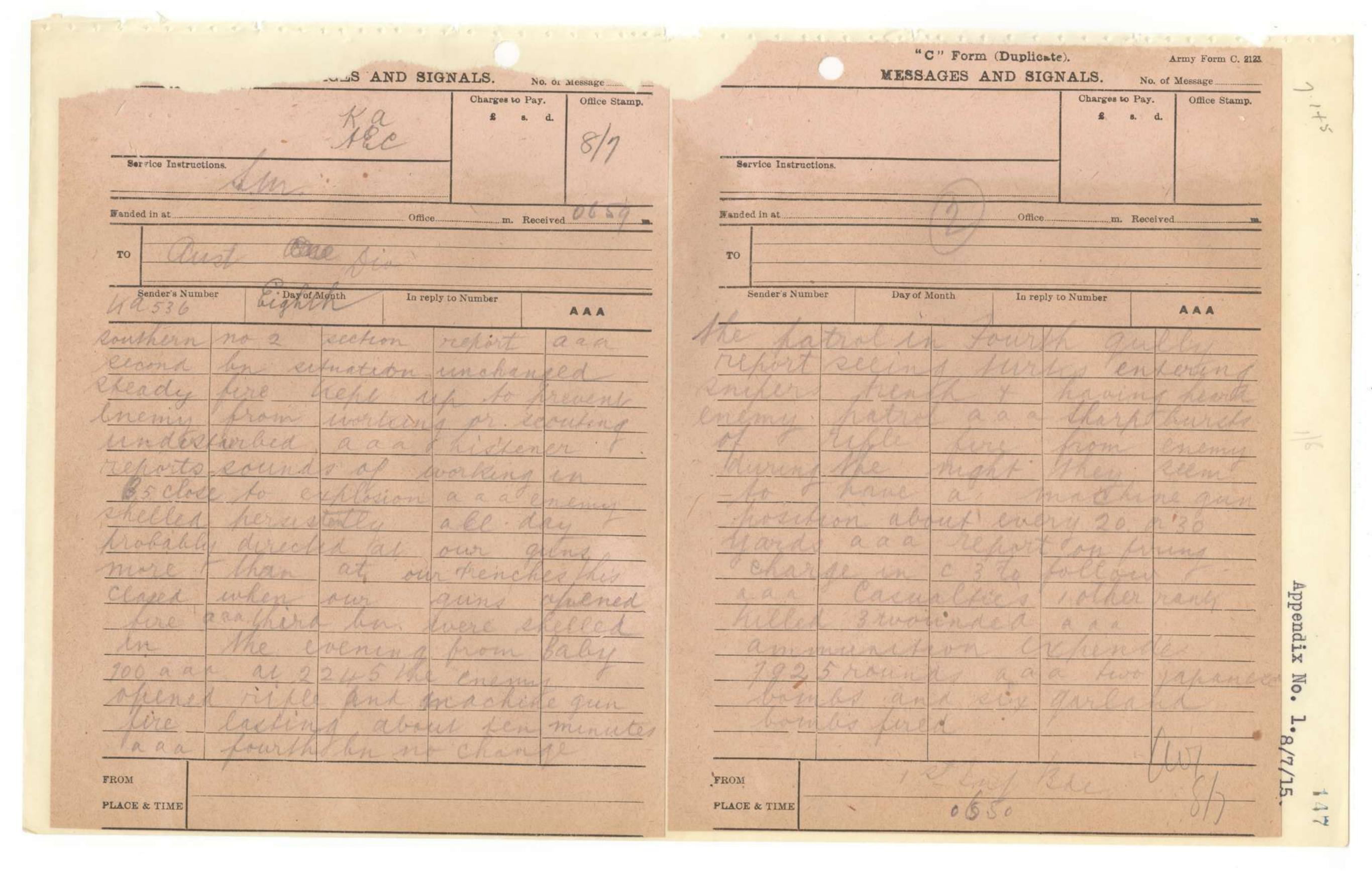
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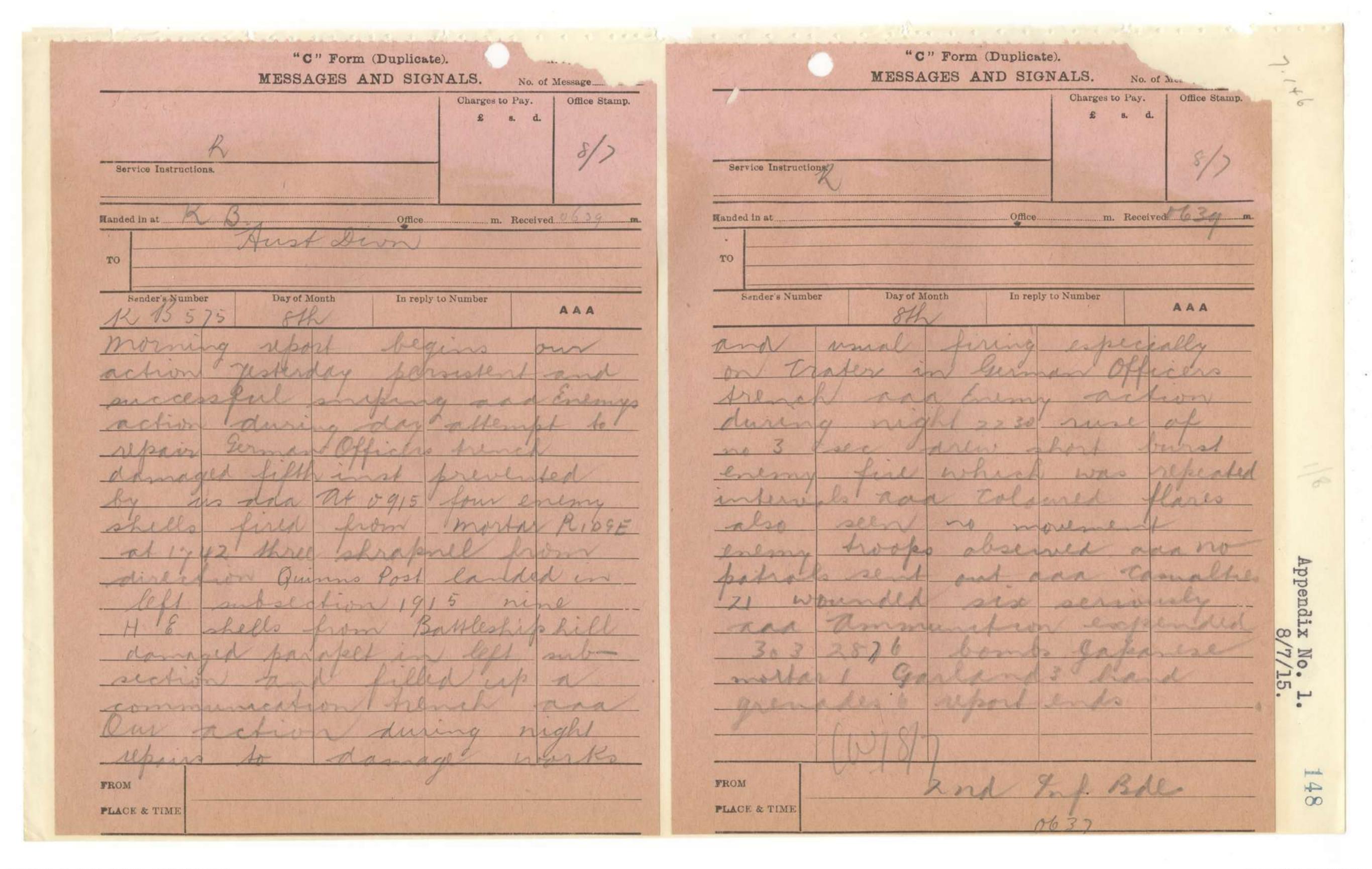
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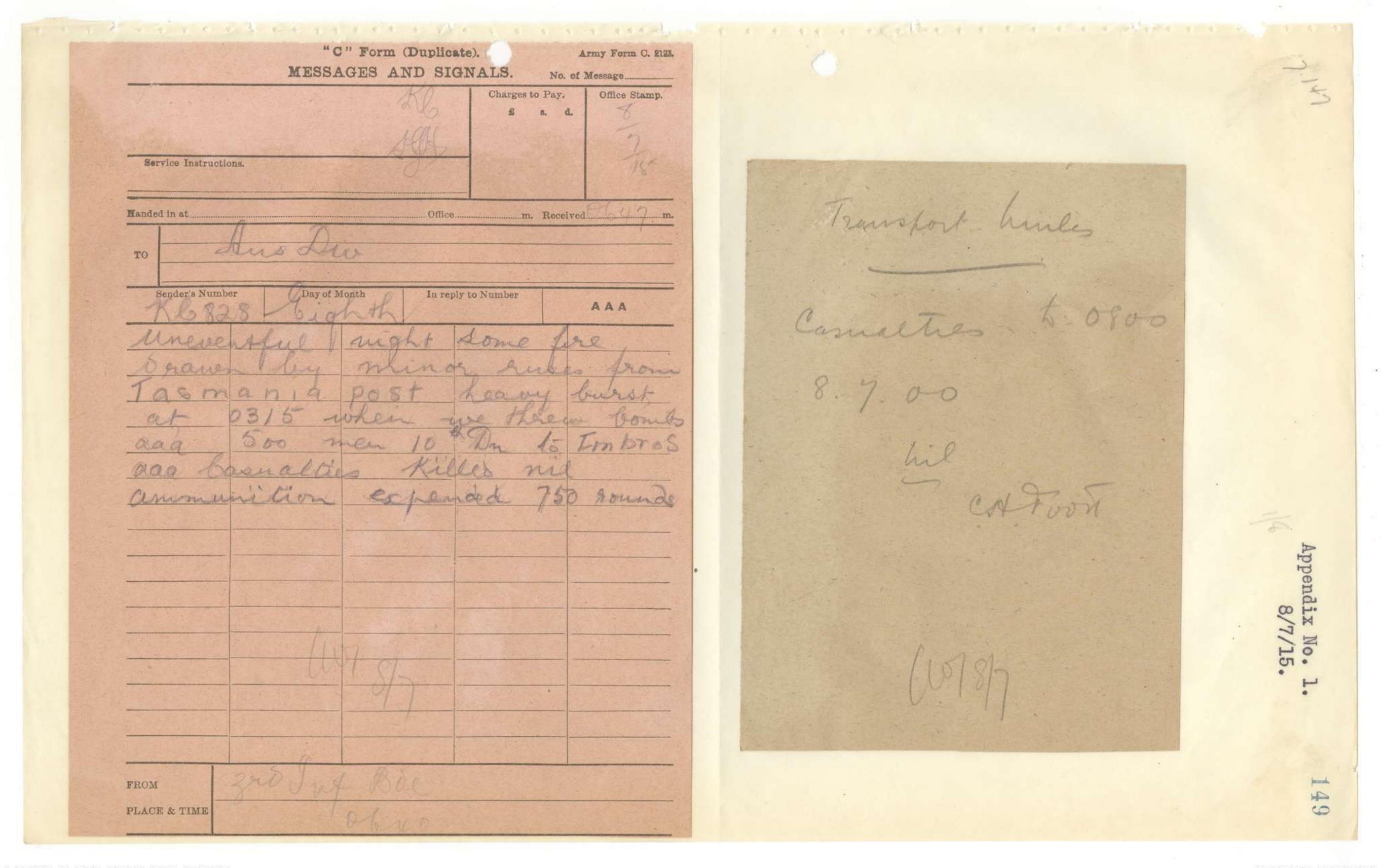
8/7/15.

deniel.

P







8/7/15.

FIRST AUSTRALIAN DIVISION

Artillery Da ly Report.



Anzac 8.7.15.

No 1 Section

At 1539 Endmy Artillery opened fire on 8th Battery and vicinity of SAPPERY POST from OLIVE GROVE, 2 guns in sq 212 H 8 and one gun on WINE GLASS HILL JOPPS Battery engaged gun on WINEGLASS HILL with one gun and guns in sq 212 H 8 with the other gun, and BURGESS Battery engaged both sections OLIVE GROVE. Two rounds Battery fire were fired and enemy guns ceased fired.

Howitzer opened fire from sq 203 B 2 and one gun in 212 H 8 respensed. JOPPS Battery fired 2 rounds at the former and 3 rounds at the latter and enemy guns coased fan

fire.

No 2 Section

PHILLIPS Battery did not fire. At 1615 gun west of SANDPIT opened fire and was engaged by BROWNES Battery. Directly BROWNES Battery opened, guns at C replied and were engaged by CADDYS Battery, fire

appeared effective. At 1740 guns at C again openeds fire but ceased after 14

rounds from CADDYS Battery.

Mixion at 1730 6" Howitzer in hollow below TURKS HUMP opened fire on our trenches in the centre. The 5" Howitze Battery had been waiting all day for this gum to open and immediately engaged it and fired what appeared to be a most effective series, the last five out of a total of 10 rounds were well into the hollow and enemy howitzer ceased fire.

General

- The gun at PHILLIPS Battery put out of action by a direct hit on 5.7.15 was ready for action at daylight 7.7.15 but it is minus a shield and D.A.D.O.S. inf-rme me there are no shields available at LANCASHIRE LANDING and the two sent from ANZAC to MUDROS for repair cannot be repaired locally
- Atn18w5 a column of engmy estimated at about one batallion were seen moving from HILL 600 towards ACHI BABA.
- A considerable amount of digging on works on LONESOME PINE HIDGE was observed by N.Z. Aert and by our observers.
- Ammunition empended 18 pr. 103 rds, 5° 10 rds 6" nil. 10 Killed nil. 11

Col. Comdg. Art. 1st Aust.Div.

(W) 8/

Daily Operations

8/7/15. Holy 1915

4. 1. M A Bale

21 K-MB

Capit J. H. Thom resported his accural from Hospe ship

Sec in Sq. 224 M8/4 (Capt He. J. Salvin) 1130 By nequest of a.c. aus: acty fried 4 T.S at 3 been ches.

but could see no enemy Ranges 2100x to 2300x 194° to

195° mag Sgp 212 A B.C

Sec in Sq 224 Mg (Capit a. H Keith John RAFA) ops 4 ocs at seecons buteted gun emplacement on Dead man's Redge, but no effect on actual embeasure

5 P.S + 20 CS on V beeuch on Walking Ridge - Good effect oblamed & parapet die man-ted in 3 places.

Rauge 1500x 250 mag

Capt J.H. Thom relieved (Capt a H K John) 1900

Sec in Sq. M 4/5 (Capt 91813 Teen chard)

14 P.S at observing station - no deveet hit Range

19 P. S at observing station Duect hit with last sured 1410

Head one 8 mules of 3 men wounded

ann Expended YY revuedo Cagnallies

(W) 9/2

1140

3 men + 3 mules wounded

1/120

Summary of events from 6 a.m. 7th July 1915 to 6 a.m. 8th July 1915.

NO. 3 SECTION

.At 8 a.m. yesterday, the mountain gun in front of COURTNEY'S fired a few rounds from the direction of MORTAR RIDGE, at a range

of about 800 yards, but do damage was done.

It was yesterday reported that the Turks on the previous day, (6th inst.), had displayed three crosses in front of their fire trenches opposite COURTNEY'S POST. The 1st cross displayed was a plain wooden one, painted red from the cross-piece to the top, and on the left arm of the cross-piece. It was knocked down by rifle fire. The second cross had a conical top with a tin cylinder placed on it. This was not fired on. After a few minutes, it was taken down, and replaced by a plain wooden cross with the cross-piece painted white, and an inscription on the left arm. This cross was eventually knocked down by rifle fire.

Owing to an oversight, the above report on the display of

crosses was omitted from yesterday's Summary.

. At 3 p.m. the enemy were observed using a sling for bomb-

throwing opposite QUINN'S.

Between 5 and 6 p.m. the garrison of QUINN'S POST succeeded, by "bombing", in setting fire to the enemy's overhead cover in front of No. 3 Subsection. To this the enemy replied, and a severe and continuous "bombing" engagement ensued. A certain amount of damage was done to the fire trench on No. 2 Subsection, but this was repaired.

Later in the evening, the bomb-throwers at QUINN'S were successful in setting alight about 12 to 15 yards of Turkish trench with bombs. The Turks, however, managed to keep this fire down

to a certain extent.

A fire was also started in the Turkish communication trench on the rear slope of the hill by means of the Garland Mortar.

At 10.30 p.m. the ruse carried out from QUINN'S drew a heavy rifle and Machine Gun fire from the enemy, whose overhead cover in front of QUINN'S was still burning at 11 p.m. and continued doing so till about 4.15 a.m. to-day.

The No. 1 Machine Gun in COURTNEY'S succeeded in firing on some Turks who attempted to put out the fire at 9.30p.m. last night.

NO. 4 SECTION

Nothing unusual to report beyond occasional shell fire from the .75 mm. gun on the 971 Ridge.

The usual nightly reliefs were observed going into the old

No. 3 Post between 4.45 and 5.15 p.m.

The ruse made by QUINN'S at 10.30 p.m. was successful in drawing the enemy's fire on to the trenches in this Section in addition to their own.

H.M.S. "RATTLESNAKE" shelled the trenches at the old No. 3
Post during the night at 1.30 a.m. and the trenches on the NEK at 2 a.m.

An Officers' Patrol went out to the North from No. 2 Outpost on a special reconnaissance during the night of the 6th/7th.

A Patrol was also sent out last night.
Reports on these patrols have not yet been submitted.

12

ARTILLERY REPORT

The 1st Battery at about 1 p.m. fired six shots at men digging on LONELY PINE and stopped their work for about two hours.

About 3 p.m. ten shots were fired at one of the gun emplacements on

LONELY PINE which the enemy has recently rebuilt, and at the adjacent trenches where men were digging.

The 2nd Battery registered the enemy's gun position on the SCRUBBY KNOLL in four rounds. The higher elevation of the short bracket landed in the gun pit and the lower went into the main communication trench.

The Howitzer Battery was engaged as follows :-

6.10 a.m. - Three rounds at enemy bivouac behind MORTAR RIDGE

9. 25a.m. - Two rounds at MORTAR RIDGE

3.45 p.m. - Five rounds at .75 mm. gun at 238 V.

5.30p.m. - Ten rounds at Old No. 3 Outpost as the enemy moved in. 5.45 p.m. - Five rounds searching valley where TARGET C is situated 6.50 p.m. - Eight rounds in registered gun emplacement North of

JOHNSTON'S JOLLY from which fire was to-day opened on QUINN'S.

All the above series were reported effective. The 6-inch Howitzer did not fire.

The number of rounds fired by Japanese Mortar - Nil.

CASUALTIES

KILLED

Officers: -

WOUNDED

Officers: 7

SICK

Evacuated: 4 Officers during the day: 67 Other Ranks.

CASUALTIES AMONG ANIMALS - Nil.

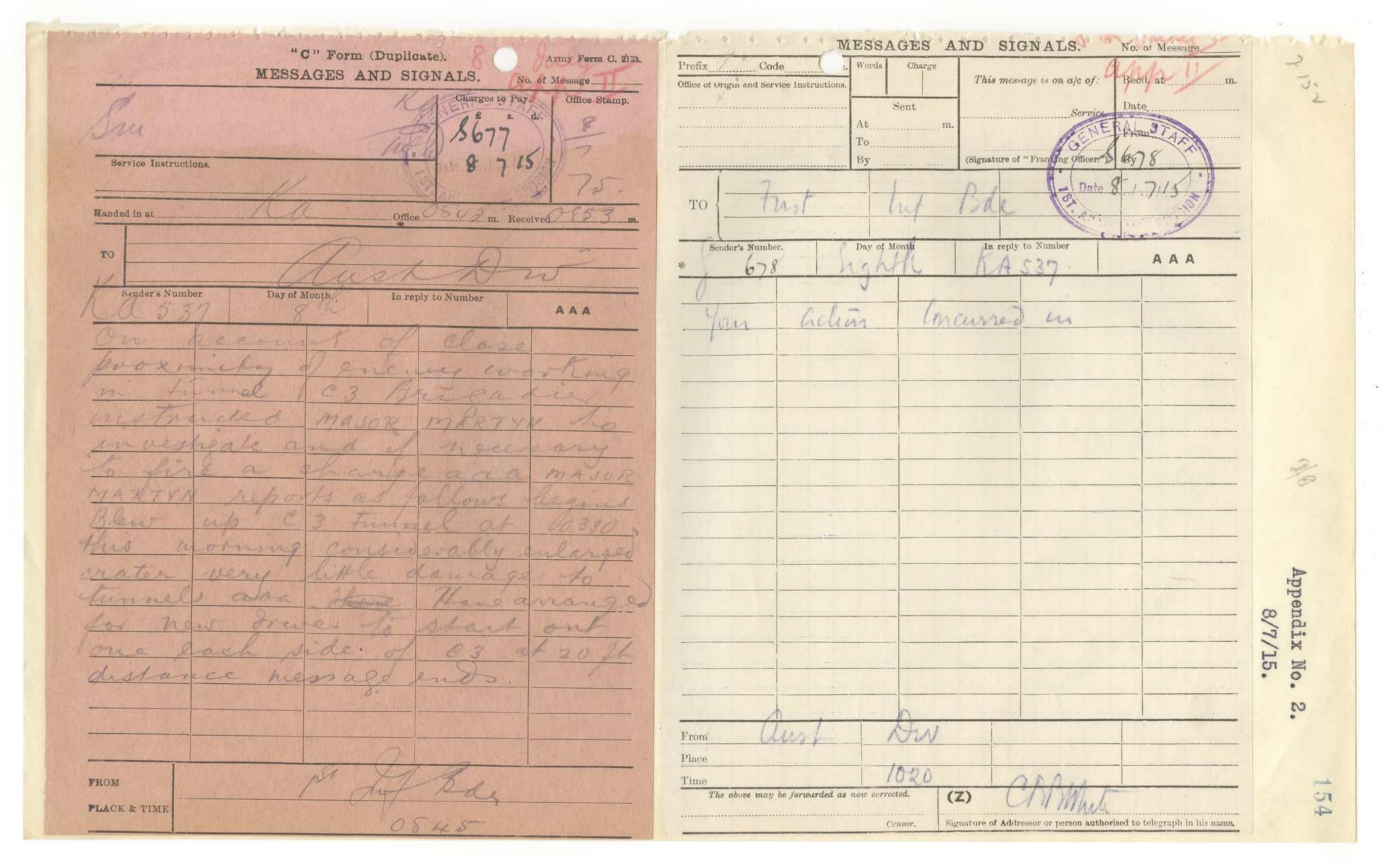
ANZAC COVE

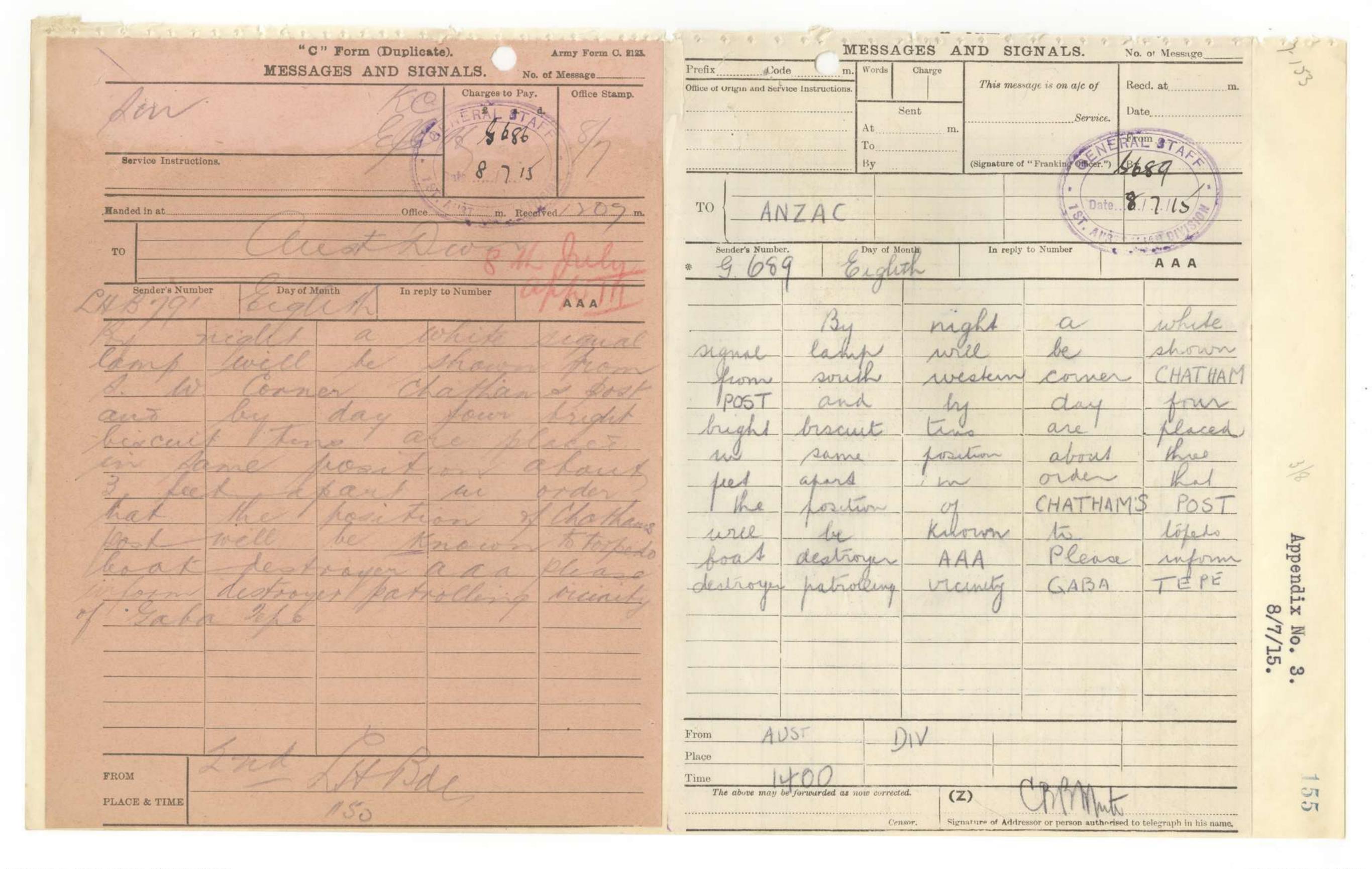
8th July 1915.

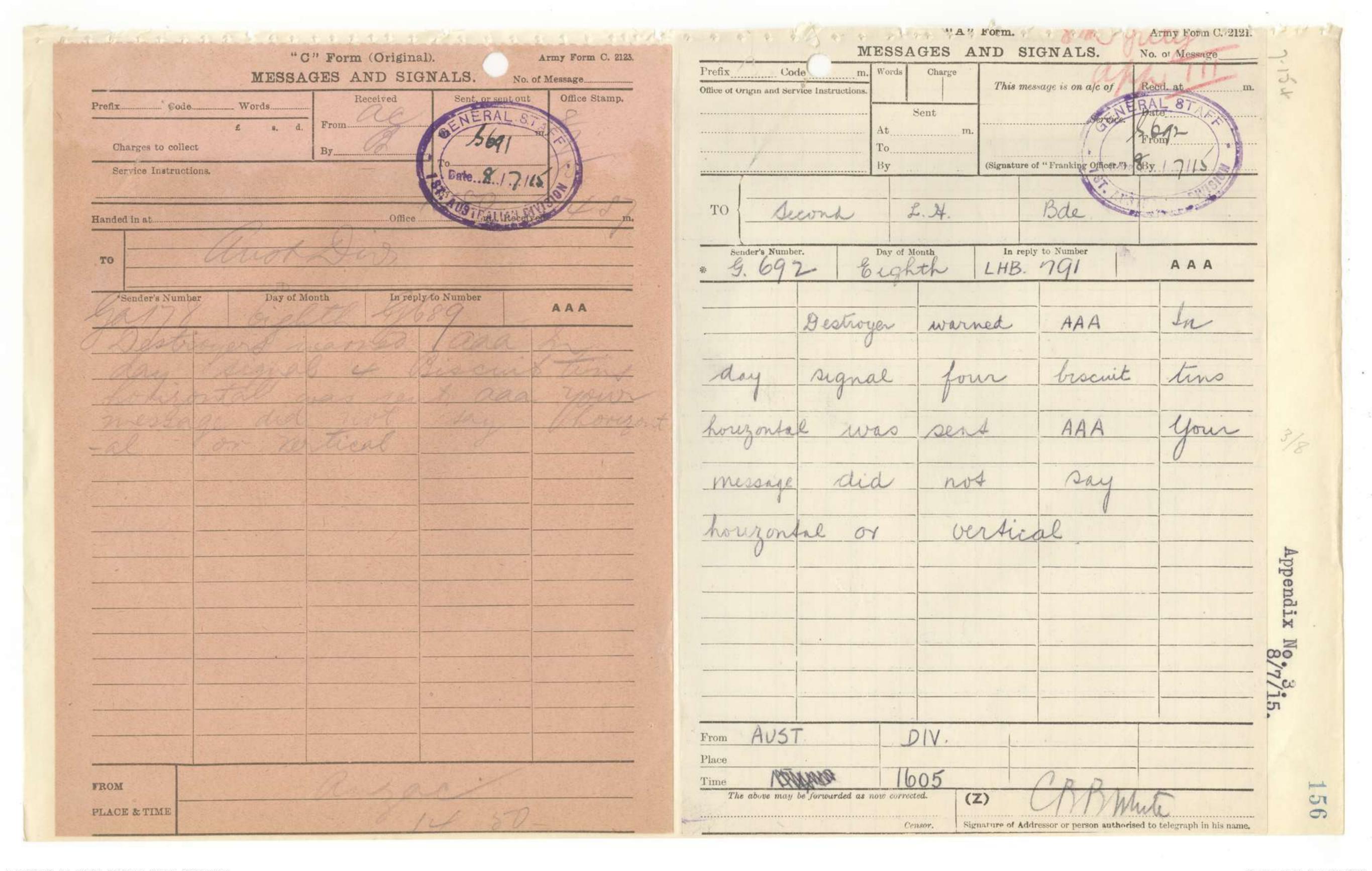
Major-General,

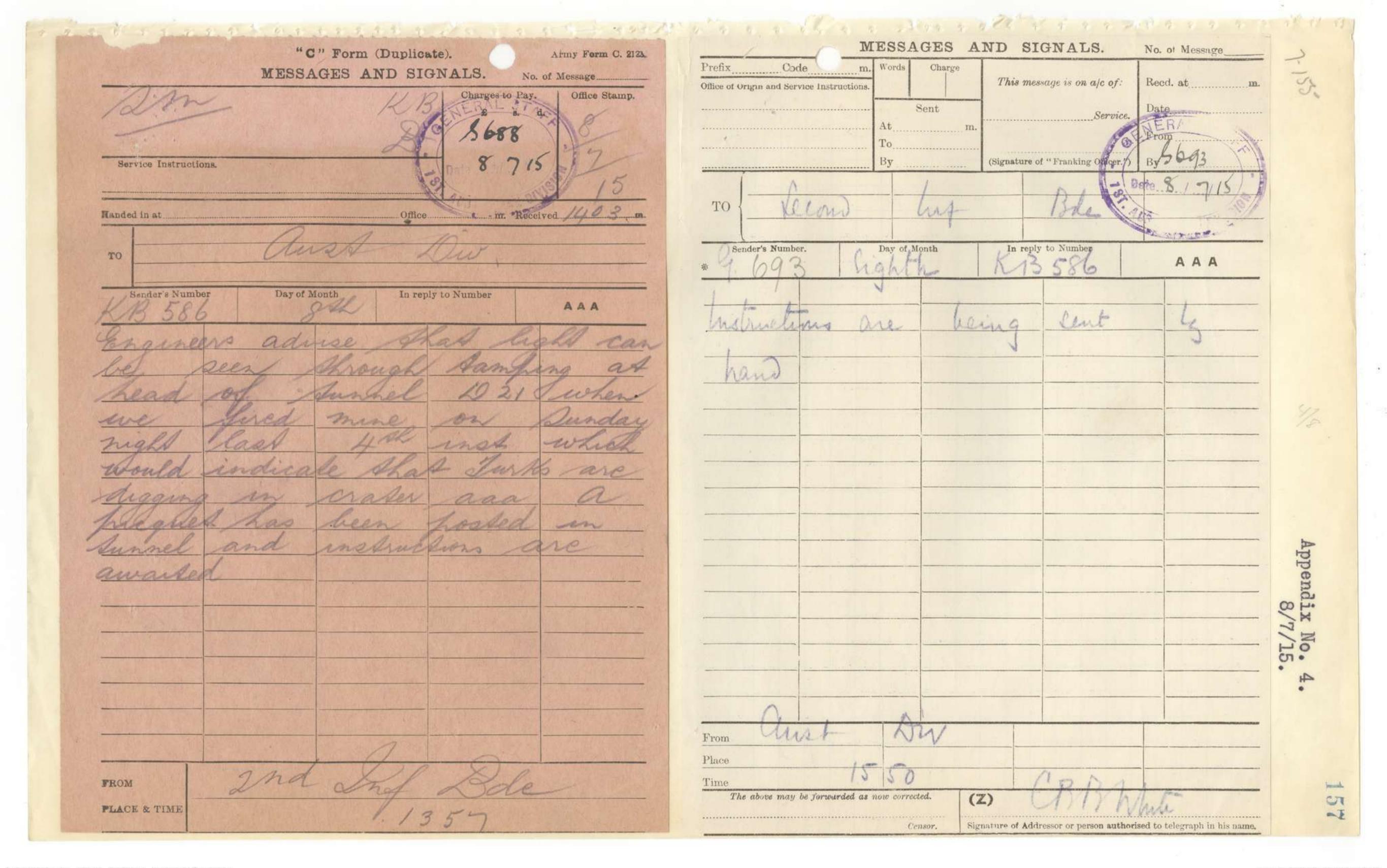
Commanding N.Z. & A. Division.

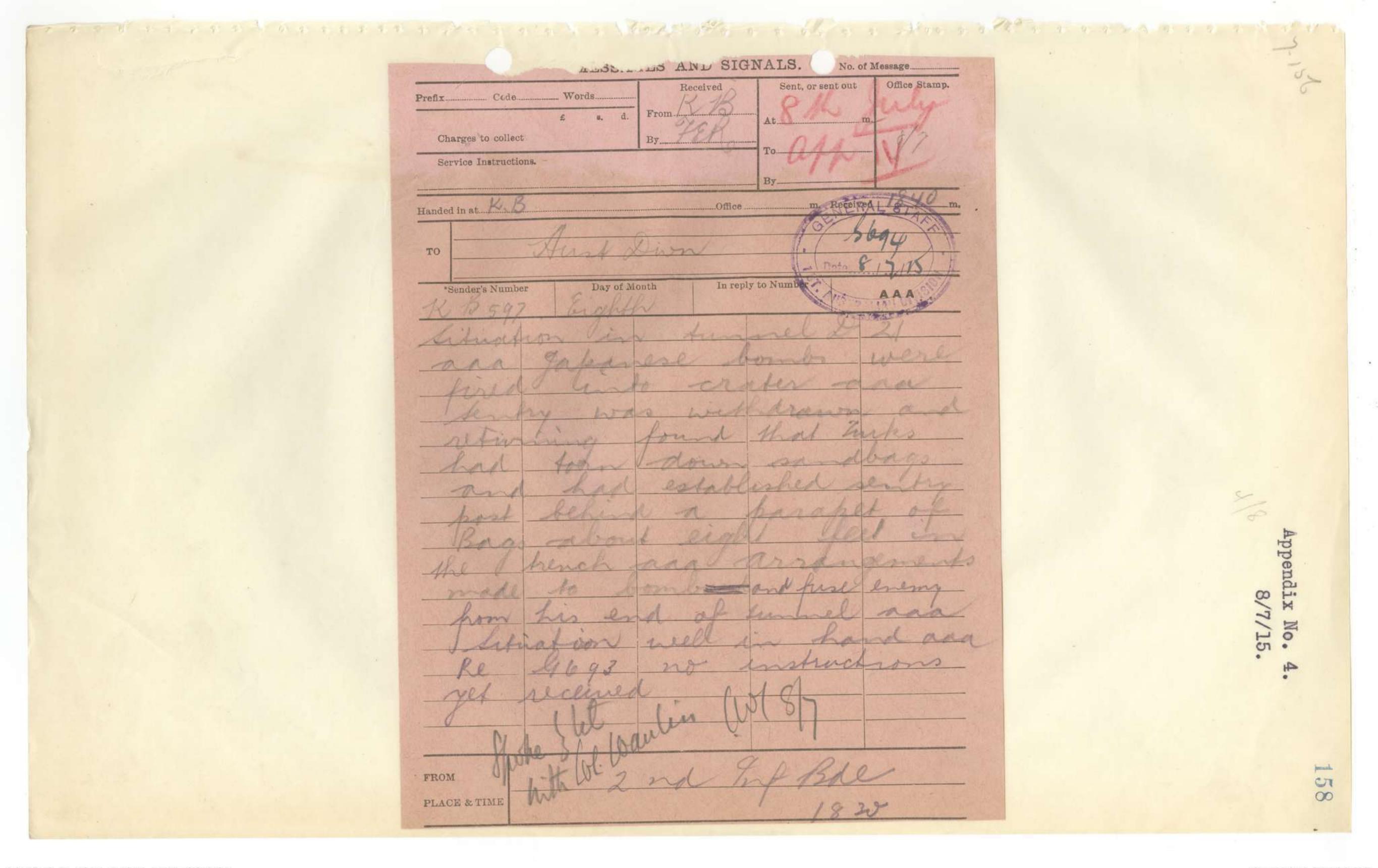
(sd) A.J. Rodley











Appendix No. 4. 8/7/15.

4 6 695 Bato 8 17/15

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DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS,

1st AUSTRALIAN DIVISION.

To Officer Commanding,

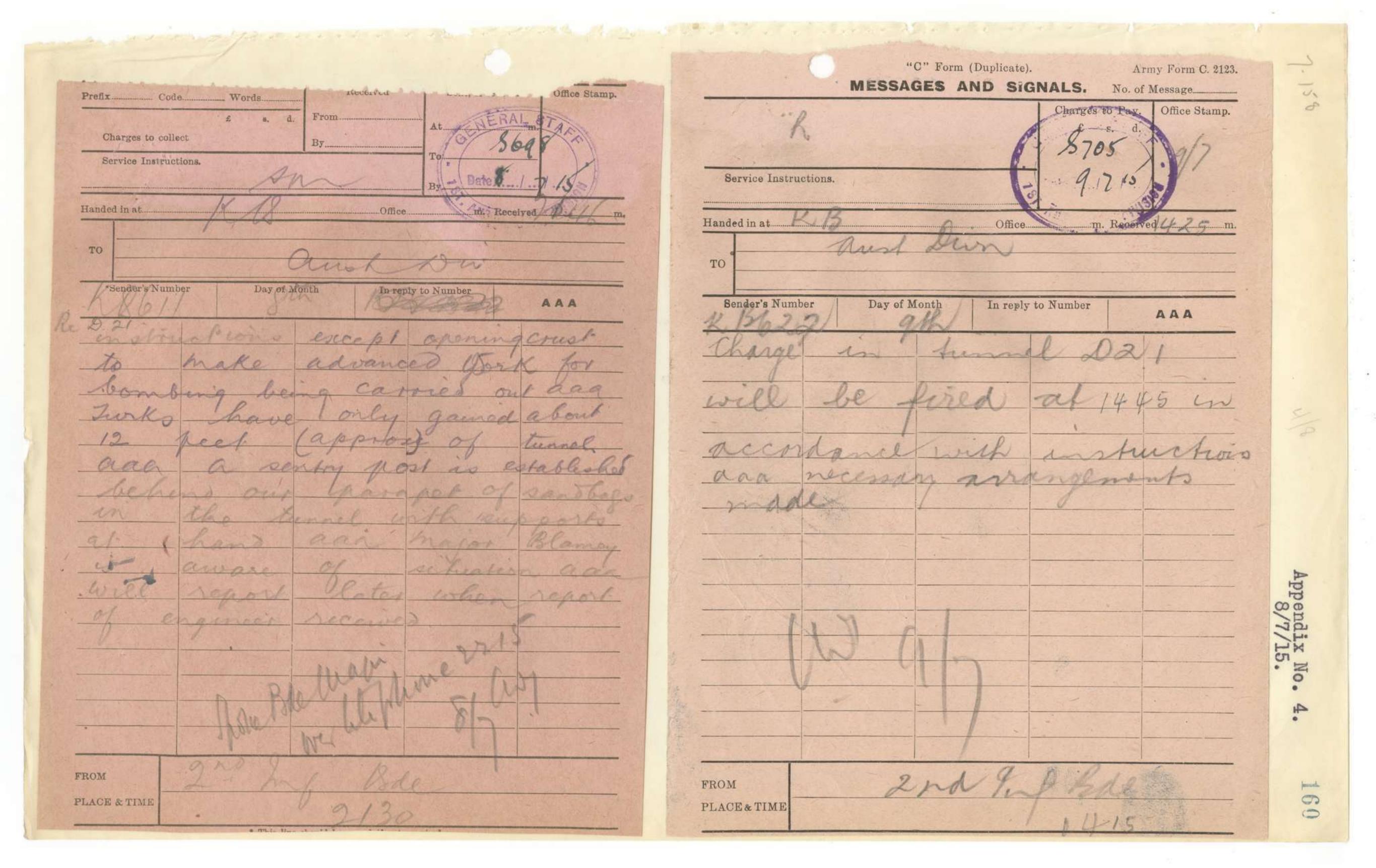
2nd Infantry Brigade.

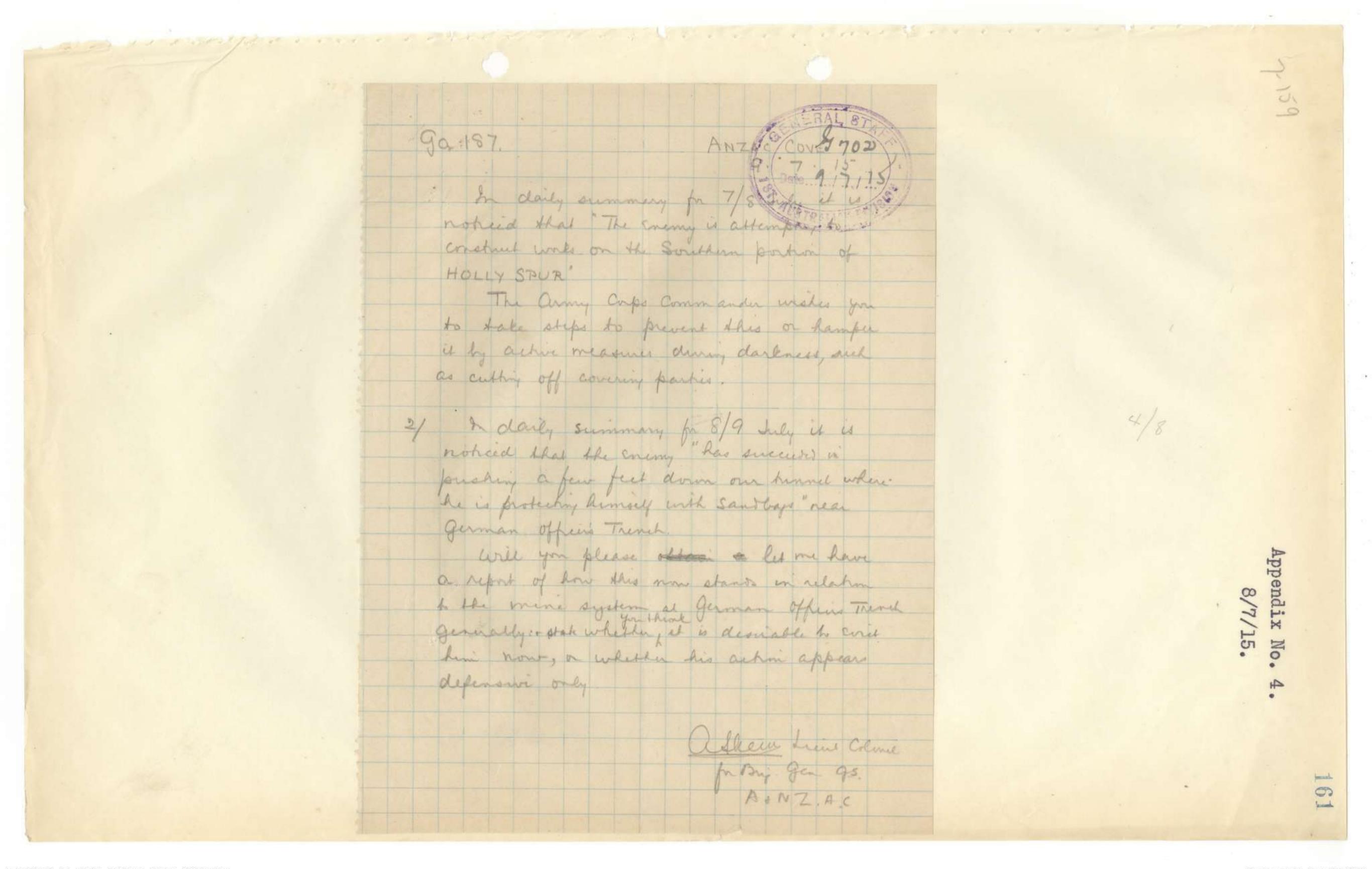
1. The following steps should be taken for the protection of the tunnel leading to the recently formed crater in German Officer's trench and for the retention of the power of the offensive :-

- (i) Block the tunnel securely at a point sufficiently far forward to enable you to construct a work in rear of the block from which the crater can be bombed.
- (ii) Construct an advanced work accordingly protect it by barbed wire and with bomb screens.
- (iii) Tunnel out on either side (i.e. Y out) of the present tunnel in order to detect any attempt of the enemy to mine towards the work referred to above.

General Staff, lst Australian Division.

1 17





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DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS,

1st Australian Division,

9th July, 1915.

6713

To Headquarters,

A. &. N. Z. Army Corps.

In reply to your Gal87 :-

Paragraph 1

Both by day and night steps are being taken to retard the work being done by the Turks on HOLLY SPUR.

Paragraph 2.

Yesterday afternoon the O.C. 2nd Infantry Brigade ordered the Japanese mortar to throw bombs into the crater which our explosion on the 4th instant had caused in the German Officers' trench. Owing to a misunderstanding the sentry guarding the tunnel was drawn back during the bombardment. When he returned to his post he found that the Turks had occupied the far side of it, removed a sandbag and were in occupation. The Turks fired on our men who attempted to approach. We formed another sandbag wall however within a few feet of them and at 1445 to-day we intend to blow him out and retake our position.

Major-General.

Commanding 1st Australian Division.

(Agas) J.S. Legge

	Upp 5 01 8		R K S.		ap	hendest	Ty.
Section	Unit	Tork	lach and	date	(/a bonne)		
			1 3-19.15	6. 4.15	14 41 15	1-8.4.15	
bouthern No 1	5-'LH						
		FLOLLY RIDGE Sap Not	24'		211	39(?)	
		3	20		20'	34 42 34	
	6' LH	C1 Sap	120'	completed			
		C Sap L hand. There	701	Nil. 95"	119'	130	59
		Tunnel hoHOLLYRIDGE		6'	20	36'6"	Appe
		A Sap L. Zand Thead 4'LH Nol & Hoz Sap	_ /36'	136°	136°	57	ndix 8/7/1
		BRRand Thead	8,8.	completed 14'	77	- 3	No. 5.
		HOLLY RIDGE Tr Comm Tr. to HOLLY RIDGE	102	3962 4	impleded in the second	morne	

AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

Section		-				
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	nit Work			and date	6 pm	
			14-111	- 1 / 1	y. y. 151 - 8. y. 151	
Northern Not 12"		NoI		416"	out !	
	P087 "	No 2			91 5 31	
		"3			10' (2A 12')	
		-4		5-1	g: shaft-countermin	8
		-5		/3'-	316	
	M. Gum Say	6		66"	211" 14'	
					9'6" 17'	
9'B	Bond N					
	Bomb No Tunnols No	0/		30'	25' 27'(Theoris)	
	No.	03		20	25' 27'(Theo)3") 24'3" 29'(Theo)4')	
	No	0.44		256"	30' 30' (Theors!)	
11-13	Russia					H
	BOULDER BSOR	2		R 11'	R 20' 40'3 (out o.P.)	8/7
	B	3			TOTAL	1/1
	3	4		Deine 126"	95 83 L. 34 6 cult m	401
	0 "	5		12 90	- makended R 10'95 see	3.
				R 15141		

- Section	Unit	Work		Ien	gth / an		(4)	- 10 F	10 mm
				4.4.15	5-415	6 4 15	14415	1.8. m 15	
Southern No	Que Battre	B3-			14'0"	stored	1-1-1		
		B19		53.6	al 28' from	B.5 in going	New bearing 1100	4616	- my from new
		B21		60	62'6	compression and there	296"-11"	4610	1 been
		B 27			12'9"	16:4"	23'6"	28'	
		B 28			13'6"		25'		
		B29 B22			_			neclasted	Restarted bearing 14'en from B 21.
	4° B~	6.3		work of				planted	Bearing 520 als
		(-bearing 82°30")		10	tamped, mg	ady to explode			
		(hearing 170 al 125')				16"	stopped	136 8	apparently 11'te
		C. 16					11'6"	15'6"	from new beam
		Listening (C 22 -				8	12'	151/10	
	3480	824			d work of	Tables 40	40'	45'6"	AI
		010		rowan	o work of				Appen 8
		C 12	Ta	Ce Ce O	7				/7/
		C 13							15.
		1 16							CT CT

Section	Unit	Work	Ler	1 4		(6pm)		
				5.4.15	6.4.15	1 m. m. 15-1	8.7.15	
Northern No2	5-B~	Left Com. Tr. 765				complete		
	6 v y B	DIA						
		DIB DIC		32!	Receasing completing	38'	39'6"	
		D3 (Bearing 165°)				12'	136'	reported 9
		D 21 Right (9160') Left		62'	62'	15"1	20' 62'	Аррепс 8/
		Cal 18') Left		256	256	25'6	256	/7/15.
								O

TREWCH WCRES.

Section	Umit	Work		1631	igun si	o oate	(a pm		
			10. 1. 10	14,7,15	1 5 4 15		1	1. 1	
Southern Nol	5th 4, H	No I Sap CHATHAM'S POST	40'	40'	wire ent, on				
	6 4 4, 4	CI Sap C Sap Left hand Theat D Sap	92'	1091	120'				
	7' _ H.	Z Sap A " L'h. Thend No 1 Sap A 1 Sap B Sap R'h. Thend Stevens Mistake Holly Ridge Trench Commo Lo Zo	129' 14' 9" 14' 9" 299"	134'6" 57' 164' 85' 192' defening	136' 40' tender 192' 1021 396' 3				Appendix No. 5. 8/7/15.

- Section	Unit	Work		/ Ler	gth/ and	date 6,	
	1 /2 12 B2	TASMANIA POST Bomb Hole Tunnel No1	0 1 10	14.7.10	5715		
		No2	16	22'	30		
		No.3	24	30'	33 complete		
		No 5	/3' 38'	21'.8"	65 complete		
		No 6		6'6"	15'		
		MG Sap		6'6"	16'		
	11th Bm	TURKEY KNOLL BI Sap					
		B2 " 1	186'3" L 32'4" R 6'6"	36'10"	195'9"		P ₀
		From firing line to TURKEY KNOLL //A		13'	16'.4"		мррепах 8/7/15.
		BOULDER DUMP	113'6"	through			15.
		Sap No 1	82'644 11'	L 246"	4 39'6"		No.
		3	84,6,4 T d.e.	1 R 19:9" 4	号 4 16 6 1		Sap 2 L mo
		5	8916 R 1'	LRR 48'4"	JR 12'0"		

Section	Unit								
	GALL O	Work	3.4.15	1 44 11 15	15 4 15 i	i date	(at 6	land a model	
Southern No Z		B 5 from R Crosscut.	10'9	15'9"	17'9"				
		B19 (aliso'an B5) B21	49'3	53'6"	Crates causedby	and the same of th			
			48'	46'	62'6"				
	3rd Bm	B22 B25	blocked	ET.					
		B26	blocked						
		B27 B28		8/3"	12'9"				
				9'9"					
		C.3.	116'4"	bearing 820 300	receasing				
		C 4	6'.						Apı
		69,10,11,12,13416	work als	40				The state of the s	Appendix No. 8/7/15.
			recessing	continue					1/15 N
									. 0
									·

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					RKS.		
rearron	Unit	Work	V	I I I I I	16 2.12 0110	W	
Northern No2	5"B~	Left Subsec. Comm Trench & Right to Northern Gallery DIA DI-DZ. DIB DIC	13.4.15	1021	5 7.15 105' complete 15'		
	6 * ?	D. (Barring 1650) Left From Drive of 60'	deepening * windenling	621	62'		
		D 9 B Left from Drive at-18' Right to to to D 14 A		23'6"	246"		Idu.
			16'6"	266	through to five trevel		8/7/15.



Summary - 6 a.m. 8th July to 6 a.m. 9th July.

No. I. Section. .. Very quiet throughout the whole twenty-four hours. Very little movement observed. ratrols lying up for the enemy during the night encountered none.

No.II. Section .. 1st Battalion placed in the southern portion of this section between the 2nd and 3rd Battalions.

> The southern portion of the section was shelled several times during the day. We opened up a tambour with six recesses holding two men each on the extreme left of the 4th Battalion opposite JOHNSON'S JOLLY and have by this means improved our position.

The enemy is endeavouring to establish himself in the crater in GERMAN OFFICERS TRUNCH formed by our explosion, and he has succeeded in wwwire pushing a few feet down our tunnel where he is protecting himself by sandbags.

The night was quiet except for occasional bursts of fire which appeared in the main to come from MORTAR RIDGE.

Artillery

BURGESS'S and JOPP'S batteries did some firing on the enemy's fire and communications trenches and new works in the southern portion of his line and appeared to obtain good effect.

During the day a gun was firing from 971 but could not be located. A gun above THE SANDPITS fired a few rounds and was registered by CADDY'S battery. The guns from the direction of the OLIVE GROVE which shelled the pier and barges were not located.

Three prematures occurred in BROWNE'S battery during

the afternoon.

Officers Other ranks Abimals "asualties Killed Wounded Sick

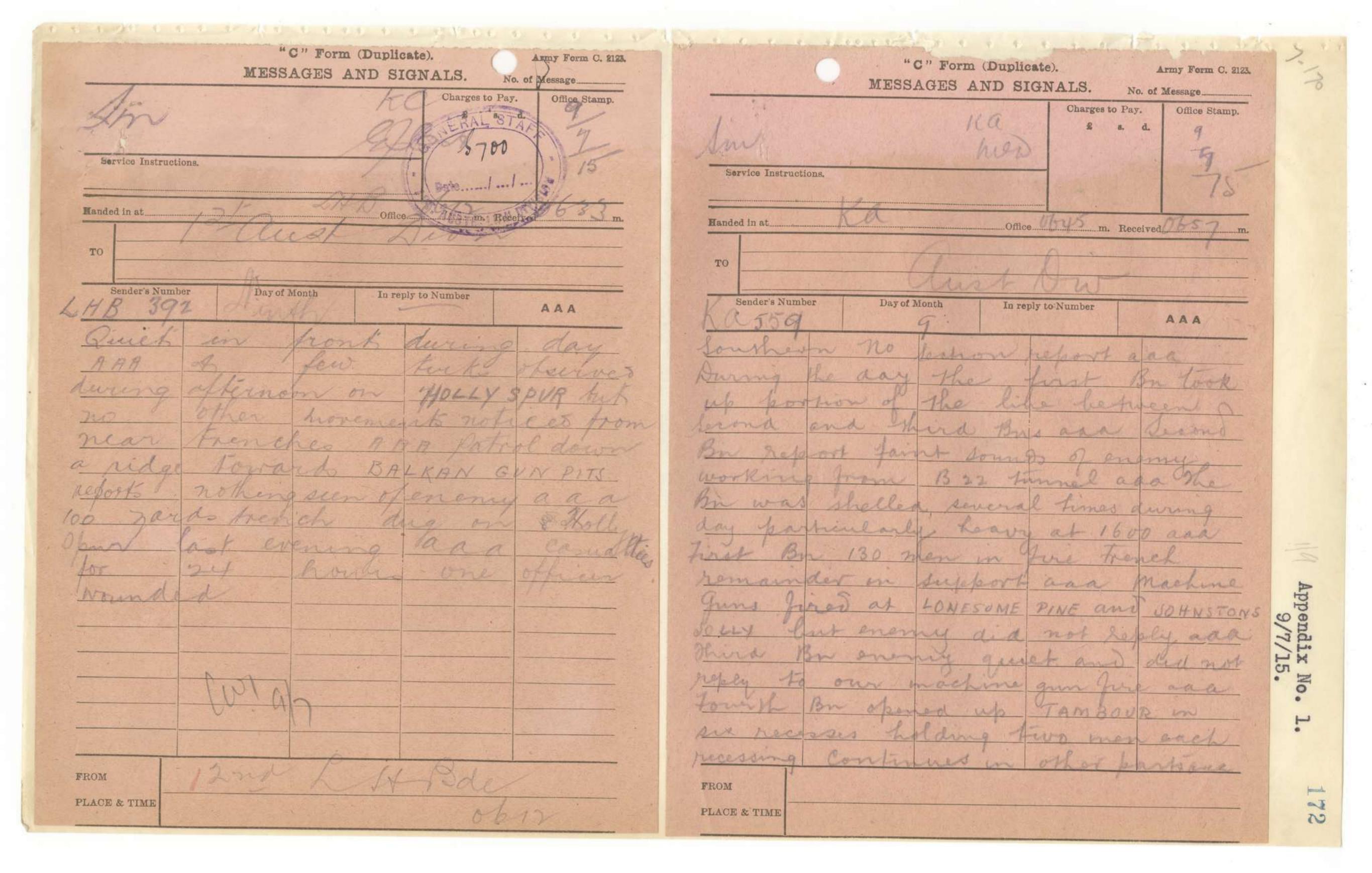
Ammunition expended

6-inch howitzer Nil

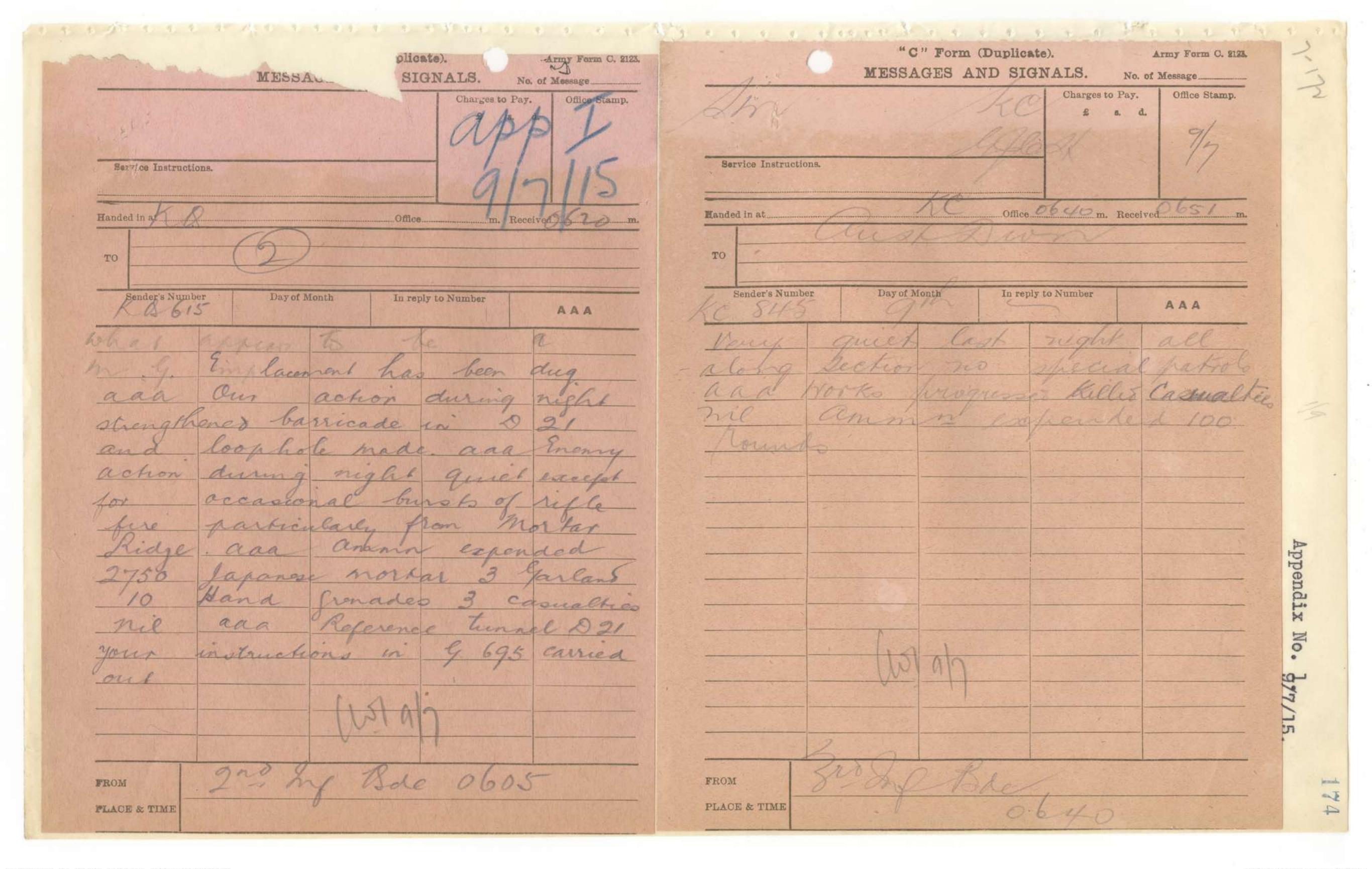
5-inch howitzer 5 rounds

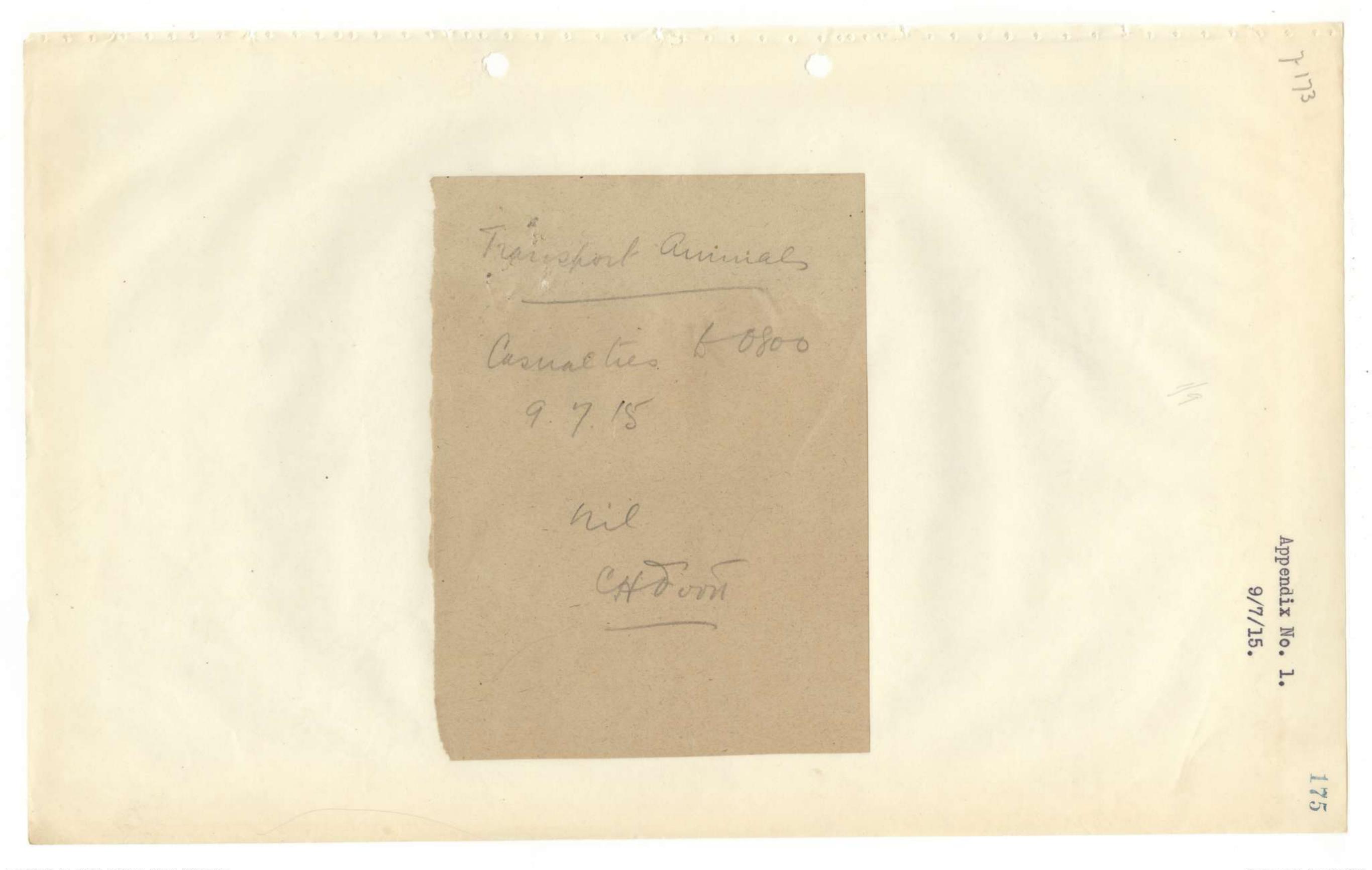
Japanese mortar 3 rounds

Lieut. -Colonel. General Staff. 1st Australian Division.



"C" Form (Duplicate). MESSAGES AND SIGNALS. No. of Message	M. Encoda No. of Message
Charges to Pay. Office Stamp.	A Rec 2 a. d. Office Stamp.
Service Instructions. 75 Handed in atOffice m. Received m.	Handed in at Office m. Received 20 m.
то 2	TO aux Aron
Sender's Number Day of Month In reply to Number AAA	Sender's Number Day of Month In reply to Number AAA
detached poor school hearing digging in CERMAN OFFICERS TRENCH was Forming to worked awing might repairing to somage to trenches on so HNS TONES SOLLY more artiller and Casualties one Solly and wounded as a simulation expended 9215 hours and Japanese bombs mil garlans	Jour Cection churing day very quick begins and repairs of day and repairs of day and repairs of day and fired into crater thinks built a barricade con our approach: a vinilar barricade built by us about
	19 6 15 get from chal of enemy alaa further information sent you at 2130 last to night of the bout definition and Left of the such in and
PLACE & TIME.	PLACE & TIME





Appendix No. 1. 9/7/15.

FIRST AUSTRQLIAN DIVISION

Artillery Daily Report.

Anzac 9.7.15

No 1 Section.

At 0430 and 1030 OLIVE GROVE Battery opened fire on the beach but ceased after a few rounds from JOPPS Battery.

At 1100 HUGHES Battery was ordered to fire on KABA TEPE
OBSERVING STATIONS PINE RIDGE? BASTION, CEMENT EMPLACEMENT
and SNIPERS RIDGE and BURGESS and JOPPS Batteries at 1132 fir
fired on OLIVE GROVE right and left sections. WINEGLASS
Battery and gum in 212 H &. A few rounds were fired on see
each of these objectives and the shooting appeared to be
effective.

Between 1710 and 1850 BURGESS and JOPPS Batteries fired into enemy fire and communication trenches and new works under construction at CEMENT EMPLACEMENT RIDGE and ridges in front of TASMANIA POST and to southward. The fire enfiladedseveral of these trenches and as working parties were seen some effect was probably produced. On several works having the appearance of small redoubts the over-head cover was very light and sheapnel burst right in and lifted the top completely off.

At 1800 Enemy opened effective fire on HUGHES Nos 3 and 4 gun these guns were withdrawn. The parapet of No 4 gun pit was

knocked down by a direct hit.

No 2 Section

At 1130 CADDYS and BROWNES Batteries were ordered to
fire a few rounds searching and sweeping near TURKS HUMP
SAND PIT, GUN west of SAND PIT and northern end of LONG
VALLEY. It was hoped to draw the fire of GUNS at C which
5" Howitzer were waiting to engage but C would not fire.

At 1700 The same batteries fired at SCRUBBY KNOLL, HEAD of LONG VALLEY, BATTLESHIP HILL and TURKS HUMP; the reverse slopes of these hills were searched to a distance of from 300 to 500 yards and reliable information gained from effect

could not be judged.

During this series 5" Howitzers fired 5 registering

rounds at C.

General.

8 Movement was again seen of western slopes of ACHI BABA
9 A gum was firing from 971 at a short range but was not

located

A gun above SANDPIT fired a few rounds and was registered

by CADDYS Battery.

Il Three prematures occurred in BROWNES Battery during the afternoon.

Our artillery did not wait today until definite movement was seen or enemy's guns opened fire but specific tasks were allotted and detailed in series at 1100 1132 and 1130 and 1700

The guns from direction of OLIVE GROVE which shelled the pier and barges aground just north of the pier were not located

The emplacement and road thereto for 4.7 gun due to be landed en night 9/10th are in process of construction.

15 Ammunition expended 18 pr 255 5" 5 6" nil

16 Killed nil

Colonel.
Commanding Divisional Artillery.

[m] 4/

7.176

Appendix No. 1.

NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIAN DIVISION 9/7/15.

Summary of events from 6 a.m. 8th July to 6 a.m. 9th July 1915.

NO. 3 SECTION

This Section was subjected to a certain amount of shelling during the morning, but no material damage was done.

The enemy's trenches opposite No. 3 Subsection of QUINN'S POST

were still burning at 3 p.m. yesterday.

The enemy appeared to be actively digging in the crater near

the GERMAN OFFICERS' TRENCH.

There was a general burst of enemy rifle fire at 9.40 p.m. from the vicinity of the NEK, and a second burst was opened at 9.55 p.m. The fire was heaviest on the left in front of POPE'S. As the first burst ceased, a green rocket was sent up by the Turks. Nothing noteworthy occurred during the rest of the night

which was reported to be very quiet.

NO. 4 SECTION

A quiet day except for the fire of the enemy's Artillery, which was of an intermittent character throughout the morning, principally from a gun in the direction of the "W" Hills, but at a shorter range than usual.

There were several sharp bursts of rifle and Machine Bun fire during the night - the first at 9.30 p.m. These were apparently

started by bomb-throwing on our part.

The shooting by H.M.S. "COLNE" at old No. 3 Post, TABLE TOP, and the ridge beyond old No. 3, was very effective.

ARTICLERY REPORT

The 1st Battery yesterday morning fired two rounds at the crest on LONESOME PINE.

In the afternoon, twenty rounds were fired at JOHNSTON'S JOLLY. The left of Eastern portion of the trench on top looked as if there were several openings for look-outs or Machine Guns. The first few rounds disclosed heavy overhead cover which had been carefully concealed. The cover was built up of baulks of timber which the shooting considerably disturbed.

The Howitzer Battery fired as follows :

9.25 a.m. - Five rounds at gun emplacement on JOHNSTON'S JOLLY.

12 noon - Four rounds at .75 mm. gun.

2 p.m. - Four rounds at MORTAR RIDGE.
4 p.m. - One round at MORTAR RIDGE

6 p.m. - Seven rounds at .75 mm. gun. The above were reported effective.

The number of rounds fired by Japanese Mortar - Nil.

CASUALTIES

KILLED

Officers: Other Ranks:

WOUNDED

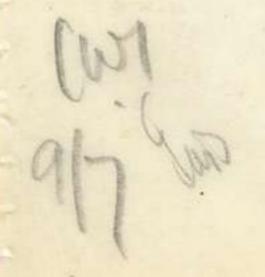
Officers: 1 Other Ranks: 9

SICK

Evacuated: 4 Officers during the day: 98 Other Ranks

CASUALTIES AMONG ANIMALS : Nil.

We mouthwall Major-General,



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AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ARMY CORPS.

No Ja 19.2

Army Corps Headquarters,
Anzac Cove, 9th July, 1915.

From:- General Staff,
Australian and New Zealand
Army Corps.

To :- Australian Division.

New Zealand & Aust. Division.

I.M.A. Brigade. (for information as regards Para 9)

MEMORANDUM.

The attached Memorandum is forwarded for your information.

2. Will you please continue by all means in your power local ruses to draw fire throughout the night, in addition to any general ruse which may from time to time be initiated by Army Corps Headquarters.

Lieut-Colonel,
for Brig-General,
General Staff,
Australian and New Zealand Army Corps.

Step being well (107)

Lunding 107

Line Land 100 106 see 10/7/15

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General Headquarters,

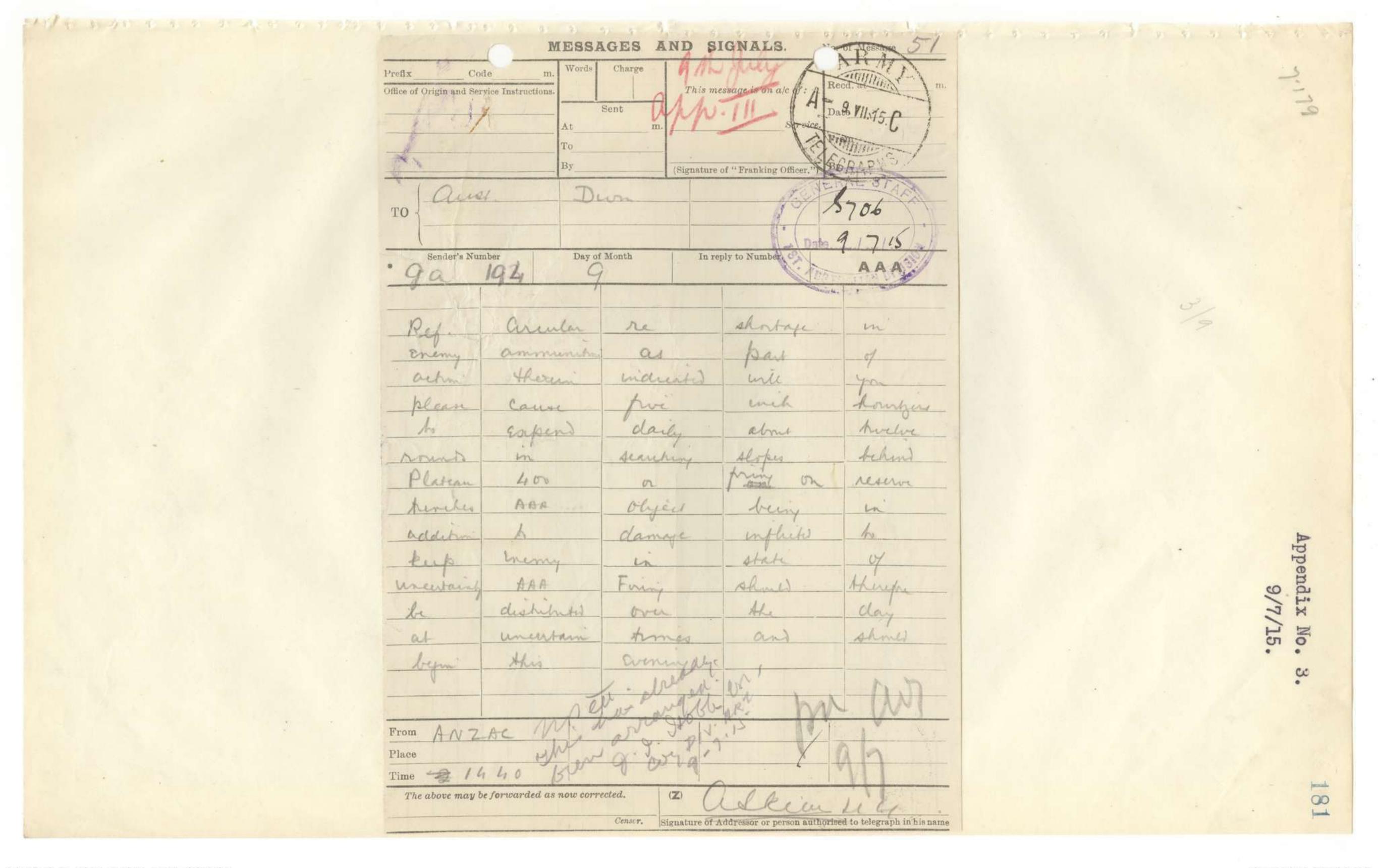
Mediterranean Expeditionary Force, 8th July, 1915.

To: : Genral Officer Commanding,
A & N.Z. Army Corps.

The General Commanding has learnt today from a source which he believes to be anbolutely reliable that for the next three weeks the situation of the Turks on the Gallipoli Peninsula will be most critical unless munitions of war are allowed to pass freely through Roumania; at the end of this Period it is believed that Turkey will be in a position to manufacture her own munitions of war. German influence is being exerted to the utmost to induce the Roumanian Government to abandon their present attitude in regard to the transit of munitions of war. Our information, however, is to the effect that there is no danger of the present policy of exceptional benevolent neutrality on the part of Roumania towards the Entente Powers in the matter of munitions of war being changed. In these circumstances, the General Commanding feels sure that you will take every advantage of this state of affairs. Any devices or ruses to induce the enemy to expend ammunition should be resorted to; constant pressure should be exerted on the enemy and every advantage taken to harass him by means of patrols, snipers, local threats of attack, etc, etc. In connection with inducing the enemy to expend their ammunition the use of Pole targets might be usefully employed and any local operations which may be in contemplation should be made to fit in to this period of reported scarcity of ammunition.

The General Commanding would be glad to receive reports from you in about a weeks time as to whether, from your experiences during that time, the information he now forwards you is in your opinion confirmed.

(Sgd) W.P.Braithwaite, Major -General, C.S.S M.E.F.



7180

app July

Date 7...1.7.1/.5

Headquarters, 1st Australian Division, 9th July, 1915.

S714

Officer Commanding
Divisional Artillery.

Please arrange to forward each evening as early as may be convenient a summary of information with reference to movements, works, &c., of the enemy, which may be observed by officers of the units under your command.

A supply of forms for this purpose is forwarded herewith; further supplies can be obtained by indent in the ordinary way.

A copy of a memorandum issued to officers commanding brigades is forwarded for your information.

(Sgd) 6BBWhite

General Staff.

lst Australian Division.

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Appendix No. 4.

9/7/15.

Headquarters, 1st Australian Division; 1915.

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Officer Commanding.

3 Inf. Bdes. and 2nd L.H.Bde. (Copy to Div. Art.)

With reference to the daily intelligence summary,
I am directed to bring the following points to your notice :-

1. - The summary should be forwarded as early as possible at the end of each day. When more active conditions ensue the plans of the G.O.C. Division and those of the General Officers Commanding even higher formations will depend very largely upon the nature of the intelligence received in the daily summary. It is necessary that the summary should be available in sufficient time to allow it to be sifted, was checked and summarised at Divisional Headquarters.

2. - The summary should not mention movements of our own troops. Its function is to state clearly and in chronological order all information of the enemy which has come under the notice of the brigade during the day. Wt should repeat information which has been sent forward in message form because of its importance.

Under existing conditions it should bring to notice old work which is in progress as well as new works.

- 3. The same incident is occasionally reported by different brigades to have occurred at different times. This point may become an important one in more active conditions. Sometimes no time at all is given as to when an incident occurred. Correct divisional time must be kept and exactness in reporting accurately the times of occurrences must be cultivated. This should soon become a matter of habit.
- 4. The results and circumstances of hostile movement are frequently all that can be observed, e.g., clouds of dust, movements of birds and animals, &c.. Observers should in such cases endeavour to ascertain the causes of movement. This may be determined by the direction and manner of a flight of birds, &c. Dust is a

2.

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Dust is a very deceptive circumstance, as its movement depends largely on the wind. The rate at which the head of the dust cloud rises may sometimes establish whether it is caused by a single motor car or by a body of infantry. The intensity of the cloud and the rate of its movement under existing wind conditions will often determine the presence of troops, and the nature of the arm.

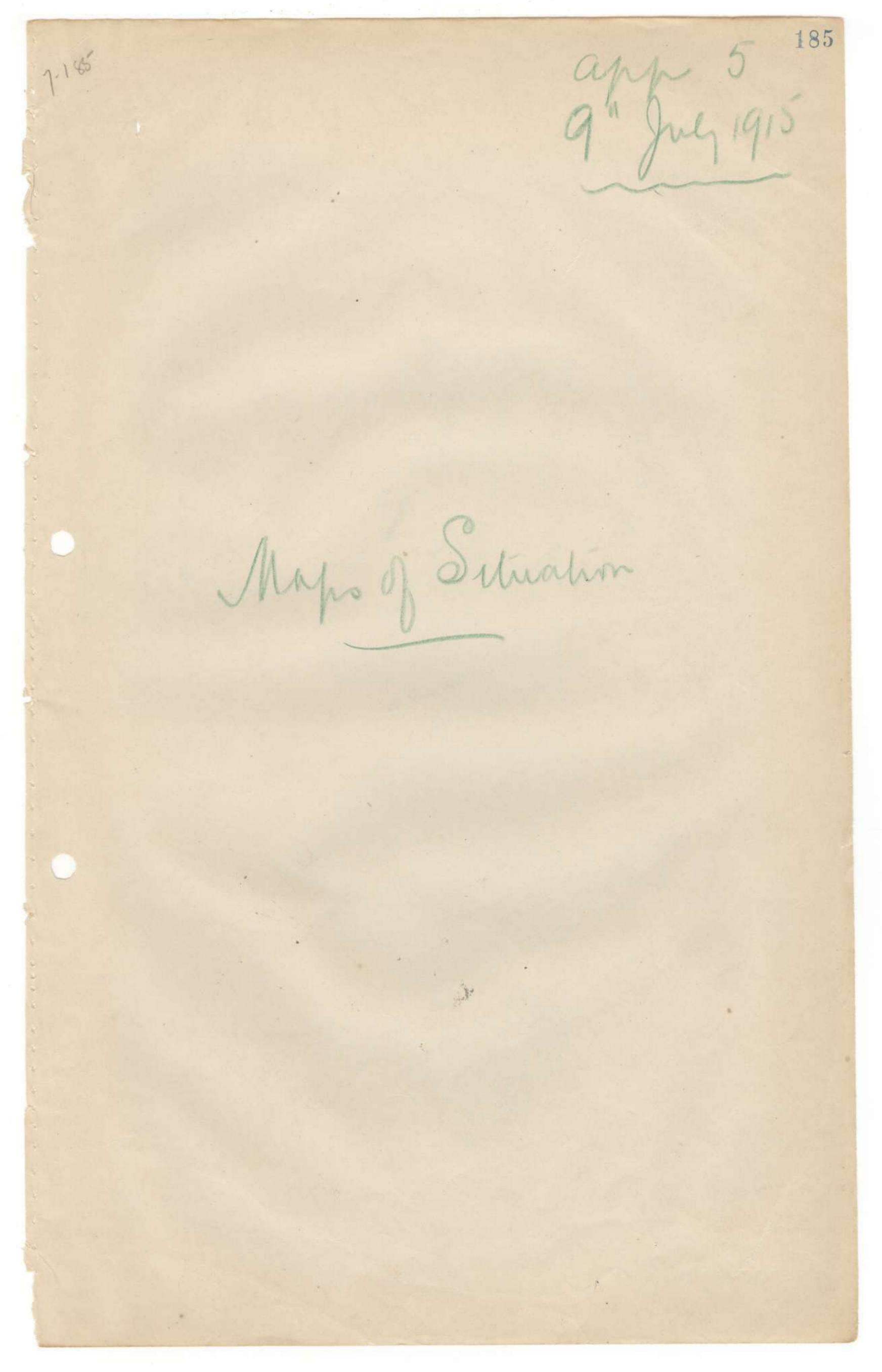
with slow-moving bodies the direction of a dust cloud may easily deceive an observer as to the direction of the movement. But if the head of the dust cloud is observed this is easily ascertained. Sometimes a change in the nature of the readway causes a gap in the dust cloud and the direction can be picked up when it begins to rise again.

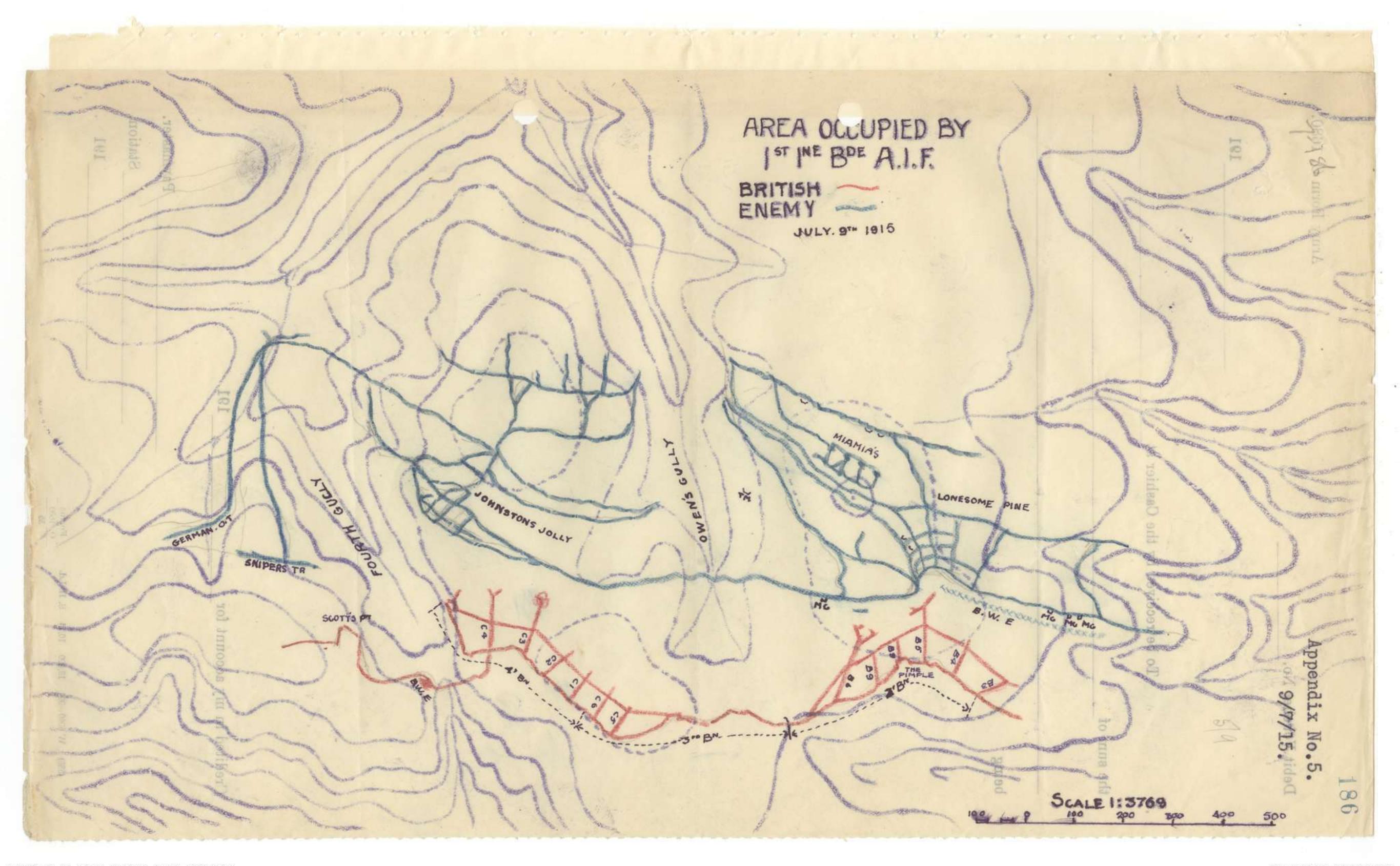
Observers should be encouraged to draw intelligent deductions from simple matters of this nature but a tendency to making deductions without thorough investigation must be guarded against.

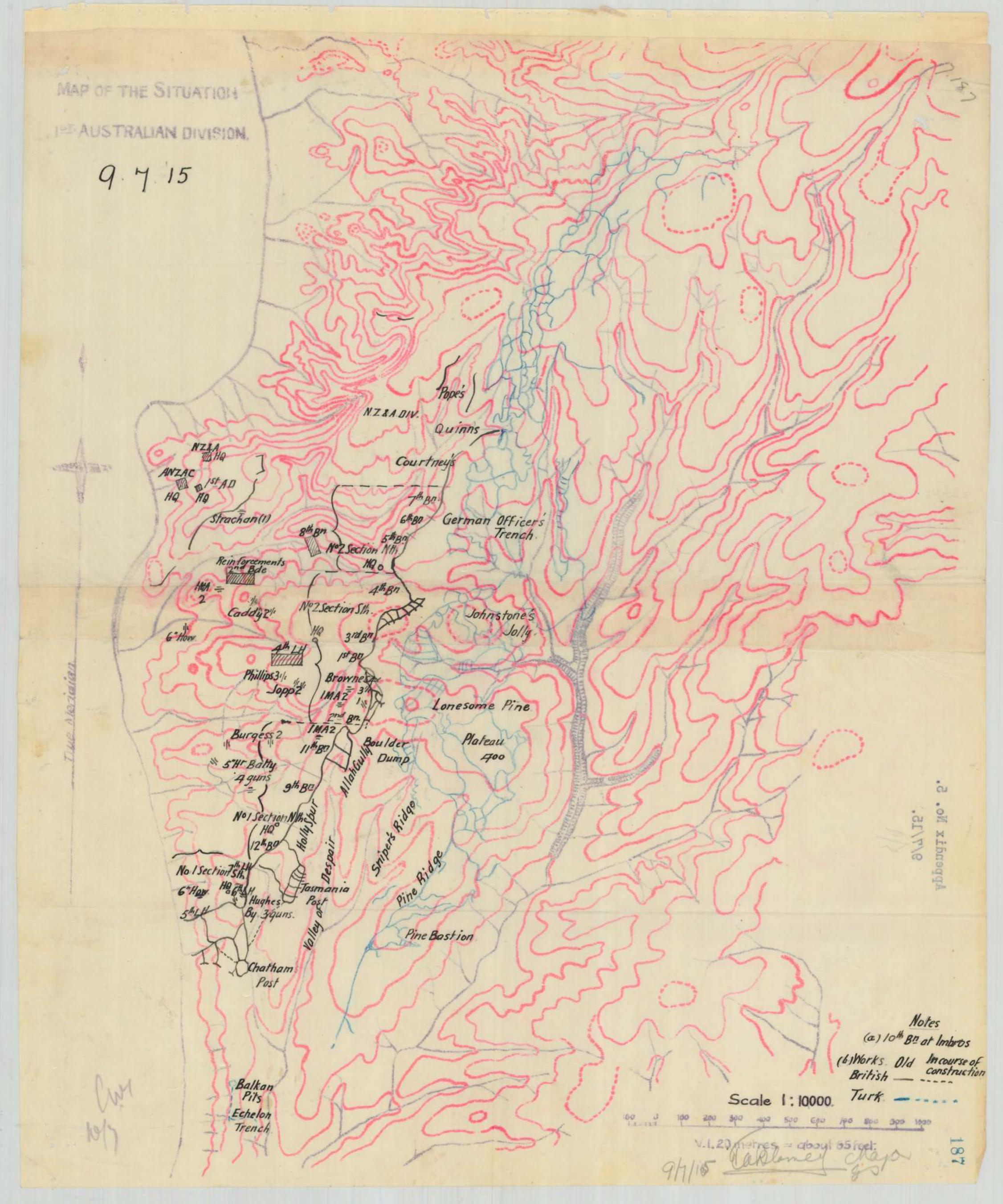
General Staff.

BB Muli

1st Australian Division.







Appendix No. 6.

OPERATION MEMORANDUM No. 19

Major-General J.G. Legge, C.M.G., Commanding lat Australian Division.

> Divisional Headquarters, July, 9th, 1915.

Trenches visiting

714 app. Wandram

1. The following extract from Army Corps Routine Orders, dated 7th July, 1915, is published for

information "173. Officers visiting trenches of other units of their own brigade will make their presence known informally to each officer they meet. When visiting trenches of other brigades they will do the same, but before leaving their own area they will report their intention to the brigade or section commanders of the section or sections they intend visiting, so as to be able to establish their identity quickly in case the officer to whom they introduce themselves doubts their bona fides. Any man entering the trenches of another battalion is to be provided with a pass establishing his identity and mission. Officers in trenches who find in their command any officer or man who is not known to them are to ascertain whether he is a member of the forces at If they have any doubts they are to Anzac. detain him or take him to Post or Section Head-Quarters while enquiries are being made."

> C.B.B. WHITE, Lt.-Colonel, General Staff, 1st Australian Division. INFORMATION.

1. Our submarine in the Sea of Marmora successfully attacked four big steamers and five large sailing ships. The reported suicide of SUIEMAN ASKEWI, late Commander of Turkish Army operating against the ferces in MESOPOTAMIA is confirmed. 3. Gerdarmes from KONIA and ANGORA are said to have arrived at Constantinople for despatch to the Peninsula. They are being trained and armed with old rifles. 4. It is reported that no less than two-thirds of the Turkish Officer's Corps are either killed or wounded. 5. Men up to 50 years of age are being taken for the army. Vali of Kastamuni is said to have protested saying that in consequence

a good har vest would be lost. TRANSLATION OF TURKISH DIVISIONAL ORDERS. To the Commander of the right wing 9.6.15.

It is inferred from the dessation of the enemy's attack to-day that they have sustained heavy losses and that there is no probability

of a fresh attack on their part.

Of the original position, the sections which are in our hands must be defended at any cost and those in the enemy's hends must be further approached and the trenches prepared accordingly. The Zone commanders should use the engineer cos. in front for digging trenches. The enemy trenches, the capture of which is considered possible must be captured without waiting for the projected general attack by fresh

troops. General attacks on our southern position grow feebler each NOTE. time. Our adversary is very hopeful when he infers that there is no probability of any fresh attack.

1st AUSTRALIAN DIVISION.

Summary - 6 a.m. 9th July to 6 a.m. 10th July.

No. I. Section .. An uneventful day. During the night heavy bursts of fire were drawn from the enemy by various devices.

A bombing party moving out from TASMANIA POST bombed the enemy and drew a good deal of fire. A light horse patrol sent out from CHATHAM POST lay up for the enemy but had no success.

No.II. Section .. The day passed quietly. We blew the enemy out of his position in tunnel D.21, formed a crater, and are now in occupation. The 2nd Infantry Brigade (left of No.II Section) was shelled with 6-inch howitzers from the direction of BATTLESHIP HILL during the afternoon; very little damage was done. The southern portion of No.II Section also suffered from 6-inch shell fire during the afternoon. One shell was found to have a leaden driving band.

During the day an enemy shiper or scout was shot by us while endeavouring to return to his lines.

Artillery .. An observing station was located near the MATHEMATICAL GUN PITS. HUGHES'S battery dispersed the observers and registered the target.

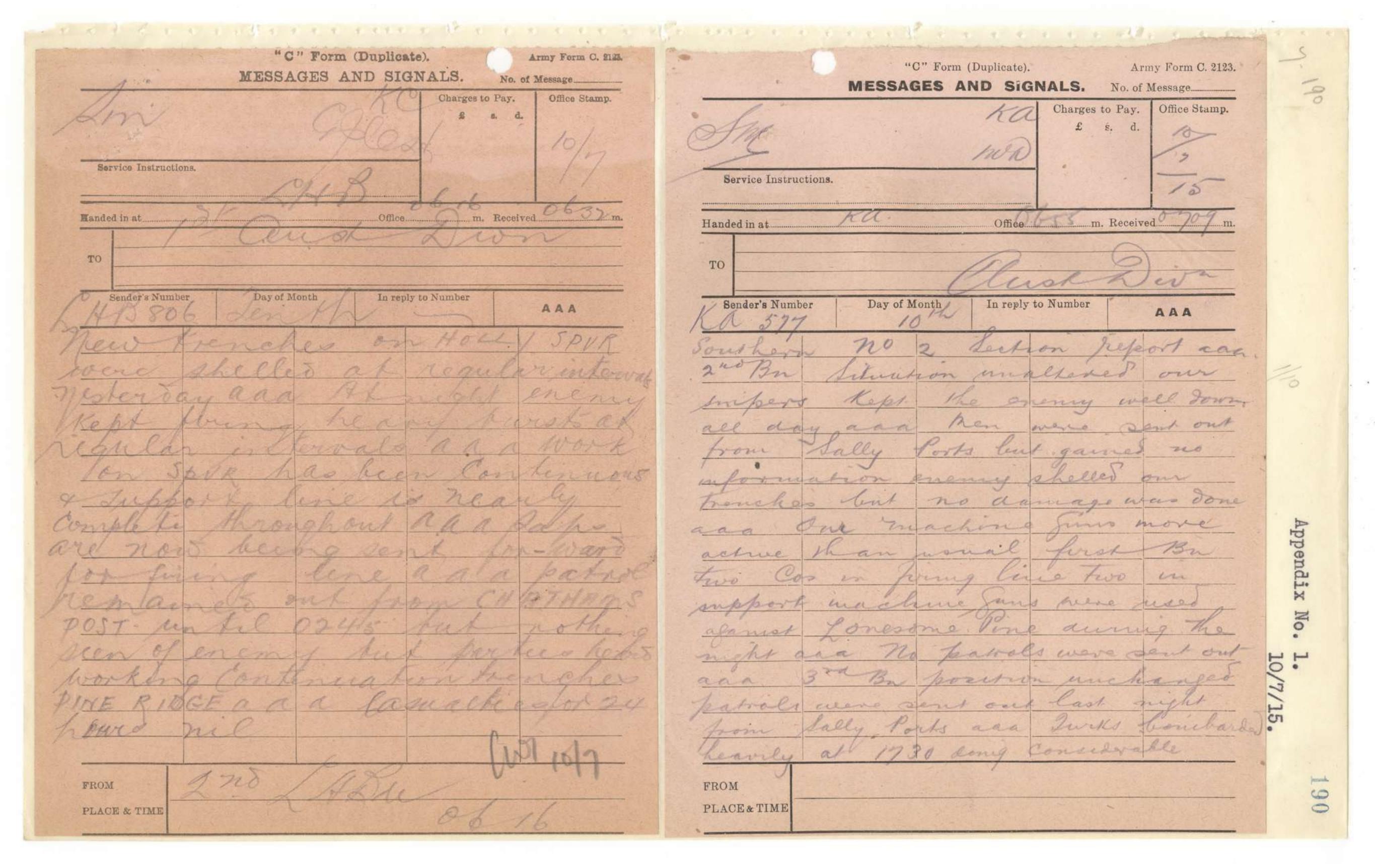
A prearranged bombardment of JOHNSTONE'S JOLLY and LONESOME PINE by a 5-inch howitzer was effected yesterday. Many of the 5-inch howitzer shells failed to detonate owing to the short range and the soft ground. During the series all other guns of this Division were in readiness to engage any target which appeared. In the northern section two guns only replied - one from THE SANDPIT and the other from TURKS HUMP. In the southern section enemy artillery was more active and replied to the bombardment with guns from OLIVE GROVE, 212 H.8, 2 guns on WINEGLASS HILL, and gun not yet located in the OLIVE GROVE.

At 1614 JOPP'S battery fired effectively at a transport train on the road west of BIG KLOOF, the train was scattered.

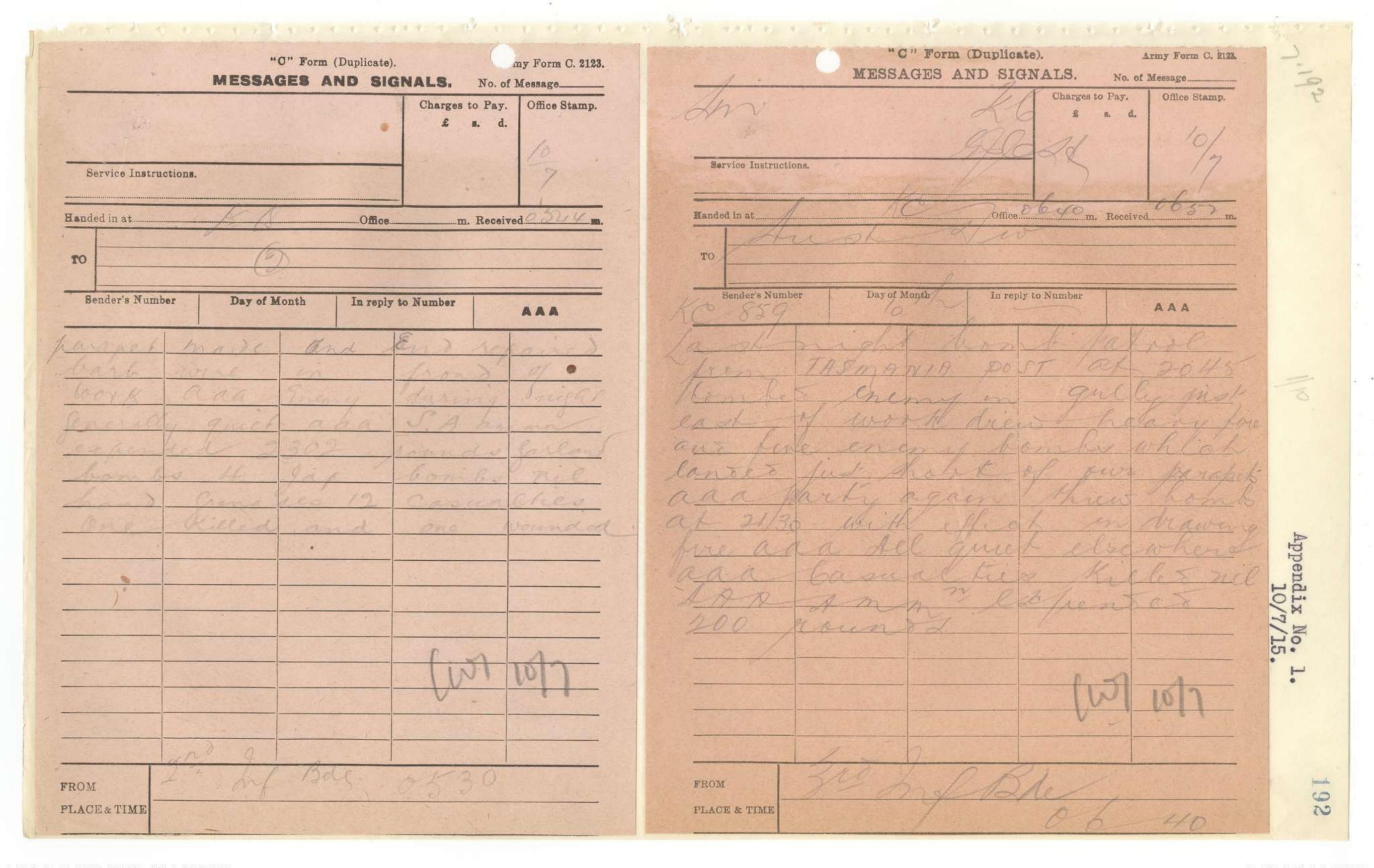
	\$ Ce	ntre KILID E	BAHR PL	ATEAU	Officers	Other ranks	Animals
Casualties		Killed				2	2001
		Wounded			***	22	
		Sick			6	61	000
				4	The Action of the Contract of		

Ammunition .. 6-inch howitzer 5-inch howitzer Japanese mortar expended Nil 32 rounds Nil.

Lieut.-Colonel. General Staff. 10/7/1915.



"C" Form (Duplicate). Army Form C. 2123. MESSAGES AND SIGNALS. No. of Message	"C" Form (Duplicate). Army Form C. 2123. MESSAGES AND SIGNALS. No. of Message
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FIRST AUSTRALIAN DIVISION Artillery Daily Report. Anzac 10.7.15 No 1 Section. At 1310 BUGHES Battery fired 3 rounds at a working party on SNIPERS RIDGE and at 1730 at communication trench. Fire W was effective. An observing station was located near cement emplacement HUGHES Battery fired 9 rounds, observers disappeared and target was registered. Nos 1 and 2 Sections. A prearranged bombardment of JOHNSTONS JOLLY position by 5" Ho itzer and of LONESOME PINE position by N.Z. Howitsers and N.Z. No 1 Battery took place. The N.Z. Art. fire was very effective and considerable damage must have been done but many shells of 5" Howitzers failed to detonate at the short range in the soft ground. During the above series all Aust. 18 pr and 6" Howitzers and 21st I.M.A. were ordered to be in readiness to engage any target that appeared in their zone. In the Nothern Section two guns only replied one from 6 near SAND PIT the other from TURKS HUMP. A few rounds were fired at each by BROWNES and CADDYS Batteries until one section 5" Howitzers could be switched on to them -The switch was accurately carries out at these previously regiatered spots, the first shot at each falling in the hollow where dust could be seen - three rounds were fired q at each target. In the southern section enemy artillery was more active and replied to bombardment with guns from both sections OLIVE GROVE, 212 H 8, two guns on WINEGLASS MAKE Battery and a gun as yet unlocated in the OLIVE GROVE. These guns were effectively engaged by BURGESS and JOPPS Batteries and the enemy did not persist. A six inch Howitzer from a southerly direction fired a few rounds into our trenches near BROWNES Battery. JOPPS Battery was ordered to fire a few rounds over the face of KABA TROB it is probable that this fire caused enemy gun to cease by preventing accurate observation. At 1614 JOPPS Battery fired effectively at a transport 9 train on road west of BIG KLOOF - the train was scattered. Ammunition expended 18 pr. 126 rds, 5" 32 rds 6" nil. 10 Killed 11 Commanding Div. Artillery.

7194

Summary of events from 6 a.m. 9th July 1915 to 6 a.m. 10th July 1915.

NO. 3 SECTION

At 12 noon, a 50 lbs. mine was fired by the Engineers in front of No. 3 Subpost of QUINN'S, and at 1.30 p.m. a second was fired in front of No. 5 Subpost. Both explosions were followed, after a few seconds, by another explosion as though a Turkish mine had been detonated in each case. After the second explosion, smoke was seen rising from the Turkish fire trench.

The rest of the day passed very quietly. At 9.30 p.m. Lieut.Colonel STODDART, and 3 men of the 2nd Light Horse Regiment, proceeded up the valley in front of POPE'S, and exploded 7 bombs amongst a working party of Turks on the crest of DEADMAN'S RIDGE. This caused a burst of fire from the "U" Trench at the head of Monash Gully, which was taken up all along the line to the right opposite COURTNEY'S. This burst of fire only lasted for about 5 minutes, but intermittent rifle fire was kept up for a short period, and a Turkish Machine Gun on our left front kept up bursts of fire for a considerable time.

At 3 a.m. there was again a short burst of rifle fire in front of COURTNEY'S and QUINN'S, and at 3.45 a.m. a few Turks were seen in front of No. 2 Subpost crawling towards our trench. They were driven off with a bomb.

NO. 4 SECTION

A very quiet morning without any shelling.

SNIPERS' NEST has been greatly strengthened and improved by the Turks; they can be seen working on the CHOCOLATE HILLS, and

appear to be making a large earthwork of some kind.

In order to assist the Destroyer in ranging, a red star-sign has been placed at the entrance of No. 1 Sap. The extreme limit of our trenches lies 50 yards to the East, and 40 yards to the North of this point.

H.M.S. "CHELMER" shelled the old No. 3 Outpost at 8.50 p.m.

making good practice.

There were slight bursts of rifle and Machine Gun fire from the Turks on the NEK, and towards the top of Monash Gully between 9 and 10 p.m., but they only lasted a few minutes.

As it had been previously arranged for the Destroyer to shell the NEK at 3 a.m., it was also decided to combine a ruse with this operation to draw the enemy's fire. Accordingly all our Machine Guns covering the NEK opened fire, but without drawing any considerable hostile fire.

A patrol of 1 Officer and 1 man proceeded during the night

to the North.

ARTILLERY REPORT

The principal artillery event of the day was a bombardment of JOHNSTON'S JOLLY and LONESOME PINE at 5 p.m. in conjunction with the Australian Artillery. Under the scheme, LONESOME PINE was allotted to the New Zealand Artillery, and JOHNSTON'S JOLLY to the Australians. The object was to destroy, as far as possible, the enemy's overhead cover, and to knock down the parapets of their trenches, and in consequence, either Percussion, Shrapnel or Lyddite was employed.

The task was allotted to the 1st and Howitzer Batteries, and in accordance with the scheme, the 1st Battery fired thirty four rounds, and the Howitzer Battery twenty seven against LONESOME PINE, doing a considerable amount of damage to the enemy's trenches. The 1st Battery, after firing as above, switched on to JOHNSTON'S JOLLY, and put in six rounds there in a

similar manner.



The Howitzer Battery with its Right Flank Section, at 4.50 p.m. fired two rounds effectively at MORTAR RIDGE. At 5.45 p.m. ten rounds were fired from the Left Flank Section to silence the .75 mm. gun whose fire was drawn in the

direction of the 1st Battery by the Afternoon's bombardment. A report from the O.C. 1st Battery at 3.30 p.m. that large columns of dust were visible on the foothills of ACHI BABA moving South East was reported to Anzac at the time.

The Aeroplane series which were to take place on the 6th inst. have now been set down to beging at 6 p.m. to-day.

The number of rounds fired by Japanese Mortar - Nil.

CASUALTIES

KILLED

Officers : Other Ranks :

WOUNDED

Officers : Other Ranks :

SICK

Evacuated 5 Officers during the day 56 Other Ranks.

CASUALTIES AMONG ANIMALS Nil.

ANZAC COVE

10th July 1915.

My Prouthwouldthat The Major-General.

Commanding N.Z. & A. Division.

app 2 196 10 July 1910 bopy of message Nº M. F. A. 1095, dated 9" July, 1915, received from anywar as Ita. 1st aust. Dw., 1 pm, 10" July 1915 Following telegram from War Office. Begins! laptam Macpherson proceeds at once to gue verbal account and advice as regards gas defence, trotection best afforded by gas helmes protectors which have blen sent you and continue to be forwarded. These require reimpregnation with chemicals and drying after more than three hours exposure to chlorine gas. Can be dispelled by sprayers: 300 forwarded Ao you. Dolution for spraying is 6 lb hyposulphate of Goda, I handful washing soda in bucketful of water. Sas might be partially ent off by screens of this material or blankets welled with same solution For Areasment oxygen inhilation, hypodermic injections, atrophine 1/1000 of a gram, usual expectorants and cardiac Somes. Keeping head stretcher low found useful. above all things it is essential that men should be carefully taught to use helmer protector. This gives complete protection against Chlorine. anti-gas bombs have not been used Ends. Iresumed all officers and men have been instructed steps necessary y'enemy uses gas. Ensure hat men are practised in use of sprayers. Screens should be ready and alternative positions deciden without delay. Report if any difficulty and

Copy of message No. M.F.A.1095 dated 9th. July 1915.

"Following telegram from War Office. Begins: Captain Macpherson proceeds at once to give verbal account and advice as regards gas defence, protection best afforded by gas helmet protectors which have been sent you and continue to be forwarded. These require reimpregnation with chemicals and drying after more than three hours exposure to Chlorine gas. Can be dispelled by sprayers, 300 forwarded to you. Solution for spraying is 6 lb. hyposulphate of soda, I handfull washing soda in bucketful of water. Gas might be partially cut off by this material or blankets wetted with same solution. For treatment oxygen inhalation, hypodermic injections atropine 1/100 of a grain, usual expectorants and cardiac tonics. Keeping head stretcher low found useful. . Above all things it is essential that men should be carefully taught to use helmet protector, this gives complete protection against chlorine, antigas bombs have not been used. Ends AAA Presumed all officers and men have been instructed steps necessary if enemy uses gas AAA Ensure that men are practiced in use sprayers AAA Screens should be ready and alternative positions decided without delay AAA Report if any difficulty and when arrangements are complete."

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Secret

10 pl July

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DIVISIONAL HEADQUARDERS.

IST AUSTRALIAN DIVISION.

loth July, 1915.

To Officer Commanding.

Bde. Commanders & Div. Art.

- 1. From reliable sources it has been ascertained that for the next 3 weeks, the position of the Turks in the Gallipoli Feninsula will be most critical, unless munitions of war are allowed to pass freely through Roumania. At the end of this period it is believed that Turkey will be able to manufacture her own munitions of war.
- 2. It is very desirable therefore, that during the next 5 weeks we should constantly harass the enemy and induce him to expend ammunition. The Divisional Commander trusts that during each day and night ruses will be adopted for drawing the enemy's fire.

The employment of patrols and bombing parties should be regular and insistent.

3. It is suggested that by such contrivances as dummies, pole tergets, deception could be greatly aided.

Mout. -Colonel.

General Staff.

JAB BMut

let Australian Division.

Service Instructions.	my Form C. 2123.
Bender's Number Day of Month In reply to Number	
Fourth by the hortes ene blown sep hunter has to follow	my having lives and a second an
How to the	Appendix No. 4. 10/7/15.
FROM PLACE & TIME 2115	147

OPERATION MEMORANDUM No. 20 Major-General J.G. Legge, C.M.G., Commanding Ist Australian Division. Divisional Headquarters. 10th July, 1915. 1. - All troops will be forbidden the practice of digging ou Unexploded and examining unexploded shells. Such shells frequently shells. contain high explosives and are fitted with delay action fuzes. All unexploded shells should be left untouched for a period of minutes, after which they should be removed ten by artillery personnel if possible and either buried or dropped into deep water. 2. - (i) The enemy's trenches running east and west in the . Locality cornfield on the eastern slopes of HARRIS RIDGE are Names. called ECHELON TRENCHES. (ii) The locality names appearing in the panowalma sketches issued on 2nd July 1915 are authorised mames. C.B.B. WHITE, Lieut. -dolonel, General Staff, 1st Australian Division. INFORMATION. News has been received to the effect that a secret order was issued by the Turkish Commander in Chief on July 6th enjoining economy in ammunition especially in regard to artillery. A Turkish submarine is said to have been brought to Constantinople in a damaged condition. Information has been received that a party of German gas experts have been sent to the Peninsula. At 6.30 a.m. on July 9th an armistics was asked for by the Turks on the left flank of the 8th Army Corps. The request was refusad. No. 1 Coy. reports on 19.6.15. Strength 3 officers, 223 men. Of the above 130 men are untrained, 10 are employed on sanitary dutie 13 are with the train and 18 with the 1st line transport No. 2 Coy. reports on 19.6.15 Strength 237 including 46 trained men. Ammunition with Coy. 9,800 ras. Another Coy, reports on 19.4.15 Strength 1 officer, 43 trained and 200 untrained men. No. 4 Coy. reports on 19.6.15. An additional 103 men have been received. Amongst these 6 have been trained, the remainder do not know how to load their rifles properly. They are armed with 1891 Maugar. (The above probably refers to a Battin. of Regi. 126 TRANSLATION OF TURKISH DIVISIONAL ORDER. From O.C. 126th Regt. to Battallon Commanders dated SIGEIN_DERE - 23.6.10 I am advised that the new men given to the battalions are ignorant to such a degree that they do not know how to open and close their rilles. This i inexcusable when we are at grips with the enemy and tomorrow at 10 a.m. who men must be separated and sent to the labourers battalions. 0.C. 13th Coy. to 0.C. of Battalion 17.6.15. Among the 76 men given me this morning to fill up the gaps created by the war there is not a single corporal or sergeent, nor does any one of the men appear to be trained in the use of the rifle. AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL RCDIG1010596

