

# Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	<b>McGrath Real Estate</b> <b>191A Lords Place, Orange, NSW 2800</b>	
co-agent		
vendor	<b>Domenico Antonio Mileto and Catherine Anne Mileto</b> <b>53 Green Lane West, Orange, NSW 2800</b>	
vendor's solicitor	<b>Sandra Kelly Conveyancing</b> <b>Unit 5, 182-184 Anson Street, ORANGE NSW 2800</b> <b>DX 3046 Orange</b>	Phone: (02) 6360 0083 Email: sandra@kellyconveyancing.com.au Fax: Ref: SK:22:8948
date for completion	<b>42nd day after the contract date</b>	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	<b>1185 Packham Drive, Garra, New South Wales 2866</b> <b>Registered Plan: Lot 536 Plan DP 845508</b> <b>Folio Identifier 536/845508</b>	

improvements ☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☐ subject to existing tenancies

☒ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space

☐ none ☒ other: sheds x 2, water tanks x 3 and pump on creek

attached copies ☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:

☐ other documents:

**A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.**

inclusions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds	<input type="checkbox"/> dishwasher	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood	<input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clothes line	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insect screens	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> solar panels	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> curtains	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: wood heater, gas heater		
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price	\$			
deposit	\$			(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	\$			
contract date				(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

**GST AMOUNT (optional)**

The price includes  
GST of: \$nil

witness

purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares

witness

## Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3)☐ NO ☒ yesNominated **Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)** (clause 30):

PEXA

**Electronic transaction** (clause 30)☐ no ☒ YES(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or *serve within* 14 days of the contract date):**Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)**

Land tax is adjustable

☒ NO ☐ yes

GST: Taxable supply

☒ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

☒ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

☒ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)Purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment*  
(GST residential withholding payment)☒ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within* 14 days of the contract date.**GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:**If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.**Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate):Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

## List of Documents

<p><b>General</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate</p> <p><b>Home Building Act 1989</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover</p> <p><b>Swimming Pools Act 1992</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance</p>	<p><b>Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract</p> <p><b>Other</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 59</p>
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**HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number**

**IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS**

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

**WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS**

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

**WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION**

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

### **COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)**

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
  - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
  - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

### **DISPUTES**

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

### **AUCTIONS**

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

**WARNINGS**

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:
 

<b>APA Group</b> <b>Australian Taxation Office</b> <b>Council</b> <b>County Council</b> <b>Department of Planning, Industry and Environment</b> <b>Department of Primary Industries</b> <b>Electricity and gas</b> <b>Land &amp; Housing Corporation</b> <b>Local Land Services</b>	<b>NSW Department of Education</b> <b>NSW Fair Trading</b> <b>Owner of adjoining land</b> <b>Privacy</b> <b>Public Works Advisory</b> <b>Subsidence Advisory NSW</b> <b>Telecommunications</b> <b>Transport for NSW</b> <b>Water, sewerage or drainage authority</b>
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

## 1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i> );
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 <sup>th</sup> if not);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or</li> <li>• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;</li> </ul>
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

## 2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.

2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.

2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

### 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
  - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
  - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
  - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
  - 3.9.1 on completion; or
  - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
  - 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
  - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

### 4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
  - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
  - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

### 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
  - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
  - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
  - 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

### 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).



- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

## 7 Claims by purchaser

*Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
  - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
  - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
  - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
  - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
  - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
  - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
  - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

## 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
  - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
  - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
  - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
  - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

## 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
  - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
    - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
    - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
  - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

## 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
  - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);

- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
  - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –

- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
  - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 14 Adjustments**
- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
  - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
  - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

**15 Date for completion**

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

**16 Completion****• Vendor**

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

**• Purchaser**

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
  - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
  - *GSTRW payment*; and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

**• Place for completion**

- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

**17 Possession**

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

**18 Possession before completion**

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

## 19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

## 20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);

20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and

20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.

20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

## 21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.

21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.

21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.

21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.

21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.

21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

## 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

## 23 Strata or community title

### • Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
  - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
  - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
  - due to fair wear and tear;
  - disclosed in this contract; or
  - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- ### • Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- ### • Notices, certificates and inspections
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.

- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

## 24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
  - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
  - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
  - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
  - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
  - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
  - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
  - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
  - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
  - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

## 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.



- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
  - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
  - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
  - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
  - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
  - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
  - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
  - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
  - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

## **26 Crown purchase money**

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

## **27 Consent to transfer**

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind* *within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
  - 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
  - 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
  - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
  - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

## **28 Unregistered plan**

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
  - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
  - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.



28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

## 29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.

29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.

29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.

29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.

29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.

29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind* within 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.

29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –

29.7.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind* within 7 days after the end of that time;

29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind* within 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the refusal; and

29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –

- either *party* serving notice of the event happening;
- every *party* who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –

29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;

29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;

29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.

29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

## 30 Electronic transaction

30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –

30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;

30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or

30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.

30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or

30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.

30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.3.1 each *party* must –

- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;

30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;

30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –

- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;

30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;

30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –

- after the *effective date*; and
- before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and

30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is served as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to serve it.

- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must *within 7 days of the effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.5.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
  - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
  - 30.6.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
  - 30.6.3 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
  - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 Normally, *within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.7.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
  - 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
  - 30.7.4 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.8.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
  - 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
  - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
  - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are populated and *Digitally Signed*;
  - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
  - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
  - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
  - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
  - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must serve the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
  - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- adjustment figures* details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

<i>certificate of title</i>	the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
<i>completion time</i>	the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled;
<i>conveyancing rules</i>	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
<i>effective date</i>	the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date;
<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronically tradeable</i>	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ;
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>mortgagee details</i>	the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> .

### 31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
  - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
  - 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
  - 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
  - 31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

### 32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
  - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

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## SPECIAL CONDITIONS

**These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land**

**BETWEEN**    **Domenico Antonio Mileto and Catherine Anne Mileto** of 53 Green Lane West, Orange, New South Wales (**Vendor**)

**AND**                      of (**Purchaser**)

(Purchaser)

### **32. Notice to complete**

In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such Notice to Complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

### **33. Death or incapacity**

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

### **34 Purchaser acknowledgements**

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

- a. In its present condition and state of repair;
  - b. Subject to all defects latent and patent;
  - c. Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
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- 
- d. Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and
  - e. Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

### **35 Late completion**

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day due to the purchaser's default, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase price, 8% interest per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion, provided always that if the purchaser is ready willing and able to complete and the vendor is not then the vendor shall not be entitled to interest.

- (a) The parties acknowledge that the rate of interest in 35 represents genuine pre-estimate of the vendor's loss of interest in the purchase monies and outgoings suffered in the event that the purchaser fails to complete this contract within the time stated on page 1 hereof.
- (b) If a Notice to complete is served by or on behalf of either party to the Contract the parties acknowledge that the party issuing the Notice shall be entitled to the sum of \$110.00 to cover the issuing party's costs of issuing the Notice and it is agreed that this is genuine pre-estimate of such cost and expenses. An allowance for this cost shall be adjusted in the settlement figures at completion.
- (c) This clause is an essential condition of this contract.

### **36 Settlement**

As a consequence of the date for settlement being re-scheduled to another day through no fault of the vendor, the purchaser must pay the sum of \$110.00 inclusive of GST to the vendor on completion to the cover

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the vendor's additional costs of rescheduling the settlement. This is an essential term of this contract and can only be charged once.

### **37 Agent**

The vendor warrants that he has not signed an agency agreement with any other agent other than the agent named on the front page of this Contract.

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

### **38. No agent – stakeholder**

In the event that the property has been sold without the intervention of an agent then the deposit is to be held by the vendor's conveyancer in trust pending settlement of the matter. Sandra Kelly Conveyancing Trust account – ANZ Bank BSB 012 790 Account 487560738

### **39 Smoke alarms**

The property has smoke alarms installed.

### **40 Swimming pool**

The property does not have a swimming pool.

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#### **41 Counterparts and Exchange**

- a. this contract may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each counterpart is an original but the counterparts together are one and the same Contract;
- b. exchange of contracts may be affected by serving by facsimile or email transmission, a full copy of the original executed counterpart of the contract; and
- c. if applicable, the parties shall use their best endeavours to serve on each other the originally signed counterparts of the contract as soon as practicable after exchange of contracts pursuant to clause 40.2 but failure so do for any reason does not affect the fact the contract is validly made on the date that the exchange of counterparts is affected pursuant to clause 40.2.

#### **42 Requisitions on title**

The purchaser acknowledges that the requisitions on title annexed and marked "A" are deemed to the requisitions on title raised by the purchaser.

#### **43 Abstracts**

In the event that the property is Qualified or Limited Title the vendor disclosed that the vendor does not hold any Old System documents and therefore cannot comply with the requirements under condition 25.2. The purchaser cannot requisition or claim

## RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:  
Purchaser:  
Property:  
Dated:

### Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?
3.
  - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
  - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
  - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
  - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
  - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
  - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW)*)? If so, please provide details.
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*:
  - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
  - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

### Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

### Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
  - (a) to what year has a return been made?
  - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)*) at least 14 days before completion.

### Survey and building

14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
16.
  - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act (NSW)*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* and their regulations been complied with?
  - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
  - (c) Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate of a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
  - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former s109C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act*) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in s6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
  - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
    - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
    - (ii) when was the building work completed?



- (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
  - (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.
- 17.
  - (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property?
  - (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property. If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?
- 18. If a swimming pool is included in the sale:
  - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
  - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the *Local Government Act 1919 (NSW)* and *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*?
  - (c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
  - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* or regulations?
  - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
  - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
- 19.
  - (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
  - (b) Are there any party walls?
  - (c) If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
  - (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
  - (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)*?
- Affectations/Benefits**
- 20.
  - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use affecting or benefiting the Property other than those disclosed in the Contract? If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
    - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
    - (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
    - (iii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.
  - (b) In relation to such licence:
    - (i) All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
    - (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.
- 21. Is the vendor aware of:
  - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
  - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
  - (c) any latent defects in the Property?
- 22. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following:
  - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
  - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
  - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
  - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
  - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property?
  - (f) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material including cladding?
- 23.
  - (a) Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
  - (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
  - (c) Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property?
- 24. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to an easement over any part of the Property?
- Capacity**
- 25. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.
- Requisitions and transfer**
- 26. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 27. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser

- to make any RW payment.
28. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
  29. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
  30. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
  31. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
  32. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.



LAND  
REGISTRY  
SERVICES

# Title Search

InfoTrack

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 536/845508

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
6/6/2022	5:23 AM	7	10/4/2017

LAND

LOT 536 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 845508  
AT NEAR MANILDRA  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CABONNE  
PARISH OF BRYMEDURA COUNTY OF ASHBURNHAM  
TITLE DIAGRAM DP845508

FIRST SCHEDULE

CATHERINE ANNE MILETO  
DOMENICO ANTONIO MILETO  
AS TENANTS IN COMMON IN EQUAL SHARES (TJ AQ628525)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 DP845508 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 20 WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 3 AM296701 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

22:8948

PRINTED ON 6/6/2022

\* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF RESTRICTION ON THE USE OF LAND  
INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

Lengths in metres

Plan

**DP 845508**

Sheet 1 of <sup>2</sup> Sheets

Subdivision of Lot 534  
in DP 788560 covered by  
Council Clerk's <sup>4</sup>  
Certificate No. 94/113  
of 16.11.1994

Full name and address of  
registered proprietors of the  
land:

GRAEME JOHN ROBERTSON  
"Spring Villa"  
MOLONG

1. Identity of Easement firstly  
referred to in abovementioned  
plan:

Right of carriageway  
20 wide

SCHEDULE OF LOTS AFFECTED

Lots Burdened

Lot 536

Lot benefited

Lot 537

2. Identity of restriction secondly  
referred to in abovementioned  
plan:

Restriction as to user

SCHEDULE OF LOTS AFFECTED

Lots Burdened

537

Name of Authority  
Benefited

Cabonne Shire Council

**PART 2**

Terms of restriction as to user secondly referred to in abovementioned plan

- a) No dwelling house, cottage or other erection or construction for the purposes of a capable of use as residential premises or residential use shall be erected, maintained or allowed to remain upon the land hereby burdened.
- b) No person shall dwell or remain in any dwelling house, cottage or other erection or construction for the purposes of or capable for use as residential premises or residential use upon the land hereby burdened.




-2-

D.P. 84 5508

SIGNED in my presence by

GRAEME JOHN ROBERTSON who is

personally known to me

  
Signature of Witness

Sheet 2 of 2 Sheets

  
Proprietor

C. V. Helby  
Name of Witness

Solicitor, PARKES  
Qualification of Witness

THE COMMON SEAL of THE STATE

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES was

affixed in the presence of:

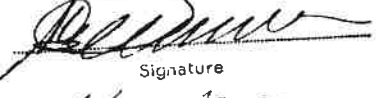
Helby, Parkes & Co

the land within described hereby consents to this Conveyance  
STATE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES LIM

Signed in my presence by  
State Bank of New South Wales  
limited A.C.N. 003 963 228

by its Attorney  
WALTER JOHN CONNEMAN  
(Full name of Attorney - block letters)  
who is personally known to me

by its Attorney pursuant to power of  
Attorney book 3781 number 668  
and I declare that I have no notice  
of the revocation of the said power  
of Attorney.

  
Signature  
Title Managing Director

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE/SOLICITOR

  
Witness

REGISTERED  15-12-1994



## PLANNING CERTIFICATE

### Section 10.7(2)

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended)

<b>Applicant:</b>	<b>InfoTrack Pty Ltd GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001</b>	<b>Certificate No: 2022/455</b>
		<b>Date: 15 June 2022</b>
<b>Reference:</b>	<b>22:8948</b>	<b>Receipt No: 28080 \$143.91</b>
<b>Doc Id:</b>	<b>1401972</b>	

<b>Address of Property:</b>	<b>1185 Packham Drive, Garra NSW 2866</b>
<b>Owner:</b>	<b>DA &amp; CA Mileto</b>
<b>Land Description:</b>	<b>Lot 536 DP 845508</b>
<b>Council Assessment No:</b>	<b>A8044</b>
<b>Parish:</b>	<b>Brymedura</b>
<b>Area:</b>	<b>6.4260 Hectares</b>

CABONNE COUNCIL  
PO Box 17  
Molong NSW 2866  
Phone: 6392 3265  
Fax: 6392 3260  
Email: [council@cabonne.nsw.gov.au](mailto:council@cabonne.nsw.gov.au)

*Pursuant to section 10.7(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979, the council certifies that at the date of this certificate the matters prescribed below apply to the subject land.*

**1. NAMES OF RELEVANT ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENTS AND DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLANS THAT APPLY TO THE CARRYING OUT OF DEVELOPMENT UPON THE SUBJECT LAND**

(a) What Local Environmental Plans apply to the land?

Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012.

(b) What draft Local Environmental Plans apply to the land?

Nil

(c) What Development Control Plans apply to the land?

- Development Control Plan No 5 - General Rural Zones
- Development Control Plan No 15 - Relocatable and Transportable Homes

(d) What State Environmental Planning Policies apply to the land?

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 1 – Development Standards  
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 30 – Intensive Agriculture  
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development  
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land  
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 62 – Sustainable Aquaculture  
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 – Advertising and Signage  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2020  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008

**2. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEP**

**Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012**

(a) Identity of Zone

Zone RU1 - Primary Production

(b) In Zone RU1 the following is permissible without development consent

Development for the purpose of:

Building identification signs, environmental protection works, extensive agriculture, home occupations, viticulture



(c) In Zone RU1 the following is permissible only with development consent

Subdivision

Development for the purpose of:

Air transport facilities, airstrips, animal boarding or training establishments, aquaculture, bed and breakfast accommodation, boat launching ramps, boat sheds, business identification signs, camping grounds, cellar door premises, cemeteries, community facilities, correctional centres, depots, dual occupancies, dwelling houses, eco-tourist facilities, environmental facilities, extractive industries, farm buildings, farm stay accommodation, flood mitigation works, forestry, function centres, helipads, home-based child care, home businesses, home industries, home occupations (sex services), industrial training facilities, information and education facilities, intensive livestock agriculture, intensive plant agriculture, jetties, landscaping material supplies, moorings, open cut mining, plant nurseries, recreation areas, recreation facilities (major), recreation facilities (outdoor), research stations, restaurants or cafes, roads, roadside stalls, rural industries, truck depots, veterinary hospitals, water recreation structures, water storage facilities

(d) In Zone RU1 the following is prohibited

Development for the purpose of:

Stock and sale yards, any other development not specified in items (b) or (c) above

(e) Development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

There are minimum development standards applying to the land that fix the minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land. The minimum land dimension is 100 hectares. Refer to Clause 4.2A of the Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012 for further information.

(f) Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat

(g) Heritage conservation

The subject land is not within a heritage conservation area, and is not a heritage item under clause 5.10 and schedule 5 of Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012

**2A. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (SYDNEY REGION GROWTH CENTRES) 2006**

To the extent that the land is within any zone under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act

Not Applicable

### 3. COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

Can complying development be carried out on the land under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A and 1.19 in SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and if no complying development may be carried out on that land, the reasons why.

(a) **Housing Code**

Can Complying Development under the Housing Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not permissible in RU1 zone

(b) **Rural Housing Code**

Can Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(c) **Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code**

Can Complying Development under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not permissible in RU1 zone

(d) **Greenfield Housing Code**

Can Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not Applicable to Cabonne Council

(e) **Inland Code**

Can Complying Development under the Inland Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(f) **Housing Alterations Code**

Can Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(g) **General Development Code**

Can Complying Development under the General Development Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(h) **Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code**

Can Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

- (i) **Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code**  
Can Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not applicable to RU1 zone

- (j) **Container Recycling Facilities Code**  
Can Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not applicable to RU1 zone

- (k) **Subdivisions Code**  
Can Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

- (l) **Demolition Code**  
Can Complying Development under the Demolition Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

- (m) **Fire Safety Code**  
Can Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

Note: The opportunity for complying development to be carried out under each of these Codes may be restricted where the land is a flood control lot, within a bushfire prone area or subject to other site or zoning constraints. For more information about complying development visit the NSW Planning Portal website at [www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au](http://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au)

#### 4. COASTAL PROTECTION

Is the land affected by the operation of section 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act 1979*. But only to the extent that Council has been notified by the Department of Public Works.

No

#### 4A. CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATING TO BEACHES AND COASTS

Not applicable

#### 4B. ANNUAL CHARGES UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993 FOR COASTAL PROTECTION SERVICES THAT RELATE TO EXISTING COASTAL PROTECTION WORK

Not applicable

#### 5. MINE SUBSIDENCE

Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of s15 of the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961?

No

**6. ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD REALIGNMENT**

Is the land affected by any road widening or realignment under;

- Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- Any Environmental Planning Instrument, or
- Any resolution of Council.

No

**7. COUNCIL & OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK RESTRICTIONS**

Is the land affected by a policy either;

- adopted by the Council, or
- adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates, that restricts the development of the land due to the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding)?

No

**7A FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROL INFORMATION**

- (1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

No

- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

No

- (3) In this clause—

**flood planning area** has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

**Floodplain Development Manual** means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

**probable maximum flood** has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

**8. LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION**

Is the land reserved for acquisition pursuant to 3.15 of the Act under any Environmental Planning Instrument or draft Environmental Planning Instrument?

No

**9. CONTRIBUTION PLANS**

What are the names of contribution plans applicable to the land?

- Road Contributions Plan for the Rural Zones adopted by Council 16 April 2007 and effective from 21 April 2007
- Bushfire Services Contributions Plan approved by Council 15 February 1993 and effective 22 February 1993

**9A. BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND**

Is the land biodiversity certified land?

No

**10. BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES**

Is the land a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement, including a biodiversity agreement?

No

**10A. NATIVE VEGETATION CLEARING SET ASIDES**

Does the land set aside area under Section 60ZC of the Local Land Service Act 2013?

No

**11. BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND**

Is the land bush fire prone?

No

**12. PROPERTY VEGETATION PLANS**

Is the land subject to a property vegetation plan under the Native Vegetation Act 2003.

No

**13. ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS ACT 2006**

Has an Order been made to carry out work in relation to a tree order on the land?

No

**14. DIRECTIONS UNDER PART 3A**

Is there a direction by the Minister in force prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project on the land?

No

**15. CONDITIONS FOR SENIORS HOUSING**

The land is not land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 applies with regards to seniors housing.

Council is not aware whether any terms issued under clause 88(2) of that Policy have been imposed as a condition of development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land.

**16. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE, SCHOOLS OR TAFE ESTABLISHMENTS**

Does a current site compatibility certificate issued under SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007 or State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017 apply in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

**17. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING**

Does a current Site Compatibility Certificate (Affordable Rental Housing) apply in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

**18. PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION**

Is the land subject to a paper subdivision?

No

**19. SITE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATES**

Is there a Site Verification Certificate for the land?

No

**20. LOOSE FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION**

Are there any residential premises on the land registered on the NSW Fair Trading Loose Fill Asbestos Register?

No

**21. AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES AND BUILDING PRODUCT RECTIFICATION ORDERS**

Is the land subjected to an Affected Building Notice?

No

Is the land subjected to a Building Product Rectification Order that has not been fully complied with?

No

Is there a notice of intention to make a Building Product Rectification Order that is outstanding for the subject land?

No

Note: The following matters are prescribed by Section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act as additions matters to be specified in a Planning Certificate.

**CONTAMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT AMENDMENT ACT 2008**

(a) Is the land significantly contaminated within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?

No

(b) Is the land the subject of a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?

No

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal in within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?

No

(d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?

No

(e) Is the land the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008.

No



Kelly Walker  
Senior Town Planner – Development Services

15/06/2022

Date

Any request for further information should be directed to council's Development Services Department on (02) 6392 3265, during office hours of 9:00am to 5:00pm.

The above information has been taken from council's records, but council cannot accept responsibility for any omission or inaccuracy. (s.10.7(6) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979).

Certificate No: 2022/455