AWM4

Australian Imperial Force unit war diaries, 1914-18 War

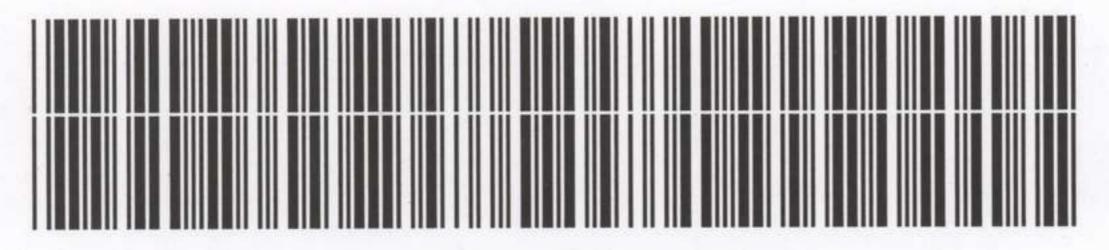
Formation Headquarters

Item number: 1/42/6 Part 6

Title: General Staff, Headquarters 1st

Australian Division

July 1915



AWM4-1/42/6PART6

G 2133

1st AUSTRALIAN DIVISION.



Summary - 6 a.m. 13th July to 6 a.m. 14th July.

Sniping during the night from BANKAN GUN FITS was No.I. Section .. silenced by our rifle fire and, generally speaking, the day was quiet. During the night the enemy was particularly active, a steady fire being kept up during practically the whole night - occasionally there were heavy bursts. A patrol sent out along HARRIS RIDGE encountered five Turks and these refusing to surrender were fired on at close range at least three dropped but it is fairly certain all were hit. Subsequently 30 to 40 Turks tried to rush our patrol consisting of six men, but it managed to effect its withdrawal. safely. A patrol of the 9th Battalion found Turks digging in the gully east of the CORNFIELD. The patrol was forced to retire by heavy rifle fire.

II. Section .. The southern portion of this section was bombarded at 1800 but very little damage was done. Very little occurred during the night in this portion of the section.

In the northern portion of the section the day was normal. At 1545 we fired a mine successfully in sap D.9 followed by another in sap D.25 at 1615. Both of these tunnels approach GERMAN OFFICERS TRENCH. The explosions drew heavy fire from a howitzer in the direction of BATTLESHIP HILL, from guns on MORTAR RIDGE and from a new gun position which has been pointed out to the artillery and which lies east of the north end of MORTAR RIDGE trenches. In this portion of the section we suffered considerable damage but repairs were effected during the night.

GERMAN OFFICERS TRENCH but no action beyond occasional bursts of fire. The trenches, however, strongly held.

The enemy guns at THE SANDPIT and "C" fired a few rounds at 1015, 1517, 1740, and 1754, and were replied to each time by BROWNE'S and CADDY'S batteries. At 1625 guns at "U" opened and were engaged by our 5-inch howitzer battery, 6 rounds from which were burst in the registered position.

At 1825 the guns at THE SANDFIT, TURKS HUMP, and SCRUBBY KNOLL opened fire - the last named is still unlocated. Notwithstanding our 5-inch howitzer fire and the fire from CADDY'S and BROWNE'S batteries the guns at TURKS HUMP could not be silenced.

The 4.7-inch gun has been moved to a position close to its emplacement ready to be run in when the work is completed. The gun has been examined and is reported to be in good condition.

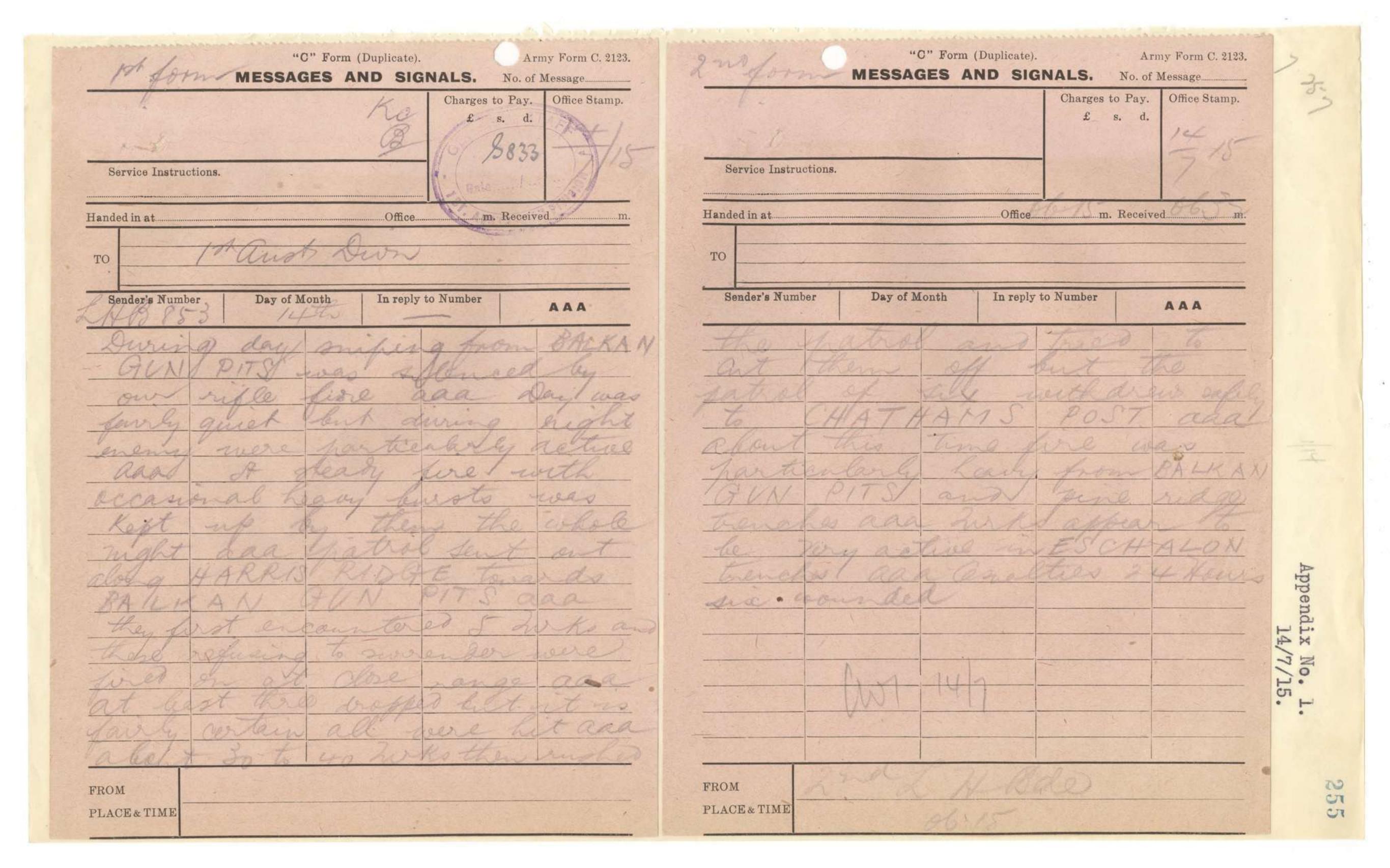
Officers Other ranks Animals MERNANG Killed .. 10 Wounded 49 50 Sick 000 Japanese mortar 5-inch howitzer 6-inch howitzer 4 rounds 40 rounds Nil

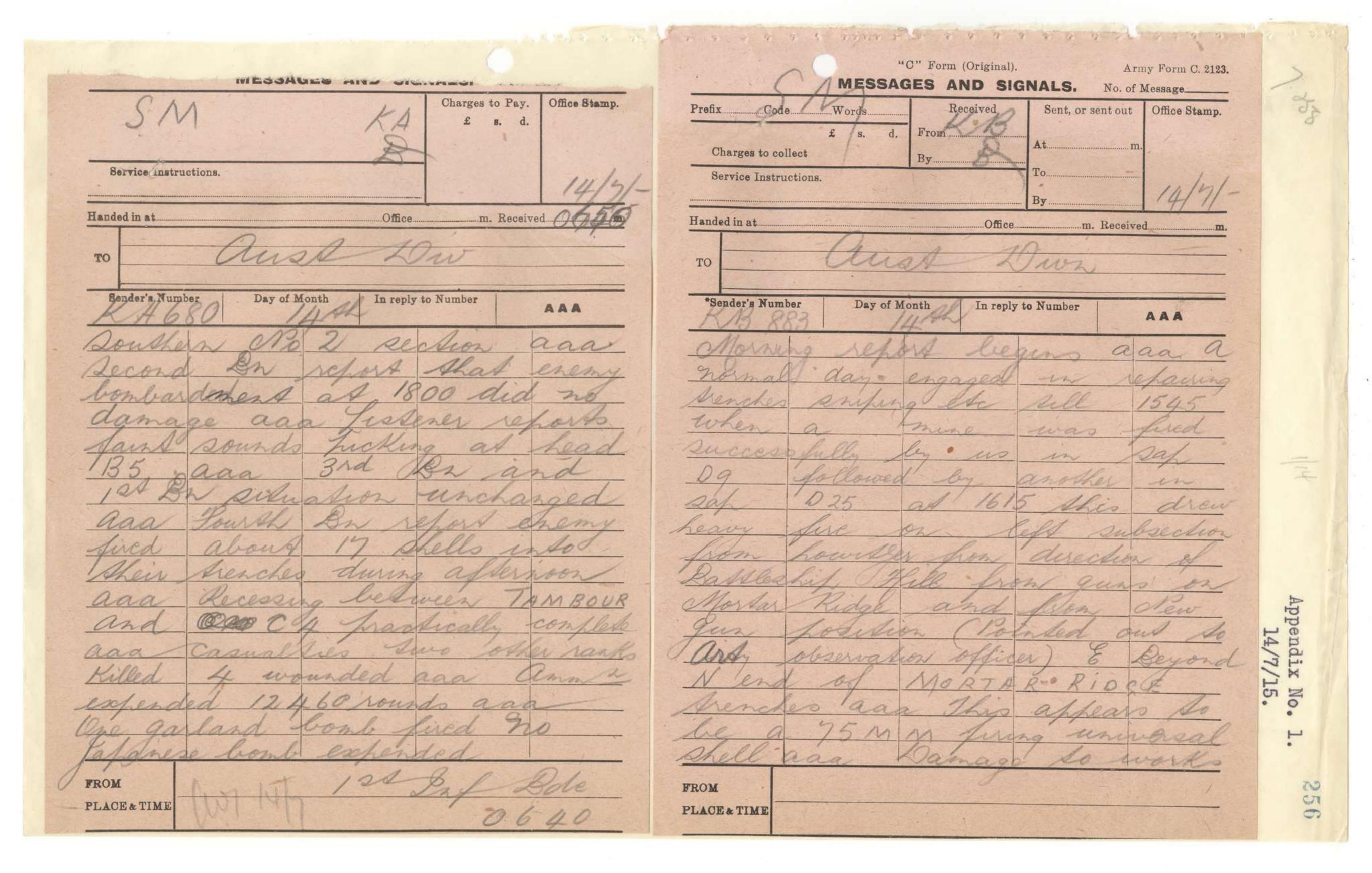
Lieut - 8

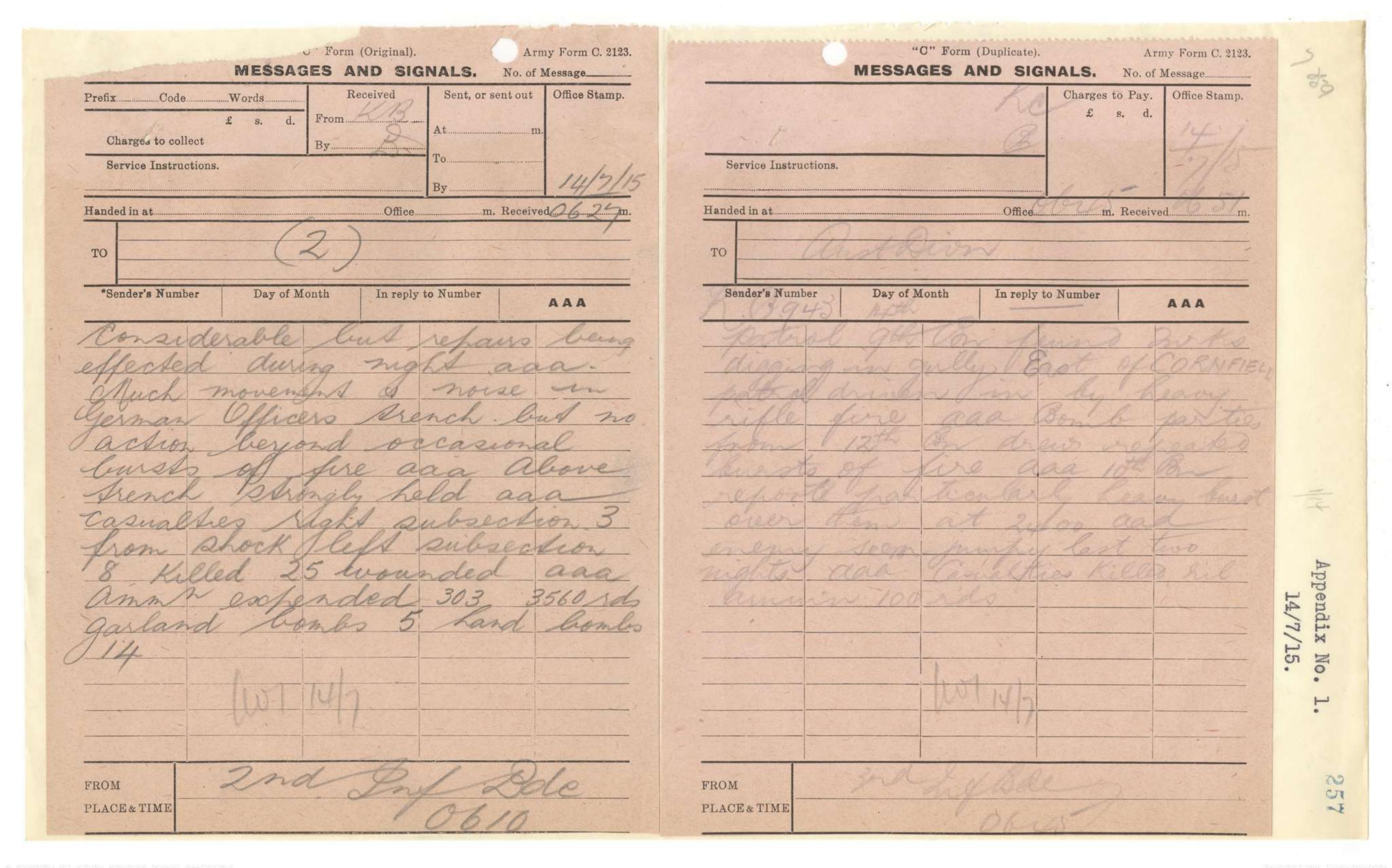
Artillery

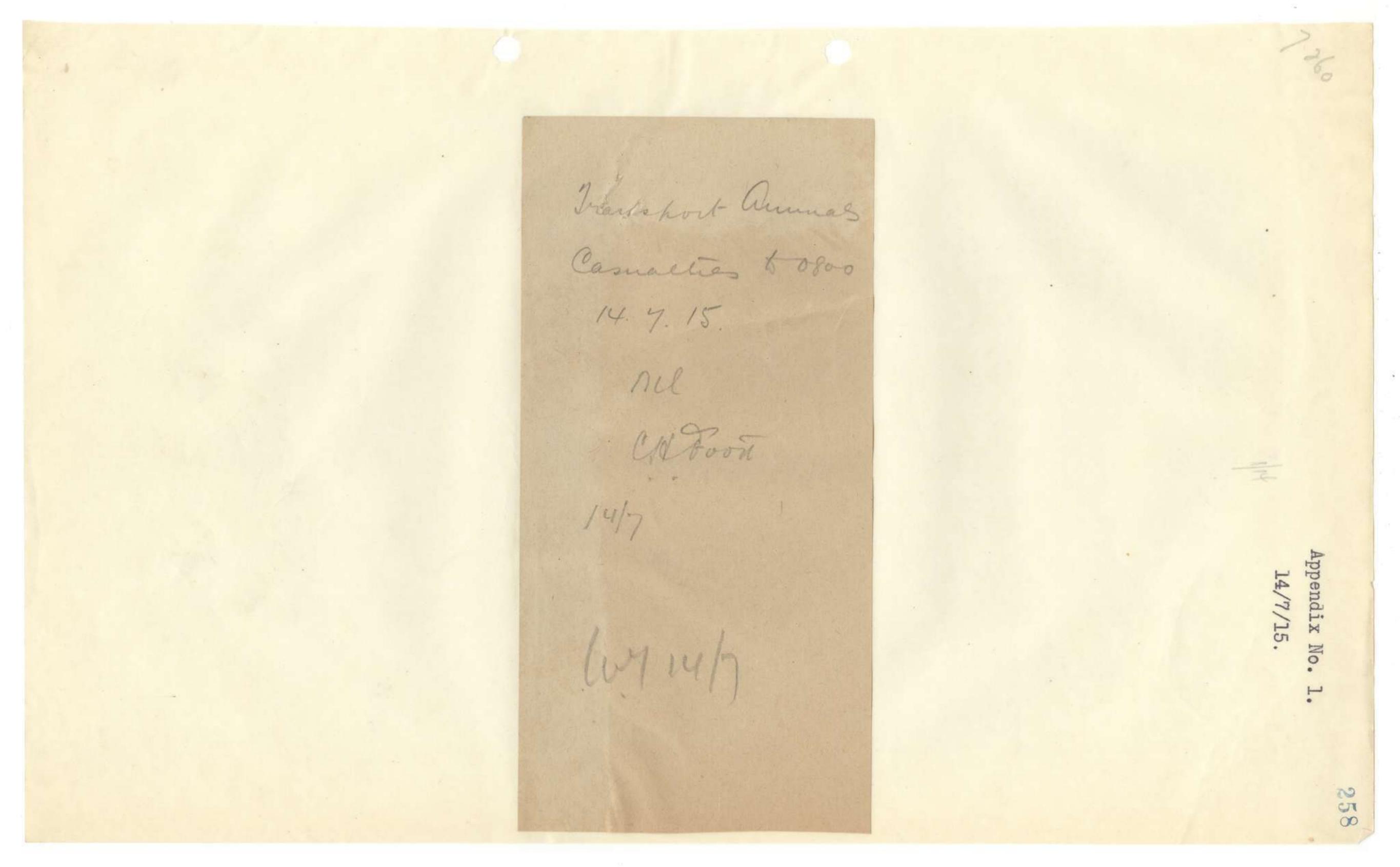
Social Social ties and Cashings Alle

mmunition



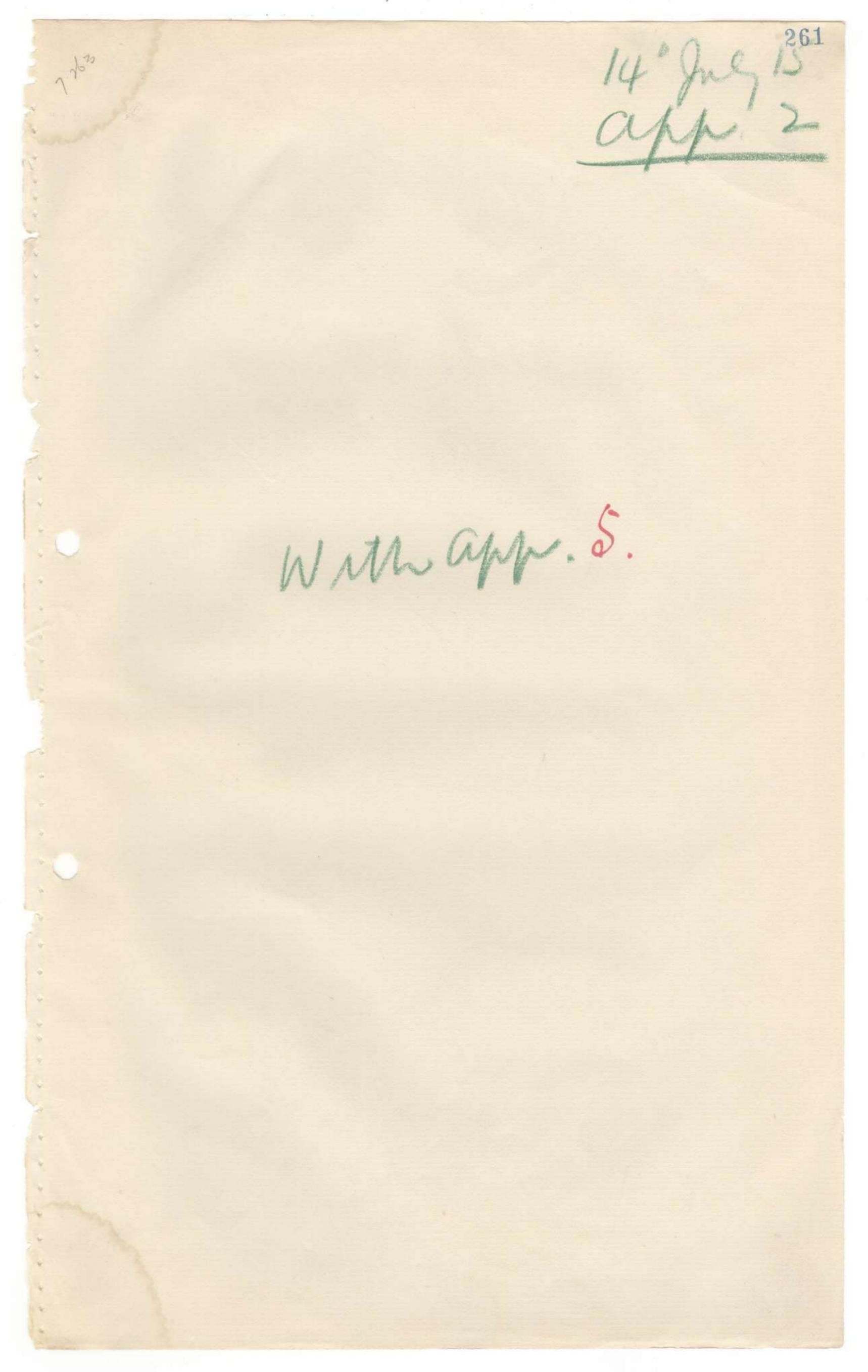






Artillery Daily Report. 14.7.15 No 1 Section. At 1823 Howitzer in s quare 203 B 4, OLIVE GROVE Right Section and gum in sq 212 H 8 opened fire on right flank and rear of HUGHES Battery. These guns were engaged by BURGESS and JOPPS Batteries. 29 rounds being fired when enemy ceased fire No 2 Section This morning was very quiet except that guns at SAND PIT and C fired a few rounds at 1015, 1517, 1740 and 1754 and were replied to each time by BROWNES and CADDYS Batteries with a-fe few effective rounds. At 1625 guns at C opened and were engaged by 5" Howitzer Battery, 6 rounds were fired which burst in the registered position. At 1825 guns at SAND PIT, TURKS HUMP, and SCRUBBY KNOLL opened fire - the last named being still unlocated - 5" How--itzers and CADDYS and BROWNES Batteries fired but the gum at TURKS HUMP could not be silenced and is thought to have moved and to have its old position indicated by puffs -This gun did much damage to trenches today General 4.7 gum has now been moved to a position close to its emplacement ready to be run in when work is completed. This gun was examined by Major O. F. Phillips. R.A.F.A. and is reported in good order and to show no signs of ming wear. The Stores, sighting and firing gear will be examined today. Ammunition expended 18 pr 163 rds, 5" 43 rds 6" 4 rds. 6 7. J. Strobb. Killed nil. Colonel Commdg. Art. 1st Aust. Div. the same of the sa RCDIG1010597 AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL



Appendix No. 3. 14/7/15.

"A" Form. Army Form C. 2121. MESSAGES AND SIGNALS. No. of Message Prefix Code m. Words Charge This message is on a/c of: Recd. at m. Office of Origin and Service Instructions. Sent Date From A.L. By 6830 (Signature of "Franking Officer.") australian bursin TO N. 2. and A Dursion Sender's Number. Day of Month AAA In reply to Number Following information received from Turkish begins 20 4 Regiment his Company has already Supplied with 2 Cases bombs also 62 hechanically propelled with liquid pumps For fuel 10 Troops glasses ando Sun m line port 62 and the warned all measures necessity luforced already case in Amac From Place 2140 Time The above may be forwarded as now corrected. (Z) Cuelvagstaff major -Signature of Addressor or person authorised to telegraph in his name. * This line should be erased if not required, (632) -MeC. & Co. Ltd., London. - W 11400/2045, 100,000 2/15. Forms C 2121/10,

263

DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS,

IST AUSTRALIAN DIVISION

14th July, 1915.

1839

To Officer Commanding,

Bdes, Div. Art., Div. Engrs.

that a Turkish officer of the Soth Rogt. who was captured, stated that his company had already been supplied with a cases of gas bombs to be mechanically propelled. Bo also asserted that he had been supplied with pumps for pumping liquid fire to be ignited by sun glasses.

accordingly. An operation memorandum has already been issued laying down the principles of dealing with gas attack. The measures contained therein will be adopted when necessity arises.

Mout. -Colonel.

Veneral Stoff.

let Australian Division.

WINH

A. Gentralia Di

14 M July 264

3844

30181183 3033

I am informed that a report was made yesterday by one of your Brigadiers that the Artillery did not give (as he considered) adequate support when his trenches were being shelled. The heavy howitzer that fired about 40 rounds at Courtney's Post, could not be located accurately by any Artillery observer, nor could any Infantry officer do so, nor is it likely anyone could at once.

At that particular place, Turks' Hump, there are a large number of emplacements with overhead cover, and, when an aeroplane with trained observer flew over this place, they even could not tell which were occupied by guns. Our trenches have never been really shelled yet, 40 shells is a very small amount to what might be expected. In many placed in France 900 heavy shells fell in one day on one lot of trenches.

The Infantry must get whatever they can by vacating the front trenches, as an attack while the shelling lasts is never made, but they must be ready to occupy them directly it stops.

I am quite sure the Artillery have done all and more than could reasonably be expected, and messages expressing the valuable help given at a critical time have often been received; but if Infantry officers think that all shelling by hostile guns can be immediately stopped, it must be explained to them that this is impossible until a hostile gun is located, which it cannot always be at once (and it is not likely that the Turks put guns where they can be located) our Artillery cannot silence the gun.

The Artillery of both Divisions have worked incessantly since the landing and have given every assistance night and day, and Ingantry Brigadiers who expect impossibilities should learn something about Artillery fire before they express such opinions as above referred to.

C. bruliffe Orden
Brig.General, R.A.

Appendix No. 5.

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ARMY CORPS. 14/7/15.

Ga 261.

Anzac Cove,

13th July 1915.

From: - General Staff,
Australian & New Zealand Army Corps.

To:- Australian Division.

New Zoaland & Australian Division.

MEMORANDUM.

The Army Corps Commander learnt in the trenches yesterday that some avoidable loss is incurred in fire trenches while these are being heavily shelled.

He wishes to point out again that, during a heavy bombardment, the men in the fire trenches should be cleared off into good cover in rear or to the flanks, even if this leads them into the lines of other units.

Look-outs must of course be left in the vacated fire trenches.

Cuevagstaff.

General Staff.

Australian & New Zealand Army Corps.

14 Mynly 266 8838

DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS,

IST AUSTRALIAE DIVISION,

14th July, 1915.

6838

To Officer Commanding.

1st. 2nd, 3nd ly. Bde., 2nd L. H. Bde.

as at present avoidable loss from shell fire appears to be incurred, section commanders will make provision for getting men into good cover during bombardment by enemy guns. This could be done by preparing bomb proofs and pits adjacent to or on the flanks of the trenches. Look-outs will of course be left in the vacated trenches; and should be given protected positions in previously selected sites.

General Staff,

1st Australian Division.

584

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ARMY CORPS.

No.Ga. 271.

Army Corps Headquarters,
Anzac Cove, 14th July, 1915.

From:- Brig-General,
General Staff,
Australian & New Zealand
Army Corps.

To :- Australian Division.

New Zealand & Aust. Division.

I.M.A. Brigade.

MEMORANDUM.

Please refer to my Ga. 261 of 15th July, to which the Army Corps Commander directs me to add the following:
Though we have never yet been subjected to the same heavy shelling as the troops experience in France, where at times 1,000 shell fall on a portion of a trench in a few minutes, yet we have had casualties in a limited area from heavy guns which we have not been able to silence at once.

We must make up our minds that often we shall be subjected to such fire, to guard against which we have made our trenches on which we may have to rely, as it may not always be feasible even temporarily to vacate them for purposes of safety.

- There are however cases in which casualties may well be avoided by temporarily vacating certain lengths of trench which happens to be under considerable shell fire. In doing this officers on the spot must use their own discretion; they must fully consider all possibilities, and inform their immediate superiors.
- 4. Yesterday evening a certain amount of the enemy shell fire was brought to bear on Courtney's Post and on the left of the Australian Division. Some 40 shell only fell on Courtney's Post, and it would have quite possible, while this was going on, for the comparatively short danger zone

Appendix No. 5,845 14/7/15.

to have been vacated by men from Courtney's Post passing along into Quinn's Post. Similarly those in the shelled portion of the Australian Division could have passed along to their right to beyond where shells were falling.

- 5. It would have been possible to keep a lookout on the front vacated from both flanks; as the enemy could not have advanced while the heavy shelling was going on, and our men would naturally have reoccupied the trenches when the shelling had ceased.
- 6. Commanding Officers must use their discretion in order to save lives when shelling is only on portions of the trenches.

Cuway lub .

W Brig-General,

General,

General Staff,

Australian and New Zealand Army Corps.

mount to the low on.

Appendix No. 5. 14/7/15.

14/7/

			K	Charges t	o Pay.	Office Stamp
			- Cal	882	ia.	14.7
Service Instruc	tions.			147	15	
- 6	4			1	P .	1652
Handed in at	Clusi	Na	Office	m.	Receive	d
TO						
Sender's Number	or Day of I	Month	In reply	to Number		
- Mabi	90 11	4	93	38		AAA
J	have		lieen	ende	acu	une to
- Car	my out					ions th
- in	tonlaine	1				iformes
	t no		rrug	aled -	ron	check
	Head					
	also	The state of the s			The same of the sa	the
	lable an					ley for
- jemus	1 is	also	-265	V ten	ule	d
69.8	1= 000 a		o Francis			
14	to see a	1	turn.			
· Salur	2nd Field	Coy 1	have been	in with	hed	that the
is a lain	amount 1	4x4	timber	how avai	labe	- The
2 nd Cong of	aviatio à	litte	gal.	in wh	il c	an be
used as	a pesh se	exiply	will she	It be an	arlab	4
		1, 4		Lun	assi	man
FROM		101	In	1	010	14/7/
PLACE & TIME				1016 1		

A TH.



114 Al July 270 3846 1417113

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ARMY CORPS.

No.Ga. 272.

Army Corps Headquarters,
Anzac Cove, 14th July, 1915.

From:- Brig-General,
General Staff,
Australian & New Zealand
Army Corps.

To :- Australian Division.

New Zealand & Aust. Division.

I.M.A. Brigade.

MEMORANDUM.

It is reported that the enemy's trenches last night were fuller than usual.

When Divisional Commanders have reason to suppose that this is the case, they should use their discretion in ordering artillery to fire a few rounds on such targets as they think can best be dealt with in the hopes of catching the enemy crowded in the trenches.

Brig-General,
General Staff,
Australian and New Zealand Army Corps.

the I thent to to you? I los usy
100 auss. Drive.

9. S

Coe priany

AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

TAN H



14 M Suly app VIII S847 14715)

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ARMY CORPS.

No.Ga. 273.

Anzac Cove, 14th July, 1915.

From:- Brig-General,
General Staff,
Australian & New Zealand
Army Corps.

To :- Australian Division.

New Zealand & Aust. Division.

MEMORANDUM.

The Army Corps Commander is informed that the heavy firing last night came mostly from the enemy. If that is so he is well satisfied, as that fire is what we want to draw, and when demonstrations are made which draw the enemy's fire with success, our own ammunition is well expended.

We must however be careful that we do not get into the habit of unnecessarily and unmeaningly doing a lot of unaimed fire at night, which not only leads to a waste of ammunition and does no good, but it gets our own men into bad habits and is liable to give the enemy the idea that he has untrained troops before him, who are incapable of proper fire discipline.

Brig-General, General Staff,

Australian and New Zealand Army Corps.

mous to Ble condo

Mosdquarters, lot Australian Di 2851 14th July, 1915. Officer Commanding 3 Inf. Drigades and 2nd L.H.Bde. + Dw. and Hight firing. 1. - Most of the heavy firing last night came from the enemy. It is our present object to induce the enemy to expend ammunition; when this is achieved a limited outlay is well justified. Care must be taken, however, against the development of habite of unaimed and uncontrolled fire at night. 2. - Heavy cholling of trenches by artillery is a Hostile feature of present day warfare. In France at times 1,000 artillory shells have fallen on limited frontages of trench in bombardment. a few minutes. The enemy takes every care to concent his game as far as possible and it is always difficult to locate a sex hostile gun. Ourgues however seways seek every opportunity is assist the transless will often be subjected to heavy artillery fire and it will not always be feasible to vacate them even temporarily. Local commanders must make all possible arrangements to reduce casualties. In doing so they should be guided by the following considerations :-(a) The enemy does not attack until the bombardment is finished, and there is generally no need to keep a large number of men in the actual fire tranch provided the front is well observed. (b) The bumbardment has been very local as a rule. Co-operation in and between sections may sometimes permit the fire trenches to be almost entirely evacuated, the cross fire from other parts of the line giving protection. (c) It may be possible to pass men along the firs trenches to a flank into the trenches of the next unit if the bombardment is sufficiently local. Unit commanders must take action to femiliarise themselves with the position of the units on both flanks and with the capabilities of the positions of flanking units for sutual fire support. They must then decide the extent to which it is possible to move their men from the trenches, and where they can be best placed during a bombardment. Adequate and prompt arrangements must be made for the re-occupation of trenches as soon as the bembardment ceases. Meut.-Colonel. General Staff. 1st Australian Division.

CORPS ORDER. Anzao Covo, 14th July 1915. On the evening of July 11th, we were told that as the 8th Army Corps were to make an attack in the South we were to act :: so as to prevent reinforcements going there from in front of us. A domenstration was ordered with much the same idea as on the 28th June, Johnston's Jolly and Lone Pine were bembarded : 22: carly in the morning and again at 8.15 a.m., when the infantry also took part. On the right the 2nd Light Horse Brigado (6th and 7th Regiments) passed men over the parapets and down into the gullies and up onto Holly Spur. This was at once seen, as it was intended to be, by the enemy who opened heavy rifle, gun, and machine gun fire on our mon, and on the 5th Light Horse from Chatham's Post and the 1wth Battalien further up to the Worth. It is noticeable that none of our casualties occured while the men were going over the parapets or down the forward slope.

It is noticeable that none of our casualties occured while the men were going over the parapets or down the forward slope. It was later, when the non were lying in the open and were hit by shrapnel, which shows that when we do push forward the faster we rush the enemy's trenches the better in every way.

Further to the North, in No 2 Section, by firing and other means we induced the Turks to mass in the main works, some of them exposing themselves while manning the second lines of trenches. The 2nd Brigade also made a bemb attack on German Officers trench and further to the North our fire had the effect of drawing a let of fire from the opposite trenches.

This wont on till about 10 a.m., after which the enemy's fire slackened and died away about 11 a.m.

The result was most satisfactory for the enemy brought his reserves into the trenches and noved a number of men up from the South of Gaba Tope, thus doing what we set out to make him do.

Ho also expended a great deal of rifle, and gun ammunition both of which are said to be scarce with him at present.

Olkew Brig-Gonoral,
Gonoral Staff,
Australian & How Zoaland Army Corps.

Man Drawy as OPERATION MEMORANDUM NO. 22 Major-General J.G. Legge, C.M.G., Commanding 1st Australian Division. Divisional Headquarters, 14th July, 1915. das attack. 1. - In continuation of para 1 of Operation Memorantum No. 13, the following instructions upon the methods of dealing with gas attack are issued for guidance :-(I) (i) Gas attack, as experienced up to date in Europa may take two forms -Gas released from retorts - which is the method referred to in G.H.Q. instructions, dated 9th Jame. Gas released from shells fired from morters or dans. This is the form of attack which reports lead us to believe is the more likely. (ii) Our action if the enemy employs gas against um in to be considered under the heads :-(a) How to deal with the enemy (b) How to deal with the gas. As regards (ii) (a) the employment of gas as as offensive measure is only effective when it results in pando. For ethought and previous preparation will remove any risk of panic. The general principles upon which the defence should be conducted are :-(i) Troops will be kept under cover and nothing will be done to prevent the enemy launching attack - the steps detailed hereafter will be taken to meet (ii) The word 'GAS' will be passed along the trench quietly and without panic. (iii) Respirators will be issued instantly; notice of a attack will be given to section and divisional headquarters and the report verified. (文文) If gas is local - as for instance when it is released from bombs - troops will be moved away from vicinity of released gas; arrangements will be much in such cases for covering of front by adjacent witte. (v) Local reserve troops who are in low ground will be moved to adjacent high points. Special or war for this will be necessary. Individual freedom of manosuvre will not be permitted (vi) Where supports trenches are higher than fire trenches these will be made ready for occupation if fire trenches become temporarily untenable. (vii) If the gas arrives in the form of a gas cloud heavy fire and bombing will assist in dispersing it. If however it arrives in shells or bombs the gun or mortar throwing the shells and the shells themselves will be vulnerable to artillery fire. case the nearest artillery officer will be infomed promptly and told the direction from which shells are coming. The artillery unit first informed will at once search and sweep the suspected area for the enemy mortar firing bombs. As soon as orders have reached the howitzers, other natures of guns will cease fire and await further opportunities. These opportunities will be given by the massing of the enemy in his trenches and in the areas generally occupied by his reserves preparatory to the assimit with the intention of which he opened his gas attack, AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL RCDIG1010597

Appendix No. 10. 14/7/15.

Eveniles will be left untouched unless a good human Sarges is presented, so as not so detel the front lives of infanting from exposing themselves. These front lives will however be attacked by hand bombs, Japanese and Garland bombs until the evening emerges so face our fire.

(3) as regards (ii) (b) (dealing with gas), gas cannot be localized if released from retorts. Gas released from shells which burst outside the trenches will probably not have sufficient volume to surmount our parapets. Jas from shells actually bursting in the trenches will be localized by means of west blankets stretched across of either advantage be wested with the solution used for portable pump sprays. The gas can then be dispersed by using the sprays already on issue.

E inding to arms 2. - The how for standing to arms will be charged from 3.30 am to 4.30 am, commening from July 16

C.B.B. WHITE Lt Colonel
Staff

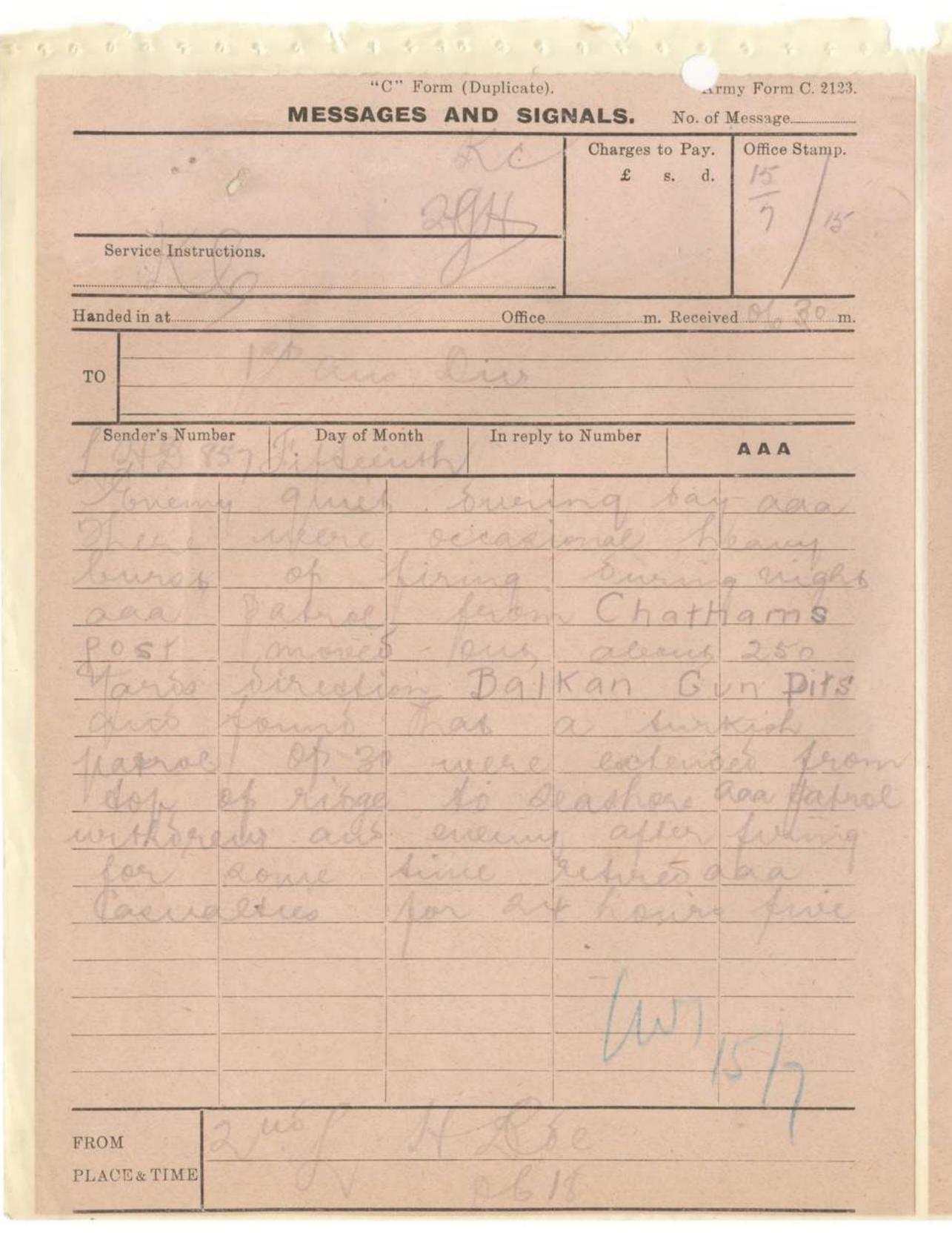
1st Australian Division

G.860. AUSTRALIAN Summary - 6 a.m. 14th July to 6 a.m. 15th July. Mo. I. Section Quiet day. During the night a patrol from CHATHAM'S FOST moved towards the south and found that an enemy screen was extended from the top of HARRIS RIDGE to the seashore. Our patrol exchanged shots with this screen and then managed to withdraw safely. The 3rd Infantry Brigade tried by a simple ruse to draw fire but failed, the enemy showing much more selfcontrol than previously. During the night the enemy threw some bombs towards our new works on HOLLY RIDGE. No.II. Section .. In the southern portion of othis section there is nothing of importance to report : both day and night were uneventful. In the northern portion of this section the enemy again concentrated a good deal of artillery fire and caused some damage to our parapets. As far as possible the damage done has been repaired but the dearth of sandbags makes this difficult. During the night the enemy carried on a desultory rifle practice only. We have not yet been able to unlid our new trenches in this section, there being absolutely no sandbags available. Artillery JOPP'S battery engaged a working party west of KABA TERE at 0755 and dispersed it. Three rounds were fired at a new observation station in 212 G.9 H.7. The last round was a direct hit and all enemy firing in the southern zone ceased. At 1515 a party of enemy was observed in square 224 Y.4 improving works - three effective rounds from HUGHES'S battery caused all work and movement to cease. At 1830 the enemy gun near THE SANDPIT opened fire and was engaged by CADDY'S and BROWNE'S batteries; subsequently the 5-inch howitzers were switched on. The blast from the gun was very plain but it is difficult accurately to locate the gunit Guns on SCRUBBY KNOLL again fired but were not located. The 6-inch howitzer from the direction of 971 again damaged our trenches but its exact location cannot be determined. Twenty-six rounds of 18-pr. ammunition are reported to have been damaged by gun fire on the beach yesterday morning. Officers Other ranks animals Casualties .. Killed 0.0 Wounded 41 Sick 10 63 * * * 906. Ammunition .. 6-inch howitzer 5-inch howitzer Japanese mortar expended Div. Lugo Julia 8 rounds

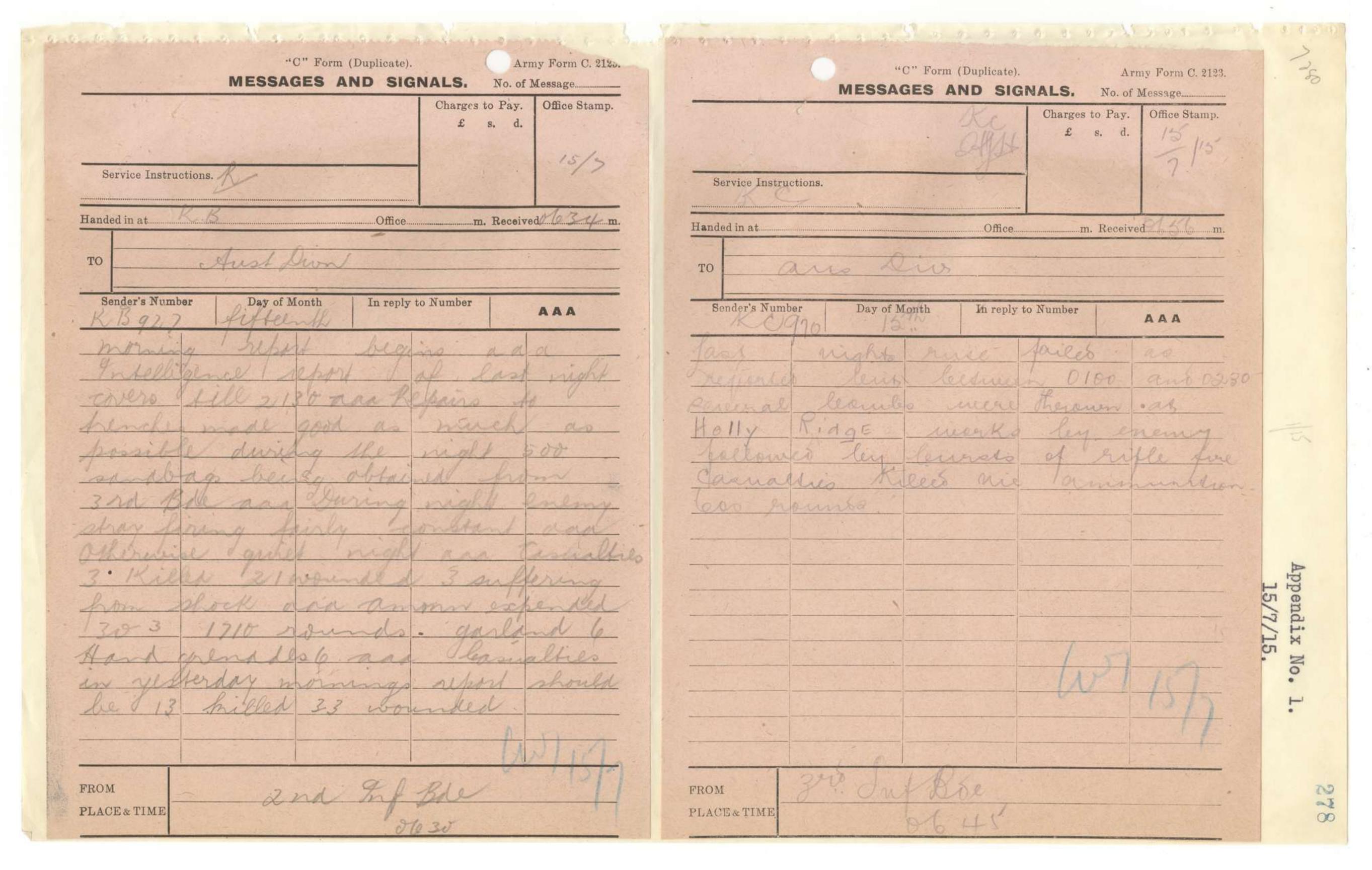
an

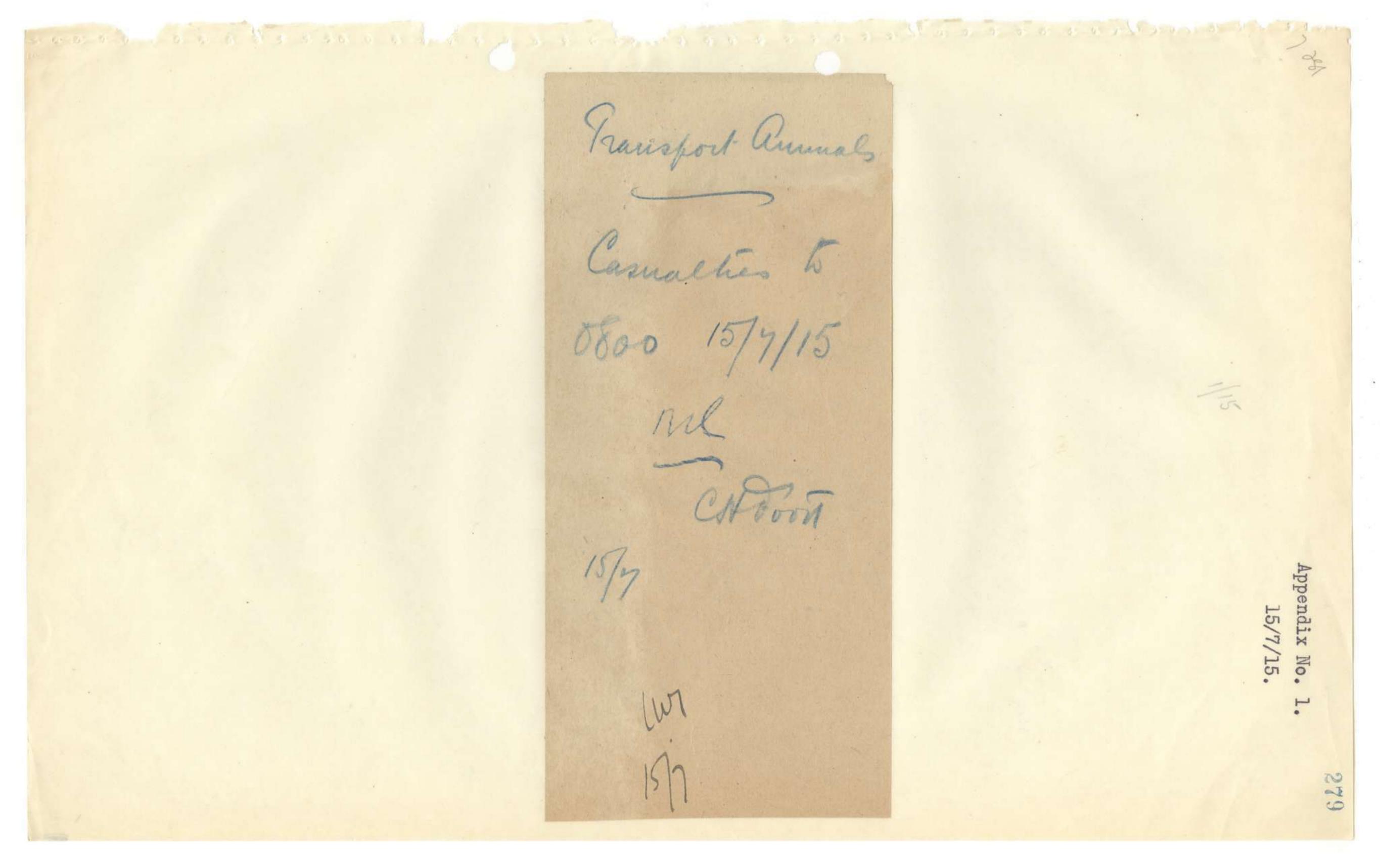
-

Lieut. -Colonel.



	IN ESSAGES A	Charges to	No. of Message	
		£	s. d.	
Service Instructions.	10		15/7	
anded in at	Jef	Office m.	Received M. 45 m.	
ro	Aust x	Own		
0	THURF X			
Sender's Number	Day of Month	In reply to Number	AAA	
100	1277	1011	1 11 0 0/	
Zing B	the de	tustion is	-	
	Bath re		and de de	
CAS CONTRACTOR	less sees		la Dor	
VALUE OF THE PARTY	HIDENIA GEORGE STATISTICS	dne The	al Baken	
situation		mach as	100	
Batter	C Cox 1	as relier	ed a	
log and	Enemy	m 20 p	layed	
on new	and of	ed firm	y line	A
at inter	vals they		night	ppe
but no		The state of the s	a nother	y 5 nd
fany is	partance!	to report		1/1 xix
				15.
		11.	777	P
			7 13/7	
			17	
				585





Appendix No. 1.

FIRST AUSTRALIAN DIVISION 15/7/15. 8860

Artillery Daily Report.

15.7.15

No 1 Section

At 0755 OLIVE GROVE right and left sections opened fire on the beach and shipping. BURGESS Battery engaged them and mired 3 rounds, enemy ceased fire.

At the same time a working party appeared west of KABA TEPE

ruins - were engaged by JOPPS Battery and disappeared At 0940 Right section OLIVE GROVE opened fire and was engaged by JOPPS Battery. 10 rounds were fired, enemy ceased fire.

Three rounds were fired at a new observing station in sq. 212 G 9 H 7 - The last round was a direct hit and all enemy firing in southern zone ceased.

At 1515 a party of enemy was observed in sq. 224 Y 4 improving works - 3 effective rounds from HUGHES Battery caused all work and movement to cease.

At 1730 a party of enemt was observed working in the immediate North of BOWLING GREEN \$2 212 I 7; HUGHES Battery fired 3 rounds, movement ceased.

No 2 Section.

At 0900 gums at C opened fire and were immediately engaged by PHILLIPS CADDYS aned BROWNES Batteries with a few rounds of gun fire; one more round was fired from C but they did not fire again all day

At 1830 gun near SAND PIT opened fire and was engaged by CADDY and BROWNES Batteries, a few rounds searching were fired, and then the 5" Howitzers were switched on; 18 pdrs ceased, chemy gun also ceased fire. The blast f om this gun was very plainty but it is very difficult to accurately place the gun.

9 Guns on SCRUBBY KNOLL also fired a few rounds but were not located.

Two guns were firing, apparently from East of MORTAR RIDGE One of these guns is stated to have been located by Major McNaughton, 4th Battalion from a position near JOHNSTONES JOLLY and a careful watch will be kept from there.

11 6" Howitzer again damaged our trenches and caused casualties

but it is still not located though the direction is known to be from 971. 26xxdexk8xpxxx

26 rounds 18 pr. were damaged by gun gire on the beach this morning.

Ammunition expended 18 pr 69 rds 5" 8 rds 6" nil.

14 Milled nil.

Colonel.

Commanding Artillert 1st Aust. Div.

Daily Repost 4 1 M A Pode 14-4-15 See at 224 m 8/9 (Capt Salvin) 1300-5 PS at Working finity in trench-192° mag-AS 2° 30, dep/1400x/ work 8topped -Sec at 224 M4/5 (Capt Tuenchard) 1450/5 half-changes wito Valleys bearing 54°- 58° Bweefing-Very good low burgles tome Range 2100/Range on Jun 3300/fuze 14/1510/2 hormeds al 9500 in ALPHONSO"/1900x/590 may/P.8 not effective - no Cognatites See at 224 Mg, at 2200 on 13 4-15 Caft Hosseyn found 3 star Shell in direction of GERMAN OFFICERS TRENCH. Was relived by Cafit arun Expendel. Theafuel Common Star Total Camaltas

NEW ADMINAND AND AUSTRALIAN DIVISION. Appendix No. 1. 282

Summary of events from 6 a.m. 14th July to 6 a.m. 15th July, 1915.

NO. 3 SECTION.

About 11 a.m. JOURTHMY'S was again shelled by 6" gun from the direction of barramsHir Him or the Southern slopes of 971. One shot landed inside the Post and did considerable damage to the work, but without sausing any casualties.

At 3 p.m. Mountain Gun on the MORTAR RIDGE also shelled this Post, and the 6" gun again opened, causing considerable damage to the trenches on the right of COURTMEN'S. No casualties, however, occurred, as the troops were completely withdrawn from the right of the Post.

Lateral tunnels off the main mine tunnels, to act as cover against big shells, have been commenced in COURTNEY'S.

Turks were reported last night as carrying timber into

the GERMAN OFFICERS' TREWCH.

It is reported this morning from COURTHER'S that the two front fire trenches can now be manned. Nearly all the debris has been cleared from the support trench.

There was rather more rifle fire than usual from the

enemy during the night.

NO. 4 SECTION.

A quiet day: very little shelling; but during the afternoon there was a great deal of sniping along the Beach from the rough country North of Walker's RIDGE.

Bayonets were seen moving in the trenches opposite the NEK between 9 and 10 p.m. last night. This has not been seen for some weeks, and tends to prove the theory that new companies are now in occupation of the NEK trenches.

There were again indications of nervousness on the part of the enemy during the night, as, directly a bomb was thrown, the whole of the enemy trenches at the NEK, and on the slopes of BABY 700 instantly opened fire.

A party was sent out last night to endeavour to capture the snipers who were sniping the Beach yesterday afternoon.

AKTILLEKY.

The 1st Battery fired at the trenches and barbed wire entanglements on LUNESUME rine, and devoted particular attention to the enemy's second trench from the front at the request of the O.C. 2nd Section. Thirty-four rounds were fired.

At 1000 the Howitzer Battery, at the request of the O.C. 3rd Section, fired a series at the "U" trench opposite RUSSELL'S TOr. The series was not a good one. The laying was carefully checked, and yet there was sometimes as much as 100 difference between the fall of shell at the same elevation. This cannot kut entirely be put down to gusty wind, and is probably mainly due to an observed difference in the weight of the shell, which sometimes vary in weight by as much as 17 ozs. I have mexage

It has been arranged for the shell to be weighed and grouped.

At 1255 an effort was made to silence the enemy's heavy gun which was doing considerable damage to COURTNEY'S POST.

The position of the enemy is not known at all definitely, but the valley at TARGET C was searched in hopes of stopping his fire. However, after two rounds were fired, the enemy ceased, probably of his own accord.

At 1305 a new gun emplacement on MURTAR MADUE was registered in 5 rounds, two of which were effective.

At 1900 the 75 mm gun was engaged. Five rounds were fired and were reported effective.

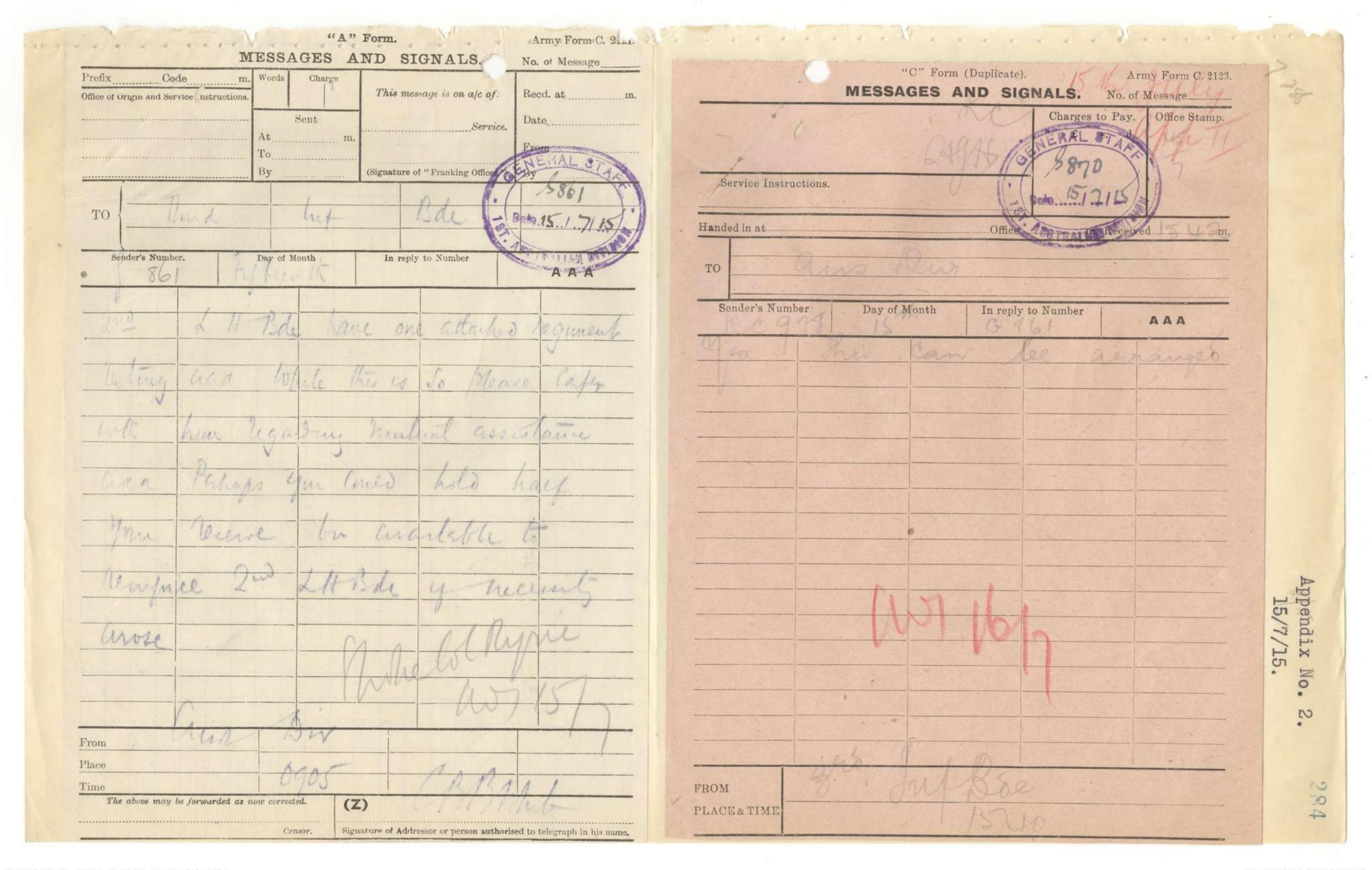
Japanese Motar. No. of rounds fired - Nil.

CASUALTIES. Killed.

Officers Nil. Other Ranks 1.

-

283 Appendix No. 1. 5860 15/7/15. Wounded. Officers Other Ranks Nil. Missing. Sick evacuated to ship. Officers Other Ranks Casualties among animals - Nil. as Godlen Major-General Anzac Cove, Commanding N.Z. & A. Division. 15th July, 1915.

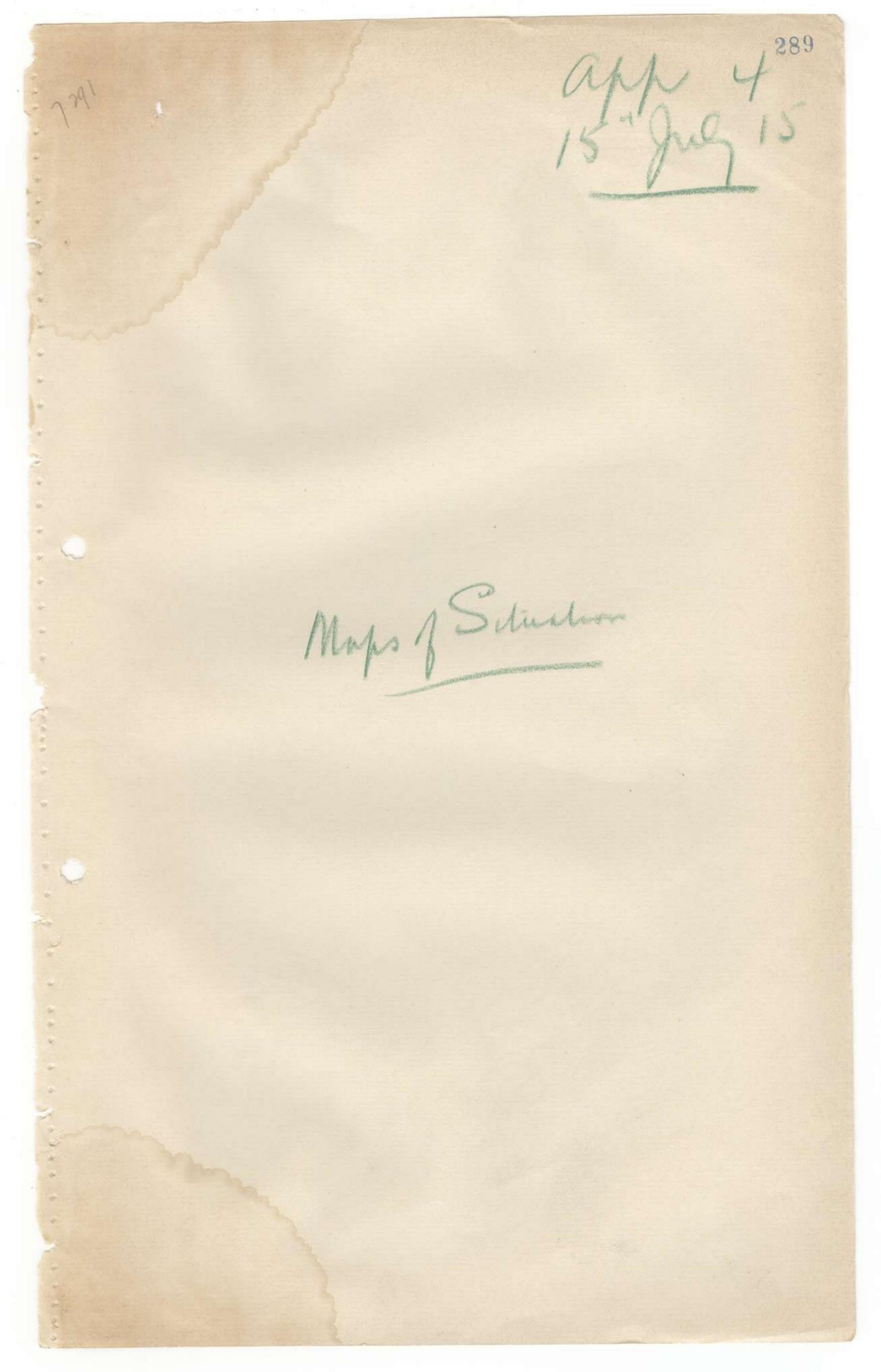


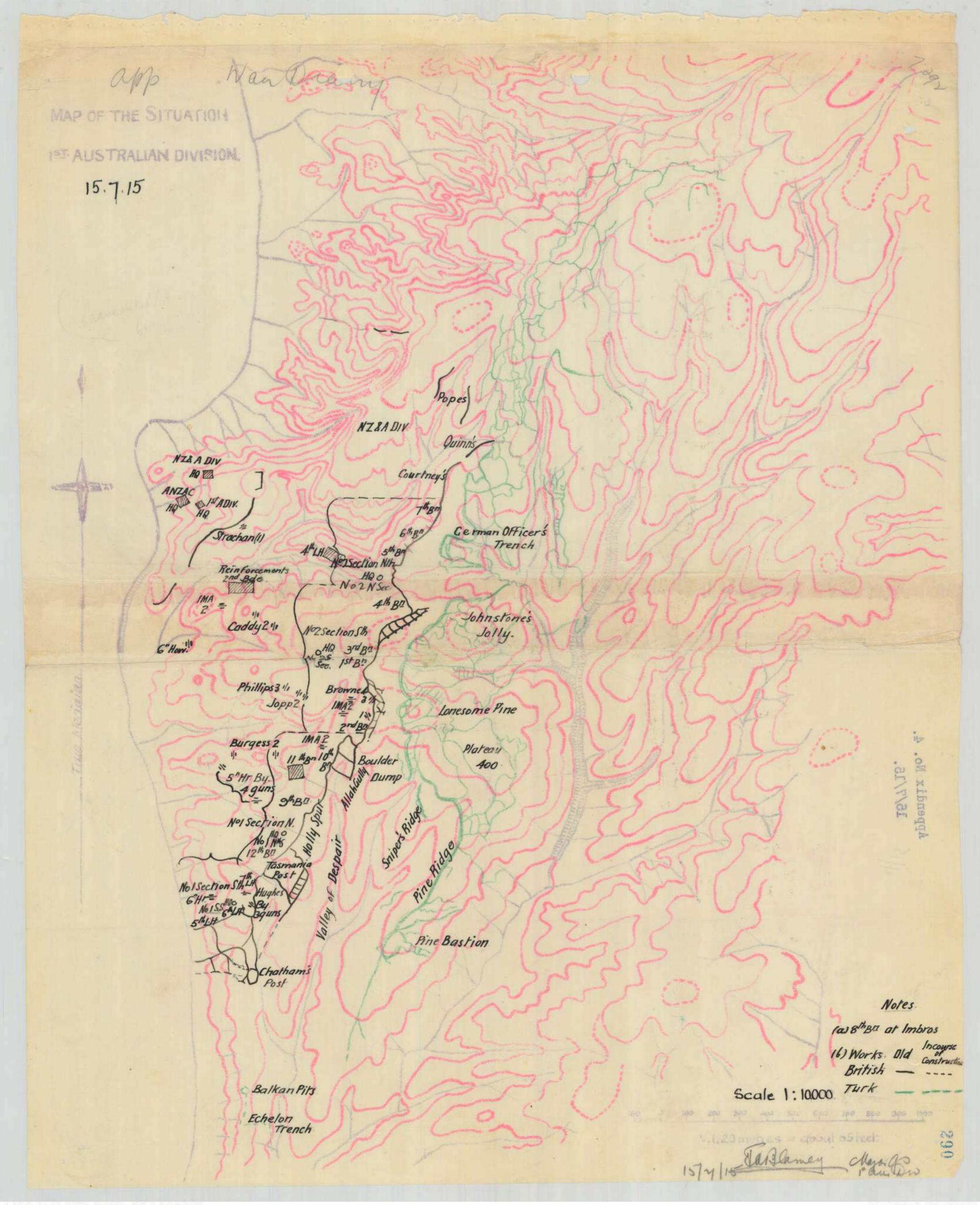
"Section			Work Inngth and date (6p.m)						
			9.7.15	10.7.15	11.4.15		13.7.15	147.15	15.4.15
Southern No 1.	5 th L. H.		Improving excisting works.						
	6 th L. H	HOLLY SPUR TRENCH RIGHT CONTINUATION COMM'TRENCH backway Sap D Tunnel to Holly R. Between, Saps Cy CI Sap Z	135'	Deepening Com. Tr. fram gully 150' now open 66'	New 50' 180' 121'(of	deepening 90' 200' en) 140'	100'	5 new caps stanting, 100' completed	11.0'comples
	MA LH	Forward from Sap No 1 HOLLY SPUR. 2		86' 100' 88'	120'	125	128, 153, 153, 153, 1,53,	Joing by Theads	No R. L. 47 2 306 2 3 206 2

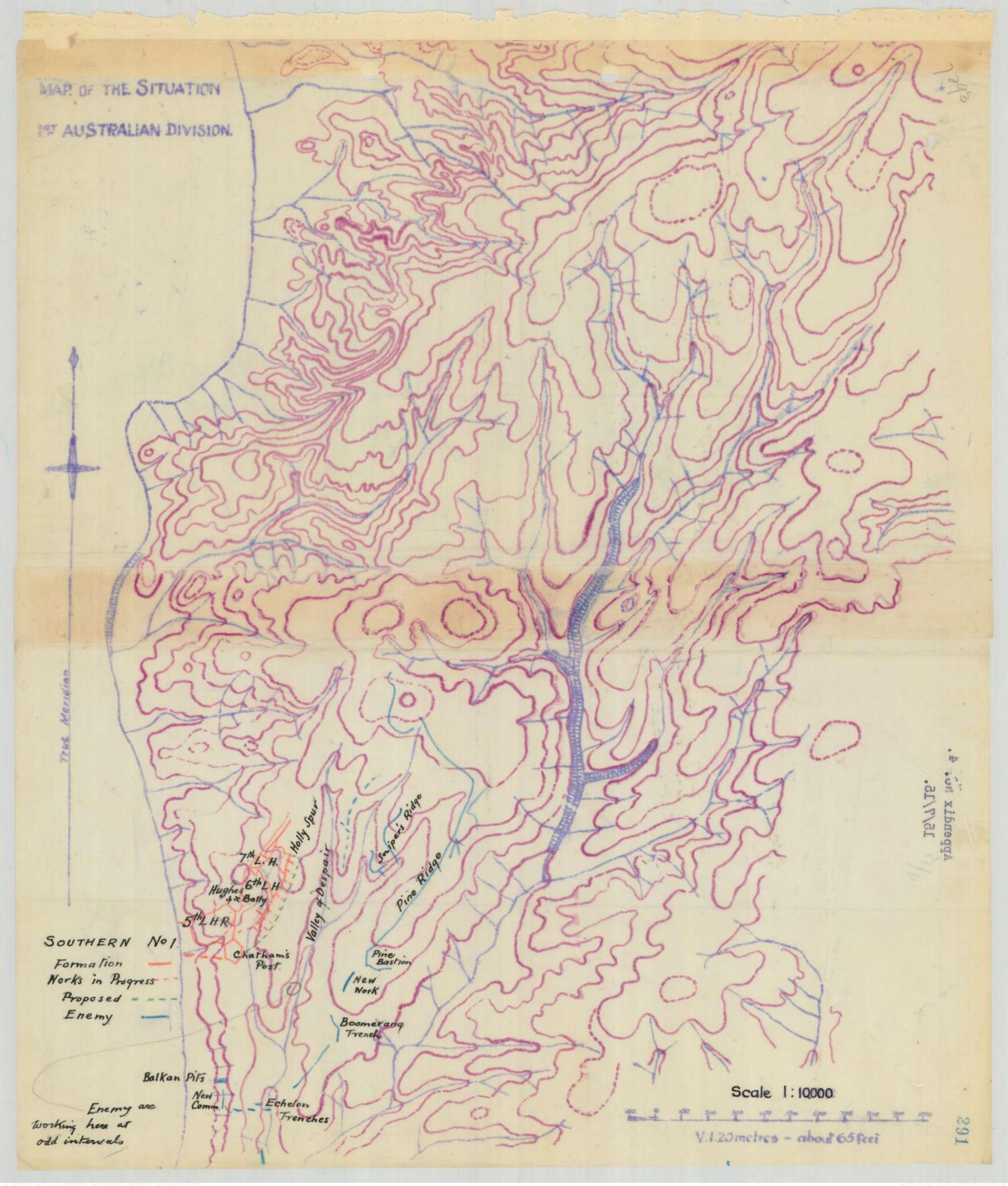
*Section	Unit	Work	Work I length and waste 6 p.m. /							
orthern No 1	12.8~	TASMANIA SapNo1	9:47.15	10. 4.15 11. 4.15 New Borns 1A 216	12.4.15 Complete	13.7.15	14.7.15	15.7.15		
		2 3 4	10-1-	HOLES 18 96	complete	27	30'	out		
		MG Sap 1	21'	Counterminen 1104 242	28'	34'	38'	out 43'		
		(Clays, (New) Sap 3A	17'	17 Complete		35	36'	42'6"		
	9 HBm	Bomb Tunnels . 2	30' 2	1 119	206	239"	27	35'6"		
		3	27'(7' ellew) 30'(8'3" ")	pinished		Bluff Sop 20'8"	256"	24'6"		
		Sap Y	19'			3 A 15'6"	22:6"	29'		
			(bombhole)			13'	1369	Librarch 12		
	11th Br	BOULDER DUMP Saps BIB2, B3, B4, B5, B6 Bombholes -	break out	Too Bornering				15/7/		
			AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON					15 N		

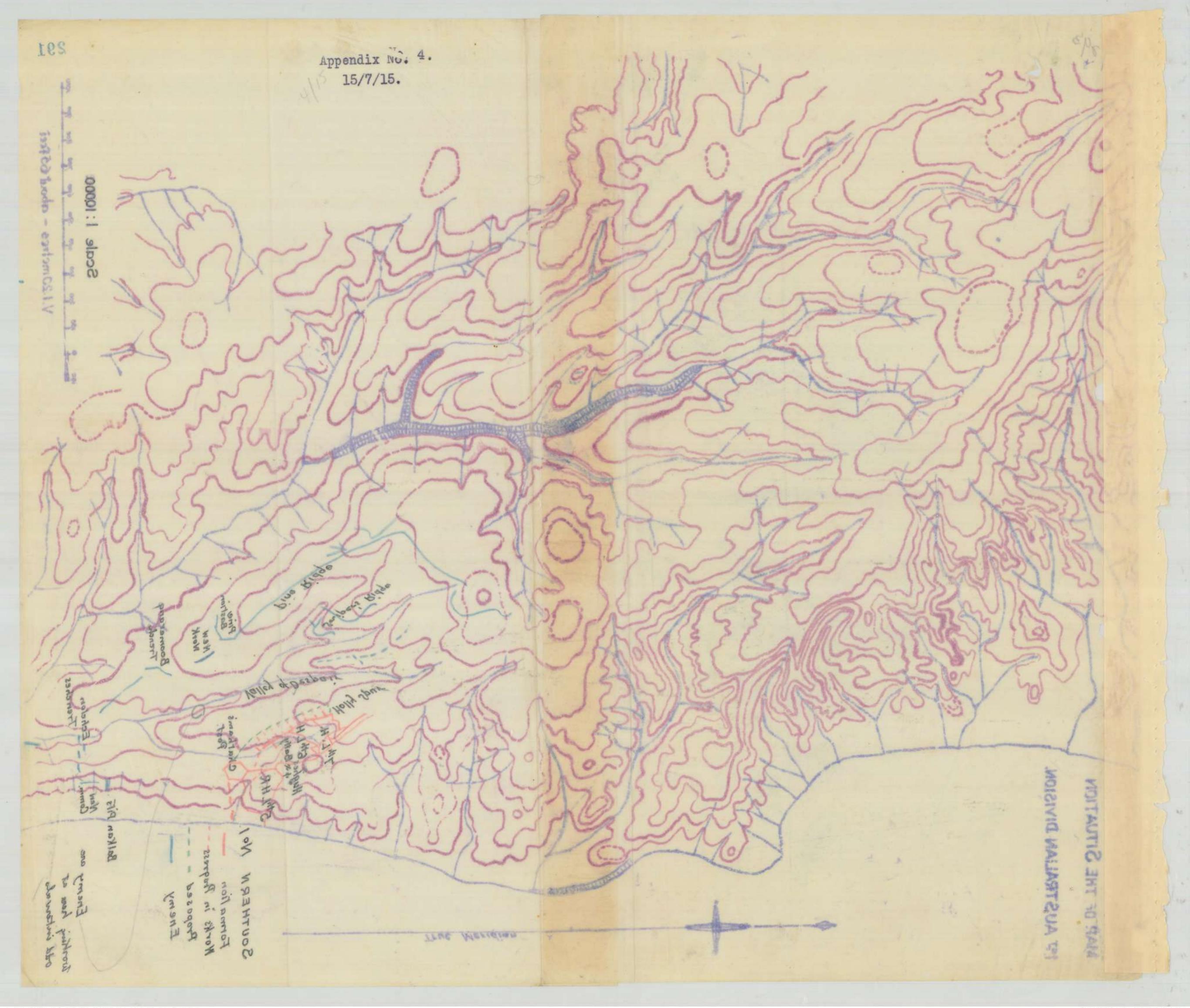
Section	Unit.	Work							
			19:7.15	1 10.4.15	11.4.15	12 7 15	13.4.15		15415
Southern No2	2 nd Bith.	B 19 (East branch)	51'	53'	Suspended			14 1.10	1-1-
		B 21	486"	81'6"	86'6"	906	946"	98'6	suspended
		OH B5-836	31'6"	32'	36'6"	396	446	1496	1018'6"
		628	31'6"	33'6"	- 38'	41	44'6"	48'6"	52'
		B 26 B 29	18'6	22'	28'	33'3"	34,3"	39'3"	
3 vd B~	(Recommisco) B 8	116	14'	19'6"	241	363'6"	40	45' suspende	
		(Recommenced) C 1			986	100	82'4"	91'4"	suspende
		7							
		B 31						·-/	
		New Tunne?	12'6"	exploded				510"	7
	, IX now	New Tunnel	137'6"	140'	143'	144'	1466"	149'	150
	4" B~	1 2 022	17'6"	19'6"	213"6"	32'	32'	33'	152 15/7 36'57
		C23	1869	21/61	26'	286"		made ()	36 /9/
		C 24	48'6"	53'2"	59'9"	66'3"	32	by a"	Suspended
		0+C18.	9'6"	12'6" 1	19'	206	and	111	suspendes
		1 606		ing ;	201	200	25	29%"	536

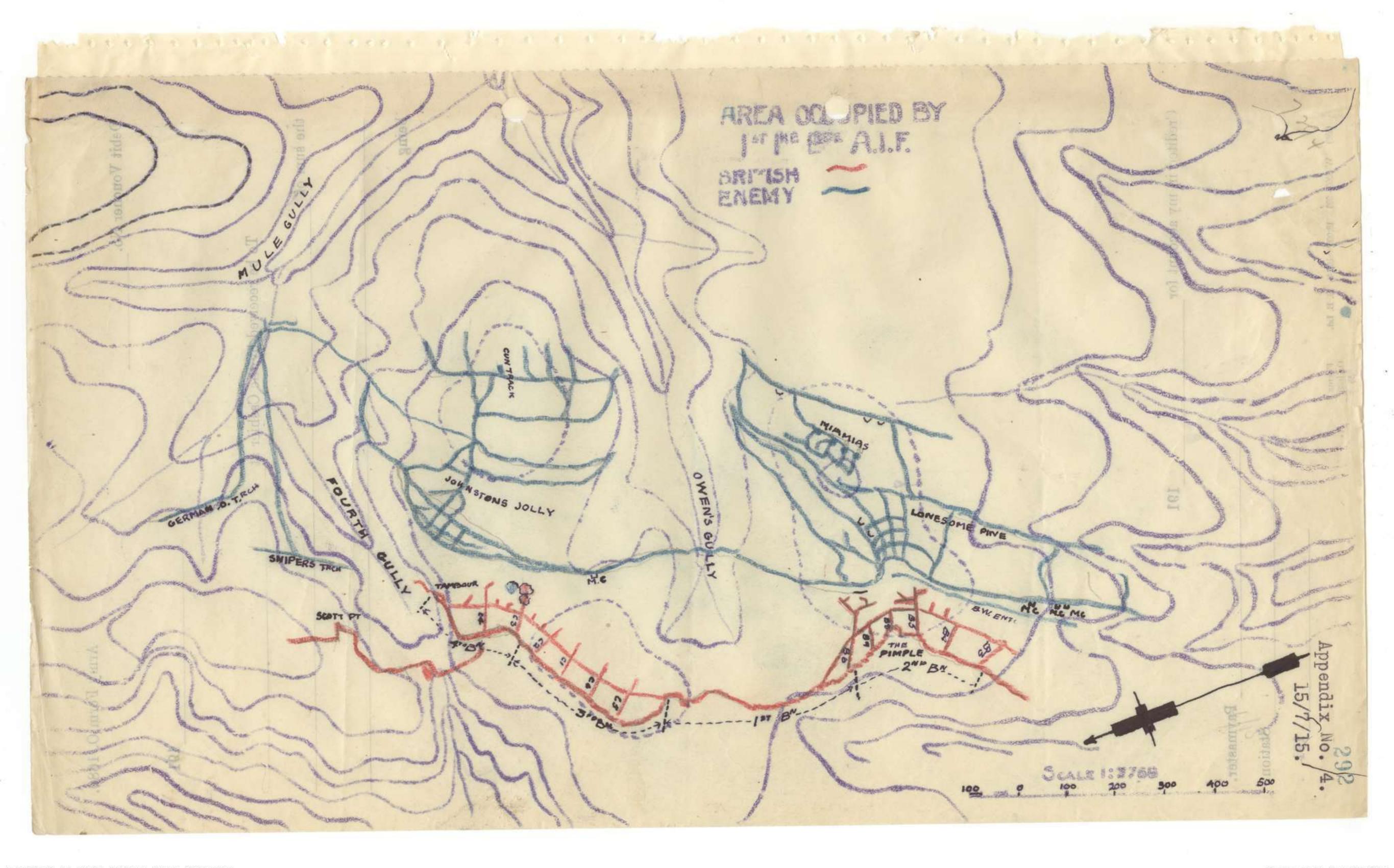
- Saction	Total C								
		Fork	Q W IF I	10 4 15	1 11 11 15	dete	(Copm)	
Northern No2	6 4 4 12 B 23	DIA	446"	49'6"	54'6"	50'9"	10.7.10	14.7.15	16.7.15
		D3	28'.	33'6"	39'8"	452"	48'10"		
		(9F Drive at 60')	L 62'6 R 20'	63'6"	} complete				
		D98 D	rive 33' L 24'6 R 25'6"	35'-	266	1, 1, 1,	39%"	41-	48'
	2	Bearing 1650	24'2"	36'6"		55'4"	61'		
		Observat D 21 A Tools (D 21 B			74	American de la constitución de l		13'6"	
	5 B~							13'6"	200
Andrew of Addresses of		D 24 Left D 25			6.6"	10'-	14'4"	16'9"	27. 7 5 5 To
					6.9		15	20'3"	24'3" 15.
Appropriate Personal Property and Appropriate Personal Pe					6.9"	10'-	14'4"	16'9"	24'3" 15

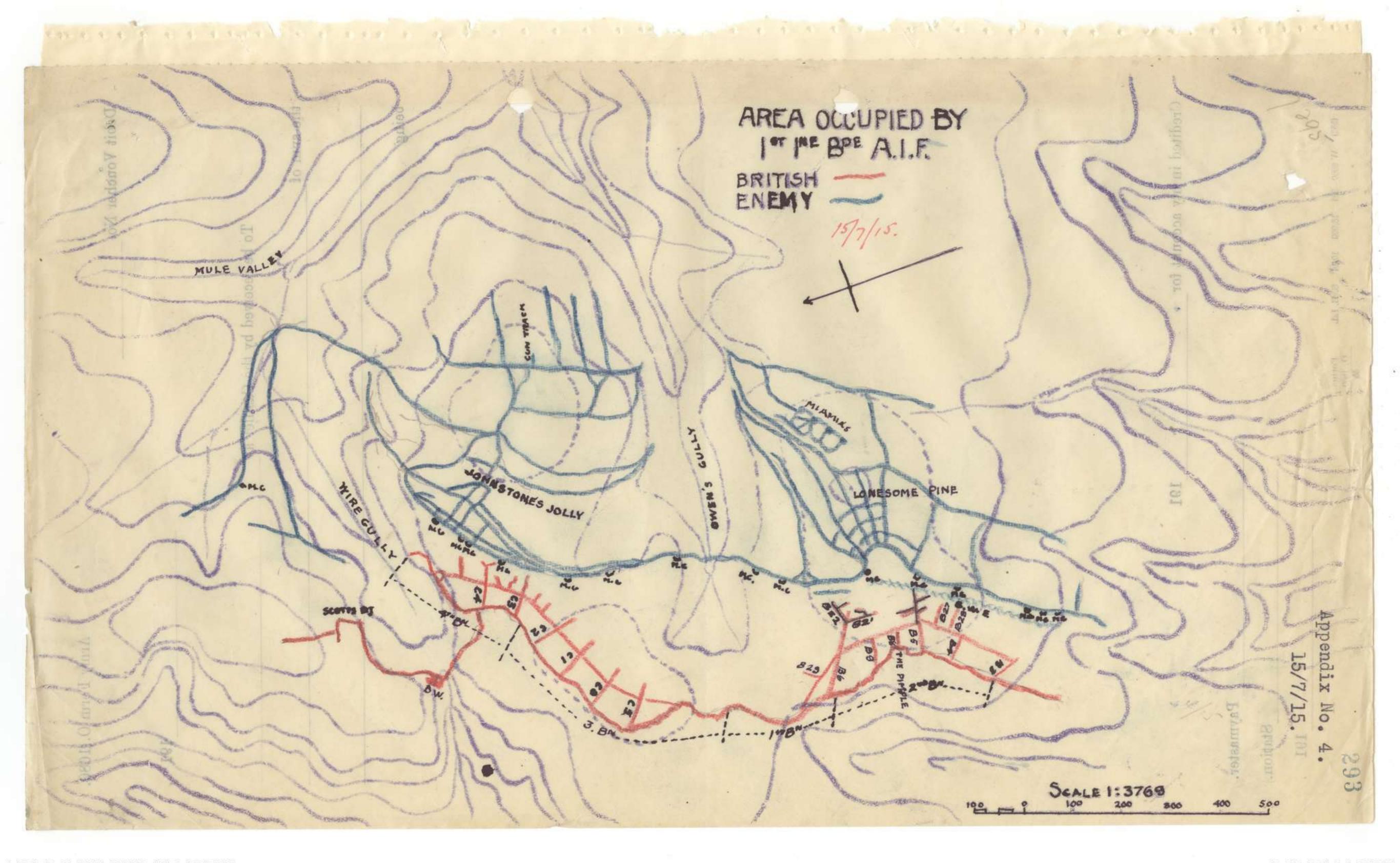


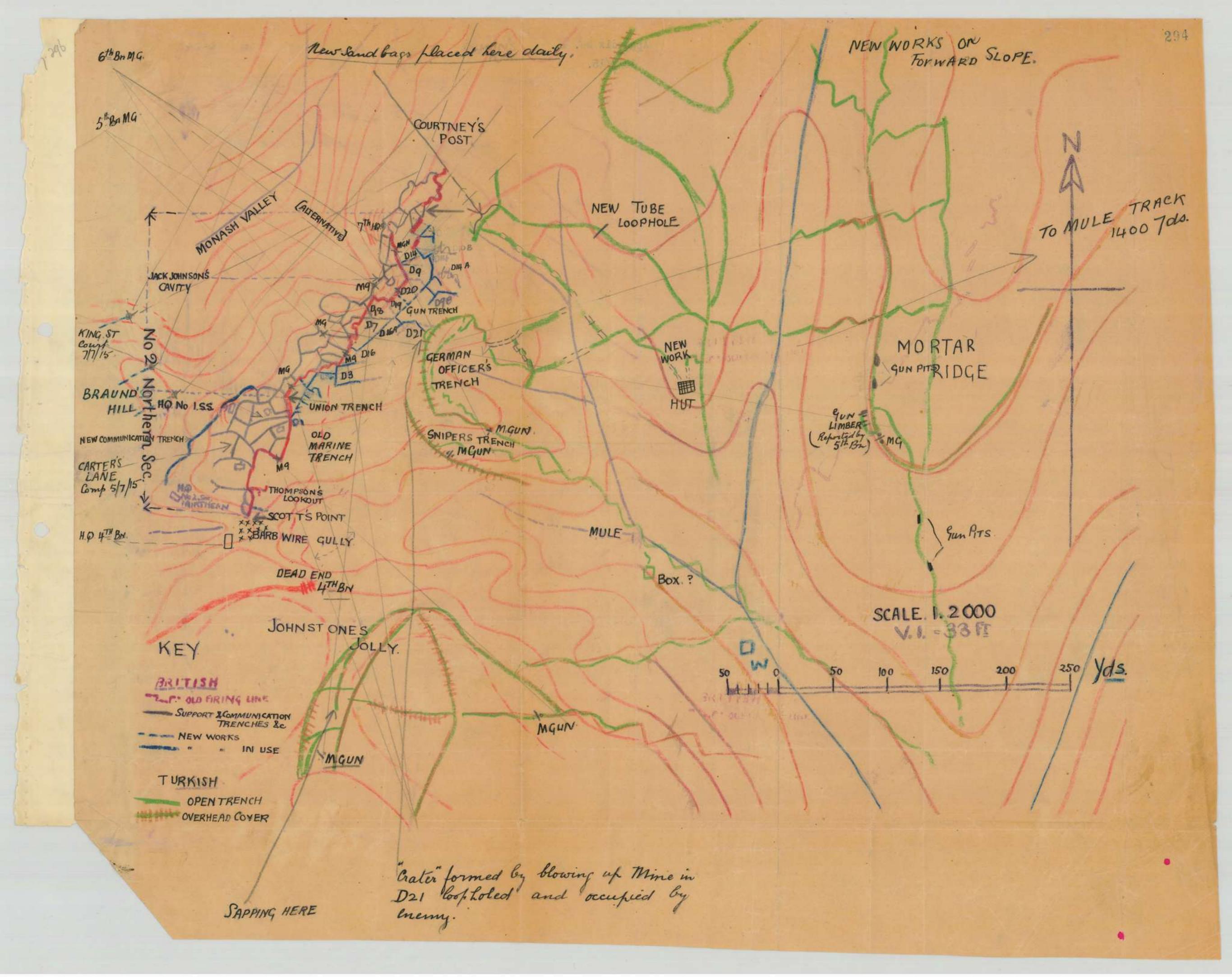


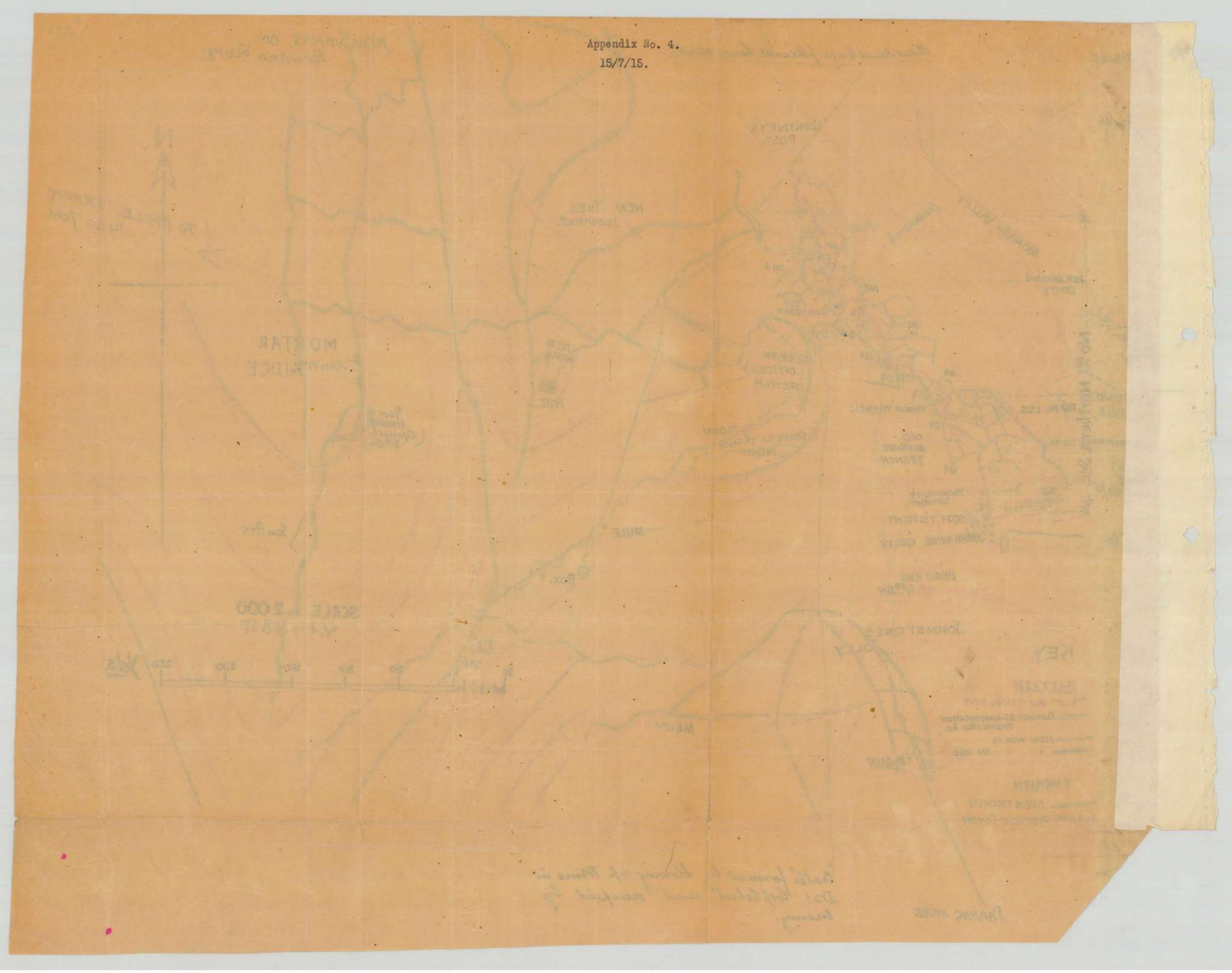




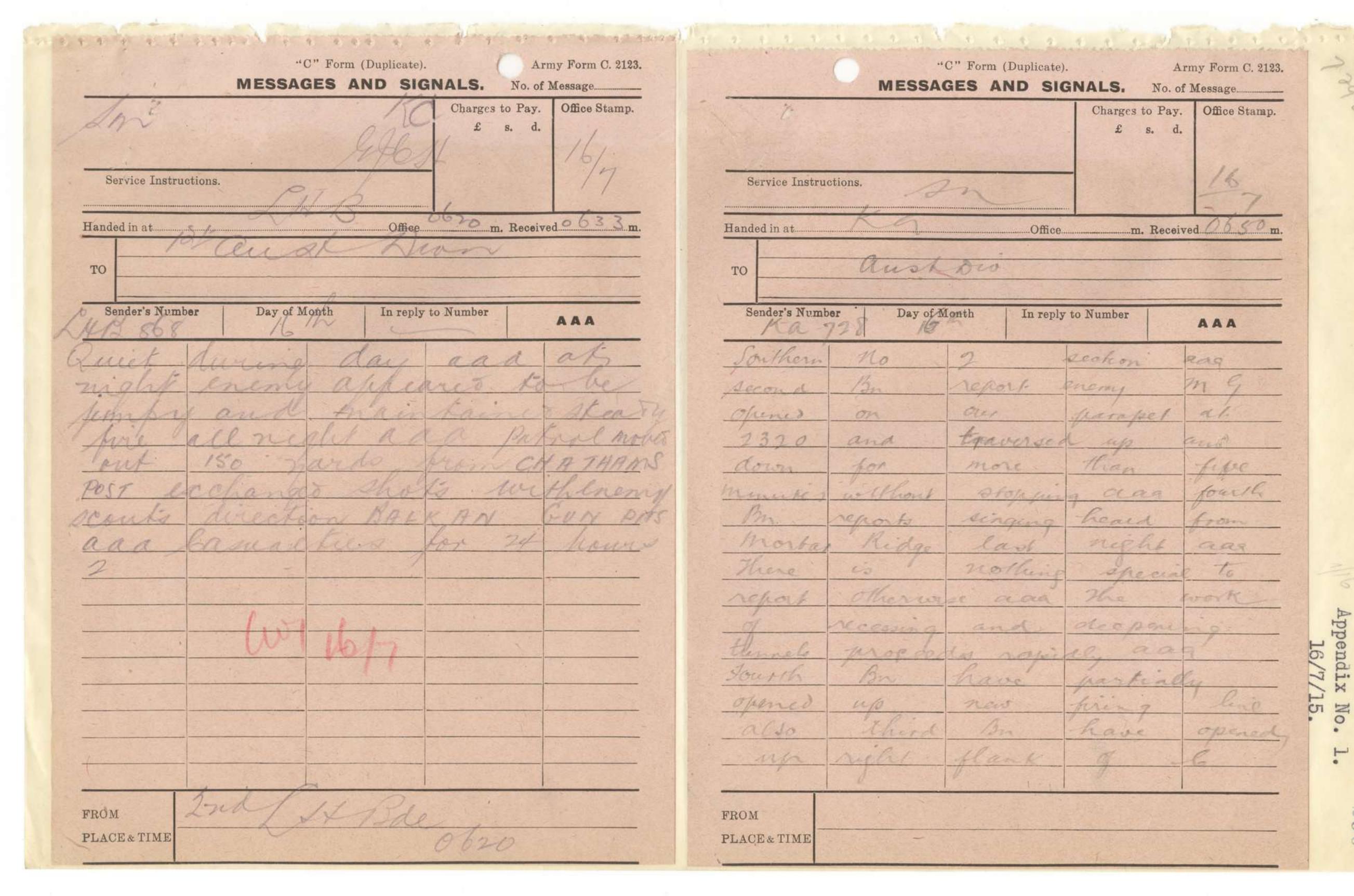








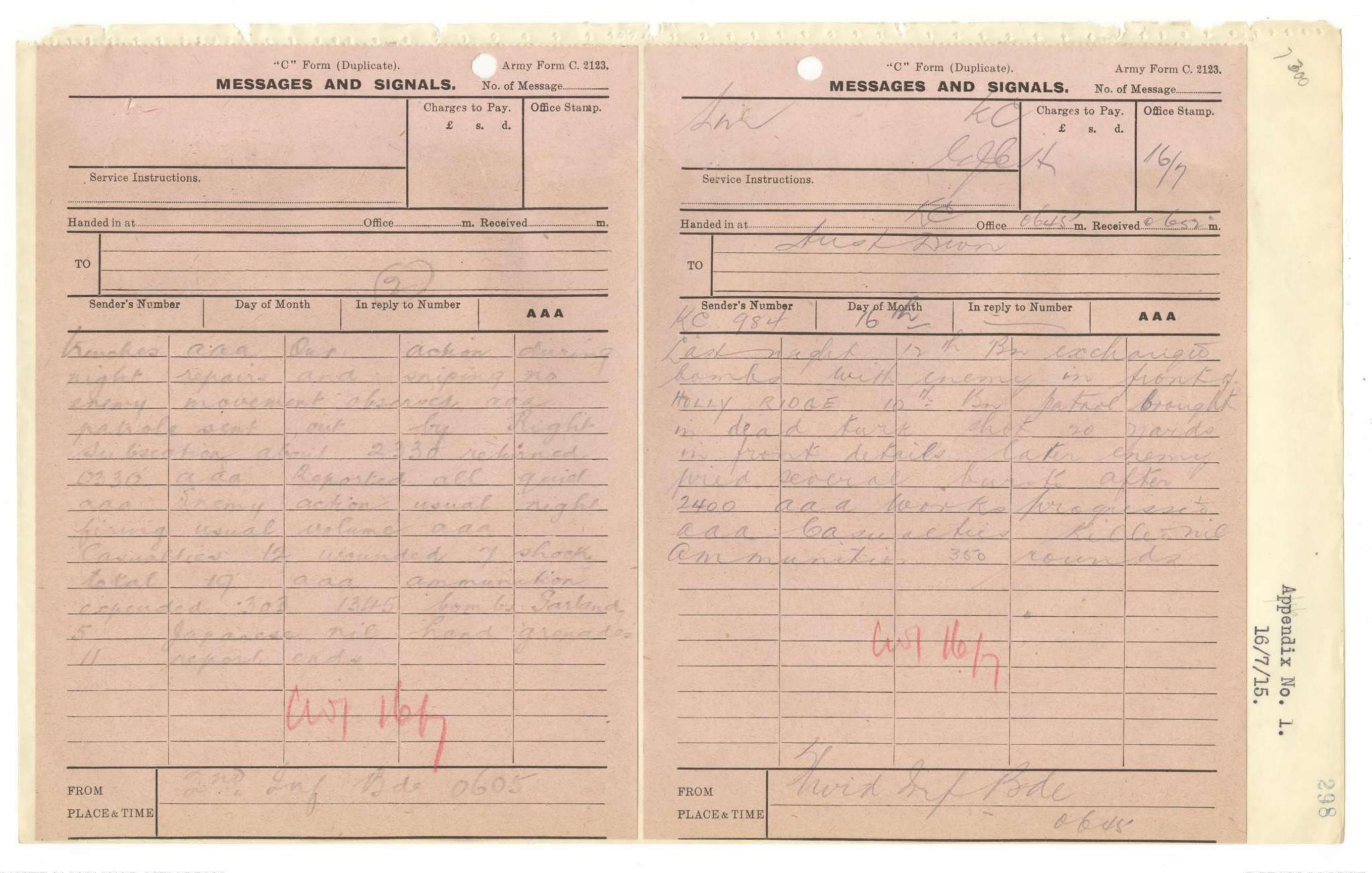
Summary - 6 a.m. 15th July to 6 a.m. 16th July. Quiet during the day. On the extreme right the enemy No. I. Section .. still appear to be apprehensive of attack at night. A light horse patrol encountered enemy patrol and exchanged shots but withdrew safely. The enemy threw bombs into the new trenches on HOLLY RIDGE during the night. SOUTHERN. During the day the enemy opened fire on our No. II. Section parapets and traversed thom steadily for some time with a machine gun. The night was quiet and there is nothing of any importance to report. The 4th Esttelion state that they heard the enemy singing last night, the sound when of the vices coming from the direction . OF MORTAR RIDGE. MORTHERM. Our trenches were a good deal damaged again by fire from the direction of SCRUBBY KHOLL and again by the howitzer near TURKS HUMP. During the night we repaired most of our damage. A patrol sont out during the night did not meet any enemy and returned without having met with anything special to report. There was a normal volume of enemy fire during the night. At 1630 the WINEGLASS battery opened fire on our right Artillery flank from a new position but flashes were visible and the gun ceased fire after BURGESS'S battery had fired 12 rounds. An hour later this gun opened again and it took 9 rounds from BURGESS'S battery to silence it. At 1700 HUGHES'S battery fired 2 effective rounds at a working party on ridge about 60 yards north of TWIN TREMCHES. At 1700 in conjunction with the New Zealand artillery HUGHES'S battery fired at the trenches and wire entanglements on the southern slopes of LOHESCHE PINE. One of our game came under the enemy's machine gun fire during this series, and TASMANIA 108T was fired at from the direction of LONESCHE FINE but the gun could not be located nor discharge heard. Our 5-inch howitzers engaged the enemy's G-inch howitzers during the evening and also searched the valley with a few rounds, which it is believed were well placed. During the day the enemy's gun fire was less violent than it has been for some time but concealed guns fired from THE SANDPIT, and two or three others fired which have not yet been located. 5-inch howitzer battery, R.F.A., landed and moved to Charke Valley, less one sub-section which was landed too late to move. Officers Other ranks Animals Divershalties Killed 00 38 Wounded 00 47 Sick 00 .. Ammunition .. 6-inch howitzer 5-inch howitzer Japanese mertar expended 8 rounds Mil Hil Lieut. -Colonel.

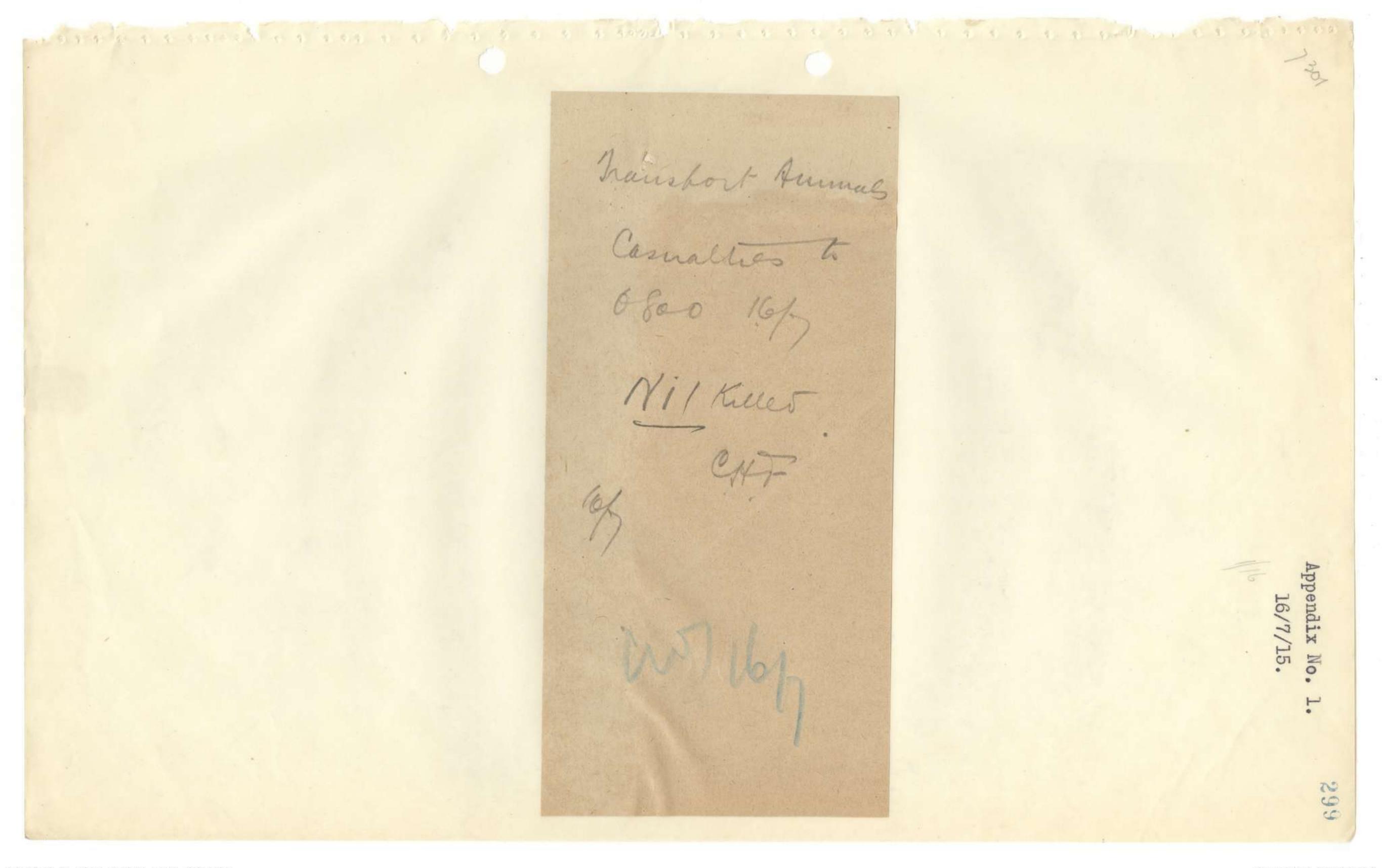


296

"C" Form (Duplicate). MESSAGES AND SIGNALS.	"C" Form (Duplicate). Army Form C. 2123. MESSAGES AND SIGNALS. No. of Message					
	es to Pay. Office Stamp.				Charges to	
Service Instructions.		Service Instruc	etions.			16 15
led in at Office	m. Receivedm.	Handed in at	/ V	Office	m. R	eceived 062 5m.
(2)		то	and	Div		
Sender's Number Day of Month In reply to Number	AAA	Sender's Number		The +	to Number	AAA
ection all Bi Junn	als sames	ollornin	g report	begins	out	achon
be reary for open	ing rep	during	day	sniping	repair	16
by 19 11 160	wiferscon	danage	1 trenche		Enemy	
elays accut.		at	1630		directi	ion Simbby
		Knoll	fired	seven	NE	Shello
		THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW			RESIDENCE TO STATE OF THE PARTY	ed aaa
		Danage	done	to		or and
		several		burned	and	comended
			Smoke	from	fire	
		100	walley	rear.	yerm	
		o on	Mean	Junation		C
		- gury	Tue	at .	1935	monny
		- Andrew Sp	t tour	Bill	poscho	/
		yards	10	J.	-	formes
		Josepa	Thea	and o	round	
9.0		· camed		out	Comme	union hon
w Jewst my Isde of	115	mport	PARTIES OF THE			
M /. O O		FROM PLACE & TIME			ALC: NO.	

	MESSAGES A	ND SIGNALS		
Service Instructions.	In,		76	15
TO C	ud Di	Office	m. Received	<u>Sm.</u>
Sender's Number	Day of Month	In reply to Number	TAAA	
occorreng .	report beg	king repa	is to	mi.
danaged to	30 gu	a Enen	chion Se	mbby
	red secon nos	sen A		an !
Danage de			t come	nded
in was	eley re	10		Goors "
gully a			5 Inc.	Appen 16/
yards 1	ourks Ste Rig	ht of	thon 50	mes dix
damage	to ou		munica	Eon I
FROM				





FIRST AUSTRALIAN DIVISION 16/7/15.

Artillery Dailt Report.

16.7.15

No 1 Section

Very quiet until 1630 WINEGLASS Battery opened fire on right eestien flank between HUGHES and BROWNES Batteries from a new position, but flashes were visible and guns ceased fire after BURGESS had fired 12 rounds.

At 1722 one gum WINEGLASS again opened fire but stopped

after 9 rounds from BURGESS Battery

At 1700 HUGHES Battery fired two effective rounds on working party on ridge abo t 60 yds N of TWIN TRENCHES.

At 1700 in conjunction with N. Z. Artillery HUGHES Battery fired 15 rounds at trenches and wire entanglements on suthern slope LONESOME PINE 1 the series was fired in two parts an interval being made after the 6th round as the gun firing came under machine gum fire, one man was wounded.

During this series TASMANIA POST came under fire from direction LONESOME PINE RIDGE but gun could not be located

or discharge heard.

No 2 Section

5

At 1000 CADDYS Battery fired 13 rounds at gun west of SAND PIT which had opened fire, enemy gun ceased fire This gun opened again shortly afterwards and was engaged by BHOWNES Battery which fired 16 rounds before enemy gun ceased fire.

BROWNES Battery also fired 11 rounds at SAND PIT.

At 1600 GUN WEST of SAND PIT opened fire and was engaged by CADDYS Battery which stopped, however, as 5" howitzers

were switched on and searched the position.

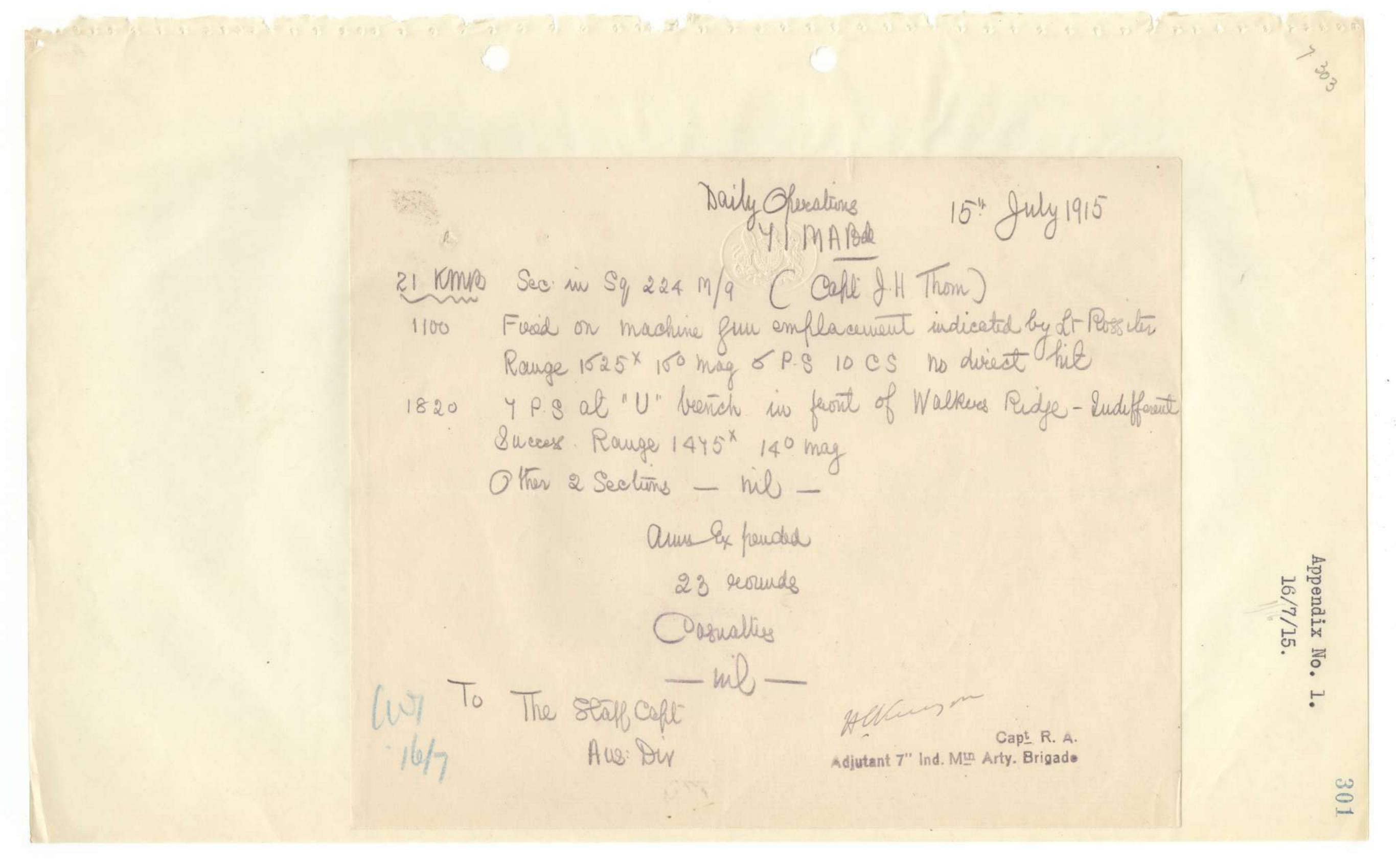
At 1945 6" Howitzer again fired on TURKS HUMP and damaged our trenches - 5" Howitzers promptly engaged this gun and searched the valley with a few rounds which appeared well placed.

During the day there was less enemy artillery fire than for some days but concealed guns fired from SAND PIT group, a concealed 75mm unlocated and a concealed 15 pr (?) and 12 pr (?). The latter evidently firing at extreme range.

- 10 5" Howitzer Battery R.F.A. landed and moved to CLARKE VALLEY less one subsection landed too late to move in dadlightex darkness.
- 12 Ammunition expended18 pr 70 tds 5" 8 rds 6" nil.

13 Killed nil

Comdg. DArt. 1st Aust. Div.



MEN ALLAND AND AUSTREMAIN LIVADUM. Appendix No. 1.

Summary of Events from 6 a.m. 13th July, to 6 16/7/15.

NO. 3 SECTION.

Nothing unusual mappened till about 5 p.m. when Countary's rost was severely shelled from the direction of 971 by a 5.7" gun. The forward fire trenomes were very little damaged, but the support trenomes and communication saps suffered more heavily. 7 men were killed and 15 wounded; some of these casualties occurred in the support trenomes, to which men from the fire

trenches had been removed. Steps have been taken to render the support trenches at Countrall's as bomb-proof as possible.

On inspection this morning it was found that the communicative trenches had all been of the communicative permit. There is still a good deal of work to be done, and many more sandbags are required before the damage is fully repaired. The Turks are busy repairing Gladen Officers' interior, and have

made great meadway during the night.

During the burst of fire last night there appeared to be more rifles than usual in the enemy's firing line in front of rork's left, and their machine guns on the flanks were constantly employed. No movement of the enemy was observed.

NO. 4 BLUTIUM.

There was very little firing on the trenches all day, either from artillery, rifles, or machine guns, but the anathring gun dropped a few shells at the foot of ridgin's rimino intermittently during the afternoon. From 8.30 p.m. onwards throughout the night, the enemy kept up sharp bursts of rifle fire, showing great uneasiness. The NEK trenches were fully manned and possibly by fresh troops.

. You will Lower

and 1845. Two rounds were fired on the first occasion, and three on each of the others. The enemy seased his fire each time.

at 1820 Infort o was engaged and the energ coased fire.

STEMLE'S TRANSCRIPS the day before yesterday, was directed on to to fire from Turke's most and fired about 40 rounds. It is supposed to fire from Turke's most and was engaged by the Australian Field Batteries and 5" nowitzers.

Japanese Mortar. - No. of mounds fined

JASUALILLIS.

Killed.

Officers N11. Other Ranks 7.

Wounded.

Officers Nil.

Missing. Other Ranks 22.

Sick evacuated

to Sulp. Officers Other Ranks

4.

Casualties among anmals

Nil.

Whith

(Sa) at goolen

Commanding N.Z. & A. Division.

Summary of events from 6 a.m. 15th July to 6 a.m. 16th July

NO. 3 BECTION.

Repairs to the trenches and work on the tunnel shelters in COURTNEY'S Post progressed throughout the day.

At 7.30 p.m. the O.C. GOURTHEY'S reported having heard sounds of the enemy working underground at some distance from our mines. Nothing, however, has been heard since.

The enemy 5.7" gun again opened fire at about 7.30 p.m., but the shots all fell apparently into STELLE'S Post. The men were

withdrawn from the right of Courthey's.

At about 9 p.m. a Turkish bomb apparently thrown from a mortar, landed on the left of FULL'S, but did not explode.

During the night there have been several bursts of rifle fire. Heavy bombing took place at WULWN's between 5.30 and 6.30 am this morning.

NO. 4 SECTION.

A quiet day. During the last two nights several old trenches on SNITER'S RIDGE and on INICODENDRUN SFUR have evidently been

deepened and shrubs replanted about them.

During the morning the enemy were reported to be picking within a few feet of the "A 1" tunnel in No. 2 Sap. A charge of ammonal was prepared and was fired at t p.m. The result cannot yet be ascertained, as Lieut. Black, Field Troop, N.Z. Engineers, went into the tunnel to recommostre at 10 p.m., but was so overcome by the fumes, that he had to be carried out to the dressing station. He is, however, all right.

At 7 p.m. a gun from about the Chocolate Hills shelled our support trenches at the North West of Russman's Tur, somewhat

damaging the parapets, but only causing two casualties.

During last night the acetylene lamp was installed near the BULLY BOOF track; this lamp will light up the front of our position

across part of the NEK.

With the exception of several bursts of rifle fire drawn by throwing bombs at the NEK trenches, the night passed quietly on RUSSELL'S Tor. At 1 a.m. Nos 1 and 2 Outposts on the left were subjected to rifle fire from the Turks from the direction of OVERTON 'S GULLY

Japanese Mortar. No. of bombs fired Nil.

Castaland.

Killed.

Officers 1 (Capt.Campbell, Medical Officer, 3rd Light Horse Bde, died of wounds).

Other Ranks Nil.

Wounded.

Officers Nil. Other Ranks 15.

Missing. Nil.

Sick evacuated

to ship.

Officers Other Ranks

Casualties among animals Nil.

Major-General Commanding N.Z. & A. Div.

nzac Cove, 16th July, 1915. J. nop

Appendix No. 2. 16/7/15.

16

refixCo	MESS.	Charge	SIGNALS. No.	of Message
ffice of Origin Ser	vice Instructions.	Sent	01/1	ed. at m. te
	At	m.	Service. Fro	1111
*******************	To By	(Signatur	re of "Franking Officer.") By	A STA
10	+ 0.	b · ·	16.7	5890
To ta	istration	Dursun	Brito.	16.7.15
0 1 1 N-1	The of	Month In p	eply to Number	191
Sender's Numb	17 Day of	Month In r	epry to Number	AAA
hill	you	please	direct	C.O. 's
of	neito	which	90	to
mulros	that	They	Showed	take
the	opportunity	of	practising	work
m	hilesides	during	the	right,
night	attacks	and	mosement	general
in	order	to	prepare	Theuselo
for	the	work	which	may
b	Required	of	Them	in
the	possibly	hear	future.	
work	Should	1/2	Knoched	off
in	the	day	for	This
purpose				
		- 6	+ 1 1	11
		- dv	L LM IN	1/9/
1	1/20	Not 1	1	1 1
	yac !			
Place 205	0			
The above may) be forwarded as now cor	rected. (Z)	istem &	Brig Gen B
		Censor. Signature of	Addressor or person authorised t	

Headquarters, lot Anstralian Division, 17th July, 1915. Officer Commanding 3 Inf. Bdes. and 2nd L.H.Bde. Units sent to IMBROS for rost and refitting will be instructed to take advantage of the opportunity while there of practising night novement and night attacks on the hillsides. Nork should be discontinued during the day to enable this to be done. This will help troops to propare for duty which may be required of them in future. Mout. -Colonel. Goneral Staff. lot Australian Division.

