

CITY OF CANNING

COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION PLAN

2016-2020

Working together for a safe community.

FOREWORD

It is my pleasure to introduce the City of Canning's Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan 2016-2020.

The Plan is a result of extensive research and consultation with the community and other key stakeholders, Elected Members and City Staff, and demonstrates the City's ongoing commitment to community safety in the local area.

Everyone has a role to play in making our community safe and in working together to develop resilient, sustainable communities.

The City of Canning recognises that above all, the safest communities are connected communities. With a growing and increasingly diverse population – the City is particularly focused on working together for a safe community.

It is through building and maintaining these vital partnerships that we can achieve our vision of a safe, secure, connected and inclusive Canning for everyone.

Paul Ng Mayor, City of Canning

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Community Safety and Crime Prevention: What is it?

According to the Australian Institute of Criminology (2012), crime prevention can be defined as 'an effective approach to reducing crime'. Internationally, crime prevention is recognised as an important component to building viable communities and contributing significantly to the achievement of safe, secure and vibrant societies.

A National Crime Prevention Framework has been introduced by the Australian Institute of Criminology to promote best practice and provide guidance to stakeholders in the development of sustainable policies, strategies and programs that address crime problems.

The Framework is intended to assist in the achievement of the following outcomes:

- A reduction in crime and disorder problems that are of greatest harm and concern to the community;
- Increased community safety, security and cohesion, including a reduction in the actual and perceived risk of victimisation;
- Increased support for people to cope with the impact of victimisation; and
- A reduction in re-offending among those people who have already engaged in criminal or anti-social behaviour.

Community Safety and Crime Prevention Planning

In Western Australia, WA Police (Community Engagement Division) works in partnership with local governments throughout the State, to assist in the development of Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plans that promote a holistic approach to crime prevention within local communities.

A collaborative, whole of community approach to crime prevention and safety is sought across all levels of government and the wider community to improve the effectiveness and implementation of strategies identified in these plans. This includes local police, government agencies, schools, local businesses and community groups, media and other key stakeholders.

Aims

This plan aims to:

- Provide the City of Canning with an overview of current local community safety issues;
- Draw together information about existing programs and services, as well as proposals for future undertakings;
- Enable Council to make informed decisions about community safety priorities;
- Build on the body of work completed to date and draw on the capacity of prospective partners in relation to the efficient and effective use of available resources; and
- Provide evidence that will support the sourcing of alternate funding as it becomes available from both the Federal and State Government.

Effectively, the Plan describes where we have been, where we are now and where we might go in the future.

Evidence

This Plan is based on information derived from community consultation, Australian Bureau of Statistics demographic data, WA Police crime statistics, previous crime prevention activities undertaken and extensive benchmarking and research.

Background

The City of Canning's previous Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan was for the period 2005-2008. A review of the Plan was conducted in 2011, to coincide with a State funding incentive.

In 2015 the development of the City's first Community Development Strategy marked an expansion of the City's commitment to community development, and identified community safety as one of five key focus areas.

With proposed local government reforms now shelved and the recent appointment of a brand new Council, it is now timely that the City renews its planning in this area.

The Important Role of Local Government in Crime Prevention

Whilst primary responsibility for law enforcement and crime prevention rests with State Government agencies such as WA Police, there is also growing recognition that local government is well-placed to lead community crime prevention initiatives (Australian Institute of Criminology, 2015)

The reasons for this include:

- A significant percentage of crime is very local in nature;
- Local government often has existing consultative mechanisms that can be utilised in the coordination of crime prevention responses and problem solving;
- There is an increasing community expectation that local government will assume some responsibility for crime issues that affect the local amenity and quality of life; and
- Local government is responsible for a range of services related to crime prevention including the management of public space, building and environmental design, land use and zoning, waste management, street lighting, human/social services and recreational services.

Given the broad range of functions that local government undertakes and its close relationship with the local community, local government plays a crucial role in leading and contributing to targeted community crime prevention strategies, planning and responses at a local level.

"Local government authorities are best placed to understand and reflect the particular needs and problems of their local community and are therefore also best placed to generate and/or deliver the most appropriate prevention interventions for their local communities". (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, 2010).

The **City of Canning Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan 2016-2020** embraces this philosophy and provides a framework to address key local crime prevention priorities, actions and responsibilities over the next four years.

THE CITY OF CANNING: A PROFILE OF OUR COMMUNITY

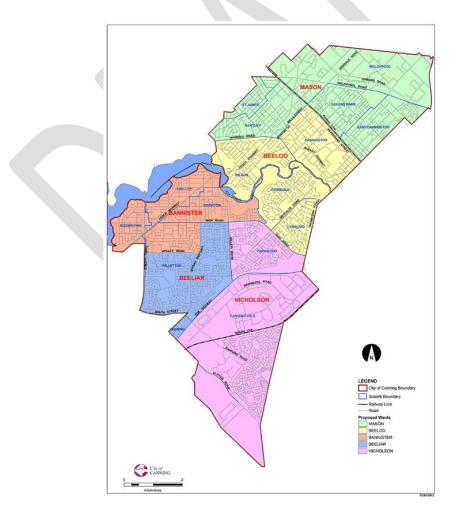
The City of Canning covers a total of 65 square kilometres and is located in Perth's southeastern suburbs, about 10 kilometres from the Perth CBD.

The City encompasses the suburbs of Cannington, East Cannington, Ferndale, Lynwood, Parkwood, Queens Park, Riverton, Rossmoyne, Shelley, Willetton and Wilson, as well as parts of Bentley, Canning Vale, Leeming, St James and Welshpool. These suburbs are divided into five Council Wards – Bannister, Beeliar, Beeloo, Mason and Nicholson (refer map below).

Industry and business play a major role in our community, with the Canning Vale Industrial area in the south, and Welshpool to the north. Willetton is home to a smaller industrial hub. Major shopping centres are scattered across the City; and small businesses and cottage industries are dotted throughout the suburbs, providing a wide range of services to residents.

The City also boasts the Canning River Regional Park, which was established in 1989 to protect the Canning River wetlands and contains some of the best estuarine vegetation in the entire Swan-Canning River system.

The original inhabitants of the Canning area were the Beeloo Nyungar Aboriginal people.



Demographical Trends and Highlights

Generally, the City of Canning has a similar profile to the Greater Perth area, as identified in the 2011 Australian Bureau of Statistics Census data below.

Most notably, 33% of the City's population comes from a non-English speaking background, making the Canning community one of the most diverse in the broader Perth area. The City of Canning also attracts a relatively high number of newcomers, with 31.7% of the population moving here from other areas between 2006 and 2011.

Population Highlight	City of Canning	Greater Perth
Median age	34 years	36 years
Couples with children	34%	32%
Lone person households	21%	22.4%
Need for assistance (disability)	3.3%	3.6%
Medium/high density housing	21%	23%
Households renting	28%	27%
Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander	1%	1.6%
Non-English speaking backgrounds	33%	17%
University attendance	9%	5%
Unemployment	5.6%	4.9%

Some of the key population highlights include:

- Over 54% of households in **Canning Vale** consist of couples with children, followed by **Willetton/Leeming** with 44.2%.
- St James (30.8%), Wilson (28.1%), Bentley (27.8%), Ferndale (27.4%) and Lynwood (25.2%) have a higher proportion of lone person households compared to other suburbs.
- 5.5% of **Ferndale** residents and 5.2% of **Wilson** residents reported requiring assistance due to disability.
- Population density is highest in the Bentley (23.97 persons per hectare) and St James (28.35 persons per hectare) areas, compared to the City of Canning average of 13.17.
- 4.5% of the City of Canning population have reported that they speak English not very well, or not at all. This trend is higher in Cannington (8.2%), Bentley (7.6%), Queens Park/Welshpool (6.7%), East Cannington (6.5%), Lynwood and Ferndale (both 5.4%).
- 28% of Canning households are renting, with Bentley (56.8%), St James (45.9%), Cannington (45.4%) and Queens Park/Welshpool (38.7%) recording significantly more than this.
- 4% of Canning households are recorded as social housing, with **Bentley** (17.8%) and **St James** (11.1%) recording above this average.
- Unemployment is highest in the suburbs of **Bentley** (13%), **Cannington** (9.6%), **St James** (9.3%), compared to the City of Canning average (5.6%).

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA): Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage

The SEIFA Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage is a product developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) which uses information from their five-yearly Censuses to rank areas in Australia according to relative socio-economic advantage and disadvantage. The index is derived from attributes that reflect disadvantage such as low income, low educational attainment and high unemployment. A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage.

A Regional Perspective

Local Government or Benchmark Area	2011 SEIFA Index	Percentile
City of South Perth	1065.0	82
Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale	1047.2	73
City of Canning	1034.2	65
Greater Perth	1033.4	65
Western Australia	1021.5	58
Town of Victoria Park	1020.6	58
City of Gosnells	1004.1	48
Australia	1002.0	47
City of Armadale	996.1	44
City of Belmont	986.8	39

In 2011, the SEIFA index of disadvantage lists the City of Canning on the 65th percentile, with a rating of 1034.2. This is similar to the overall rating for the Greater Perth area, and ranks the City of Canning 29th out of the 139 local governments in Western Australia, or 3rd out of the seven local governments within the South East Metropolitan district.

Within the City of Canning though, the SEIFA ratings vary greatly.

A Local Perspective

City of Canning Ward Benchmark Area (20	SEIFA index by Suburb	SEIFA index by Ward	
City of Canning		1034.2	
Beeliar	Willetton & Leeming (part)	1079.0	1079.0
Bannister	Shelley	1088.2	1074.1
	Rossmoyne	1081.3	
	Riverton	1053.0	
Nicholson	Canning Vale	1095.2	1065.7
	Parkwood	1036.2	
Beeloo	Ferndale	1028.4	1003.4
	Wilson	1016.8	
	Lynwood	989.4	
	Cannington	979.2	
Mason	East Cannington	1004.0	976.7
	St James	994.6	
	Queen's Park	985.8	
	Welshpool	981.1	
	Bentley	918.0	

An analysis of the 2011 SEIFA Index suggests that both Mason and Beeloo Wards have a higher level of socio-economic disadvantage compared to the City of Canning as a whole, as well as other individual suburbs within the City. The impact of this is reflected in the crime statistics provided in this Plan.

Demographical information is invaluable to crime prevention planning as it can assist in the identification of socio-economic issues that may influence criminal activity, and assist in the development of more targeted and appropriate community crime prevention strategies.

"It has long been known that officially recorded rates of most forms of crime are higher in economically disadvantaged areas... A growing body of research evidence drawn from studies of individual families suggests that economic and social stress exert their effects on crime..." New South Wales Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research, 1997).

PLAN INTEGRATION AND DEVELOPMENT

City of Canning Integrated Planning Framework

The City of Canning Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan 2016-2020 is predominantly informed by:

• City of Canning Strategic Community Plan 2012-2022

The Strategic Community Plan is the City's long-term strategic planning document. It is one of many tools that will guide the future direction of the City. The plan looks beyond 10 years, is broad and has a strong emphasis on the community's visions, goals and strategies.

VISION FOR OUR COMMUNITY: We are a connected and inclusive community and work collaboratively towards ensuring the health, safety and wellbeing of all.

• City of Canning Corporate Business Plan 2014-2017

The Corporate Business Plan is the document that sets out the priorities for dealing with the objectives in the Strategic Community Plan. Its ultimate goal is to translate the community's aspirations from the Strategic Community Plan into operational priorities, activities and resourcing plans.

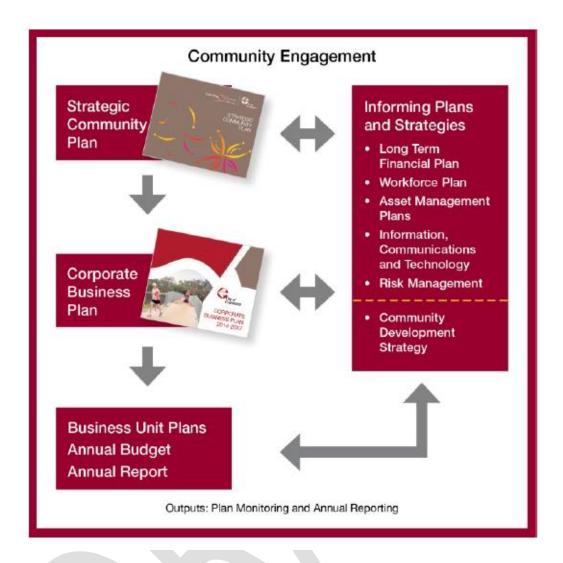
• City of Canning Community Development Strategy 2015

The Community Development Strategy is built on the foundations of the Strategic Community Plan and The Corporate Business Plan. All focus areas, objectives, activities and performance measures in this strategy are directly connected to these plans.

One of the five key focus areas of the Community Development Strategy is Community Safety – hence the development of this dedicated Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan.

COMMUNITY SAFETY PRIORITIES:

- ✓ Incorporate community safety into everything we do as an organisation
- ✓ Raise community safety awareness through education and communication strategies
- ✓ Facilitate and strengthen partnerships with government and non-government agencies, emergency services and the local community to deliver community safety outcomes



The City of Canning Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan 2016-2020 will form an integral part of the City's Community Development planning framework. Other informing strategies within the Community Development Directorate include the Heritage Strategy and the Cultural Strategy.

Community Safety and Crime Prevention Survey

The City conducted a Community Safety and Crime Prevention Survey between October and November 2015 and encouraged local residents, employees and businesses to comment on community safety and crime concerns within the City.

The survey was available electronically through the "Your Say Canning" website – the City of Canning's online community engagement space.

Promotional posters, flyers and hardcopy surveys with reply paid envelopes were also available at the following facilities within the City of Canning:

- All City of Canning facilities
- Cannington and Canning Vale Police Stations
- Communicare
- Local businesses (including Bunnings and all IGA stores)
- Welshpool Business Enterprise Centre

During the survey period, City staff held promotions, distributed promotional material and spoke to local businesses and employees at a number of local shopping centres and community events including:

- Westfield Carousel Shopping Centre, Cannington
- Bentley Plaza Shopping Centre, Bentley
- Livingston Marketplace, Canning Vale
- Southlands Boulevarde, Willetton
- Stockland Riverton Shopping Centre, Riverton
- Bentley Community BBQ series
- Canning Show
- Cannington Leisureplex Open Day and Marketplace
- City of Canning Senior's Expo and associated activities
- Youth and Family Services event at Willetton Youth Centre
- Riverton Leisureplex Open Day

A large banner promoting the survey was rotated through various prominent locations in the City during the consultation period.

Throughout the promotional period, the survey was also promoted through a variety of digital media including Canning ewatch and the City of Canning eNewsletter, Facebook, Twitter, website and Intranet (for City employees).

Survey Responses

A total of 192 responses were received during the two-month consultation period, including 69 hardcopy surveys and 123 electronic copies through the *Your Say Canning* website (although there were 477 visitors to the survey at this link during the consultation period). The information contained in this report is based on these responses.

The City of Canning's Community Perception Surveys in 2013 and 2015 have also been referenced in the preparation of this Plan.

Stakeholder Consultation

This plan was developed in consultation with relevant service areas within the City of Canning, including Community Development, Youth and Family Services, Marketing and Communications, Planning and Regulation and Property Services.

External stakeholders including WA Police, Canning Neighbourhood Watch and the Department of Housing were also engaged during the development of the Plan.

Emails promoting the survey were also sent to Canning Neighbourhood Watch, Curtin University, Bentley Community Focus (BCF), all City of Canning schools, local sporting clubs, community groups and businesses with a request to share the information within their own wider networks.

The 2013 Crime Risk Assessment of the Bentley Regeneration Area and the key recommendations of this report were also considered as part of this Plan.

Alignment with WA Policing Strategies

The State Community Crime Prevention Plan 2011-2014 guides crime prevention initiatives by government agencies, local government, non-government organisations and the community. The five key goal areas outlined in this Plan are:

- Early intervention to improve the wellbeing of children and families;
- Youth justice and reducing re-offending;
- Preventing and responding to anti-social behavior;
- Addressing and reducing drug and alcohol related crime; and
- Targeting priority crimes in Western Australia as identified.

Frontline 2020

Frontline 2020 is WA Police's ongoing reform program, encapsulating a range of initiatives, all geared towards making the agency as efficient and effective as it can be in an environment of increasing demands and finite resources.

The program promotes a more local focus to policing and provides the City of Canning with ongoing opportunities to work in partnership with local police to address local community safety and crime concerns. Some of these initiatives include:

- Innovative social media to keep the public informed of policing issues and what local police are doing about local problems;
- Targeted community engagement to understand and tackle the root causes of crime where possible; and
- An updated WA Police website offering a growing list of online services which allows police resources to be re-invested into frontline services

Plan Implementation, Monitoring and Review

This plan will be monitored and reviewed annually to ensure that the document remains dynamic and relevant; taking into account current crime trends, research and community safety concerns.

Coordination of the plan's implementation will predominantly be the responsibility of the City of Canning's Community Wellbeing team (Community Development Directorate).

INTERVENING WITH CRIME

The causes of crime are complex, as people are influenced by social, biological, psychological, environmental and economic conditions in different ways. Links between crime and factors such as employment, education and family life can be difficult to predict and define.

There are four key models, or approaches to crime prevention which facilitate a combination of short, medium and long-term interventions. Ideally, the most effective way to tackle crime is to use a combination of strategies from each model to ensure that the complex causes of crime are understood and addressed (Clancy, 2014).

Model	Explanation	Examples	
Developmental	Early intervention – reducing risk factors to help prevent crime later in life	Parenting programsSchool enrichment initiatives	
Social	Strengthening neighbourhoods and communities to help prevent crime; developing social capital	 Community support groups Community building activities Provision of welfare services 	
Situational	Stopping opportunities for crime and increasing the difficulty of offending	 Installing security devices Surveillance and lighting 'Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design' (CPTED) 	
Criminal Justice	Police, Courts and Prisons	 More police Improved arrest rates Harsher penalties 	

Models of Crime Prevention

Whilst local government plays a key role in the promotion of community safety and has direct jurisdiction to respond to some of the environmental issues that can facilitate crime, it does not have the authority to directly influence many other areas such as education, child protection, police resourcing and employment. Thus, a vital part of this plan will be aimed at strengthening communities and creating partnerships in order to target volume crimes and the many issues that underpin them in our community.

CRIME PROFILE

Crime Statistics: An Explanation

The crime statistics referred to in this document were obtained through a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between WA Police and the WA Local Government Association (WALGA) and have been used to assist in determining crime hotspots and trends within the City of Canning. Whilst a valuable resource, it is also important to note the following limitations:

- Only crimes that have been reported are recorded. Higher crime rates do not necessarily mean that more crimes have been committed; but that those that were previously going unreported are now being brought to light.
- Increases in population will also affect crime statistics.
- The statistics provided have been obtained from the WA Police Incident Management System and relate to offences <u>reported</u> to police, and not details regarding police attendance, call outs or demands on WA Police resources.
- Not all offences reported to Police will be accurate, particularly in regards to graffiti vandalism. For example, 1x reported incident of graffiti may consist of 4x damage offences.
- Where a locality (suburb) is shared between two or more local governments, statistics for the suburb in its entirety have been provided. This is particularly important to remember when considering the areas of:
 - Canning Vale: shared between the City of Canning and the City of Gosnells
 - Bentley: shared between the City of Canning and the Town of Victoria Park
 - St James: shared between the City of Canning and the Town of Victoria Park
 - Welshpool: shared between the City of Canning and the Town of Victoria Park
 - Leeming: shared between the City of Melville and the City of Canning

Please refer to Appendix 3 for a list of definitions of crime types referred to within this Plan.

Crime: A Regional Perspective

The City of Canning is one of seven local government areas within the South East Metropolitan Policing District, along with the Cities of Armadale, Belmont, Gosnells and South Perth, the Town of Victoria Park and the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale.

The District is geographically, demographically and socially diverse, and in 2013 accounted for about a quarter of all criminal incidents in the Perth metropolitan area (WA Police, 2013).

LGA	Assault	Burglary (dwelling)	Burglary (other)	Graffiti	Robbery	Steal Motor Vehicle
Armadale	1270	1402	274	74	57	342
Belmont	626	854	208	37	49	423
Canning	949	1095	502	56	68	330
Gosnells	1466	1381	458	60	89	462
Serpentine-Jarrahdale	153	193	80	15	1	51
South Perth	308	626	119	12	22	148
Victoria Park	857	1046	344	52	83	351

2015 Crime Statistics for the South East Metropolitan Policing District

*Please note that the data provided in the above table was sourced from the WA Police website. All other City of Canning crime statistics referred to within this Plan were obtained through the Memorandum of Understanding between WA Police and the WA Local Government Association. Where a locality (suburb) is shared between two or more local governments, statistics for the suburb in its entirety have been included.

Comparatively, the above statistics show that the City of Canning has a higher amount of *non-dwelling burglaries* than any other local government area in the District, whilst ranking third out of the seven local governments for reported *assaults, home burglaries, graffiti offences* and *robberies*; and fifth for *stolen motor vehicles*.

As home to two of the largest industrial areas in the region at Welshpool and Canning Vale, the Cannington City Centre precinct and a number of other smaller industrial, commercial and retail hubs throughout the City, the above statistics reiterate the importance of addressing *business safety and security* as part of the City's crime prevention planning.

Crime in the City of Canning

Presented in the table below are the numbers of recorded incidents in the main crime categories across the City of Canning between 2011 and 2015. The table also presents the average annual trend, either upwards or downwards over the five years.

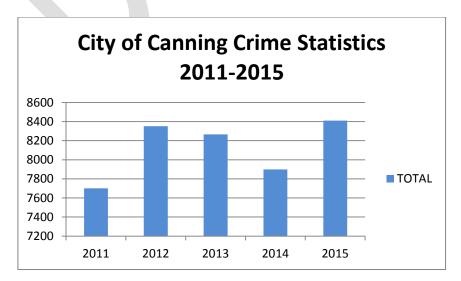
Crime Category	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Average Annual Trend
Arson	36	31	40	31	45	+9.5%
Assault	458	397	420	416	404	-2.8%
Assault (Sexual)	51	73	76	101	95	+18.6%
Burglary (Dwelling)	1523	1493	1449	914	1091	-5.6%
Burglary (Non-Dwelling)	414	474	421	502	502	+5.6%
Disorderly Conduct	29	29	35	36	72	+30.9%
Drug Offences	459	614	593	729	914	+19.7%
Graffiti	136	94	92	53	55	-17.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	342	441	366	323	324	+0.1%
Robbery (Business)	15	14	13	10	16	+5.8%
Robbery (Non-Business)	136	84	97	59	51	-18.9%
Theft	3759	4108	4359	4534	4616	+5.3%

City of Canning Crime Statistics 2011-2015

Over the past five years, recorded offences for Arson, Sexual Assault, Non-Dwelling Burglaries, Disorderly Conduct, Drug Offences, Business Robberies and Theft have increased within the City of Canning. Home Burglaries, Graffiti and Non-Business Robberies have decreased, whilst Assaults and Motor Vehicle Theft reports have remained stable.

Overall, *Theft* is by far the most prevalent crime within the City, followed by *Home Burglaries, Drug Offences, Non-Dwelling Burglaries, Assaults* and *Motor Vehicle Theft* offences.

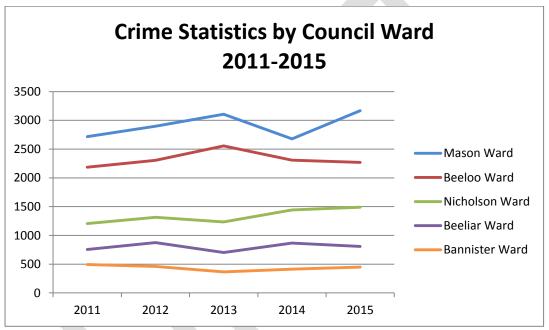
Overall, total crime statistics for the City of Canning over the main crime categories (as outlined in the table below) have increased since 2011.



Crime trends by Council Ward

When presented by Council Ward, overall recorded crime within the City of Canning over the past five years consistently shows that *Mason Ward* (Bentley, East Cannington, Queens Park, St James and Welshpool) remains the City's hotspot for crime, followed by *Beeloo Ward* (Cannington, Ferndale, Lynwood and Wilson), *Nicholson Ward* (Canning Vale and Parkwood), *Beeliar Ward* (Willetton and Leeming) and *Bannister Ward* (Riverton, Rossmoyne and Shelley).

Crime in *Nicholson Ward* and particularly *Mason Ward* is seen to have increased over the past five years, whilst minimal change in crime is evident in other Council Wards over this period.



*Crime offences included are Arson, Assault, Sexual Assault, Home and Non-Dwelling Burglaries, Disorderly Conduct, Drug Offences, Graffiti, Motor Vehicle Theft, Business and Non-Business Robberies and Theft.

WHAT WE ALREADY DO

Current Services and Initiatives

The City of Canning is committed to developing a connected and inclusive community that works collaboratively towards ensuring the health, safety and wellbeing of all. We contribute to this through the provision of the following services and initiatives:

Service/Initiative	Description
Community	The City's Community Development team works with the community to
Development	develop the capacity of organisations and groups to meet their own needs and aspirations, in line with the City's Community Development Strategy.
Ranger and	A 24 hour, 7 day a week service providing peace of mind to residents through
Community	visible patrols, holiday watch patrols, reporting suspicious behaviour and
Safety Services	damage and assisting with local law matters applicable to the control of
	animals, parking, litter, abandoned vehicles and off-road vehicles.
Safe	Employment of 1.5 Community Safety Liaison Officers (CSLOs) within the
Communities Team	Community Wellbeing team, to develop and implement the City's Community Safety and Crime Prevention Plan and associated initiatives. The CSLOs
Team	facilitate partnerships with key stakeholders and undertake a variety of
	community engagement activities to raise awareness of crime prevention.
Youth and	Provision of support and activities for young people and their families,
Family Services	including youth activities and a Youth Accommodation Service. The service
	also works with a range of agencies dedicated to the wellbeing of young
Graffiti Removal	people. A rapid response, in-house graffiti removal service within the City's Assets
Service	and Property Services division.
Neighbourhood	The City supports a small but active group of volunteers who promote the
Watch	Neighbourhood Watch philosophy and distribute resources across the City.
ewatch	ewatch is an email-based program that keeps residents connected to their
	local police and Council. The City sends regular reports to subscribers
	including reports from local police, information on local crime trends and statistics, safety initiatives, emerging issues and upcoming events.
Community	Thanks to a funding grant in 2015 from Neighbourhood Watch Australasia,
Safety Stations	the City has installed a dedicated community safety information display at all
	City of Canning libraries and Leisureplex facilities, improving the accessibility
Cleard Circuit	of crime prevention resources and information to the community.
Closed Circuit Television	The City manages a number of fixed and mobile CCTV assets which are deployed in hotspot areas in line with the objectives of the State CCTV
(CCTV)	Strategy framework and City of Canning CCTV Policy.
'Clean Streets'	A WA Police-funded project promoting the reporting of and the rapid clean-up
Initiative	of graffiti vandalism within the City. The initiative, targeting graffiti on private
	property, provides free graffiti removal kits to residents and businesses (whilst
'Gone In Less	stocks last) and raises awareness of the importance of reporting. A partnership initiative between WA Police and the seven local governments
Than 60	based in the South East Metropolitan Region, targeting the growing issue of
Seconds'	theft from motor vehicles. A display vehicle has been developed (with another
Initiative	soon to be available) for use at local community events and in targeted crime
	hotspots, along with a variety of associated resources, videos and flyers.
Property	To encourage residents to mark their property for identification, engraving kits
Marking Initiative	are available for residents to borrow free of charge from all Canning libraries.
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Current Partnerships

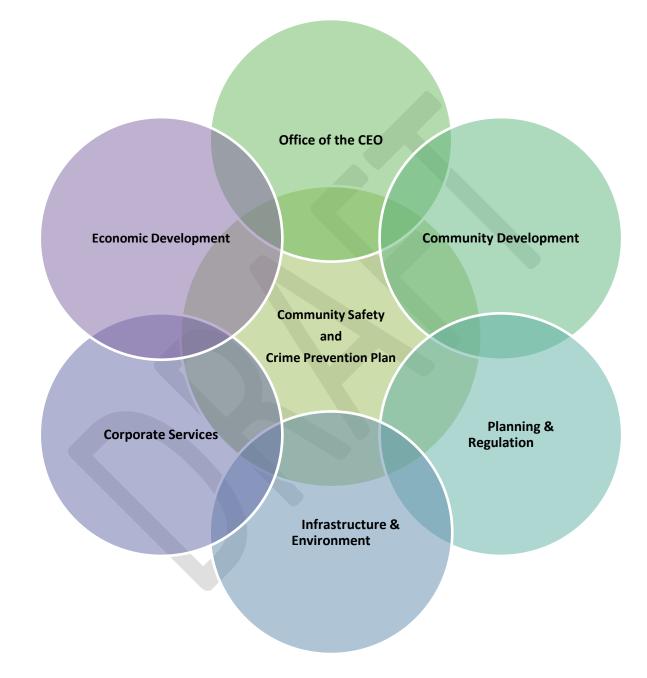
The City of Canning supports a holistic approach to community safety and crime prevention. As such, the City is involved in a number of ongoing safety partnerships and committees including:

Partnership/Committee	Membership		
Canning Neighbourhood Watch	City of Canning		
	Cannington and Canning Vale Police		
	Canning Neighbourhood Watch Volunteers		
South East Metropolitan Local	WA Police Community Engagement Division		
Government Community Safety	City of Canning		
Network	City of Armadale		
	City of South Perth		
	Town of Victoria Park		
	City of Gosnells		
	City of Belmont		
	Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale		
Local Government Community	WA Police Community Engagement Division		
Safety Network	All WA Local Governments		
Cannington Police	City of Canning		
	Cannington Local Policing Teams		
Canning Vale Police	City of Canning		
	Canning Vale Local Policing Teams		
Neighbourhood Watch (NHW) State Advisory Board	NHW WA State Director and Coordinator		
State Advisory Board	WA Local Government Association (WALGA)		
	 Security Agents Institute of WA (SAIWA) Department of Education 		
	 Department of Education Housing Authority 		
	Crime Stoppers		
	 Local Government Representative (City of 		
	Canning)		
	Safety House Association of WA		
	Community Representative (Canning)		
	Neighbourhood Watch Volunteer)		
Curtin Community Safety and	Curtin University		
Security Action Group	City of Canning		
	Town of Victoria Park		
	City of South Perth		
	WA Police		
	Juniper Aged Care and Living		
	Canning College		
	Polytechnic West		

Through the development of this plan, a number of new initiatives and partnership opportunities were also identified. Please refer to the Community Safety and Crime Prevention Action Plan on the following pages for further information.

COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN

A WHOLE OF ORGANISATION COMMITMENT



COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN: An Overview

Based on input and feedback from the community, available crime statistics and the City's current strategic objectives, a number of specific actions and activities have been identified and are incorporated into this Community Safety and Crime Prevention Action Plan 2016-2020.

These actions encompass four fundamental focus areas:

COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN

COMMUNITY AWARENESS AND EDUCATION

Raising community safety awareness through education and communication strategies.

CITY SERVICES

Providing professional and efficient services that make our City a safe and healthy community in which to live and work.

COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIPS

Building, facilitating and strengthening partnerships with government agencies and the local community to deliver community safety outcomes

SAFE PLACES AND SPACES

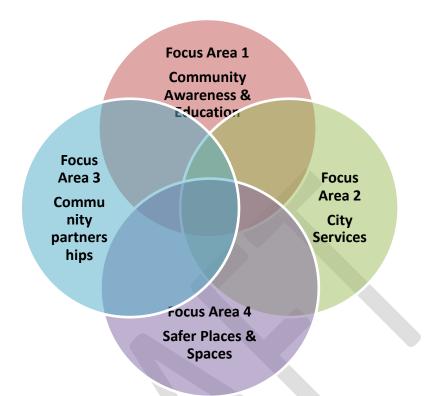
Designing out crime in the planning, design and management of places and spaces within the City.

ACTION PLAN OVERVIEW

 Community Awareness and Education 1.1 Expand the City's property marking program* 1.2 Expand the City's ewatch program 1.3 Improved stakeholder engagement regarding community safety issues 1.4 Increased crime prevention information for local businesses* 1.5 Improve the City's online community safety presence 1.6 Increase and promote the City's community safety resources 1.7 Raise awareness of road safety 1.8 Raise awareness of the impact of drugs and alcohol* 	 2. City Services 2.1 Coordinated response to known problem areas and hotspots 2.2 Provide services that promote a proactive and strategic approach to community safety 2.3 Improve and promote security awareness within the community and local business sector* 2.4 Improved security of vulnerable and targeted crime spots (target hardening)* 2.5 Increase community and neighbourhood connectivity 2.6 Review the City's CCTV program
 I.9 Increased staff awareness of community safety* Community Partnerships Support the growth of the Canning Neighbourhood Watch program 2 Expand the City's involvement in the Eyes on the Street program* 3 Raise awareness and increase safety of children and youth 4 Improve awareness of community safety and crime prevention within sporting clubs/ community groups* 5 Utilise existing community groups and forums to deliver community safety outcomes 6 Raise awareness of motor vehicle crime in the South East Metro area 7 Raise community awareness of fire prevention and preparedness 	 4. Safer Places and Spaces 4.1 Reduce and address illegal dumping within the City* 4.2 Improved street lighting 4.3 Promote and support crime prevention through improved urban and environmental design* 4.4 Reduce occurrence of graffiti vandalism within the City 4.5 Improve Public Health within the City 4.6 Reduce and address traffic speed concerns within the City

NOTE: Those activities marked with an asterix (*) in the Plan are new initiatives.

Internal Stakeholder Responsibilities



CSCP ACTION PLAN FOCUS AREAS

DIRECTORATE	BUSINESS UNIT	FOCUS AREA
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	COMMUNITY WELLBEING	1,2,3,4
	YOUTH & DISABILITY FAMILY SERVICES	1,2,3
	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	2,3
	LEARNING COMMUNITIES	1,3
	CUSTOMER SERVICE	1
OFFICE OF THE CEO	MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS	1,2,3,4
INFRASTRUCTURE & ENVIRONMENT	PROPERTY & ASSETS	2,4
	ENGINEERING & TECHNICAL SERVICES	1,4
	REGULATION & TENANCY	1,3
	WASTE & FLEET SERVICES	4
	PARKS & ENVIRONMENT	4
	REGULATORY SERVICES	4
PLANNING & REGULATION	STATUTORY PLANNING	4
CORPORATE SERVICES	ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT HR	1,3
	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH	1
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	1,3

Interpreting the Action Plan

Each action identified in the Plan shows an alignment to all, or many of the five key focus areas of the City of Canning's Community Development Strategy, being:

- 1. Community Diversity: Maximising the benefits of social and cultural diversity
- 2. Community Service: Ensuring optimal access to appropriate services
- **3. Community Partnerships:** People and organisations working together to achieve positive community outcomes
- **4. Community Places and Spaces:** *Maximising diverse community use of facilities, infrastructure and open spaces*
- 5. Community Safety: Maximising safety in our communities

Addressing Local Priorities

The strategies and actions identified within this Plan will be implemented in close consultation with WA Police and other key stakeholders, to ensure that they complement other local activities and target identified priority areas and communities.

Action Plan Priority Ratings

Actions within this Plan have been developed through consultation and analysis. Actions and key goals have been prioritised with the following suggested timeframes:

H: High	Implementation to occur within the first 12 months
M: Medium	Implementation to occur within the first 2-3 years
L: Low	Implementation to occur upon successful completion of High and Medium
	priorities

Responsibility and Partnerships

Whilst coordination of the plan's implementation will predominantly be the responsibility of the City's Safe Communities team, a number of other internal and external stakeholders have also been identified against many activities. The name of some of these stakeholders has been abbreviated in the Action Plan as follows:

Canning NHW	Canning Neighbourhood Watch
Constable Care CSF	Constable Care Child Safety Foundation
COC	City of Canning
Communications	City of Canning Communications and Marketing team
CSLO	Community Safety Liaison Officer
DFES	Department of Fire and Emergency Services
EM Officer	Emergency Management Officer
KABC	Keep Australia Beautiful Council
Libraries	All City of Canning Libraries (Bentley, Cannington, Riverton, Willetton)
NHW Australasia	Neighbourhood Watch Australasia

NHW WA	Neighbourhood Watch Western Australia State Office
OSH Coordinator	City of Canning Occupational Safety and Health Coordinator
R&CSS	Ranger and Community Safety Services
SEM LGAs	South East Metropolitan Local Government Authorities
WALGA	Western Australian Local Government Association
WA Police	Western Australia Police

Budget and Funding

The City of Canning provides dedicated funding to support community safety and crime prevention activities. Federal, State and Community funding opportunities for all activities within this Plan will also be explored and assessed on a case by case basis.

CITY OF CANNING COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN 2016-2020

Key Focus Area One: Community Awareness and Education

Raising community safety awareness through education and communication strategies.

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
1.1	Expand the City's property marking program	 1.1.1 Develop dedicated Marketing Strategy 1.1.2 Increase property marking resources to address targeted crime concerns e.g. Home burglary, bicycle and industrial theft 	•	Number of engraver loans from City libraries Number of property marking kits distributed	CSLO (Lead) Canning NHW Communications WA Police Libraries	Burglary Theft	Μ	2,3,4,5
1.2	Expand the City's ewatch program	 1.2.1 Develop a local ewatch Marketing Strategy 1.2.2 Monitor and gauge program success via community feedback received 1.2.3 Explore opportunities to develop a local business ewatch program 	•	Number of reports sent Number of registrations	CSLO (Lead) WA Police Communications Canning NHW Economic Development	All Offences	Η	2,3,4,5

	GOALS	ACTIONS		CESS ATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
1.3	Improved stakeholder engagement regarding community safety issues	 1.3.1 Develop Community Safety Workshops for residents and businesses on a range of crime prevention topics* 1.3.2 Explore partnership opportunities 1.3.3 Develop dedicated Marketing Strategy 	 Numberworksl Numberattend Commentation Commentation 	nops held er of ees nunity	CSLO (Lead) WA Police Canning NHW R&CSS Economic Development Communications Other relevant agencies	All Offences	Μ	1,2,3,4,5
1.4	Increased crime prevention information for local businesses	1.4.1 Explore development of a crime prevention information kit for local businesses 1.4.2 Develop dedicated Marketing Strategy	distrib • Comm		CSLO (Lead) WA Police R&CSS Communications	All Offences	М	2,3,4,5
1.5	Improve the City's online community safety presence	 1.5.1 Review/update website content, including online reporting capabilities 1.5.2 Explore the use of social media to promote community safety messages 1.5.3 Share regular information in the City's eNewsletter 1.5.4 Celebrate and share successes via NHW WA and NHWA Knowledge Banks 	review update online capab • Numb messa	er of media	CSLO (Lead) R&CSS Communications Contact Centre WA Police Canning NHW NHW WA NHW Australasia	All Offences	Μ	1,2,3,4,5

	GOALS	ACTIONS	SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
1.6	Increase and promote the City's community safety resources	 1.6.1 Review and update the City's community safety resources 1.6.2 Research and develop new community safety resources 1.6.3 Explore opportunities to provide information in sustainable and alternative formats 1.6.4 Promote and maintain Community Safety Stations (displays) at City facilities 1.6.5 Explore and promote opportunities to provide community safety information to new residents in a 'Welcome Kit' 	 Number of community safety resources developed and reviewed Number of Community Safety resources distributed Welcome kit developed Number of Welcome Kits distributed 	CSLO (Lead) R&CSS Communications Contact Centre Canning NHW Local real estate agents Housing Authority	All Offences	H	2,3,4,5
1.7	Raise awareness of road safety	 1.7.1 Participate, support and promote regional and local road safety groups and initiatives 1.7.2 Update the City of Canning Road Safety Program/Policy 1.7.3 Continue School Parking Compliance program 1.7.4 Expand the City's TravelSmart program and endorse the City's 	 Number of targeted public awareness campaigns/media releases that promote road safety messages and support State and Regional campaigns City of Canning Road Safety Program/Policy 	Engineering and CSLO (Lead) WALGA WA Police Communications Local schools Department of Transport Main Roads WA R&CSS	Road Safety	Μ	2,3,4,5

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
		Cycling and Walking Plans	•	updated City's Cycling, Walking and TravelSmart Plans endorsed				
1.8	Raise awareness of the impact of drugs and alcohol *	 1.8.1 Develop a 'Party Safe' information kit for residents 1.8.2 Support media campaigns that address the risks of alcohol and drugs, and the promotion of healthy lifestyles 1.8.3 Provide helpful links to referral services on the City website and Intranet 1.8.4 Explore opportunities to deliver youth drug and alcohol education 		Number of kits distributed and accessed online Number of media messages posted/shared	CSLO (Lead) Recreation Services Booking Services WA Police Communications Youth and Family Services	Drugs Alcohol Anti-social behaviour Road safety	L	2,3,4,5
1.9	Increased staff awareness of community safety*	 1.9.1 Incorporate community safety into the staff induction program 1.9.2 Review/update Intranet content 1.9.3 Strengthen community safety links with City OSH Committees 1.9.4 Explore relevant training and awareness programs for relevant staff, work areas and networks 	•	Community Safety incorporated into staff induction program Intranet content reviewed and updated Number of staff trained	CSLO (Lead) Human Resources OSH Coordinator R&CSS Communications	All Offences	Μ	2,3,4,5

CITY OF CANNING COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN 2016-2020

Key Focus Area Two: City Services

Providing professional and efficient services that make our City a safe and healthy community in which to live and work.

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
2.1	Coordinated response to known problem areas and 'hotspots'	2.1.1Regular intelligence sharing and meetings with local police2.1.2Use available crime information to inform targeted patrols	•	Number of patrols conducted Number of complaints received Number of pro- active patrols	R&CSS (Lead) CSLO WA Police Community Development Youth and Family Services	All Offences	H	2,3,4,5
2.2	Provide services that promote a proactive and strategic approach to community safety	2.2.1 Continued delivery of a 24/7 Community Safety Service 2.2.2 Continued delivery of Holiday Watch Patrols	•	Number of Patrols requested Number of positive feedback comments received Number of Holiday Watch Patrols conducted	R&CSS (Lead) CSLO Communications	Damage Burglary Theft	Н	2,3,4,5
2.3	Improve and promote security awareness within the community and	2.3.1Explore potential program partnerships with other internal and external stakeholders2.3.2	•	Number of online security audits conducted Community feedback	CSLO (Lead) R&CSS WA Police Communications	All Offences	L	2,3,4,5

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
	local business sector	Develop online Security Appraisal program/checklist for residents and businesses*						
2.4	Improved security for local residents and businesses*	2.4.1 Develop a Security Incentive Scheme to encourage local residents and businesses to improve their security* 2.4.2 Consider and explore current status of similar State and/or Federal schemes, partnerships and funding opportunities	•	Number of enquiries Community feedback	CSLO (Lead) Local Businesses Other government agencies	All Offences	L	1,2,3,4,5
2.5	Increase community and neighbourhood connectivity	 2.5.1 Develop a Street Meet and Greet program to encourage neighbourhood connectivity 2.5.2 Explore community partnerships and sponsorship opportunities 	•	Number of events held Number of 'good news' stories shared/posted Community feedback	CSLO (Lead) Community Development Communications Youth & Family Services Canning NHW	All Offences	Μ	1,2,3,4,5
2.6	Review the City's CCTV program	 2.6.1 Develop dedicated CCTV policy for the City 2.6.2 Strategic deployment of mobile CCTV assets to identified hotspots to ensure effective use of resources in addressing targeted crime 	•	Number of targeted deployments of mobile CCTV assets CCTV Policy for the City developed and endorsed	CSLO (Lead) R&CSS Property Services WA Police	All Offences	Η	2,3,4,5

CITY OF CANNING COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN 2016-2020

Key Focus Area Three: Community Partnerships

Building, facilitating and strengthening partnerships with government agencies and the local community to deliver community safety outcomes.

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
3.1	Support the growth of the Canning Neighbourhood Watch program	 3.1.1 Develop recruitment strategy to encourage participation 3.1.2 Develop and implement a NHW Communication and Engagement Plan 3.1.3 Develop a calendar of targeted promotional activities including community events, promotions and targeted letterbox drops 3.1.4 Partner with other agencies and groups (ie. Housing Authority, Resident and Ratepayer Associations) to promote NHW 3.1.5 Review the use and placement of NHW street signage 	•	Increased membership Number of targeted promotions supported through NHW volunteers Number of Community events attended by NHW Volunteers NHW Street sign audit undertaken	CSLO (Lead) R&CSS NHW WA Canning NHW WA Police Communications	All Offences	H	1,2,3,4
3.2	Expand the City's involvement in and commitment to the Eyes on	3.2.1 Explore opportunities to expand the program into local industrial areas and commercial and retail precincts	•	Number of staff trained Eyes on the Street branding on all	CSLO (Lead) R&CSS All COC staff WA Police Local businesses	All Offences	Н	2,3,4,5

	GOALS ACTIONS			SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
	the Street program*	3.2.2 Identify opportunities to promote the City's involvement through media and signage		(operational) City vehicles	Economic Development Communications			
3.3	Raise awareness and increase safety of children and youth	3.3.1 Partner with the Constable Care Child Safety Foundation (CCCSF) to deliver targeted, in-school and library education programs 3.3.2 Explore opportunities to support the CCCSF'S new road and transport safety programs 3.3.3 Explore opportunities to support the CCCSF'S corporate volunteering program	•	Number of in- school safety education presentations Number of attendees Number of media promotions	CSLO (Lead) Constable Care (CCCSF) Youth and Family Services Local schools WA Police Community Development Libraries Human Resources	All Offences	Μ	1,2,3,4,5
3.4	Improve awareness of community safety and crime prevention within local sporting clubs and community groups*	3.4.1 Explore opportunities to support and promote the Australian Drug Foundation's 'Good Sports' program 3.4.2 Explore ways to encourage the participation of at-risk groups in the community, including sport, recreation and cultural activities 3.4.3 Support, promote and explore sponsorship of youth programs that promote healthy lifestyles and choices	•	Number of sporting clubs to subscribe to the 'Good Sports' Program Drug and alcohol management incorporated into City events	CSLO (Lead) Community Development Youth and Family Services Club Development Community Groups Sporting Clubs Local schools R&CSS Canning NHW	All Offences	Μ	1,2,3,4,5

	GOALS ACTIONS			SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
3.5	Utilise existing Community groups and forums to deliver community safety outcomes	 3.4.4 Explore opportunities to support schools, clubs and groups in addressing local crime concerns 3.5.1 Seek feedback from key stakeholders regarding the implementation of this CSCP Plan. 	•	NHW regularly consulted Community Advisory Group (CAG) regularly consulted	CSLO (Lead) WA Police R&CSS Community Development Other local stakeholders	All Offences	М	1,2,3,4,5
3.6	Raise awareness of motor vehicle crime in the South East Metropolitan area	 3.6.1 Continue participation in SEM LGA public awareness campaign 'Gone in Less Than 60 Seconds' 3.6.2 Continue implementation of the 'Gone in Less Than 60 Seconds' Marketing Strategy. 3.6.3 Explore use of street signage and pavement stickers to raise awareness in hotspot locations 3.6.4 Provide an anti-theft screw distribution program to address theft of vehicle registration plates 	•	Number of resources distributed Number of promotions held Media and social media reach Number of anti- theft screw kits distributed Community feedback	SEM LGAs (Lead) CSLO Canning NHW WA Police	Theft	Н	2,3,4,5
3.7	Raise community awareness of fire prevention and	3.7.1 Website, media and social media reach 3.7.2 Community Safety Stations	•	Number of resources distributed Number of community Meet	EM Officer (Lead) DFES R&CSS	Arson	М	1,2,3,4,5

GOALS	ACTIONS	SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
preparedness	regularly updated with seasonal preparedness information 3.7.3 Facilitate information sharing opportunities through community Meet and Greet sessions 3.7.4 Continuation of existing Fire Hazard Compliance Inspections	 and Greets held Reduction in number of Bush Fire Act work order and infringement notices issued for non- compliant properties 				

CITY OF CANNING COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ACTION PLAN 2016-2020

Key Focus Area Four: Safe Places and Spaces

Designing out crime in the planning, design and management of places and spaces within the City.

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
4.1	Reduce and address illegal dumping and littering within the City*	 4.1.1 Explore the implementation of 'Adopt a Spot' volunteer programs to assist in the clean-up and reporting of litter and graffiti in known hotspot locations* 4.1.2 Develop a Communications Strategy and educational resources including brochures and signage 4.1.3 Review the City's existing policy regarding needle/syringe disposal to ensure best practice 	• • • •	Number of volunteers, clubs or groups supporting 'Adopt a Spot' Number of Litter reports received by the City Number of anti- Litter signs installed Reduction in reports of illegal dumping received by the City Community feedback	CSLO (Lead) Waste Services Property Services R&CSS KABC Communications	Damage Illegal dumping Litter	L	1,2,3,4,5
4.2	Improved Street Lighting	 4.2.1 Improved reporting mechanisms to reduce repair times of non-working Street Lighting 4.2.2 Identify opportunities to improve, or install new lighting to address crime 	•	Number of lighting requests and maintenance reports forwarded by the City to relevant agencies	R&CSS (Lead) CSLO Engineering Services Property Services Western Power	All Offences	Н	1,2,3,4,5

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
		and safety concerns	•	Community feedback received				
4.3	Promote and support crime prevention through improved urban and environmental design *	 4.3.1 Investigate and develop a strategy/policy and guidelines to assist in assessing opportunities to reduce crime through appropriate design and management of built and landscaped areas 4.3.2 Provision of CPTED training to relevant staff 4.3.3 Develop on line CPTED survey for residents 4.3.4 Ensure Crime risk analysis and consultation is incorporated into the planning of major development projects 	•	CPTED Policy, Strategy or guidelines developed and endorsed by the City Number of staff trained in CPTED	CSLO (Lead) Planning Engineering Services Park Services Property Services WA Police	All Offences	L	1,2,3,4,5
4.4	Reduce occurrence of Graffiti vandalism within the City	4.4.1 Deter graffiti vandalism and encourage reporting and rapid removal through targeted media 4.4.2 Encourage shared responsibility for the removal of graffiti through provision of free graffiti kits	•	Number of Graffiti reports provided to Police Number of graffiti removal kits distributed Visible reduction of the incidence of graffiti within the City	Property Services (Lead) CSLO R&CSS WA Police	Graffiti Vandalism Damage	М	2,3,4,5

	GOALS	ACTIONS		SUCCESS INDICATORS	RESPONSIBILITY/ PARTNERS	TARGET OFFENCE	PRIORITY	CD STRATEGY FOCUS
4.5	Improve Public Health within the City	4.5.1 Development of a Public Health Plan for the City of Canning	•	Public Health Plan for the City of Canning endorsed	Regulatory Services (Lead) Department of Health	All Offences	М	1,2,3,4,5
4.6	Reduce and address traffic speed concerns within the City	 4.6.1 Expand the City's Speed Alert Mobile (SAM) program to assist in reducing speed of vehicles 4.6.2 Provide key information to Police via the Local Government Speed Enforcement Program 4.6.3 Utilise Traffic Count/Classification program to inform/direct development of road safety projects 	•	Number of reports provided to WA Police through the Local Government Speed Enforcement Program Number of SAM and Variable Messaging Sign (VMS) deployments	Engineering/CS LO WALGA WA Police Main Roads WA R&CSS	Road Safety	Μ	2,3,4,5

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The City of Canning acknowledges the contribution of the following people and organisations in the development of this Plan:

- City of Canning Elected Members and Staff;
- WA Police Community Engagement Division;
- WA Police South East Metropolitan Community Engagement Unit;
- Cannington Police Station;
- Canning Vale Police Station;
- Canning Neighbourhood Watch;
- South East Metropolitan Local Government Community Safety Network;
- And most importantly, those who have contributed through our community consultations.

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APPENDIX 1: CITY OF CANNING COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION SURVEY

Arking logether log a cale community			Comm Crime he City of Cann rime Prevention ommunity safet	ing is currently n Plan and we a y and crime cor)0 WESTF	Safety ntion updating their re asking for yo recerns within the IELD CAR	Surve	fety and o identify OUCHER	ree K
Name				Telephor	le			
Email								
If no, p We war	sh the preferred lang lease state your pref at this consultation t nity. Please advise u tive formats):	erred language	to as many peo	ople as possible				
Age	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years	
(please c	ircle) 50-54 years	55-59 years	60-64 years	65-69 years	70-74 years	75-79 years	80+ years	
☐ Ber ☐ Fer ☐ Qu ☐ St. I am a: applica	area/suburb do you ntley ndale eens Park lames (Please select all ble responses)	Canning Va Leeming Riverton Welshpool Resident o Worker in Student ir	ale [[Cannington Curve Content of Conte	[] Business Owner Frequent Visitor	East Canning Parkwood Shelley Wilson win the City of C to the City of C	Canning	
	ng have you lived o y of Canning? ^{ircle)}	r worked in	Less than 12 months	1-3 years	3-5 years	5-10 years	10+ years	
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City of Canning Community Safety and Crime Prevention Survey

As a resident of the City of Canning:	I own my own home	I rent/lease
My household comprises:		
Couple with children	Couple with no children	One parent family
Other family	Group household	One person
Other, please specify:		
1. How safe do you feel living/worki	ng within the City of Canning?	
Very safe Safe Somew	vhat safe 🗌 Average 🗌 Somewhat unsafe	Unsafe Very unsafe
2. Are there any personal factors that health, accessibility). Please speci	at impact upon your feelings of safety? (ie. aç fy:	ge, gender, language barriers,
3. Are there any particular areas wit Please list them and provide deta	hin the City of Canning that you feel unsafe? ils.	
Location	Details	
Banks (inside branch)		
ATM's (automatic teller machines)		
Hotels/Taverns		
Petrol Stations		
Local industrial areas		
Major shopping centres		
Local shopping centres		
Parks/Reserves		
Schools		
Bus stops		
Train stations		
Public transport		
Public amenities (i.e. public toilets)		
Public playgrounds		
Sporting facilities		
Churches and Places of Worship		
Private homes		
Local streets		
Your suburb, in general		
City of Canning, in general		
Other (please specify)		
Page 2 of 6		



level of safety in my area: (please rate each factor from 1-5)	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Unsure	Agree	Strongly Agree				
Alcohol related issues	-	2	2	4	Agree 5				
	1	2	3		-				
Lighting	1	2	3	4	5				
Graffiti and vandalism	1	2	3	4	5				
Lack of visibility (i.e. overgrown gardens etc.)	1	2	3	4	5				
Physical design of area 1 2 3 4 5 Maintenance of authlicenses 1 2 3 4 5									
Maintenance of public areas 1 2 3 4 5									
Anti-social behaviour 1 2 3 4 5									
Boredom	1	2	3	4	5				
Illegal drug/substance abuse	1	2	3	4	5				
Poverty	1	2	3	4	5				
Group gathering/loitering	1	2	3	4	5				
Lack of police presence	1	2	3	4	5				
Lack of security presence	1	2	3	4	5				
Family (domestic) violence	1	2	3	4	5				
Loud music/parties	1	2	3	4	5				
Rubbish/illegal dumping	1	2	3	4	5				
Hooning/speeding	1	2	3	4	5				
	anning is:			4	Very high				
5. I believe that the crime rate in the City of Ca	Average [Average [n 4 on? (Plea ea of crime in m	Somewhat Somewha	at high y answers th Crime :	High 🗌					
5. I believe that the crime rate in the City of Ca Very low Low Somewhat low 6. What are you basing your answer to Questio I have recently been a victim of crime in my are I know someone who has been a recent victim	Average [Average [n 4 on? (Plea ea of crime in m	Somewhat Somewha	at high y answers th Crime :	High hat apply). statistics					
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5. I believe that the crime rate in the City of Ca Very low Low Somewhat low 6. What are you basing your answer to Questio 1 have recently been a victim of crime in my are 1 know someone who has been a recent victim Media (and social media) coverage of the ever Other, please provide details: 7. If you have been a victim of crime, or have w did you report it to the Police? Yes No	Average [n 4 on? (Plea ea of crime in m nts in the area vitnessed a c the incident	Somewhat ase select and my area a rime within to to the Police	at high y answers the Crime = Word of the City of C	High nat apply). statistics of mouth Canning,	Very high				
 5. I believe that the crime rate in the City of Ca Very low Low Somewhat low 6. What are you basing your answer to Questio 1 have recently been a victim of crime in my are 1 know someone who has been a recent victim Media (and social media) coverage of the ever Other, please provide details: 7. If you have been a victim of crime, or have we did you report it to the Police? Yes No f no, what was your main reason for not reporting 	Average [n 4 on? (Plea ea of crime in m nts in the area vitnessed a c the incident the area, do y	Somewhat ase select and my area a rime within to to the Police	at high y answers th Crime = Word of the City of C ?	High nat apply). statistics of mouth Canning,	Very high				



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-									1 1			
9.	During	the time	that y	ou have l	lived/worked	in the Cit	y of Canning	g, do	you believe	that	crime	has:

Become less of a problem Stayed about the same Become more of a problem
10. What three specific types of crimes do you think occur most in the City of Canning?
a)
b)
c)
11.What three specific crimes do you fear most in the City of Canning?
a) b)
c)
12. What three specific crimes do you believe should be prioritised in a community safety plan for the City of Canning?
a)
b)
c)
13. What do you feel could be done to address the community safety and crime prevention issues that you have identified within our community? (ie. improved lighting, more police, greater security presence, school education, increased community awareness, community partnerships etc.)
14. Do you feel sufficiently informed about available community safety information resources?
Yes No
15. What kind of community safety workshops, seminars or information sessions would you like to see run in our community to improve community safety awareness?



16. Are you aware of the following programs	and services:
Neighbourhood Watch	ewatch
School Watch	Safety House
Eyes on the Street	Property Marking
Goodbye Graffiti	Local Policing Teams – WA Police Frontline 2020 Operating Model
Constable Care	
City of Canning Ranger & Community Safet	ty Services (previously Patrol & Security Services)
17. Please indicate the types of activities you (select all applicable answers):	undertake to improve home and neighbourhood safety
Participate in Neighbourhood Watch	Report broken street lighting to Western Power
Subscribe to ewatch	Support victims of crime (i.e. neighbours)
Install home security	Mark property for identification
Get to know your neighbours	Support vulnerable residents (ie. seniors)
Report all graffiti and vandalism	Report crime and suspicious activity to police
Keep a dog	Educate others on neighbourhood safety
Display Neighbourhood Watch stickers	Other – please specify

18. Do you believe that the Neighbourhood Watch program can contribute to the following outcomes? Please rate each factor from 1-5.

	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Unsure	Agree	Strongly Agree
Overall wellbeing	1	2	3	4	5
Feelings of safety	1	2	3	4	5
Reduction of crime	1	2	3	4	5
Helping to meet others (building social cohesion)	1	2	3	4	5
Fostering good community and police relations	1	2	3	4	5
Empowering communities	1	2	3	4	5

Any additional comments you would like to make?

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City of Canning Community Safety and Crime Prevention Survey

Want to be	involved?	Please select	t all applicable	options.
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- I would like to register to receive regular email updates on crime and safety issues from local police and the City of Canning, through the local ewatch program.
- I would like to find out more about the City's Neighbourhood Watch program.
- I am interested in having a neighbourhood get-together (eg. Meet and Greet).
- I would like to be consulted further on the development of strategies to enhance community safety in our community.
- I would like someone to contact me to discuss this survey.

Thank you

for taking the time to complete this survey, and helping the City of Canning to plan for a safe community for everyone.



Please return your survey to the City of Canning by 30 November 2015: Postal: Locked Bag 80, Welshpool, Western Australia, 6986 Email: customer@canning.wa.gov.au Address: Cnr Albany Hwy & George Street West, Cannington, Western Australia, 6107

For more information or to comment online visit canning.wa.gov.au cityofcanning cityofcanning cityofcanning 1300 4 CANNING (1300 422 664)

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APPENDIX 2: CITY OF CANNING COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION SURVEY RESPONSES AND ANALYSIS

SURVEY SUMMARY

Over 75% of survey respondents indicated that they feel safe within the City of Canning, with about half believing that the City's crime rate is average and similar to that of other local Council areas.

When asked about the particular areas within the City that they feel most unsafe, only about a third of respondents actually provided specific details of the locations within the City where they felt unsafe. This shows that many of the safety concerns raised are of a more general nature, in particular at Automatic Teller Machines (ATMs), train stations and when using public transport.

Most specific concerns raised in the survey seemed to be within the Mason and Beeloo Wards, in particular the suburbs of **Cannington**, **Bentley and Lynwood**, but no significant 'hotspot' locations were identified.

The top crime concerns of respondents were consistently identified as home burglaries, stealing offences and hooning/speeding. Anti-social behaviour, assault and drug related crime were also key themes throughout the survey, although only about half of respondents indicated that they actually reported suspicious behaviour and criminal activity to the Police.

Uncertainty about the prevalence and impact of domestic/family violence in the City was another key observation.

Over 70% of respondents agreed that Neighbourhood Watch can contribute to safer communities, but interestingly enough only about 12% actually identified as a participant in the program, despite identifying that they partake in activities that encompass key objectives of the program. Whilst strong brand recognition was evident, a quarter of respondents requested additional information about the Neighbourhood Watch program, and a number of anecdotal comments made suggested that many residents were unsure how to get involved locally.

The importance of community partnerships to address and raise awareness of local safety concerns was a view shared amongst many respondents, with over a third indicating that they would like to be consulted further in regards to the City of Canning's community safety and crime prevention planning and also taking the opportunity to subscribe to the ewatch program to receive regular crime updates and reports from local police and the City in the future.

RESPONDENT PROFILE

Language

Of the 192 respondents, only 10 (5%) indicated that English was <u>not</u> their preferred language at home.

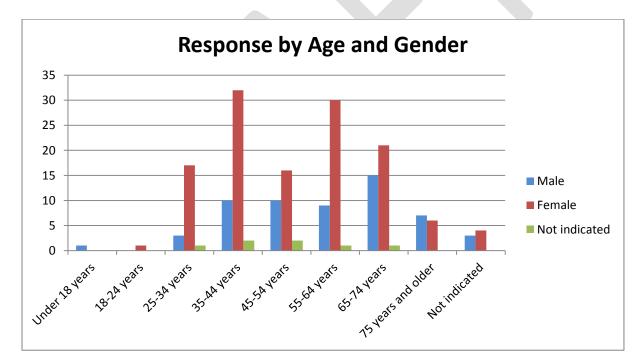
Of those, the preferred languages were indicated as Mandarin and/or Hokkien (4), Nepali (1), Tagalog (1), Bahasa/Indonesian (1) and Persian (1). Two respondents did not answer this question.

Accessibility

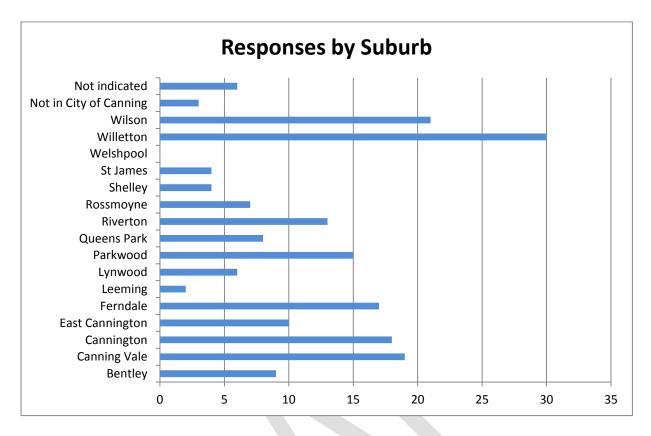
No respondents requested additional support to participate in this consultation.

Response by Age and Gender

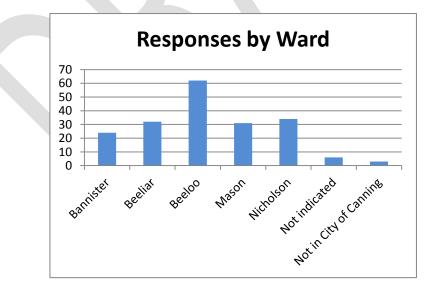
Of the 192 responses, 127 (66%) were received from females and 58 (30%) from males. Seven respondents (~4%) did not specify their gender.



Responses by Suburb and Ward



Willetton residents (30) returned the most surveys with nearly 16% of the total received, followed by Wilson (21, or 11%), Canning Vale (19, or 10%), Cannington (18, or 9%) and Ferndale (17, or nearly 8%).



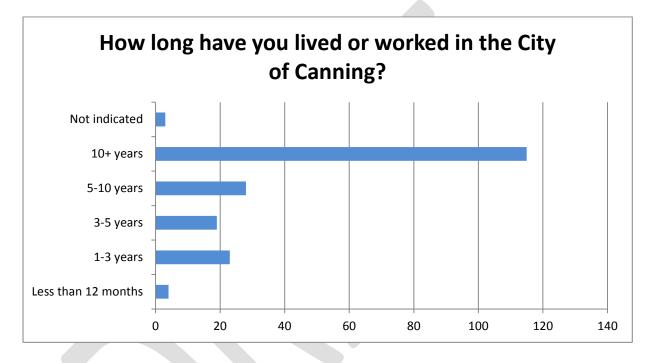
Over 32% of respondents (62) were from Beeloo Ward suburbs alone (Cannington, Ferndale, Lynwood and Wilson). This is approximately double the amount of responses received from other Council Wards.

Status of Respondents

168 or 87.5% of survey respondents identified themselves as residents of the City of Canning, whilst 9% (17) identified themselves as workers within the City. Less than 5% of respondents (9) said they were students, business owners or frequent visitors, or did not provide a response to this question.

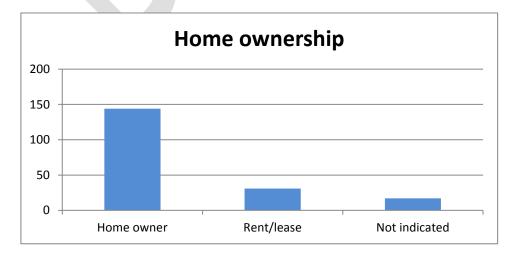
How long have you lived or worked in the City of Canning?

Nearly 60% of survey respondents (115) have resided within the City of Canning for over 10 years.



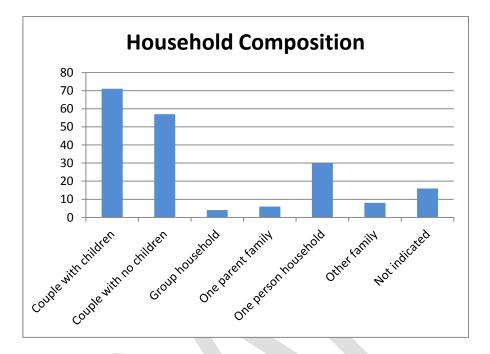
Home Ownership Status

Three quarters (144) of survey respondents identified as home owners within the City of Canning. This is about 10% higher than the 2011 Census average for the City.



Household Composition

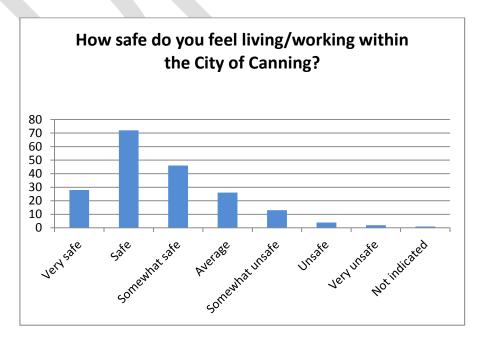
37% of respondents (71) identified as couples with children, followed by 30% (57) of couples without children. 30 respondents (16%) indicated that they live alone, which is slightly less than the 2011 Census average for the City of Canning.



QUESTION 1: HOW SAFE DO YOU FEEL LIVING/WORKING WITHIN THE CITY OF CANNING?

Nearly 76% (146) of survey respondents indicated that they feel very safe, safe, or somewhat safe living/working within the City of Canning.

Less than 10% of respondents (19) indicated that they feel unsafe.

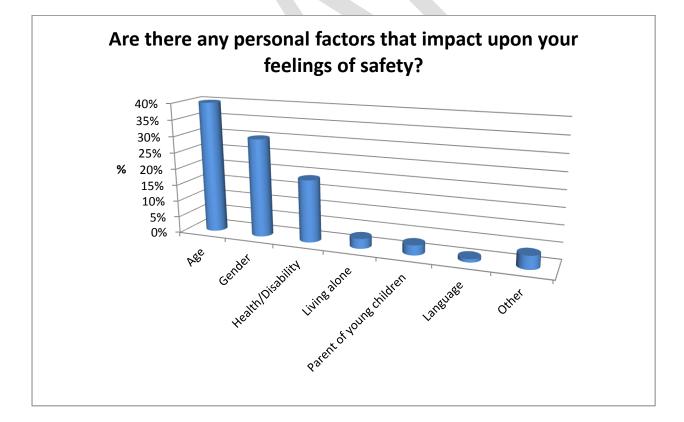


QUESTION 2: ARE THERE ANY PERSONAL FACTORS THAT IMPACT UPON YOUR FEELINGS OF SAFETY? (IE. AGE, GENDER, LANGUAGE BARRIERS, HEALTH, ACCESSIBILITY). PLEASE SPECIFY.

This was a 'free text' question and many respondents provided more than one response.

108 out of 192 (56%) of respondents did not provide a response to this question at all.

- Of the 130 factors identified by the remaining 84 respondents:
 - 40% (34) advised that their *age* impacts on their feelings of safety
 - o 30% (25) advised that their *gender* impacts on their feelings of safety
 - 19% (16) respondents indicated that their feelings of safety are impacted by *physical disabilities, health, mental health or accessibility concerns.*
 - 3% (3) of respondents felt that *living alone* impacted on their feelings of safety.
 - 3% (3) of respondents felt that being a *parent of young children* impacted on their feelings of safety.
 - Only one respondent identified that *language* was a barrier to their feelings of safety.
 - The remaining seven responses (4%) referred to specific, non-personal community safety concerns of the respondents (ie. Lighting, lack of police, being a previous victim of crime, knowledge of the local area).



QUESTION 3: ARE THERE ANY PARTICULAR AREAS WITHIN THE CITY OF CANNING THAT YOU FEEL UNSAFE? PLEASE LIST THEM AND PROVIDE DETAILS.

This was a 'free text' question and respondents could provide more than one answer. Some respondents provided one or more responses, whilst others did not respond at all.

Location	Responses
ATMs (automatic teller machines)	40
Train stations	22
Public transport	18
Major shopping centres	15
Public amenities (ie. public toilets)	15
Parks/Reserves	11
Petrol Stations	10
Local shopping centres	10
Bus stops	10
Local streets	10
Hotels/Taverns	7
Local industrial areas	7
Your suburb, in general	7
Public playgrounds	6
Private homes	3
Sporting facilities	2
City of Canning, in general	2
Traffic/Roads	1
Banks (inside branch)	Nil
Schools	Nil
Churches and Places of Worship	Nil
TOTAL RESPONSES	196

Key observations:

- Of those who did respond to this question, it is interesting to note that only about a third of respondents actually provided specific details of the locations within the City where they felt unsafe. This shows that many of the issues identified are safety concerns of a more general nature.
- Whilst **ATMS (automatic teller machines)** were identified as the location where respondents most feel unsafe, only one respondent actually provided details of a specific ATM location of concern.
- Of those who did identify specific details in their response, the great majority of these locations were in Beeloo and Mason Wards and in particular the suburbs of **Cannington, Bentley and Lynwood**.
- Over 23 residents (12%) indicated that they felt unsafe in the vicinity of **Westfield Carousel** and Cecil Avenue in Cannington, particularly in the car park areas, on Thursday nights during late night shopping, and because of groups regularly

congregating in the area. 4 respondents (2%) also identified **Lynwood Shopping Centre** as an area they felt unsafe due to anti-social behaviour.

- **Train stations** were also identified as areas of concern by at least 19 residents (10%), in particular Cannington and Queens Park. Some respondents indicated that they try to avoid using trains on the Armadale Line due to safety concerns.
- **Inadequate street lighting** was raised as a concern by many respondents, especially along the Canning River Reserve and riverside pathways, Bannister Creek, Ferndale and Lynwood, and also in East Cannington.
- **Hooning** was identified as a concern to some respondents, particularly in the Bentley and Cannington areas.
- Local **parks and reserves** were identified generally as areas where many respondents felt unsafe due to suspicious or anti-social behaviour, or drug activity. Whilst no hotspot locations or suburbs were determined through the survey, most concerns in this regard seemed to be within the Mason and Beeloo Wards.

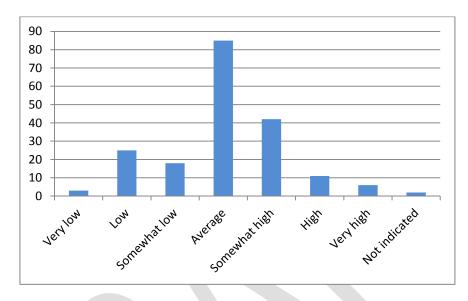
FACTOR	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Unsure	Agree	Strongly Agree
Alcohol related issues	7	26	43	61	41
Lighting	4	33	22	67	50
Graffiti and vandalism	8	36	32	68	32
Lack of visibility (ie. Overgrown gardens)	7	45	48	49	26
Physical design of area	6	58	49	42	17
Maintenance of public areas	10	59	35	50	23
Anti-social behaviour	5	19	23	67	64
Boredom	10	27	54	65	19
Illegal drug/substance abuse	6	17	37	57	60
Poverty	12	47	52	50	14
Group gathering/loitering	6	33	36	65	36
Lack of police presence	7	29	38	59	50
Lack of security presence	5	29	50	58	37
Family (domestic) violence	14	42	77	30	11
Loud music/parties	13	64	45	37	16
Rubbish/illegal dumping	11	50	37	45	34
Hooning/speeding	5	21	17	62	79

QUESTION 4: THE FOLLOWING FACTORS IMPACT ON THE LEVEL OF SAFETY IN MY AREA (PLEASE RATE EACH FACTOR FROM 1-5).

Key observations:

• Hooning/speeding was the factor of most concern to respondents in regards to safety in their area, followed by anti-social behaviour, illegal drug/substance abuse and lighting.

- More respondents were unsure about the impact of **family (domestic) violence** in their area, compared to any other factor.
- Compared to other factors, more respondents indicated that loud music/parties, maintenance of public areas, physical design of areas and rubbish/illegal dumping did not impact upon their level of safety.

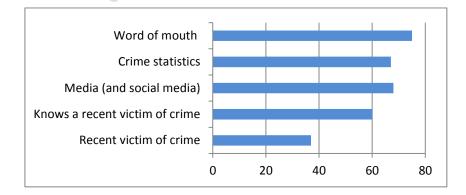


QUESTION 5: I BELIEVE THAT THE CRIME RATE IN THE CITY OF CANNING IS:

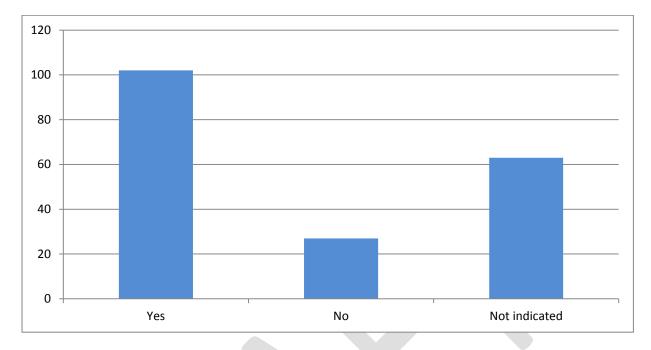
44% of respondents (85) believe that the crime rate in the City of Canning is average. 24% (46) believe it is somewhat low, low or very low; and 31% (59) believe it is somewhat high, high or very high. 1% of respondents (2) did not answer this question.

QUESTION 6: WHAT ARE YOU BASING YOUR ANSWER TO QUESTION 4 ON? PLEASE SELECT ANY ANSWERS THAT APPLY.

Responses to this question indicated that a variety of factors impact upon perceptions of the crime rate in the City of Canning, including word of mouth (75 respondents), media (68 respondents), knowledge of crime statistics (67 respondents) and knowing a recent victim of crime (60 respondents). 19% of respondents (37 respondents) indicated that they had been a recent victim of crime.



QUESTION 7: IF YOU HAVE BEEN A VICTIM OF CRIME, OR HAVE WITNESSED A CRIME WITHIN THE CITY OF CANNING, DID YOU REPORT IT TO THE POLICE?



53% of respondents (102) indicated that they had reported crime to the Police, and 14% (27) said they had not.

Interestingly, 33% of survey respondents (63) did not answer this question at all.

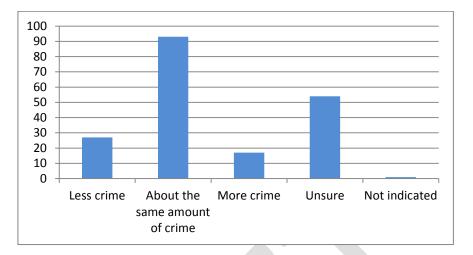
IF NO, WHAT WAS YOUR MAIN REASON FOR NOT REPORTING THE INCIDENT TO THE POLICE?

Less than 8% of respondents (14) answered this question.

The reasons provided for not reporting included:

- The crime wasn't significant enough to report (4)
- Having insufficient information to report (4)
- Fear of retribution (1)
- Phone contact is too hard long wait (1)
- The crime is a regular occurrence felt nothing could be done about it (1)
- Law is too lenient (1)
- Police had already attended (1)
- Concerns about going to Court (1)

QUESTION 8: WHEN COMPARING CRIME RATES TO OTHER LOCAL COUNCILS IN THE AREA, DO YOU BELIEVE THAT THE CITY OF CANNING HAS:

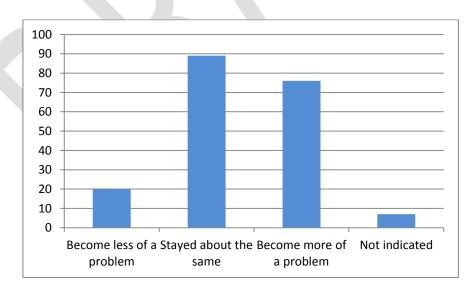


About half the amount of respondents (93) felt that the City of Canning had *about the same amount of crime* as other local Councils in the area.

About 14% of respondents (27) thought that the City of Canning had *less crime,* and about 9% (17) thought that the City had *more crime.*

28% of respondents (54) were unsure how to answer this question.

QUESTION 9: DURING THE TIME THAT YOU HAVE LIVED/WORKED IN THE CITY OF CANNING, DO YOU BELIEVE THAT CRIME HAS:



46% of respondents (89) felt that crime had *stayed about the same* during the time they have lived or worked in the City of Canning.

40% (76 respondents) felt that crime had become *more of a problem*, and 10% (20 respondents) thought that crime has become *less of a problem*.

QUESTION 10: WHAT THREE SPECIFIC TYPES OF CRIMES DO YOU THINK OCCUR MOST IN THE CITY OF CANNING?

TYPE OF CRIME	RESPONSES	%
Home burglary	121	63%
Stealing	58	30%
Hooning, speeding and traffic offences	54	28%
Vandalism	41	21%
Drug related crime	40	21%
Theft from motor vehicles	34	18%
Motor vehicle theft	32	17%
Graffiti	31	16%
Anti-social behaviour	31	16%
Assault	31	16%
Alcohol related crime	28	15%
Robbery	18	9%
Littering and illegal dumping	6	3%
Commercial burglary	5	3%
Off road vehicles	5	3%
Loud music/noise	1	<1%

QUESTION 11: WHAT THREE SPECIFIC CRIMES DO YOU FEAR MOST IN THE CITY OF CANNING?

TYPE OF CRIME	RESPONSES	%
Home burglary	116	60%
Assault	98	51%
Stealing	49	26%
Hooning, speeding and traffic offences	42	22%
Robbery	37	19%
Drug related crime	32	17%
Anti-social behaviour	29	15%
Motor vehicle theft	19	10%
Alcohol related crime	17	9%
Vandalism	17	9%
Theft from motor vehicles	13	7%
Road rage	7	4%
Abduction/kidnapping	6	3%
Graffiti	4	2%
Arson	3	<2%
Car jacking	3	<2%
Littering and illegal dumping	2	1%
Off road vehicles	2	1%
Homicide	1	<1%
Terrorism	1	<1%
Loud music	1	<1
Commercial burglary	1	<1

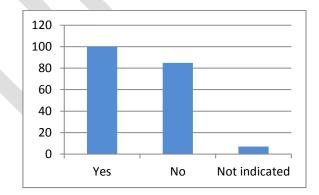
QUESTION 12: WHAT THREE SPECIFIC CRIMES DO YOU BELIEVE SHOULD BE PRIORITISED IN A COMMUNITY SAFETY PLAN FOR THE CITY OF CANNING?

TYPE OF CRIME	RESPONSES	%
Home burglary	93	48%
Hooning, speeding and traffic offences	50	26%
Anti-social behaviour	35	18%
Drug related crime	34	18%
Assault	30	16%
Stealing	22	11%
Vandalism	20	10%
Alcohol related crime	19	10%
Motor vehicle theft	13	7%
Graffiti	12	6%
Domestic violence	12	6%
Theft from motor vehicles	10	5%
Crimes against the vulnerable (ie. Aged, children)	8	4%
Littering and illegal dumping	5	<3%
Youth crime and truancy	4	2%
Begging	1	<1%
Prostitution	1	<1%
Terrorism	1	<1%
Off road vehicles	1	<1%
Arson	1	<1%

QUESTION 13: WHAT DO YOU FEEL COULD BE DONE TO ADDRESS THE COMMUNITY SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION ISSUES THAT YOU HAVE IDENTIFIED WITHIN OUR COMMUNITY?

SUGGESTION	RESPONSES	%
More police	73	38%
Greater security presence	66	34%
Improved lighting	56	29%
Increased community awareness and media	45	23%
School education	30	16%
Community partnerships	30	16%
Stricter laws and penalties	13	7%
CCTV	11	6%
Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (town planning)	7	4%
Neighbourhood Watch	6	3%
Community service programs	5	<3%
Improved security	5	<3%
Maintenance of public areas	3	<2%
More community events	3	<2%
Encourage reporting to Police	2	1%
Improve telephone assistance	2	1%
Fines enforcement	2	1%
Address littering and illegal dumping	1	<1%
School meal programs	1	<1%
Playing music	1	<1%
Resident incentive programs	1	<1%
Property marking program	1	<1%
More youth facilities	1	<1%
Reduction of alcohol access	1	<1%

QUESTION 14: DO YOU FEEL SUFFICIENTLY INFORMED ABOUT AVAILABLE COMMUNITY SAFETY INFORMATION RESOURCES?

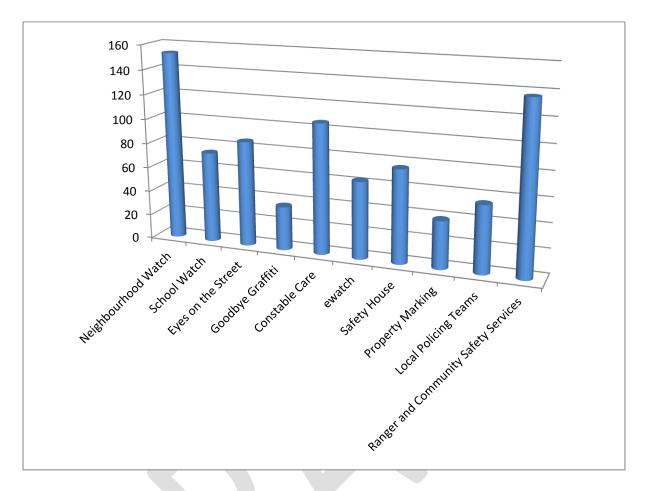


52% of respondents (100) feel sufficiently informed about the availability of community safety information and resources, but 44% (85) do not.

QUESTION 15: WHAT KIND OF COMMUNITY SAFETY WORKSHOPS, SEMINARS OR INFORMATION SESSIONS WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE RUN IN OUR COMMUNITY TO IMPROVE COMMUNITY SAFETY AWARENESS?

SUGGESTION	RESPONSES	%
Safety and security	23	12%
Neighbourhood Watch	20	10%
Local/Ward information sessions or	18	9%
promotional activities with WA Police		
Unsure	16	8%
In-school education	15	8%
Would prefer more flyers/resources	14	7%
instead - do not have time to attend		
sessions		
Would not attend – do not feel sessions	13	7%
are effective or have attended already		
Any	11	6%
Self defence	9	5%
Safety for seniors	6	3%
Street meet and greet program	5	<3%
Eyes on the Street	5	<3%
Drugs and clan lab identification	4	2%
Personal safety	4	2%
Business security	3	<2%
Youth programs	3	<2%
Victim support	2	1%
Property Marking	2	1%
Crime Prevention Through Environmental	2	1%
Design (CPTED)		
Cross cultural awareness	2	1%
Parenting adolescents	2	1%
Social issues	1	<1%
Littering	1	<1%
Funding opportunities for community	1	<1%
safety projects		
Ranger information	1	<1%

QUESTION 16: ARE YOU AWARE OF THE FOLLOWING PROGRAMS AND SERVICES?



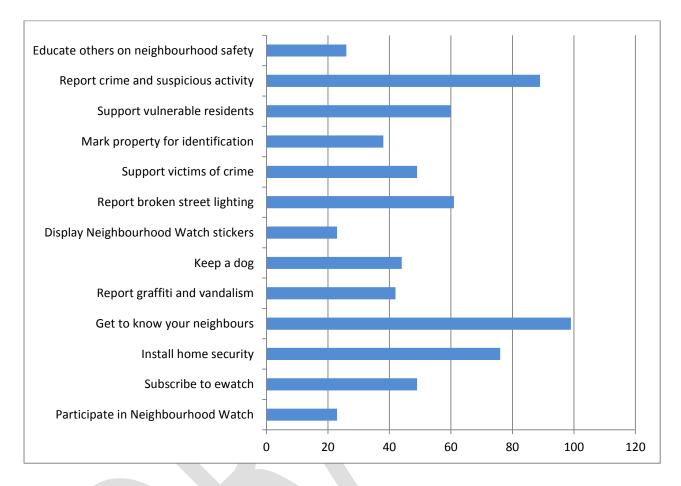
80% of survey respondents (153) are aware of the Neighbourhood Watch program, with 71% (137) indicating that they are familiar with the City of Canning's Ranger and Community Safety Services and 55% (106) with the Constable Care Child Safety Foundation brand.

About a third of respondents were familiar with the School Watch, Eyes on the Street, ewatch and Safety House programs.

The least known programs were the WA Police 'Goodbye Graffiti' program (19% or 36 respondents) and property marking programs (20% or 39 respondents).

Less than 29% of respondents (55) were familiar with the local policing team model implemented by WA Police in recent years, as part of their Frontline 2020 reform.

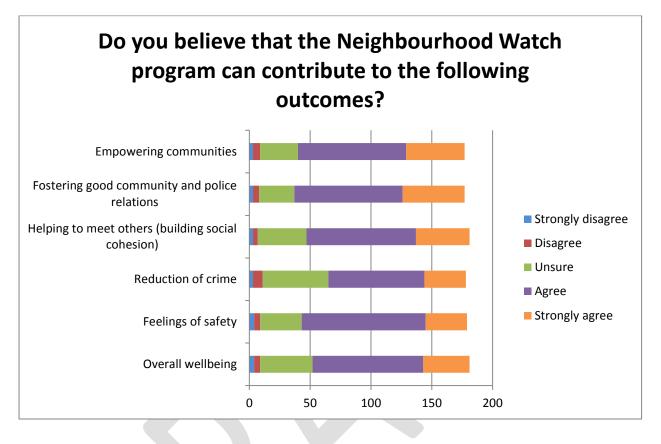
QUESTION 17: PLEASE INDICATE THE TYPES OF ACTIVITIES YOU UNDERTAKE TO IMPROVE HOME AND NEIGHBOURHOOD SAFETY (SELECT ALL APPLICABLE OPTIONS).



Interestingly, respondents least identified as participants in the Neighbourhood Watch program (12% or 23 respondents), despite identifying that they partake in activities that encompass key objectives of the program.

In fact, getting to know your neighbours was identified as the most common activity undertaken by respondents to improve safety (99 or 52% of respondents), followed by reporting crime and suspicious activity (89 or 46% of respondents) and installing home security (76 or 40% of respondents).

QUESTION 18: DO YOU BELIEVE THAT THE NEIGHBOURHOOD WATCH PROGRAM CAN CONTRIBUTE TO THE FOLLOWING OUTCOMES? PLEASE RATE EACH FACTOR FROM 1-5.



Over 70% of respondents (134) agreed or strongly agreed that the Neighbourhood Watch program can contribute to all of the outcomes specified.

About a quarter of respondents indicated that they were unsure about the value of the program, and in particular if the program can contribute to a reduction in crime.

ANY ADDITIONAL COMMENTS YOU WOULD LIKE TO MAKE?

60 respondents (31% of total respondents) took the opportunity to provide additional comments at the end of their survey. The most common themes were as follows:

• About a quarter of respondents believe that the community can benefit from participation in the Neighbourhood Watch program, but many people have also indicated that they do not know much about it, or how to get involved.

"Neighbourhood Watch will only work where you have residents and infrastructure conducive to seeing activity in the streets, communicating with other residents, a sense of community, community ownership, and where there is a good understanding by the residents of how they can participate in community security (community accountability)".

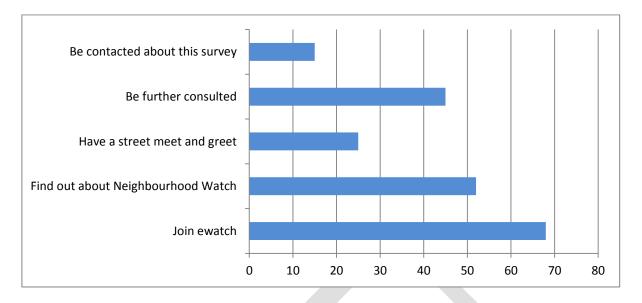
• 13% of respondents who commented (24) acknowledged the importance of a collaborative approach to community safety and crime prevention.

"The community must learn to take some responsibility to keep safe and be informed – can't expect our City and police to do all the work..."

- 7% of respondents (13) who commented were concerned about alcohol and drug related crime in the community.
- 7% of respondents (13) who commented raised concerns about traffic, road safety and hooning in their area.
- 7% of respondents (13) who commented also acknowledged that the City of Canning is a
 multicultural municipality with many new residents and a large student population, and
 that the City needs to ensure appropriate communication and partnerships to raise
 community safety awareness within this demographic.

"... new arrivals to the City of Canning need information... of what's available and what's being done to ensure community safety and promote civic behaviour".

WANT TO BE INVOLVED? PLEASE SELECT ALL APPLICABLE OPTIONS.



- 35% of respondents (68) requested to be registered to the Canning ewatch program, and this has now been actioned.
- 27% of respondents (52) would like to receive further information about Neighbourhood Watch.
- 13% of respondents (25) are interesting in having a neighbourhood get-together (ie. Street Meet and Greet).
- Nearly a third of respondents (31%, or 60 respondents) would like to be consulted further on the development of strategies to enhance community safety in the community, and/or to discuss the survey.

APPENDIX 3: CRIME TYPE DEFINITIONS

Crime Category	Crime Type	Definition
Arson	Damage (Arson)	Wilfully and unlawfully destroying or damaging property by fire. Property includes a building or dwelling; vessel; bush land; crop; and motor vehicle.
Assault	Non-Domestic Assault	Aggravated (grievous/bodily harm, wounding) assault and non-aggravated (common) assault not associated with a Family or Domestic incident.
Burglary	Dwelling Burglary	To enter or attempt to enter any building, structure, tent or caravan that is ordinarily used for human habitation without consent, with intent to commit an offence such as to steal property.
Burglary	Non-Dwelling Burglary	To enter or attempt to enter a building, structure or tent other than a dwelling without the owner's consent, with intent to commit an offence such as to steal property.
Disorderly Conduct	Disorderly Conduct	Behaviour in an insulting, offensive or threatening manner (in public).
Drug Offences	Drug Offences	Includes drug possession, drug trafficking and drugs (other). Specifically relates to: The unlawful sale, supply, cultivation or manufacture of a prohibited drug or plant and The unlawful possession or use of a prohibited drug or plant, or the unlawful possession of a smoking implement.
Graffiti	Damage (Graffiti)	Damage caused by the application of substances (e.g. paint, posters and/or plastic, metal or wood based compounds) to the surface of the property.
Motor Vehicle Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Taking of a motor vehicle without the consent of the owner or person in charge of that motor vehicle.
Robbery	Robbery (Business)	The stealing of an item(s) and, immediately before or at the time of or immediately after the item has been stolen; violence (or the threat of violence) has been used to obtain the item(s). This offence specifically relates to robberies where the business has suffered the loss of the property item(s).
Robbery	Robbery (Non- Business)	The stealing of an item(s) and, immediately before or at the time of or immediately after the item has been stolen; violence (or the threat of violence) has been used to obtain the item(s). This offence specifically relates to robberies where an individual has suffered the loss of the property item(s).
Sexual Assault	Sexual Assault	These crimes include sexual intercourse without consent and indecent assault. Sexual Assault is a crime of violence.
Theft	Theft	The unlawful taking or obtaining of money, goods or services, without the use of force, threat of force or violence, coercion or deception, with the intent to permanently deprive the owner or possessor of the use of the money or goods. This category of offence includes the theft of vehicle parts or the contents of a vehicle.