

# Carvedilol AN 3.125, 6.25, 12.5 & 25 mg tablets

Carvedilol AN

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## Consumer Medicine Information

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### What is in this leaflet

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This leaflet answers some of the common questions about Carvedilol AN. It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the possible risks of Carvedilol AN against the expected benefits.

**If you have any concerns about this medicine talk to your doctor or pharmacist.**

**Keep this leaflet until you have finished treatment with the medicine.**

You may need to read it again.

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### What Carvedilol AN is used for

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Carvedilol AN contains carvedilol as the active ingredient.

Carvedilol AN belongs to a group of medicines called beta-blockers. These medicines work by relaxing tightened blood vessels and slowing the heart rate. Carvedilol AN has the additional effect of being an antioxidant.

Carvedilol AN is used to treat patients with heart failure and high blood pressure, which is called hypertension.

#### **Heart Failure:**

Heart failure occurs when the heart can no longer pump blood strongly enough for the body's needs. Often the heart grows in size to try to improve the blood flow but this can make the heart failure worse.

Symptoms of heart failure include shortness of breath and swelling of the feet or legs due to fluid build-up.

Carvedilol AN reduces the pressure that the heart has to pump against as well as controlling your heart rate.

Over 6 months or more this will reduce the size of an oversized heart and increase its efficiency.

Carvedilol AN reduces the chances of you being admitted to hospital and/or dying from this condition.

Carvedilol AN is often used with other medicines to treat heart failure.

#### **Hypertension:**

All people have blood pressure. This pressure helps to push blood all around your body. Your blood pressure changes during the day, depending on how busy you are or how you are feeling.

You have hypertension (high blood pressure) when your blood pressure stays higher than is needed, even when you are calm and relaxed.

Regular blood pressure checks are the only way of knowing that you have hypertension. There are usually no symptoms of hypertension and you may feel fine. If hypertension is not treated, serious health problems such as stroke, heart disease and kidney failure may occur.

Carvedilol AN helps to lower your blood pressure.

Your doctor may have prescribed Carvedilol AN for another reason.

**Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why Carvedilol AN has been prescribed for you.**

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### Before you take Carvedilol AN

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#### *When you must not take Carvedilol AN*

**You must not take Carvedilol AN if:**

- 1. you have had an allergic reaction to carvedilol or any of the other ingredients contained in this medicine.**  
Symptoms of an allergic reaction may include:
  - shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing,
  - swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other part of the body,
  - rash, itching or hives of the skin.
- 2. you have asthma or other conditions which make you short of breath from time to time.**
- 3. you have a history of allergic problems, including hayfever. Symptoms of an allergy may include: rash, itching, watery eyes or sneezing.**
- 4. you have a history of a very slow heart rate or uneven heart beating.**

5. **you have certain other heart conditions.**
6. **you have liver problems including liver failure.**
7. **you have very low blood pressure.**
8. **the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.**
9. **the expiry (EXP) printed on the pack has passed or if the tablets appear damaged in any way.**  
If you take this medicine after the expiry date has passed, it may not work as well.

**If you are not sure if you should be taking Carvedilol AN, talk to your doctor.**

**Do not give Carvedilol AN to people under 18 years of age.**

Safety and effectiveness in children has not been established.

*Before you are given it*

**Before you receive Carvedilol AN tell your doctor if:**

- **You are pregnant or plan to become pregnant**  
It is not known whether Carvedilol AN is harmful to an unborn baby when taken by pregnant women. Your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of using Carvedilol AN during your pregnancy.
- **You are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed**  
Carvedilol AN passes into breastmilk. Your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of taking Carvedilol AN if you are breastfeeding.

- **You have any other health problems, especially the following:**
  - Angina or chest pain/tightness which occurs even when you are at rest (also called unstable angina)
  - Low blood pressure
  - High blood pressure which varies widely
  - Very poor circulation to your fingers and/or toes (also called peripheral vascular disease)
  - A history of poor kidney function
  - Chronic bronchitis or emphysema causing breathing difficulties
  - Diabetes
  - Sudden low blood sugar levels (also called hypoglycaemia)
  - Thyroid disorders
  - Severe allergic reactions causing swelling and/or difficulty breathing
  - A rare cancer of the adrenal gland called pheochromocytoma which is not being treated with other medicines
  - Skin disease such as psoriasis
- **You are allergic to any other medicines, foods, dyes or preservatives**
- **You plan to have surgery**  
Your surgeon and anaesthetist should know well ahead of the date of your surgery so they can allow for your condition and medications.

**Tell your doctor about any of the above before you start taking Carvedilol AN.**

*Taking other medicines with Carvedilol AN*

**Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines or have taken other medicines until recently. This includes those medicines that you buy without a prescription from a pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.**

Some medicines may interfere with Carvedilol AN. These include:

- Rifampicin, a medicine used to treat tuberculosis (e.g. Rimycin®, Rifadin®)
- Cimetidine, a medicine used to treat stomach ulcers or reflux (e.g. Tagamet®, Magical®)
- Digoxin, a medicine used to treat heart failure (e.g. Lanoxin®)
- Mono-amine oxidase inhibitors (MAOI's) such as phenelzine (Nardil®) and tranylcypromine (Parnate®), medicines used to treat depression
- Clonidine, a medicine used to treat high blood pressure, migraine or menopausal symptoms (e.g. Catapres®)
- Diltiazem, a medicine used to treat high blood pressure or angina (e.g. Carizem®, Coras®, Diltahexal®, Dilzem®, Vasocardol®)
- Verapamil, a medicine used to treat high blood pressure, angina or fast heart rate (e.g. Isoptin®, Cordilox®, Anpec®)
- Drugs for when your heart doesn't beat smoothly, including disopyramide (Rythmodan®), mexiletine (Mexitol®), lignocaine, flecainide (Tambocor®), and amiodarone (Cordarone®, Aratac®)
- Drugs for diabetes, including insulin injections, glibenclamide (Daonil®, Glimel®), metformin (Diabex®, Diaformin®, Glucohexal®, Glucomet®, Glucophage®), gliclazide (Diamicon®), glipizide (Minidiab®, Melzide®)
- Cyclosporine, a medicine used to treat certain problems with the immune system (e.g. Neoral®, Cicloral®, Sandimmun®)
- Aspirin and other pain relievers or non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines such as ibuprofen (Nurofen®), or naproxen (Naprosyn®)
- Medicines which may relieve asthma or help you breath better such as salbutamol (Ventolin®) and salmeterol (Serevent®/Seretide®)

- Fluoxetine, a medicine used to treat depression and other conditions (e.g. Prozac®)
- Other medicines that may help lower your blood pressure.

These medicines may be affected by Carvedilol AN, or may affect how well it works. You may need to use different amounts of your medicine, or you may need to take different medicines. Your doctor will advise you.

Your doctor or pharmacist has more information on medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking Carvedilol AN.

**Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about this list of medicines.**

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## How Carvedilol AN is given

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**Follow all directions given to you by your doctor or pharmacist carefully.**

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

### *How much is given*

**Take Carvedilol AN exactly as your doctor has prescribed.**

Your doctor will tell you how many Carvedilol AN tablets to take each day. This depends on your condition and whether or not you are taking other medicines.

### **Heart Failure**

The usual starting dose in heart failure is 3.125 mg twice daily. The dose is usually increased every two weeks to 6.25 mg twice daily, 12.5 mg twice daily and then 25 mg twice daily. However, this may be done more slowly if side effects occur. If the tablets slow your heart too much you may go back to a lower dose.

### **High Blood Pressure**

#### **Adults:**

The recommended dose for initiation of therapy is 12.5 mg a day for the first two days.

Thereafter, the recommended dosage is 25 mg once a day.

If necessary, the dosage may be increased every two weeks up to the recommended maximum daily dose of 50 mg given once a day or in divided doses (twice daily).

#### **Elderly:**

The recommended dose for initiation of therapy is 12.5 mg once daily, which has provided satisfactory control in some patients. If the response is inadequate, the dose may be increased every two weeks up to the recommended maximum daily dose.

Your doctor will monitor you carefully each time the dose is increased.

### *How to take Carvedilol AN*

**Swallow tablets whole or halved with a glass of water. Do not crush or chew the tablets.**

### *When to take Carvedilol AN*

**Take Carvedilol AN during or immediately after a meal, at about the same times each day.**

Taking your medicine at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you to remember when to take it.

If you take Carvedilol AN on an empty stomach it may increase the risk of some of the side effects.

### *How long to take Carvedilol AN*

**Continue taking Carvedilol AN until your doctor tells you to stop.**

Make sure you have enough to last over weekends and holidays.

It is very important that Carvedilol AN is not ceased suddenly. If you are to stop taking Carvedilol AN, your doctor will advise you to reduce the dose slowly over approximately two weeks.

### *If you forget to take Carvedilol AN*

**If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose and take our next dose when you are meant to.**

**Otherwise, take it as soon as you remember then go back to taking your medicine as you would normally.**

**Do not take a double dose to make up for that dose you missed.**

This may increase the chance of you getting an unwanted side effect.

**If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor or pharmacist.**

**If you have trouble remembering your dose, ask your pharmacist for some hints.**

### *In case of an overdose*

**If you think you or anyone else may have taken too much Carvedilol AN, immediately telephone your doctor or Poisons Information Center (telephone 13 11 26) or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.**

**Keep telephone numbers for these places handy.**

**If you are not sure what to do, contact your doctor or pharmacist.**

You may need urgent medical attention.

The following are some symptoms, which may or may not occur:

- Low blood pressure causing dizziness or fainting
- A very slow heart rate
- Difficulty breathing
- Vomiting
- Shock
- Seizures

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## While you are taking Carvedilol AN

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### *Things you must do*

**Tell all doctors, dentists and pharmacists who are treating you that you are taking Carvedilol AN. You should also tell your surgeon and anaesthetist if you are having surgery.**

**If you feel light-headed, dizzy or faint when getting out of bed or standing up, get up slowly.**

**Make sure you drink enough water during exercise and hot weather when you are taking Carvedilol AN, especially if you sweat a lot.**

**Tell your doctor if you become pregnant while taking Carvedilol AN.**

**Tell your doctor that you are taking Carvedilol AN if you are going to have any laboratory tests.**

**Tell your doctor if, for any reason, you have not taken your medicine exactly as prescribed.**

Otherwise your doctor may think that it was not effective and change your treatment unnecessarily.

**Tell your doctor if you feel the tablets are not helping with your condition.**

**Be sure to keep all of your appointments with your doctor so that your progress can be checked.**

**Your doctor may examine your eyes and test your blood glucose and kidney function from time to time.**

### *Things you must not do*

**Do not stop taking Carvedilol AN or change the dose without first checking with your doctor.**

**Do not let yourself run out of medicine over the weekend or on holiday.**

Carvedilol AN should only be stopped by gradually reducing the amount over a two week period.

**Do not give Carvedilol AN to anyone else even if they have the same condition as you.**

**Do not use Carvedilol AN to treat other complaints unless your doctor says to.**

**Do not take any other medicines whether they require a prescription or not without first telling your doctor or consulting your pharmacist.**

### *Things to be careful of*

**Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how Carvedilol AN affects you.**

Carvedilol AN may affect your ability to drive a car or operate machinery when started or the dosage is increased.

If you wear contact lenses you may also notice a reduction in tear fluid in your eyes.

When taken with grapefruit juice the amount of Carvedilol AN absorbed by your body may be increased.

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## Side effects

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**Tell your doctor, nurse or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking Carvedilol AN.**

Carvedilol AN helps most people with heart failure but it may have unwanted side effects in a few people. All medicines have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You may need medical treatment if you get some of the side effects.

**Do not be alarmed by the following list of side effects. You may not experience any of them.**

**Ask your doctor or pharmacists to answer any questions you may have.**

**Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following and they worry you:**

- Headache (this is usually mild and happens at the start of your treatment)
- Tiredness, drowsiness
- Low blood pressure. The signs include feeling dizzy or light-headed especially after you stand up.
- Abnormal or blurry vision
- Slow heart rate
- Diarrhoea
- Nausea or vomiting
- Bronchitis
- Loss of control of blood sugar in diabetics
- Weight increase
- Fluid retention. The signs include overall swelling of parts of your body for example your hands, feet, ankles and legs.
- Unusual hair loss or thinning

These are the more common side effects of Carvedilol AN. Mostly these are mild and will decrease as you get used to your medicine.

**Tell your doctor immediately or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital if you notice any of the following:**

- Itching, dark urine, loss of appetite, yellowing of skin or eyes, or feeling 'flu-like' with no clear cause
- Shortness of breath or swelling of the mouth or tongue
- Uneven heart beating
- Swelling of the feet or legs due to fluid build up
- Bleeding or bruising more easily than normal

These may be serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention. Serious side effects are rare.

This is not a complete list of all possible side effects. Others may occur in some people and there may be some side effects not yet known.

**Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that is making you feel unwell, even if it is not on this list.**

Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you don't understand anything in this list.

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## After taking Carvedilol AN

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### Storage

**Keep your tablets in the blister until it is time to take them.**

If you take the tablets out of the blister pack they may not keep well. Carvedilol AN is known to fade when exposed to light.

**Keep Carvedilol AN in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C.**

**Do not store it, or any other medicine, in a bathroom or near a sink, or any other place where there is high humidity.**

**Do not leave it in the car or on window sills.**

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

**Keep Carvedilol AN where young children cannot reach it.**

A locked cupboard at least one and a half meters above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

### Disposal

**If your doctor tells you to stop taking Carvedilol AN, or the tablets have passed their expiry date, ask your pharmacist what to do with any tablets that are left over.**

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## Product description

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### What it looks like

Carvedilol AN 3.125 mg, 6.25 mg, 12.5 mg, & 25 mg are presented in pack sizes of 30 & 60 tablets in blister and 30, 60 & 1000 tablets in bottle.

- **Carvedilol AN 3.125 mg**  
(Blister pack: AUST R 174792 & bottle: AUST R 174790)  
White to off white, oval shaped, film coated tablets debossed with 'E' on one side and '01' on the other side.
- **Carvedilol AN 6.25 mg**  
(Blister pack: AUST R 174785 & bottle: AUST R 174794)  
White to off white, oval shaped, film coated tablets debossed with 'F57' on one side and deep break line on the other side.
- **Carvedilol AN 12.5 mg**  
(Blister pack: AUST R 174805 & bottle: AUST R 174784)  
White to off white, oval shaped, film coated tablets debossed with 'F58' on one side and deep break line on the other side.
- **Carvedilol AN 25 mg**  
(Blister pack: AUST R 174804 & bottle: AUST R 174797)  
White to off white, oval shaped, film coated tablets debossed with 'F59' on one side and deep break line on the other side.

### Ingredients

#### Active ingredient:

Carvedilol

Each tablet may contain either 3.125, 6.25, 12.5 or 25 mg of carvedilol.

#### Other ingredients:

- Lactose
- Colloidal anhydrous silica
- Crospovidone (Type A & Type B)
- Povidone
- Sucrose
- Magnesium stearate
- Macrogol 400
- Polysorbate 80
- Titanium dioxide &
- Hypromellose

Please read this leaflet carefully before you start taking Carvedilol AN. You may wish to keep it to read it again.

### Name and Address of the Sponsor

**Scentia Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd**  
8-12 Ordish Road  
Dandenong South, VIC 3175

### Date of Preparation

29 November 2013