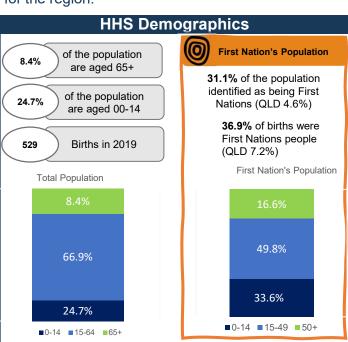
# **North West Hospital Health Service**



**Area Profile:** Carpentaria, Mount Isa, Mount Isa Region, Far Central West, November 2021 Northern Highlands

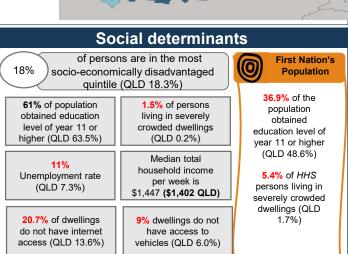
# North West Hospital & Health Service (NWHHS)

The NWHHS includes 2 SA3 and 5 SA2 regions. There are five acute care facilities across NWHHS with Mt Isa Hospital being the single Level 4 facility for the region.



Proportion of population born in non-English speaking countries 6.6% HHS | 11.1% QLD Current estimated population of NWHHS region is 27,605. Population projection of 26,899 in 2031.

Only 3.7% of Far Central West and 25.44% of Northern Highlands SA2 regions falls within the NWHHS boundary



## Health behaviours and risk factors

### Adults

Proportion of population born

in English speaking countries

37.9%

10.5% QLD

6.3% HHS

Participation in national cancer screening programs for breast cancer (QLD 54.7%)

Participation in national cancer screening programs for cervical cancer (QLD 46.0%)

Participation in national cancer screening programs for bowel cancer (QLD 41.9%)

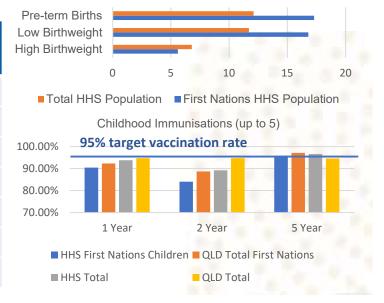
•	19.5%	Children developmentally vulnerable on 2+ domain of early childhood development (QLD 13.9%)
	<b>47 7%</b>	First Nations HHS mothers smoked during

Children

**47.7%** First Nations HHS mothers smoked during pregnancy (QLD 9%)

Births

Risk factors- estimated prevalence	HHS	QLD
Obese	37.9%	25.0%
Overweight	33.1%	34.9%
Insufficient physical activity	23.7%	30.3%
Smoking	19%	10.8%
Risky alcohol intake	22.8%	18.2%
High blood pressure	23.9%	16.8%
Psychological distress	16.4%	9.4%



Hea			
Chronic conditions	HHS	QLD total	
Cardiovascular conditions			
Prevalence (% population)	8.9%	4.7%	
Premature mortality: circulatory disease Age Standardised Rate (ASR) per 100,000 population	104.2	44	
Respiratory conditions			
Asthma: prevalence (% population)	11.9%	11.8%	
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: prevalence (% population)	4.3%	3.5%	
Respiratory diseases: premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	38.1	16.6	
Diabetes mellitus			
Prevalence (% population)	8.9%	4.7%	
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	33.4	7.2	
Cancer			
Prevalence ASR per 100,000 population	546	590	
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	137.6	102.4	
Mental health			
Mental Health prevalence ASR per 100,000 population	16.4	22.7	
Mortality- suicide* Rate per 100,000 population(age25-34)	44.4	18*	
External causes			
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	58.2	33.4	

*Age Standardised Rate per 100,000 persons
HHS Service profile

13 GP Clinics	110 HHS Hospital Beds	<b>140</b> Aged Care Beds	<b>395</b> NDIS Participants	
Practitioner workforce per 1,000 estimated populate				
	7.7	HHS	Queensland	
Medical Practit	ioners	4.75	4.13	
Dental Practitioners		0.72	0.87	
Psychologists	3.7	1.23	1.02	
Pharmacists	3.0	0.94	1.02	
Registered Nui Midwives	rses and	19.16	14.15	
Other Allied He	ealth	5.07	4.14	
Aboriginal & To Islander practit		0.14	0.02	

First Nation's Population			
Chronic conditions**	HHS	QLD total	
ARF / Rheumatic Heart Disease			
Prevalence (% population)	3.5%	unavailable	
End stage kidney disease			
Prevalence (% population)	0.21%	0.23%	
STIs			
Prevalence (% population)	1.6%	unavailable	
Vaccine-preventable diseases			
Prevalence Rate per 1,000 population	8.6	9.5	
Diabetes mellitus			
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	66.3	23.7	
Respiratory Disease			
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	28.9	24.9	
Cancer			
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	107.6	83.5	
Circulatory system disease			
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	123.6	62.6	
External causes			
Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 population	87.9	53.5	
Use of Health Services HHS (2020-21)			
Proportion of residents who did not visit their GP (2018-19)			
20.3% HHS	11.6%	QLD	
Number of allied health services per 100 people (2018-19)			
46 HHS	100.0	QLD	

ASR per 100,000	population	01.3	00.0		
Use of Health Services HHS (2020-21)					
Proportion of residents who did not visit their GP (2018-19)					
20.3%	HHS	11.6%	QLD		
Number of allied health services per 100 people (2018-19)					
46	HHS	100.0	QLD		
GP type presentations to ED					
46% HHS NA QLI					
Proportion of GP telehealth services (2018-19)					
0.56%	HHS	0.19%	QLD		
Eligible adult population accessing dental care (2019-20)					
25.9%	HHS	12.8%	QLD		
HHS population hospital utilisation					

		40.050.11!4-	
Top Admissions	373	12,950 Hospita	ii admissions
Renal Dialysis     Orthopaedics     Non-specialist Surgery	Mental health admissions (rank 18)	Top Admissions 1.Renal Dialysis 2.Respiratory Med 3.Cardiology	209 Mental health admissions (rank 13)
Potentially preven admissions per 1		o. Garaiology	('a
9.6 HHS 7	.7 QLD	Potentially prever	•
vis	.5% of ED sits were of riage 4-5	10 HHS 7	7.7 QLD

54,079 ED visits

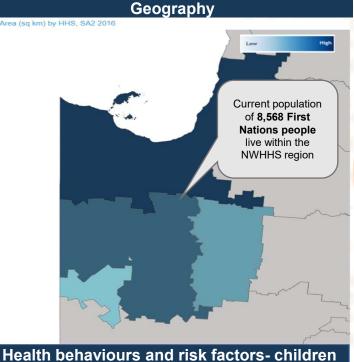
22,143 Hospital admissions

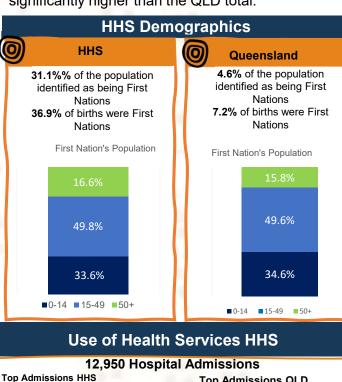
First Nation's Population NWHHS

# **North West Hospital Health Service**

#### I Area Profile I HHS Indigenous Area **First Nation's Population**

The NWHHS is home to many First Nations peoples and communities: Burketown (40.4% First Nations people), Doomadgee (93.7% First Nations People), Camooweal (42.5% First Nations people), Mount Isa (16.6%), Urandangi (85%), Dajarra (36.5% First Nations people), Mornington Island (88% First Nations people), Karumba (6.9% First Nations people), Normanton (59.6% First Nations people), Cloncurry (22.8% First Nations people), McKinlay (4% First Nations people) and Julia Creek, First Nations people had a higher rate of 5 year old vaccinations compared to the total QLD population. First Nations people have higher rates of severe overcrowding, smoking during pregnancy, low birth weight, pre-term births, potentially preventable hospitalisations and premature mortality. Rheumatic heart disease is still prevalent in communities, and chronic diseases are all significantly higher than the QLD total.





#### First Nations mothers smoked Fully vaccinated at age 5 during pregnancy 47.7% HHS 94.6% QLD 95.8% HHS OLD Low birth weight Pre-term births 16.8% HHS 7.3% QLD 17.3% HHS 7.6% QLD **Health status Chronic conditions HHS QLD** total ARF / Rheumatic Heart Disease Prevalence 3.5% unavailable (% population) End stage kidney disease Prevalence 0.23% 0.21% (% population) STIs Prevalence 1.6% unavailable (% population) Vaccine-preventable diseases Prevalence 9.5 8.6 Rate per 1,000 population Diabetes mellitus Premature mortality 23.7 66.3 ASR per 100,000 population **Respiratory Disease** Premature mortality 24.9 28.9 ASR per 100,000 population Cancer Premature mortality 107.6 83.5 ASR per 100,000 population Circulatory system disease Premature mortality ASR per 100,000 Port Douglas-Daintree 123.6 62.6 population **External causes** Premature mortality 87.9 53.5 ASR per 100,000 population

#### admissions per 100 First Nation's residents (2019-20) Service profile **ACCHO's** per 100,000 A&TSI practitioners per 1,000 First estimated 2 ACCHO's First Nation's population population in HHS 23 HHS 11.4 QLD 0.41 HHS 0.22 QLD

### **HHS Social determinants**

Obtained education level of year 11 or higher 36.9% HHS | 48.6%QLD

Potentially preventable hospital

1. Renal Dialysis

3. Cardiology

2. Respiratory Medicine

Persons living in severely crowded dwellings

**Top Admissions QLD** 

3. Respiratory Medicine

1. Renal dialysis

10 HHS 7.7 QLD

2. Obstetrics

5.4% HHS 1.7% QLD

### **LANA Handout User Guide**

The majority of indicators represent a SA3 level view. SA2 level data may be required to consider what may be driving the observed health outcomes, social determinants, demographics. If available, this SA2 level data will be located in the HHS Quantitative Report

# Statewide Benchmarking

- Where available the data is benchmarked against Queensland data.
- In some instances Queensland data is not available on the planning portal.

For consistency all rates have been reported per 100,000 population.

ASR definition: Age-standardised rates are rates standardised to a specific standard age structure to facilitate comparison between populations and over time. In this report, they are directly age-standardised rates adjusted using the Australian standard population, that is, the Australian estimated resident population (ERP) as at 30 June 2001

# Data sources & limitations

- Data sourced from QLD Health and publicly available data via the Planning Portal
- Please consult the LANA Appendix for data definitions and limitations

# **Explanatory notes**

**NA**: Some indicators do not have data available at the SA3 level, due to suppression on the portal. For these indicators we have used **NA** or replaced with an indicator at the HHS level.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data on chronic disease burden for First Nations population is available only for disease states listed. In some instances the state level Queensland data and premature mortality data is unavailable

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>excludes hospital admissions for interventions