© 2019 The Law Society of New South Wales ACN 000 000 699 and The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales ACN 000 012 457
You can prepare your own version of pages 1 -3 of this contract. Except as permitted under the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth) or consented to by the copyright owners (including by way of guidelines issued from time to time), no other part of this contract may be reproduced without the specific written permission of The Law Society of New South Wales and The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM McGrath Orange 191a Lords Place, C			AN: 7903 0753 Scott Peterson
co-agent				
vendor	Kim Louise Dale 201 Wilsons Lane, (Cargo, NSW 2800		
vendor's solicitor	Baldock Stacy & Niv 64 McNamara Stre DX 3010 Orange	ven et, Orange NSW 2800	Email: Fax:	02 63622022 sarah@bsnlaw.com.au 02 6363 1760 SR:EA:500892
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)		Cargo, New South Wales t 714 Plan DP 792758	s 2800	(clause 15)
	☑ VACANT POSSES	SSION	isting tenancies	S
improvements	⊠ HOUSE □ gara □ none □ othe □	•	ne unit 🗌 cai	space
attached copies	☐ documents in the☐ other documents:	List of Documents as mar	ked or as numl	pered:
A real estate agent is	s permitted by <i>legislati</i>	on to fill up the items in	this box in a	sale of residential property.
inclusions	☑ blinds☑ built-in wardrobes☑ clothes line☑ curtains	☑ dishwasher☑ fixed floor coverings☑ insect screens☐ other: ceiling fans, air	☑ light fitting:☑ range hoo☑ solar pane⁻-conditioner	d ⊠ pool equipment
exclusions	garden art			
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price deposit balance			(10% of the p	rice, unless otherwise stated)
contract date		(if	not stated, the	date this contract was made)
buyer's agent				
vendor		GST AMOUNT (option The price includes GST of: \$	al)	witness
purchaser	TENANTS □ tenants	in common □ in unequa		witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)		\square yes	
Nominated <i>Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)</i> (clause 30)			
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	□ no	⊠ YES	<u> </u>
	proposed		orther details, such as the in the space below, or contract date):
Tax information (the parties promise this Land tax is adjustable	is correct as □ NO		is aware)
GST: Taxable supply		□ yes □ yes in full	☐ yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply		□ yes	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the	following may	y apply) the sale is:	
☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise		•	` ''
□ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be□ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going co	· ·	`	5(d))
 □ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going co □ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or 			nder Subdivision 38-O
☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential p			
Purchaser must make an <i>GSTRW payment</i> (GST residential withholding payment)	□ NO	☐ yes (if yes, ve	endor must provide details)
cor	ntract date, th		ot fully completed at the vide all these details in a se contract date.
GSTRW payment (GST residential with Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a pin a GST joint venture.	metimes furth	ner information will b	oe required as to which
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:			
If more than one supplier, provide the above detail	ls for each s	upplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW	<i>rate</i> (residen	itial withholding rate	s) <i>:</i>
Amount must be paid: $\ \square$ AT COMPLETION $\ \square$ at another time	ne (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in mo	ney? □ NO	□ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-mon	etary conside	eration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the AT	O forms):		

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
⊠ 1	property certificate for the land	□ 32	property certificate for strata common property	
⊠ 2	plan of the land	□ 33	plan creating strata common property	
□ 3	unregistered plan of the land	□ 34	strata by-laws	
_	plan of land to be subdivided	□ 35	strata development contract or statement	
5	document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	□ 36	strata management statement	
⊠ 6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	□ 37	strata renewal proposal	
	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	□ 38	strata renewal plan	
	1979	□ 39	leasehold strata - lease of lot and common	
□ 7	additional information included in that certificate		property	
	under section 10.7(5)	□ 40	property certificate for neighbourhood property	
□ 8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram		plan creating neighbourhood property	
_	(service location diagram)	□ 42	neighbourhood development contract	
□ 9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	□ 43	neighbourhood management statement	
_ 40	diagram)	□ 44	property certificate for precinct property	
⊔ 10	document that created or may have created an		plan creating precinct property	
	easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract		precinct development contract	
□ 11	planning agreement		precinct management statement	
	section 88G certificate (positive covenant)		property certificate for community property	
	survey report		plan creating community property	
	building information certificate or building		community development contract	
	certificate given under <i>legislation</i>		community management statement	
□ 15	lease (with every relevant memorandum or		document disclosing a change of by-laws	
	variation)	□ 53	document disclosing a change in a development	
□ 16	other document relevant to tenancies		or management contract or statement	
□ 17	licence benefiting the land		document disclosing a change in boundaries	
□ 18	old system document	⊔ 55	information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015	
	Crown purchase statement of account	□ 56	information certificate under Community Land	
	building management statement	_ 00	Management Act 1989	
	form of requisitions	□ 57	disclosure statement - off the plan contract	
	clearance certificate		other document relevant to the off the plan contract	
□ 23	land tax certificate	Other	•	
Home	Building Act 1989	□ 59		
□ 24	insurance certificate			
□ 25	brochure or warning			
□ 26	evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swim	ming Pools Act 1992			
□ 27	certificate of compliance			
	evidence of registration			
	relevant occupation certificate			
	certificate of non-compliance			
	detailed reasons of non-compliance			
	'			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Public Works Advisory Environment Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications
Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) 1

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title: document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other party: serve

an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheaue:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate this contract for breach: terminate

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and within

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

requisition

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2
- If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser =
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
 - 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be

settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser:

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date;

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules:

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules:

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

THIS IS THE ANNEXURE CONTAINING ADDITIONAL CLAUSES TO THE CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

VENDOR: Kim Louise Dale

PROPERTY: 201 Wilsons Lane, Cargo NSW 2800

- 1. The contract is amended as follows:
 - (a) Clause 7.1.1 is deleted.
 - (b) Clause 8.1.1 delete the words "on reasonable grounds".
 - (c) Clause 8.1.2 delete the words "and those grounds".
 - (d) Clause 25 is deleted.
- 2. The purchasers acknowledge that they have inspected the property (and any improvements erected thereon and any furnishings and chattels included in the sale price) and that in entering into this contract he has not relied on any statement representation or warranty made by or on behalf of the vendors other than those set out in this contract and that the property, all improvements and furnishings and chattels are sold by the vendor and shall be accepted by the purchasers in the condition and state of repair thereof at the date of this contract subject to all latent and patent faults and defects and neither the purchasers nor their solicitor shall make or deliver to the vendors or their solicitor any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation to all or any of the matters aforesaid.
- 3. If completion does not occur on or before the completion date, either party is entitled to serve a notice to complete requiring completion to take place not less than 14 days after service of the notice, in which respect time is of the essence.

Service of a notice to complete may be effected if it is transmitted by email to the email address stated in this contract for the purchaser or the purchasers representative. Provided the email is sent before 3.00pm on any business day then service by email is taken to have been received on the date of receipt.

The party serving a notice to complete reserves the rights to:

(i) withdraw the notice, and;

(ii) issue further notices to complete.

It is hereby expressly agreed that should the purchaser not complete this purchase by the completion date, without default by the Vendor, the purchaser shall:

- (a) pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated as eight per cent (8%) interest per annum on the balance purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the completion date to the day on which this sale shall be completed. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings, and
- (b) pay the Vendor the sum of three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay, as a genuine preestimate of those additional expenses, to be allowed by the Purchaser as an additional adjustment on completion.
- 4. The purchaser warrants to the vendor that:
 - (a) The purchaser does not require finance to purchaser the property: or
 - (b) The purchaser has obtained approval for finance to purchase this property on terms reasonable to the purchaser;

AND the purchaser acknowledges that as a result of making this disclosure the purchaser cannot terminate this contract pursuant to sections 134, 135 and 137 of the National Credit Code, being Schedule 1 of the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 (Cth).

- 5. For the purpose of preparation of the Transfer or other assurance of title the purchaser accepts that the particulars of title are as stated in the contract.
- 6. Without in any manner negating limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to the vendor at law or in equity had this clause not been included should the purchaser or if more than one any of them prior to completion:-
 - (a) Die or become mentally ill, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the solicitor named as the other party's solicitor in this contract and thereupon the provisions of clause 19 shall apply.

- (b) Being a company resolve to go into liquidation or have a petition for the winding up of the purchaser presented or enter into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors under Part VIII of the Companies (New South Wales) Code or should any liquidator receiver or official manager be appointed in respect of the purchaser then the purchaser shall be deemed to be in default.
- 7. The purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the property by a real estate agent other than the agent shown as the "Vendor's agent" on the front page of this contract and should any other real estate agent make a successful claim for commission against the vendor arising from a breach of the purchaser's warranty in respect of this matter then the purchaser shall indemnify the vendor in respect of such commission and in respect of all costs of and incidental to such claim for commission incurred by the vendor. This Clause shall not merge on completion.

8.

- (a) The purchaser must within 7 days of discovering a breach by the vendor of any warranty implied by the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation, 2017 ("the Regulation"), give written notice to the vendor of that breach.
- (b) If the vendor breaches any warranty implied by the Regulation, the vendor may, before completion, serve a notice specifying the breach and the vendor may then rescind this contract if the purchaser does not serve a notice irrevocably waiving the breach ("waiver notice") within 14 days. If the purchaser serves a waiver notice before the vendor rescinds the contract under this clause, the vendor is no longer entitled to rescind the contract.
- (c) The purchaser has no claim against the vendor for breach of any warranty implied by the Regulation, other than the right of rescission conferred by the Regulation.
- 9. The Purchaser acknowledges that the Requisitions on Title annexed and marked "A" are deemed to be the Requisitions on Title raised by the Purchaser.
- 10. No requisition or objection shall be made or taken or compensation claimed if it should be found that:-
 - (a) there are any roads or reservations of roads traversing the property and/or there are any gates erected across a road or roads traversing the property and/or the Vendors

- do not hold any permits or authorities to enclose roads within the boundary of the property.
- (b) any of the fences are not actually on the correct boundary lines and/or are the subject of any arrangement agreements or order of any Land Board or Court or other competent authority relating to give-and-take fences or that any boundary is unfenced;
- (c) the existence within the boundaries of the property of any land to which the Vendors have no title or the severance of any part of the property;
- (d) any telephone or electricity lines pipes co-axial cables or water channels traverse the property whether above or below the ground or that any other persons have right to use or benefit thereof;
- (e) any dam has been constructed on any creek or water course passing through the property without authority or that there is any other contravention of the Water Act or regulations thereunder and the Vendors warrant that they have not received notice of any such contravention;
- (f) any application lease licence authority to enter or authority to prospect has been made granted or is pending in relation to the property sold under the provisions of the Mining Act or under any other Act relating to mining or exploration for minerals petroleum or other products.
- (g) the property is affected by any Notices relating to noxious weeds or animals and the Vendors shall not be called upon or required to take any steps to eradicate the same;
- 11. The Vendors agree with the Purchasers that the Vendors shall not prior to completion without the consent of the Purchasers depasture or allow to be depastured on the property more livestock than that presently depastured and the progeny thereof.
- 12. In so far as any plant, structural improvements, fixtures, fencing, water conservation or other items upon which the Vendor has claimed depreciation are included in the sale the consideration receivable in respect of each item shall, for the purposes of the Income Tax Assessment Act, 1936 as amended, be the depreciated value thereof in the hands of the Vendor as determined in accordance with the said Act as at the date of completion of this Agreement and in respect of any items not depreciated in the hands of the Vendor the consideration receivable in respect of any

such items shall, for the purpose of the Income Tax Assessment Act, 1936 (as amended), be deemed to be nil.

13. On completion the Vendor shall cause to be transferred to the Purchasers any Road Permit which attaches to the property. The rent thereof shall be treated as an outgoing for the purposes of Clause 14 hereof and adjusted on completion and the Purchaser shall be responsible for payment to the Department of Lands of the fee payable on the transfer thereof.

14. The parties agree that:-

- (a) This contract may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each counterpart is an original but the counterparts together are one and the same contract;
- (b) Exchange of contracts may be effected by serving by facsimile or email transmission, afull copy of the original executed counterpart of the contract; and
- (c) If applicable, the parties shall use their best endeavours to serve on each party the originally signed counterparts of the contract as soon as practicable after exchange of contracts pursuant to subclause (b) but failure to do so for any reason does not affect the fact that the contract is validly made on the date that the exchange of counterparts is effected pursuant to subclause (b).

15. The parties hereto agree as follows:-

- a) The vendors warrant that,
 - i) upon the subject land, a *farming business* has been *carried on* for at least the period of 5 years preceding the date of this contract; and,
 - ii) The vendors are supplying the subject land for a farming business.
- b) The purchaser warrants that either:
 - i) he intends that a farming business be carried on on the land, or alternatively,
 - ii) he will on completion, in addition to the purchase price, pay to the vendors an amount equal to
 - (1) the amount of Goods and Services Tax applicable to this transaction (being an amount not less than 10 per cent of the purchase price),

	for Goods and Services Tax created as a result of this transaction.
c)	That terms in <i>italics</i> used in this clause have their meanings as defined by and contained
	within the "A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999" and its ancillary
	legislation.

(2) together with such other amounts as may be required to satisfy the vendors' liability

RURAL LAND REQUISITIONS

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property:
Dated:

Note: If the answer to any of these questions is 'yes', please supply full details and a copy of all relevant documentation at least seven days prior to completion, unless otherwise specified.

1. Capacity

- (a) Is the vendor under any legal incapacity? Such as:
 - Minority.
 - Bankruptcy or entering a debt agreement under Part IX or an arrangement under Part X of the Bankruptcy Act 1966 (Cth).
 - If the vendor is a company, any notice, application or order received by the vendor
 or made at Court for its winding up, or for the appointment of a receiver, an
 administrator or a controller.
- (b) If the vendor is a trustee, please provide evidence to establish the trustee's power of sale (such as a copy of the trust deed, under which the trustee was appointed).
- (c) If any document to be handed over on completion (excluding a discharge of mortgage) is executed under a power of attorney, please provide a certified copy of the registered power of attorney.

2. Notices and Orders

- (a) Is the vendor aware of or has the vendor received any notice or order or requirement of any authority or any adjoining owner affecting the property? Such as:
 - Orders under either section 121B of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) or section 124 of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW).
 - Notices or orders from Local Land Services about pests or eradication.
 - Notices from a local council about noxious weeds.
 - Notices or orders issued under the Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985 (NSW).
 - Notices or orders under section 142 of the Mining Act 1992 (NSW).
- (b) Has any work been done by any authority which might give rise to a notice, order or liability? (Such as road works done by local council.)
- (c) Has the vendor received any notice (whether oral or written) of proposed orders from Local Land Services or any local council or government authority concerning any proposed action that could affect the property in any way? If so, please provide particulars including any copies of any relevant correspondence.

3. Title

- (a) Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property free from all encumbrances.
- (b) On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or priority notice or writ (other than a caveat or priority notice lodged by or on behalf of the purchaser) must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, priority notice or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion.
- (c) Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- (d) When and where may the title documents be inspected?

4. Adjustments

- (a) All outgoings referred to in clause 14 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- (b) Is the vendor liable to pay land tax (including surcharge land tax) or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (i) To what year has a return been made?

(ii) What is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

5. Unregistered Rights

Is the vendor aware of any unregistered rights over the property, such as an easement, right of way, or any right of use or occupation?

6. Personal Property Securities Act 2009 (Cth) ("PPS Act")

- (a) Are there any interests recorded against the vendor on the Personal Property Securities Register? If yes:
 - (i) Do such registrations relate to any personal property included in this sale?
 - (ii) In relation to all registrations in respect of the vendor or any personal property included in the sale (including the property and any inclusions), the vendor must provide on or prior to completion:
 - (A) a release from each secured party, in respect of the personal property together with a written undertaking from each secured party to register a financing change statement which reflects that release in the case of serial numbered goods and personal property specifically described; or
 - (B) a statement by each secured party in accordance with section 275(1)(b) of the PPS Act confirming that no debt or obligation is secured by the registration; or
 - (C) a written approval or correction in accordance with section 275(1)(c) of the PPS Act confirming that the personal property is not or will not be as at completion personal property in respect of which the registration is granted.

(b) Please provide:

- (i) Full names (including any former names) and dates of birth of all vendors.
- (ii) ABNs and ACNs of all vendor companies, partnerships and trusts.
- (iii) Full names (including any former names) and dates of birth of all directors of the vendor companies.

7. Tenancies

- (a) Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- (b) Are there any agreements or arrangements which would create a "tenancy" as defined in section 4 of the *Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990* (NSW), (such as farming, grazing, share farming or agistment agreements), or a residential tenancy agreement as defined in section 13 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (NSW)? If yes please provide:
 - (i) Particulars of the nature of the tenancy.
 - (ii) The date of any termination of the tenancy.
 - (iii) Particulars of any written instrument (please supply a copy at least 14 days prior to completion).
 - (iv) Particulars of any oral agreement.
 - (v) Particulars of any bond or security.
- (c) Where there is a tenancy:
 - (i) Has the tenant carried out any improvements on the property, with or without the vendor's consent, for which the tenant is entitled to compensation from the vendor?
 - (ii) Has the vendor carried out any improvement on the property for which the tenant is liable to compensate the vendor?
 - (iii) Are there any unresolved disputes between the vendor and a tenant pursuant to an agreement which creates an interest in the land?
 - (iv) Are there any fixtures on the property which the tenant may have right to access or removal?
 - (v) Are there any details/documents that record the condition of the property at the commencement of the tenancy? If yes, please provide copies.

8. **Buildings**

- (a) Are there any structures on the property which require approval for their current use, but do not have such approval?
- (b) Are there any structures on the property that are required to have the approval of the local council but do not?
- (c) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) been complied with?

- (d) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
- (e) Has the vendor a survey? If so, please provide a copy.
- (f) Has the vendor a Building Certificate and/or Final Occupation Certificate which relates to any current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy.
- (g) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last ten years:
 - (i) Please identify the building work carried out.
 - (ii) When was the building work completed?
 - (iii) Please state the builder's name and licence number (or provide a copy of any owner-builder permit relating to the work.
 - (iv) Please provide details of any insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989* (NSW).
- (h) Has there been any complaint or insurance claim made, or any circumstances known to the vendor which may warrant a complaint or insurance claim due to the non-completion, defective work or otherwise from a breach of the statutory warranties under the *Home Building Act 1989* (NSW) related to residential building work carried out on the property? If so, full details should be provided.
- (i) Do any structures on the property contain loose-fill asbestos insulation? If so:
 - (i) which structures?
 - (ii) is the property listed on the loose-fill asbestos insulation register?
- (j) Have the structures on the property been tested for loose-fill asbestos insulation?

9. **Swimming pools**

If there is a swimming pool:

- (a) Has the pool been approved by the local council?
- (b) Is it subject to the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* (NSW)? If not, why not?
- (c) Does it comply with all the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* (NSW) and regulations made under that Act?
- (d) Has a fence and signage been erected around the swimming pool?
- (e) Has the vendor obtained a certificate of non-compliance pursuant to clause 18BA of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008 (NSW)? If so, and the certificate is not attached to the contract, please provide a copy of the certificate and the details of the non-compliance.
- (f) Have any notices, directions or orders issued under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* (NSW) and/or regulations made under that Act?
- (g) Has the vendor obtained a certificate of compliance pursuant to section 22D of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* (NSW)? If so, and the certificate is not attached to the contract, please provide a copy.
- (h) If a certificate of compliance is not attached to the Contract, please provide evidence of registration, eg. certificate of registration of the swimming pool pursuant to section 30C of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW), and a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW).
- (i) Any original certificate of non-compliance, certificate of compliance and relevant occupation certificate held must be handed over at completion.
- (j) Where a certificate of compliance includes a reference to an exemption, please provide the details of the exemption granted by council.
- (k) Has the vendor received any notification of the cancellation of a certificate of compliance? If so, please provide a copy.

10. Solar Panels

- (a) Do any of the improvements erected at the property have solar panels?
- (b) Is there any energy buy back arrangement in place? If so, can it be assigned to the purchaser?
- (c) Please provide a copy of the supply agreement for the solar panels including particulars of the Contract price.
- (d) Does the supply agreement provide for assignment to a new owner of the property?
- (e) Does the rate per kW of power generated in dollar terms remain constant during the term of the supply agreement?
- (f) Is there a net meter for any solar panels?
- (g) Are there any arrangements in relation to a voluntary feed in tariff?
- (h) Is there a battery storage system? If so, please advise details of the system.

11. Rates

(a) What government, local government or statutory authorities levy rates on the property? (Such as local council or Local Land Services.)

- (b) Has the property been declared "farmland" for rating purposes under the *Local Government Act 1993* (NSW)?
- (c) Are there any deferred rates attaching to the property? Please provide particulars.

12. Boundary fences

- (a) Are there any boundary or give and take fences on the property? If so, where are they located?
- (b) Are there any boundaries along watercourses and, if so, how are they fenced?
- (c) Are there any notices from neighbours or statutory authorities about the erection or repair of any boundary fence or give and take fence?
- (d) Is there any agreement, written or oral, with any neighbour about the erection or repair of a boundary fence?

13. Soil Conservation

- a) (i) Are there any agreements about soil conservation affecting the property?
 - (ii) Please provide copies of any licences or agreements.
 - (iii) Are there any monies outstanding under any licence or agreement?
- (b) Is the land or any part of it within an area of erosion hazard under the *Soil Conservation Act 1938* (NSW)?
- (c) Is there any charge or any other outstanding liability affecting the land under section 22(5) of the Soil Conservation Act 1938 (NSW)?
- (d) Are there any circumstances known to the vendor that could give rise to soil conservation liabilities in the future?

14. Timber

- (a) Are there any agreements with any authority or anyone else about the felling or removal of timber from the property? If so:
 - (i) Please provide copies of any licences or agreements.
 - (ii) Are there any monies outstanding under any licence or agreement?

Please provide details and copies of any relevant documents as soon as possible, and in any event not later than 14 days before completion.

- (b) Is the vendor aware of any of the following being granted to or held by the vendor or any other person under the *Forestry Act 2012* (NSW) in respect of the property:
 - (i) Forest lease or licence;
 - (ii) Forest products licence;
 - (iii) Clearing licence;
 - (iv) Profit-a-prendre; or
 - (v) Any other lease, licence, permit, right or interest?

Please provide details and copies of any relevant documents as soon as possible, and in any event not later than 14 days before completion.

15. Water

- (a) Is the vendor entitled to have water supplied to the property by any authority? If so, please supply details and if any meter or works are situated on lands other than the property please advise what rights or agreements exist
- (b) Is any water available to the property:
 - (i) From any well, bore or dam that is not wholly on the property and if so, where?
 - (ii) Under any private water agreement? If so, what rights exist in respect to any private water agreement and please supply copies of any agreement.
- (c) Is the land in a water sharing plan area under the Water Management Act 2000 (NSW)?
- (d) Does the vendor hold any water rights or licence, permit or authority under the *Water Act* 1912 (NSW) or the *Water Management Act* 2000 (NSW), or, the benefit of any applications under either Act not yet dealt with? Please supply copies of all licences, permits, authorities, applications or correspondence in respect of such applications.
- (e) Is the vendor liable to any authority, or to any other person, to pay for water or for water rights?
- (f) (i) Have any dams or other earthworks been constructed on any water course on the property?
 - (ii) If so, was any permission for the construction sought or given by any relevant authority?
- (g) Are there any bore trusts that affect the property? If so, please provide:
 - (i) The name and contact details of the secretary or relevant office bearer of the trust;
 - (ii) Details of licences of permits in respect of the bore;
 - (iii) If water is conveyed from the bore to the property through other properties please supply details of owners of those properties and copies of any easements or agreements.

- (h) If there is a dam on the property which exceeds the maximum harvestable right dam capacity which is used for irrigation or which is used for watering a commercial crop or an intensive livestock industry:
 - (i) Has the dam been approved by and registered with NSW Office of Water?
 - (ii) Has a licence issued for the dam? If so, please provide a copy of the licence.
 - (iii) Did the dam require the approval of local council? If so, please provide a copy of such approval.
- (i) Are there any points of supply of water not wholly located within the boundaries of the land? If so, are appropriate easements in place?
- (j) Are there any levee banks on the property? If so, was a licence obtained and are they constructed in accordance with the licence?
- (k) Have all earthworks requiring development consent on the property been fully approved?

16. Electricity

- (a) Which electricity authority supplies electricity to the property?
- (b) Is there any money owing to that authority for capital works? If so, please furnish full particulars.

17. Access, roads and enclosure permits

- (a) Is access to the property at any point over any land other than a main or public road? (Such as a right of way or access over Local Land Services property.)
- (b) Are there any rights of way or other easements over the property?
- (c) Is the vendor aware of any proposal to close, or any application or pending application to close or any proposal to purchase any road adjacent to the property?
- (d) Is the vendor aware of any proposed realignment of any road adjacent to the property?
- (e) Is there any main road, public road, Crown road or travelling stock route through the property at any point?
- (f) Is there any enclosure permit that attaches to the property? If so, please furnish full particulars.
- (g) Has the vendor or a predecessor in title made an application to close or to purchase a road within the property or any other road which provides access to the property? If so, please advise the status of the application.

18. Rural workers accommodation

- (a) Is there any building situated on the land for the accommodation of rural workers?
- (b) If so:
 - (i) Have the requirements of the *Rural Workers Accommodation Act 1969* (NSW) and *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* (NSW) been complied with?
 - (ii) Is the vendor aware of any notice, prosecution or proceedings including enforcement proceedings, under the *Rural Workers Accommodation Act 1969* (NSW) and *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* (NSW) that have been instituted or threatened against the vendor or any previous owner of the property?
 - (iii) Does the vendor have planning approval for rural workers accommodation?

19. Stock diseases

- (a) Are there any quarantine or other notices or orders or undertakings relating to stock on the property including stock on agistment or stock not owned by the vendor? (Such as notices or orders made about anthrax, lice, brucellosis or footrot, Ovine Johnes Disease (OJD) or Bovine Johnes Disease (BJD).)
- (b) Has any order been made under section 62 of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* (NSW)?

20. Pollution

- (a) Are there any sheep or other stock dips, whether used or disused, on the property? If so, where on the property are they located?
- (b) Are there any outstanding notices or orders under the *Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985* (NSW)?
- (c) Has the vendor or any tenant, share farmer or previous owner used any chemicals on the property which could give rise to any problems with chemical residues under the *Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985* (NSW) or the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* (NSW)?
- (d) Has any Preliminary Investigation Order been made under section 10 or a Management Order been made under section 14 of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* (NSW)? If so, has the land been declared to be significantly contaminated land within the meaning of section 11 of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* (NSW)?

- (e) Is there, or has there ever been, any underground fuel tank on the property? If so:
 - (i) Where is/was it?
 - (ii) Is it still in use? If not, has it been emptied of fuel and decommissioned?
- (f) Is there or has there been any fuel tank which may have leaked, causing soil pollution? If so, please supply full information about where it is, or was, situated.

21. Effluent Disposal Systems

- (a) Is there a septic sewage disposal system on the property? If so, please supply evidence of registration of it with the local council.
- (b) If there is no septic sewage disposal system and there is a house on the property, please supply details of the effluent disposal system used and evidence of registration with the local council.
- (c) Has the local council inspected the septic sewage disposal system? If so, when?
- (d) Please provide copies of any correspondence from the local council in relation to effluent disposal, including as to any septic sewage disposal system on the property.

22. Resumptions

Is the vendor aware of any resumption, proposed resumption, proposed purchase or proposed occupation of the property by any public authority? If so, please furnish full particulars at least 14 days prior to completion.

23. Fixtures

- (a) Are the fixtures or inclusions in the sale free of encumbrances?
- (b) Any chattels not owned by the vendor, or owned by the vendor or any other person and not included in this sale, must be removed prior to completion.

24. Crown land

- (a) Are there any amounts owing to the Crown for rent or for balance of purchase moneys? If so, please supply full details.
- (b) Is there any application or pending application to the Crown for conversion or purchase from the Crown? If so, please advise the status of the application or pending application.

25. Pipelines

Is the vendor aware of any licence, permit or easement for any pipeline over the property, either under the *Pipelines Act 1967* (NSW) or otherwise? If so:

- (a) Please provide copies any licences, permits or easements.
- (b) Are there any monies outstanding under any licences or permits?
- (c) Please advise the location of any licences, permits or easements.

26. Mining

- (a) Has the vendor any rights or entitlements, or received any notices, under the:
 - (i) Mining Act 1992 (NSW); or
 - (ii) Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 (NSW)?

If so, please provide details and provide a copy of any relevant documentation.

- (b) Is the property within a mine subsidence district? If so:
 - (i) Has the erection or alteration of any improvement required approval? Please provide a copy.
 - (ii) Was the improvement erected or altered in accordance with the terms of the approval?

27. National Parks and Wildlife

- (a) Is there any interim protection order in force over any part of the property under section 91B of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* (NSW)?
- (b) Is there a conservation agreement affecting the property, or any part of it, under section 69B of the *National* Parks and *Wildlife Act 1974* (NSW)?
- (c) Is there a Wildlife Refuge Agreement in place in respect of the property under section 68 of *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* (NSW)?

If so, please provide details and provide a copy of any relevant documentation.

28. Native Vegetation

- Is the property subject to a Property Vegetation Plan as defined in the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (NSW) (now repealed) or a private native forestry plan under Part 5C of Schedule 11 to the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (NSW)? If so, please provide details and provide a copy of any relevant documentation.
- (b) Has the vendor carried out, or caused to be carried out, on the property any clearing of native vegetation? If so:

- (i) Was clearing carried out pursuant to a development consent?
- (ii) If so, was clearing carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions of that consent or plan?
- (iii) Was clearing carried out pursuant to a Property Vegetation Plan approved under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (NSW) (now repealed)?
- (iv) If not, was clearing carried out in accordance with Part 5A of the Local Land Services Act 2013 (NSW)?
- (v) Has the permitted clearing been completed?
- (vi) If not, what is the extent of the clearing yet to be completed?
- (vii) Please provide a copy of any mandatory code compliance certificate that has issued under the *Local Land Services Act 2013* (NSW).
- (viii) Is any part of the property a set-aside area under the provisions of Part 5C of Schedule 11 to the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (NSW)? If so, please provide details, including any details entered in a public register.
- (c) Has the Director General made any 'stop work' order under section 37 or given directions for remedial work under section 38 of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (NSW) (now repealed) or the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (NSW) in respect of the property?
- (d) Has the vendor, or any previous owner, ever been prosecuted for clearing native vegetation illegally from the property? If so, please provide full details including a copy of any written outcome of such proceedings.

29. Threatened Species

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any endangered species, endangered populations, endangered ecological communities, vulnerable species or vulnerable ecological communities as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* (NSW) (now repealed) or threatened species or threatened ecological communicates as defined in the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (NSW) on the property?
- (b) In reference to the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* (NSW) (now repealed) are there, or has there ever been, as far as the vendor is aware, any of the following relating to the property:
 - (i) Critical habitat declared under section 47 and notified on the Register kept by the Director General of the National Parks and Wildlife Service under section 55?
 - (ii) Any recovery plan published under section 67?
 - (iii) Any draft threat abatement plan published under section 84?
 - (iv) Any licence to harm or pick threatened species population or ecological communities or damage habitat, granted under section 91?
- (c) Has there been any species impact statement prepared either for the purposes of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* (NSW) (now repealed) in accordance with section 110 or for the purposes of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (NSW)?
- (d) Has there been any stop work order made by the Director General under section 91AA or any interim protection order made under Part 6A of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act* 1974 (NSW)?
- (e) Has any part of the property been declared an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (NSW)?

If the answer is yes to any of the questions above please supply full details.

30. Native Title

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any Native Title claim lodged under the *Native Title Act 1993* (Cth), or acts validated under the *Native Title (New South Wales) Act 1994* (NSW)?
- (b) If so, has the vendor filed an interest to be involved in the determination of such claim under either the Commonwealth or NSW legislation?
- (c) If the land is a lease from the Crown, has the use purpose of the lease been altered since 1 January 1994 or is it in the process of being altered? If so, please provide a copy of the undertaking from the Crown not to seek from the lessee any reimbursement of compensation payable by the Crown to Native Title holders.

31. Aboriginal Sites

- (a) Has the vendor or any predecessor in title entered into a voluntary or compulsory conservation agreement concerning Aboriginal sites or relics? If so, please provide a copy of that agreement/s.
- (b) Is the vendor aware of any Aboriginal places, objects, artefacts or relics on any part of the property? If so, where are they located?

32. Environment

- (a) Has the vendor undertaken any activity that constitutes a 'controlled action' under the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth)? If so, please provide details.
- (b) Has the vendor received any order or direction, or given any undertaking, under the *Biosecurity Act 2015* (NSW)? If so, please provide details.
- (c) Are there any registered or unregistered conservation agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (NSW) affecting the property (such as Biodiversity Stewardship Agreements, Conservation Agreements and Wildlife Refuge Agreements)?
- (d) Are there any registered or unregistered conservation agreements not covered by the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (NSW)?

33. Foreign resident capital gains withholding measure

- (a) Is the transaction an excluded transaction within the meaning of section 14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth) ("TA Act")?
- (b) If not attached to the contract, does the vendor hold or has the vendor applied for a clearance certificate within the meaning of section 14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act?
- (c) If not attached to the contract, does the vendor hold or has the vendor applied for a variation made under section 14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act?

34. Agreements or disagreements affecting the property

- (a) Has the vendor or any predecessor in title entered into any agreements not otherwise referred to in these requisitions, with anyone else affecting the property? If so, please provide details and provide a copy of any relevant documentation.
- (b) Are there any legal proceedings threatened, pending or not concluded that involve the property in any way?

35. Completion

- (a) If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds, any Certificate Authentication Code must be provided seven days prior to completion.
- (b) Please list any documents to be handed over on completion in addition to the certificate of title, transfer and any discharge of mortgage.
- (c) If applicable, has the vendor submitted a Request for CoRD Holder consent to the outgoing mortgagee?
- (d) Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH ______

FOLIO: 714/792758

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE ----9/5/2022 1:07 PM 9 5/5/2022

LAND

LOT 714 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 792758 AT CARGO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CABONNE PARISH OF CARGO COUNTY OF ASHBURNHAM TITLE DIAGRAM DP792758

FIRST SCHEDULE

KIM LOUISE DALE (ND AS102212)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- AQ468404 MORTGAGE TO ORANGE CREDIT UNION LIMITED

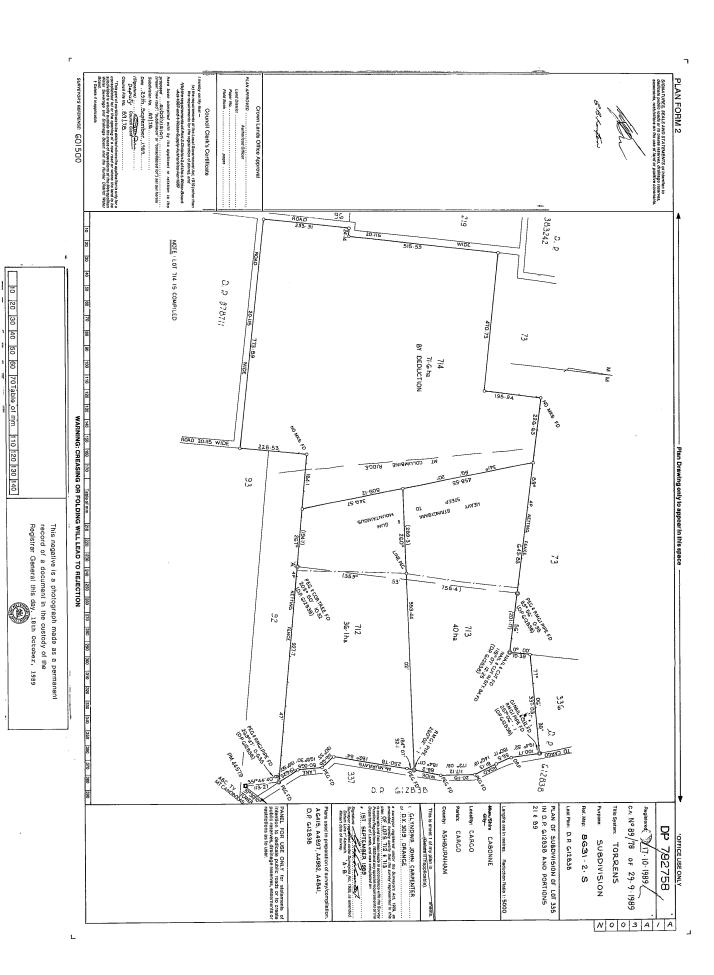
NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registera General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

Copyright © Office of the Registrar-General 2022 Received: 09/05/2022 13:07:02





PLANNING CERTIFICATE

Section 10.7(2)

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended)

Applicant: InfoTrack Pty Ltd

Certificate No: 2022/398

GPO Box 4029

SYDNEY NSW 2001 Date: 4 May 2022

Reference: 500892

Receipt No: 86256 \$53

Doc Id: 1386245

Address of Property: 201 Wilsons Lane, Cargo NSW 2800

Owner: KL Dale & EST LATE SL Dale

Land Description: Lot 714 DP 792758

Council Assessment No: A16286

Parish: Cargo

Area: 71.6000 Hectares

CABONNE COUNCIL PO Box 17 Molong NSW 2866

Phone: 6392 3265 Fax: 6392 3260

Email: council@cabonne.nsw.gov.au

Pursuant to section 10.7(2) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979, the council certifies that at the date of this certificate the matters prescribed below apply to the subject land.

1. NAMES OF RELEVANT ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENTS AND DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLANS THAT APPLY TO THE CARRYING OUT OF DEVELOPMENT UPON THE SUBJECT LAND

(a) What Local Environmental Plans apply to the land?

Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012.

(b) What draft Local Environmental Plans apply to the land?

Nil

- (c) What Development Control Plans apply to the land?
 - Development Control Plan No 5 General Rural Zones
 - Development Control Plan No 15 Relocatable and Transportable Homes
- (d) What State Environmental Planning Policies apply to the land?

```
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 1 – Development Standards
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21 – Caravan Parks
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 30 – Intensive Agriculture
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 36 – Manufactured Home Estates
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 62 – Sustainable Aquaculture
State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 – Advertising and Signage
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007
State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2020
State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007
State Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008
```

2. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEP

Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012

(a) Identity of Zone

Zone RU1 - Primary Production

(b) In Zone RU1 the following is permissible without development consent

Development for the purpose of:

Building identification signs, environmental protection works, extensive agriculture, home occupations, viticulture

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 2 of 9

(c) In Zone RU1 the following is permissible only with development consent

Subdivision

Development for the purpose of:

Air transport facilities, airstrips, animal boarding or training establishments, aquaculture, bed and breakfast accommodation, boat launching ramps, boat sheds, business identification signs, camping grounds, cellar door premises, cemeteries, community facilities, correctional centres, depots, dual occupancies, dwelling houses, eco-tourist facilities, environmental facilities, extractive industries, farm buildings, farm stay accommodation, flood mitigation works, forestry, function centres, helipads, home-based child care, home businesses, home industries, home occupations (sex services), industrial training facilities, information and education facilities, intensive livestock agriculture, intensive plant agriculture, jetties, landscaping material supplies, moorings, open cut mining, plant nurseries, recreation areas, recreation facilities (major), recreation facilities (outdoor), research stations, restaurants or cafes, roads, roadside stalls, rural industries, truck depots, veterinary hospitals, water recreation structures, water storage facilities

(d) In Zone RU1 the following is prohibited

Development for the purpose of:

Stock and sale yards, any other development not specified in items (b) or (c) above

(e) Development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

There are minimum development standards applying to the land that fix the minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land. The minimum land dimension is 100 hectares. Refer to Clause 4.2A of the Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012 for further information.

(f) Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat

(g) Heritage conservation

The subject land is not within a heritage conservation area, and is not a heritage item under clause 5.10 and schedule 5 of Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012

2A. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (SYDNEY REGION GROWTH CENTRES) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act

Not Applicable

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 3 of 9

3. COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

Can complying development be carried out on the land under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A and 1.19 in SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and if no complying development may be carried out on that land, the reasons why.

(a) Housing Code

Can Complying Development under the Housing Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not permissible in RU1 zone

(b) Rural Housing Code

Can Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(c) Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code

Can Complying Development under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not permissible in RU1 zone

(d) **Greenfield Housing Code**

Can Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not Applicable to Cabonne Council

(e) Inland Code

Can Complying Development under the Inland Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(f) Housing Alterations Code

Can Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(g) General Development Code

Can Complying Development under the General Development Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(h) Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Can Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 4 of 9

(i) Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Can Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not applicable to RU1 zone

(j) Container Recycling Facilities Code

Can Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code be carried out on the land?

No - Not applicable to RU1 zone

(k) Subdivisions Code

Can Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(I) Demolition Code

Can Complying Development under the Demolition Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

(m) Fire Safety Code

Can Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code be carried out on the land?

Yes

Note: The opportunity for complying development to be carried out under each of these Codes may be restricted where the land is a flood control lot, within a bushfire prone area or subject to other site or zoning constraints. For more information about complying development visit the NSW Planning Portal website at www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au

4. COASTAL PROTECTION

Is the land affected by the operation of section 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act 1979*. But only to the extent that Council has been notified by the Department of Public Works.

No

4A. CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATING TO BEACHES AND COASTS

Not applicable

4B. ANNUAL CHARGES UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993 FOR COASTAL PROTECTION SERVICES THAT RELATE TO EXISTING COASTAL PROTECTION WORK

Not applicable

5. MINE SUBSIDENCE

Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of s15 of the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961?

No

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 5 of 9

6. ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD REALIGNMENT

Is the land affected by any road widening or realignment under;

- Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- Any Environmental Planning Instrument, or
- Any resolution of Council.

No

7. COUNCIL & OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK RESTRICTIONS

Is the land affected by a policy either:

- adopted by the Council, or
- adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates, that restricts the development of the land due to the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding)?

Yes

The subject land is identified as being "bushfire prone land" on the Bushfire Prone Land Map, certified by the NSW Rural Fire Service.

7A FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

(1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

No

(2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) In this clause—

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. **Floodplain Development Manual** means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005. **probable maximum flood** has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

8. LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION

Is the land reserved for acquisition pursuant to 3.15 of the Act under any Environmental Planning Instrument or draft Environmental Planning Instrument?

No

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 6 of 9

9. CONTRIBUTION PLANS

What are the names of contribution plans applicable to the land?

- Road Contributions Plan for the Rural Zones adopted by Council 16 April 2007 and effective from 21 April 2007
- Bushfire Services Contributions Plan approved by Council 15 February 1993 and effective 22 February 1993

9A. BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND

Is the land biodiversity certified land?

No

10. BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES

Is the land a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement, including a biodiversity agreement?

No

10A. NATIVE VEGETATION CLEARING SET ASIDES

Does the land set aside area under Section 60ZC of the Local Land Service Act 2013?

No

11. BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND

Is the land bush fire prone?

Yes – All of the land is identified as bushfire prone.

12. PROPERTY VEGETATION PLANS

Is the land subject to a property vegetation plan under the Native Vegetation Act 2003.

No

13. ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS ACT 2006

Has an Order been made to carry out work in relation to a tree order on the land?

No

14. DIRECTIONS UNDER PART 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project on the land?

No

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 7 of 9

15. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR SENIORS HOUSING

Does SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 apply?

No

Is there a current site compatibility certificate issued under SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

16. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE, SCHOOLS OR TAFE ESTABLISHMENTS

Does a current site compatibility certificate issued under SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007 apply in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

17. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

Does a current Site Compatibility Certificate (Affordable Rental Housing) apply in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

18. PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION

Is the land subject to a paper subdivision?

No

19. SITE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATES

Is there a Site Verification Certificate for the land?

No

20. LOOSE FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Are there any residential premises on the land registered on the NSW Fair Trading Loose Fill Asbestos Register?

No

21. AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES AND BUILDING PRODUCT RECTIFICATION ORDERS

Is the land subjected to an Affected Building Notice?

No

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 8 of 9

Is the with?	land subjected to a Building Product Rectification Order that has not been fully complied
No	
	re a notice of intention to make a Building Product Rectification Order that is outstanding subject land?
No	
	The following matters are prescribed by Section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land gement Amendment Act as additions matters to be specified in a Planning Certificate.
CONT	AMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT AMENDMENT ACT 2008
(a)	Is the land significantly contaminated within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?
No	
(b)	Is the land the subject of a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?
No	
(c)	Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal in within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?
No	
(d)	Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008?
No	
(e)	Is the land the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008.
No	



Any request for further information should be directed to council's Development Services Department on (02) 6392 3265, during office hours of 9:00am to 5:00pm.

The above information has been taken from council's records, but council cannot accept responsibility for any omission or inaccuracy. (s.10.7(6) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979).

Certificate No: 2022/398 Page 9 of 9



'Right to Farm' Policy

Policy readopted by Council 22 May 2018

Policy objective

Cabonne Shire Council is predominantly a rural shire and much of its local economy relates to its rural and agricultural industries that operate within the shire. On this basis the policy below outlines council's position on the 'right to farm', and issues associated with the management of farm land that may impact upon residential expansion or resident's expectations.

Related Legislation

The Environmental Planning & Assessment Act and its associated regulations provide the framework for land use planning. The Cabonne Local Environmental Plan 2012 establishes land use zones and land use permissibility across the Local Government area.

The Protection of the Environment Operations Act provides the legislative framework to manage activities and generated noise, odour &/or pollution.

Policy Statement

Cabonne Council supports the right of individuals to undertake genuine agricultural based activities and practices upon rural land.

Cabonne Council does not support any action to interfere with legitimate rural and agricultural land use where the activity is in accordance legislative requirements.

When conflict arises between landowners undertaking genuine agricultural pursuits and rural/residential occupants, council's position on the 'right to farm' shall be considered when dealing with issues and conveyed to complainants.

When an inquiry is made to council by a potential rural land purchaser, the purchaser is to be advised that legitimate rural and agricultural uses of land in the district may include:

- Logging and milling of timber
- Livestock feed lots
- Piggeries and poultry farms
- Dairies
- Orchard and vineyard activity including use of mechanical bird scaring devices
- Construction of hail net canopies over orchard and vineyard areas
- Clearing and cultivating of land
- Bushfire hazard reduction burning
- Use of machinery including tractors, harvesters, chainsaws and motor bikes
- Weedicide, herbicide and pesticide spraying
- Pest control, including laying of 1080 bait

- Aerial spraying
- Animal husbandry practises including animal castration, weaning, dehorning
- Movement of livestock on roadways
- Extractive industries
- Barking dogs
- Noise from cattle and other livestock
- Driving livestock along roads, between farms as well as droving along designated travelling stock reserves
- Burning of stubble
- Construction of dams and contour banks
- Growing of crops that may produce detectable aromas or pollens eg canola and lucerne
- Construction of internal access roads and tracks
- Heavy vehicle movements eg livestock transport trucks and grain freight trucks
- An increase of seasonal traffic on rural unsealed roads
- Planting of woodlots and ecological offsets
- Short term on-farm accommodation for seasonal workers
- Rural industries and lawful associated activity,

noting that these activities are likely to cause nuisance in regard to odour, noise, dust, smoke, spray drift, blasting and vibration, etc, and make occur at any time including early morning and late evening.

When considering the above, it is suggested that those intending purchasers of rural land who may experience difficulty in residing in close proximity to any of these activities, should give serious consideration to their decision.