

Our Ref: MCU17/0008

01 November 2017

Elio Alessio Castellani 3599 Abergowrie Road Abergowrie QLD 4850 Email: <u>yamaha1@bigpond.net.au</u>

Dear Sir,

DECISION NOTICE *Planning Act 2016*

In relation to your recent request for material change of use, Council have assessed your application and it was APPROVED SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS. The decision was made on 31 OCTOBER 2017.

APPLICATION DETAILS

Application Number: MCU17\0008 Property ID Number: 107667

Applicant Details: Elio A Castellani

3599 Abergowrie Road Abergowrie QLD 4850

Owner Details: Elio A Castellani

3599 Abergowrie Road Abergowrie QLD 4850

Property Description: 3599 Abergowrie Road, Abergowrie

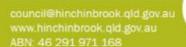
Lot 168 on SP248057, Parish of Leach

Proposal: Material Change of Use - Home Occupation

(Firearms & Accessories Dealer)

Level of Assessment: Code Assessment





Assessment Benchmarks: Rural Zone Code

DEEMED APPROVAL

The application has not deemed to be approved under s.64 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

The conditions of this approval are set out in the Schedule of Conditions. The conditions are identified to indicate whether the Assessment Manager or a referral agency (if any) imposed them.

REFERRAL AGENCIES

Not Applicable

PROPERTY NOTES

Not Applicable

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Not Applicable

RIGHTS OF APPEAL

You may appeal against any matter stated in the Decision Notice. Chapter 6, Part 1 and Part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016* detail appeal rights afforded to the applicant and submitter/s (if any) to the Planning and Environment Court or Building and Development Dispute Resolution Committee. Attached are the relevant provisions of the *Planning Act 2016* relating to the Rights of Appeal.

APPROVAL CURRENCY PERIOD

s.85 of the *Planning Act 2016* indicates when an approval lapses and this section is attached for your information.

APPROVED PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

In accordance with the *Planning Act 2016*, a copy of the approved plans and specifications (if relevant) are attached.

FURTHER INFORMATION

The development must be carried out in accordance with the approved plans and specifications and the requirements of all relevant laws, and any deviation there from must have the prior approval of the Chief Executive Officer.

This approval does not authorise any building work, any works within Council's Road Reserve (e.g. new/additional accesses, repair/modifications to existing accesses or works to footpaths), or any filling of land permits.



Should you have any questions or seek clarification with regard to any aspect of this notice, I encourage you to contact Council's Development, Planning and Environmental Services on telephone (07) 4776 4609.

Yours sincerely,

Gerhard Visser Planning & Development Manager

Enclosed: Approved Plans/Documents

Appeal Rights

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Conditions of Development

The conditions of development for this development permit are as follows

Approved Plans

- 1. Carry out the approved development generally in accordance with the approved drawing(s) and/or document(s), and in accordance with:
 - a) The specifications, facts and circumstances as set out in the application submitted to Council, including recommendations and findings confirmed within technical reports; and
 - b) The following conditions of approval and the requirements of Council's Planning Scheme.

Home Occupation Use

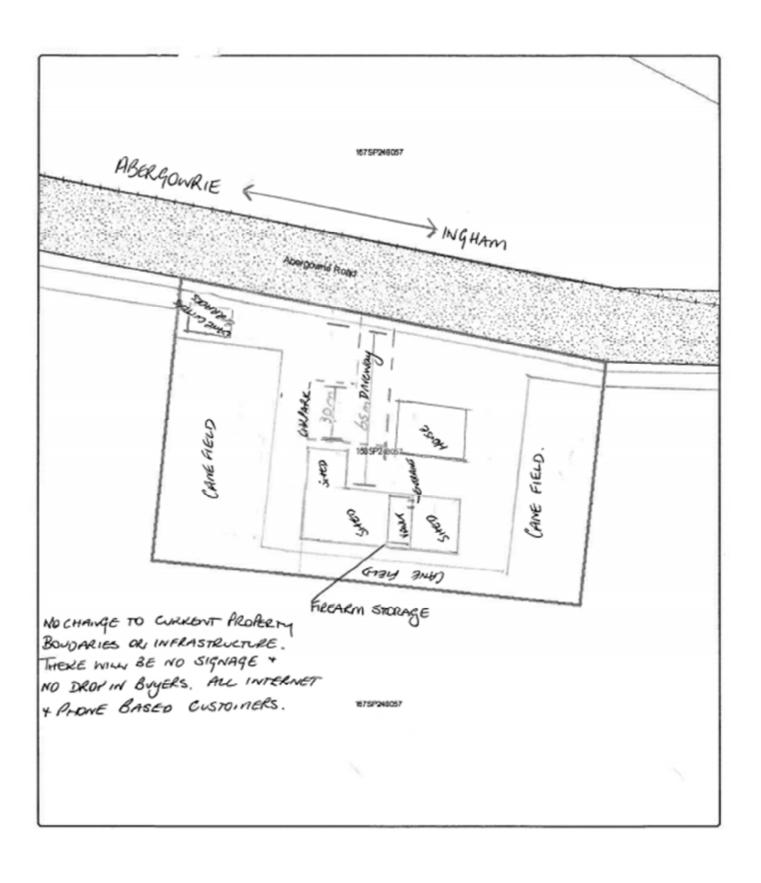
- 2. The Home Occupation use area may not exceed an area of 50m²;
- 3. If at any stage the proposed business structure changes from on-line/small shopfront (less than 50m²) to requiring a larger shop front the Applicant must submit a new application; and
- 4. Plans for signage that advertises or provides direction to the Home Occupation need to be submitted to Council and approved prior to any such signage being installed.



APPROVED PLANS/DOCUMENTS







APPEAL RIGHTS

PLANNING ACT 2016 & THE PLANNING REGULATION 2017

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 of the Planning Act 2016 states -
 - Matters that may be appealed to
 - either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - only a tribunal; or (ii)
 - only the P&E Court; and (iii)
 - (b) The person
 - who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and (i)
 - who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and (ii)
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.

(Refer to Schedule 1 of the Planning Act 2016)

- An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- The *appeal period* is -
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency 10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - for an appeal against a deemed refusal at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises -20 business days after a notice us published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person;
 - for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given 30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - for any other appeal 20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note -

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- To remove any doubt. It is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about-
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - for a decision about an offset or refund
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that-
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1 each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for and appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2 each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
 - for an appeal to the P&E Court the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The **service period** is -
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court 2 business days after the appeal has started; or
 - (b) otherwise 10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.



231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section -

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter-

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with the rules of the P&E Court.

