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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM		NSW DAN:	
vendor's agent	McGrath Estate Agents Orange			
-	185 Lords Place			
	Orange NSW 2800			
	Phone: 02 7903 0753			
co-agent				
vendor	Tracey May Simmonds 72-78 Macquarie Street			
	North Bourke NSW 2840			
vendor's solicitor	Lawlab Pty Limited	F	Phone: 1800 529 522	
	103 Pangee Street		Email: conveyancing@lawlab.com.au	
	Nyngan NSW 2825	ŀ	Ref: 50306	
date for completion	42 days after the date of thi	s contract		
land (address,	72-78 Macquarie Street NO		2840	
plan details and	Registered Plan: Lot 89 & 9	00 in Deposited Plan 7	53570	
title reference)	Folio Identifier 89/753570 & 90/753570			
	☑ VACANT POSSESSION	☐ subject to exist	sting tenancies	
improvements	☐ House ☐ garage ☐ carp	oort \square home unit \square ca	arspace □ storage space ⊠ none	
		•		
attached copies	documents in the List of D	ocuments as marked	or numbered:	
	other documents:			
-		-	this box in a sale of residential property.	
inclusions		•	☐ stove	
	 □ built-in wardrobes □ fixed floor coverings □ range hood □ pool equipment □ clothes line □ insect screens □ solar panels □ TV antenna 			
	□ curtains □ other: All inclusions as inspected			
exclusions	Nil			
purchaser				
,				
purchaser's solicitor			Phone:	
			Ref:	
price				
deposit	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)			
balance				
contract date		(IT	not stated, the date this contract was made)	
buyer's agent				
vendor		GST AMOUNT (option	nal) witness	
		The price includes GST of:		
		331 0 1.		
purchaser JOINT 1		nmon in unequal s	shares witness	

С	h	oi	C	es	

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3) Nominated <i>Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)</i> (clause	□ NO se 30): PEXA	□ yes	
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	the pro	☐ YES vendor must provide fuposed applicable waive within 14 days of the	er, in the space below,
Tax information (the parties promise th	is is correct a	s far as each party is	aware)
Land tax is adjustable	⊠ NO	□ yes	7
GST : Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	□ NO ⊠ NO	⊠ yes in full □ □ yes	ges to an extent
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of not made in the course or furtherance of an enter by a vendor who is neither registered nor require GST-free because the sale is the supply of a goir GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm lar input taxed because the sale is of eligible resider	the following many reprise that the volume to be register and concern und and or farm land	nay apply) the sale is: endor carries on (section ed for GST (section 9-5 er section 38-325 supplied for farming ur	5(d)) nder Subdivision 38-O
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment	⊠ NO	☐ yes (if yes, vendo	-
	contract date,		fully completed at the de all these details in a
GSTRW payment (GST residential value of Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. Howeve entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier in a GST joint venture.	r, sometimes fu	rther information will be	e required as to which
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above de	tails for each	supplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GS	TRW rate (resid	ential withholding rate)	:\$
Amount must be paid: \Box AT COMPLETION \Box at another	er time (specify)	:	
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in	n money? □ NO	D □ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-	monetary cons	ideration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the	e ATO forms):		

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
□ 1 property certificate for the land	☐ 32 property certificate for strata common property
☑ 2 plan of the land	\square 33 plan creating strata common property
☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land	☐ 34 strata by-laws
 4 plan of land to be subdivided 	☐ 35 strata development contract or statement
5 document to be lodged with a relevant plan	□ 36 strata management statement
⊠ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	☐ 37 strata renewal proposal
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	☐ 38 strata renewal plan
1979	\square 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common
☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate	property
under section 10.7(5)	40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
⊠ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (apprise location diagram)	41 plan creating neighbourhood property
(service location diagram)⋈ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	42 neighbourhood development contract
diagram)	☐ 43 neighbourhood management statement
□ 10 document that created or may have created an	44 property certificate for precinct property
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	45 plan creating precinct property
positive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 46 precinct development contract
☐ 11 planning agreement	☐ 47 precinct management statement
☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 48 property certificate for community property
☐ 13 survey report	☐ 49 plan creating community property
☐ 14 building information certificate or building	☐ 50 community development contract
certificate given under legislation	☐ 51 community management statement
☐ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or	☐ 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
variation)	☐ 53 document disclosing a change in a development
☐ 16 other document relevant to tenancies	or management contract or statement ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
☐ 17 licence benefiting the land	☐ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes
☐ 18 old system document☐ 19 Crown purchase statement of account	Management Act 2015
☐ 20 building management statement	☐ 56 information certificate under Community Land
 ≥ 20 building management statement ≥ 21 form of requisitions	Management Act 1989
☐ 22 clearance certificate	\square 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
	\square 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract
Home Building Act 1989	Other
□ 24 insurance certificate	□ 59
☐ 25 brochure or warning	
☐ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	
Swimming Pools Act 1992	
☐ 28 evidence of registration	
☐ 29 relevant occupation certificate	
☐ 30 certificate of non-compliance	
☐ 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	
_ c. asianoa roacono si non compilanco	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

SPECIAL CONDITIONS ATTACHING TO AND FORMING PART OF CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND (2019 EDITION)

BETWEEN:	Tracey May Simmonds
	(vendor)
AND:	
	(purchaser)
PROPERTY:	72-78 Macquarie Street NORTH BOURKE NSW 2840

1. INTERPRETATION

- **1.1.** Any term defined in the contract shall have that meaning.
- **1.2.** In the event of any inconsistency between these special conditions and the printed clauses 1-31, these special conditions shall take precedence.

2. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS BY PURCHASER

- **2.1.** The purchaser shall buy the property with full notice of its condition, the property having been open for inspection to the purchaser.
- **2.2.** The vendor gives no warranty as to the condition, extent or size of the land sold or nature of the state of repair of any improvements or inclusions.
- **2.3.** No warranty shall be deemed or implied from any map, plan, advertisement or representation made or furnished by the vendor, the vendor's agent, or any other person.
- **2.4.** The purchaser shall not be entitled to make any requisition or claim compensation in respect of any matters related to the property, including the existence of any defects whether latent or otherwise.
- 2.5. The purchaser acknowledges that in accordance with printed clause 16.10, the deposit belongs to the vendor on completion. The purchaser hereby authorises the depositholder to release the deposit and or account to the vendor for the deposit on completion without an order on the agent signed by the purchaser. The purchaser may revoke this authority and request the depositholder not to release the deposit until such time as the depositholder receives an order on the agent signed by the purchaser by giving the vendor and the depositholder at least 2 business days notice prior to the completion date.
- **2.6.** The vendor will supply all keys in the vendors possession or control in respect to the property to the purchaser on completion. The purchaser will make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation whatsoever in the relation to any keys in respect to the property.

3. DEATH OR INCAPACITY

3.1. In addition to any right or remedy otherwise available to a party, if the other party, prior to completion, should die or become incapacitated within the meaning of mental health legislation or the common law, the party may at their option rescind this contract and the provisions of printed clause 19 shall apply.

4. BANKRUPTCY

4.1. In addition to any other right or remedy otherwise available to a party, they may at their option rescind this contract by serving a notice, if any of the following applies before completion:

- **4.1.1.** the other party or any guarantor is declared bankrupt;
- **4.1.2.** the other party or any guarantor enters into any scheme or make any assignment for the benefit of creditors;
- **4.1.3.** the other party is a corporation that enters into any scheme or arrangement with creditors or a Liquidator, Receiver or Official Manager is appointed for such purposes.
- **4.2.** Then either party may by notice in writing rescind this contract whereupon the provisions of printed clause 19 shall apply.
- **4.3.** If this special condition applies to the purchaser or any guarantor, the purchaser shall be in default under this contract and the vendor may exercise their rights under printed clause 9.

5. AGENCY

- **5.1.** The purchaser warrants that they have not become aware of the availability of the property by virtue of the activity of any person or entity (other than the agent, if any, named in this contract) which may be entitled to charge a commission in relation to the sale of the property.
- **5.2.** Where the purchaser breaches the warranty contained in special condition 5.1 the purchaser indemnifies the vendor against all claims contemplated by special condition 5.1.
- **5.3.** The provisions of this clause shall not merge on completion.

6. NO REQUIREMENT FOR BUILDING CERTIFICATE

- **6.1.** If the purchaser applies for a building certificate, under section 149D of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979 (NSW) (**Building Certificate**) it must do so at its own cost.
- **6.2.** If the local council refuses or fails to issue the Building Certificate, that refusal or failure or the facts upon which such refusal are based will not be a defect in the vendor's title to the property and the purchaser must take title despite the council's refusal or failure or facts.
- **6.3.** If the local council requires work to be done on the property as a condition of issuing a Building Certificate, or issues a Building Certificate but requires work to be carried out, the purchaser must not make any claim against the vendor nor terminate nor delay completion of this contract because of the council's requirement to carry out that work.

7. SMOKE ALARMS

- **7.1.** The vendor does not warrant that any building erected on the land complies with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation* 2000 (NSW) (**Regulation**) which requires the installation of smoke alarms or heat alarms in certain buildings or parts of buildings.
- **7.2.** The purchaser must make its own enquiries as to whether any building erected on the property complies with the Regulation and accepts the property and must complete the contract whether or not the Regulation has been complied with.
- **7.3.** The purchaser must not make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation or seek to delay completion, rescind or terminate this contract because of any matter disclosed in this clause.

8. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

- **8.1.** For the purpose of printed clause 15, a party that is entitled to serve a notice to complete may serve such notice requiring that the other party complete the contract within a period of fourteen (14) days from the date of service of the notice.
- **8.2.** The above period of fourteen (14) days is reasonable and of the essence of the contract.

- **8.3.** A notice to complete that is served in accordance with this special condition is valid for all purposes both at law and equity.
- **8.4.** The party serving notice shall be at liberty at any time to withdraw such notice without prejudice to their continuing right to give any further notice.
- **8.5.** Where a notice is issued under printed clause 15 by either party, the other party shall pay to the issuing party on completion the sum of three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) to cover the issuing party's legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the notice and delay. It is agreed that this sum is a genuine pre-estimate of the issuing party's additional expenses.

9. INTEREST

- **9.1.** If the purchaser does not complete this purchase by the completion date, and in the absence of default by the vendor, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest at the rate of eight (8) percent per annum calculated on daily rests on the balance of the price from and including the completion date.
- **9.2.** Interest shall be paid by the purchaser to the vendor in addition to the balance of the price.
- **9.3.** Provision of interest shall not in any way affect or prejudice the rights of the vendor under this contract in respect of any default by the purchaser to effect completion.
- **9.4.** Where the provisions of this special condition apply, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion the sum of three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) to cover the vendor's legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay. It is agreed that this sum is a genuine pre-estimate of the vendor's additional expenses.

10. DEPOSIT LESS THAN 10%

- **10.1.** Notwithstanding anything else in the Contract, the deposit payable is 10% of the purchase price.
- **10.2.** If the Vendor accepts a part payment of the deposit on exchange of Contracts then:
 - **10.2.1.** The balance of the deposit shall be payable on completion of this contract or forthwith upon the happening of any event entitling the Vendor to terminate the Contract, whichever shall occur first:
 - **10.2.2.** The Vendor is entitled to all interest earned (if any).

11. DEPOSIT BONDS

- **11.1.** The parties agree that in the event the Purchaser requests to use a deposit bond and the Vendor is agreeable to such a request, the deposit bond will be acceptable provided the deposit bond:
 - **11.1.1.** is underwritten by QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd;
 - **11.1.2.** is for an amount equal to the Deposit required in accordance with the Contract;
 - **11.1.3.** must be valid for the period of at least 1 month after the Completion Date;
 - **11.1.4.** contains the name of the Vendor to whom the guaranteed amount is to be paid on demand;
 - **11.1.5.** contains the name of the Purchaser and makes reference to the Contract and the sale of the property.

There are several agents who are able to provide a deposit bond on behalf of QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd, including Deposit Assure Pty Ltd (www.depositassure.com.au).

12. GUARANTEE

- **12.1.** This special condition only applies if the purchaser is a corporation or a trustee of a trust.
- **12.2.** In this special condition:

Guarantors means the directors of the purchasing corporation (if applicable) or the individual trustees or main beneficiaries of the purchasing trust (if applicable) and including those set out below:

Guarantor 1 Full Name:	
Guarantor 2 Full Name:	

- **12.3.** In consideration of the vendor agreeing to sell the property to the purchaser, the guarantors jointly and severally agree to:
 - **12.3.1.** guarantee any and all amounts payable under the contract by the purchaser to the vendor; and
 - **12.3.2.** indemnify the vendor against all losses, costs, charges and expenses whatsoever that the vendor may incur by reason of any default by the purchaser.
- 12.4. This guarantee shall be continuing and shall not be released by:
 - **12.4.1.** any neglect or forbearance on behalf of the vendor in enforcing payment of any monies payable under this contract or for the performance or observance of the contract obligation or conditions herein or by time being given to the purchaser for any such payment, performance or observance; or
 - **12.4.2.** any rule of law or enquiry which, but for this clause, would have the effect of releasing the guarantors.
- **12.5.** Service of any demand or notice on the guarantors or either of them shall be in accordance with printed clause 20.6.
- **12.6.** Where not inconsistent with the context guarantor shall mean and include an executor, administrator or assign of that guarantor.

Guarantor	Witness
Print name of guarantor	Print name of witness
Guarantor	Witness
Print name of guarantor	Print name of witness

13. ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE AND EXCHANGE

- **13.1.** This Contract may be executed:
- **13.1.1.** in any number of counterparts and all the counterparts together shall make one instrument; BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- **13.1.2.** electronically by both parties using Docusign or by exchanging electronic copies of original signatures on this Contract;
- **13.2.** This Contract may be validly created and exchanged by counterparts with each party's signature (electronic or otherwise) sent electronically to each other party by email or facsimile;
- **13.3.** The parties acknowledge that the electronic version of this Contract signed by both parties will be the true and original version for the purposes of this transaction and that no other version will be provided unless otherwise agreed between the parties in writing.
- **13.4.** The parties agree to be bound by the electronic version of this Contract which has been signed and exchanged in accordance with this clause and the purchaser may not object to or delay settlement because of anything contained in this clause.
- **13.5.** The parties agree that they will be bound by, have complied with and will comply with the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW) and any terms and conditions of Docusign, in relation to the execution of this Contract.
- **13.6.** For the purposes of this clause, **Docusign** means the esignature software and platform located at www.docusign.com.

14. COMPLETION DATE

14.1. Despite any other term in this Contract, if the completion date falls within the period 24 December to 4 January each year (inclusive) then completion shall occur on the next business day following that period.

15. INTERDEPENDENT AGREEMENT

- **15.1.** This contract is interdependent with an agreement of even date between the Vendor and the purchaser in respect of the contract for sale of business being Kidman's Camp.
- **15.2.** If the above agreement is rescinded by the purchaser as a consequence of any legal right to do so then this contract shall also be treated as rescinded by the purchaser and the provisions of printed condition 19 shall apply.

16. GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

- **16.1.** In this additional clause "GST" refer to goods and services tax under A New Tax Systems (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (GST Act") and the terms used have the same meaning as defined in the GST Act
- **16.2.** The parties agree that the sale of business in this agreement is the supply of a going concern.
- **16.3.** The parties represent and warrant that they are registered or required to be registered under the GST Act
- **16.4.** The vendor agrees that it will carry on the conduct of the business as a going concern until completion of the sale.
- **16.5.** The parties entered into this agreement on the basis that the supply is GST free and consideration is exclusive of GST.
- **16.6.** If for any reason this sale is not accepted by the Commissioner of Taxation as GST free, as the supply of a going concern:
 - **16.6.1.** the purchaser agrees to pay to the vendor, within 14 days after the vendor's liability for GST on this sale is confirmed by correspondence or an assessment from the Commissioner of Taxation, the amount of the GST, including any additional penalty and interest; and
 - **16.6.2.** the vendor shall deliver to the purchaser, as a precondition to such payment, a tax invoice in a form which complies with the GST Act and the regulations.

17. COMMERCIAL REQUISITIONS

17.1. For the purposes of printed clause 5 the purchaser shall submit requisitions in the form Law Society of New South Wales Requisitions 2013 edition – Commercial.

18. SEPTIC SYSTEM

18.1. The Vendor discloses and the Purchaser acknowledges that the Septic System may not be approved by the Council. The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that they purchase the Property with the aforesaid disclosure and acknowledgement and that he shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation, nor is he entitled to rescind, or terminate in relation to the above.

19. NOTICE OF DEATH

19.1. The Purchaser acknowledges that the Vendor is entering into this Contract for Sale as the sole survivor of a joint tenancy as the other registered proprietor is deceased. On completion, the Purchaser shall accept a duly executed Notice of Death in registrable form, a copy of which is attached herein and marked with the letter "A". The Vendor will make allowance for the appropriate registration fee in respect thereof and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objection or requisition requiring the registration of such Notice of Death prior to completion.

20. INCOMPLETE PURCHASE

20.1. The Purchaser acknowledges the title is subject to Incomplete Purchase (see attached Crown Land search). The Vendor will pay the total owing to the Department of Planning, Industry & Environment on completion. The Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation, nor is he entitled to rescind, or terminate in relation to the above.

21. RIGHT OF WAY

21.1. The Purchaser acknowledges and the Vendor discloses that the Bourke Shire Council has an informal right to access the Paddleboat located on the River at Kidman's Camp. No binding agreement exists between the Vendor and the Council. The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that they purchase the Property with the aforesaid disclosure and acknowledgement and that the Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation, nor is he entitled to rescind, or terminate in relation to the above.

22. IMPACTS OF CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

- (1) This clause applies if a party is unable to perform a Settlement Obligation solely as a consequence of a Delay Event but does not apply where the inability is attributable to termination or variation of any agreement between a party and another person whether relating to the provision of finance, the release of an Encumbrance, the sale or purchase of another property or otherwise.
- (2) Time for the performance of the parties' Settlement Obligations is suspended and ceases to be of the essence of the contract and the parties are deemed not to be in breach of their Settlement Obligations.
- (3) An Affected Party must take reasonable steps to minimise the effect of the Delay Event on its ability to perform its Settlement Obligations.
- (4) The Affected Party must provide the other party with information reasonably requested by the other party that verifies or supports their inability to perform a Settlement Obligation because of the Delay Event.
- (5) When an Affected Party is no longer prevented from performing its Settlement Obligations due to the Delay Event, the Affected Party must give the other party a notice of that fact, promptly.
- (6) When the Suspension Period ends, whether notice under subclause (5) has been given or not, either party may give the other party a Notice to Settle.
- (7) A Notice to Settle must be in writing and state:

 BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- (a) that the Suspension Period has ended;
- (b) a date, being not less than 5 nor more than 10 Business Days after the date the Notice to Settle is given, which shall become the Settlement Date; and
- (c) that time is of the essence.
- (8) When Notice to Settle is given, time is again of the essence of the contract.
- (9) Any notices required to be given by a party under the Contract may only be given by email to the other party's solicitor or conveyancer.

(10) In this clause:

- (a) "Affected Party" means a party referred to in subclause (1);
- (b) "Delay Event" means:
 - (i) a pandemic declared by the World Health Organisation (including without limitation the Coronavirus (COVID-19) ("Pandemic"));
 - (ii) compliance with any lawful direction or order by a Government Agency in relation to a Pandemic:
 - excluding an event to the extent that it could have been avoided by a party taking reasonable steps or reasonable care.
- (c) "Government Agency" means the government of the Commonwealth of Australia or an Australian State, Territory or local government and includes their authorities, agencies, government owned corporations and authorised officers, courts and tribunals;
- (d) "Settlement Obligations" means:
 - (i) in the case of the purchaser, its obligations to:
 - (A) pay the balance price:
 - (B) settle the Contract.
 - (ii) in the case of the vendor, its obligations to:
 - (A) settle the Contract;
 - (B) provide vacant possession of the Property;
 - (C) provide transfer documents, instruments of title, keys to the Property or any other documents required to be provided to the purchaser at Settlement.
- (e) "Suspension Period" means the period during which the Affected Party (or if both the purchaser and vendor are Affected Parties, either of them) remains unable to perform a Settlement Obligation solely as a consequence of a Delay Event.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Public Works Advisory Environment Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications
Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) 1

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

a cheque that is not postdated or stale; cheque

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers clearance certificate

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title: document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property; an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning;

rescind serve in writing on the other party: serve

an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and – settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheaue:

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this solicitor

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach:

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work orde a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does

not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

requisition

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2
- If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser-
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 C'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments: and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 \ in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree:
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 \ create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion: and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- Before completion, the parties must ensure that -30.10
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 30.10.1 populated and Digitally Signed;
 - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 30.10.2
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply. 30.11.3
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are 30.12 inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of 30.13.1 mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the party required to deliver the documents or things – holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; 30.15.2 the party entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures certificate of title

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14: the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate:

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be

settled:

conveyancing rules discharging mortgagee the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser:

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic effective date

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be electronic transfer

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules:

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules:

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

COMMERCIAL REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Tracey May Simmonds

Purchaser:

Property: 72 – 78 Macquarie St, North Bourke NSW

Dated: 22/06/2022

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
- 3. (a) What are the nature of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If it is in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) What is the current rent payable?
 - (e) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (f) Please provide details of any bond money held, which money is to be paid to or allowed to the purchaser on completion.
 - (g) If the bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
 - (h) Please provide details of any security deposits and copies of any bank guarantees which are held by the vendor.
 - (i) Appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion assigning the vendor's interest in the security deposits, bank guarantees and any personal guarantees.
 - (j) Are there any sub-leases? If so, copies should be provided.
 - (k) Please provide details of current insurances held by the tenant over the improvements and/or for public liability and plate glass, in particular the type of the cover, the name of the insurer, the period of the cover and the amount of the cover.
- 4. Is any tenancy subject to the *Retail Leases Act 1994?* If so:
 - (a) complete copies of the disclosure statements as required by the Retails Leases Act 1994 should be provided;
 - (b) a copy of a certificate given under Section 16(3) of the *Retail Leases Act 1994* should be provided or other evidence to confirm that Section 16 would not apply to the lease;
 - (c) is the vendor aware of any provision of the lease which is not enforceable because of a non disclosure in the disclosure statement or any lease which has been entered into in contravention of the *Retail Leases Act 1994*?
- 5. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord* and *Tenant (Amendments) Act 1948*)?
- 6. If any tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

- On completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property free from all
 caveats and encumbrances whether statutory or otherwise, except those to which the sale is expressly
 made subject.
- 8. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion.
- 9. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 10. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 11. Are any fixtures, fittings or chattels included in the sale subject to any hire purchase agreement, bill of sale, chattel mortgage or other charge? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or Title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.
- 12. A depreciation schedule or all details of the written down values of all fixtures, fittings and chattels included in the property must be provided.

Rates and taxes

13. All rates, taxes, levies, other charges and assessments, including land tax, affecting the property must be paid up to the date of completion and receipts produced.

- 14. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Building, fencing, etc

17.

- 15. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 16. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
 - (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and
 - Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations and schemes been complied with?

 (b) Have there been any alterations to improvements since 1959 requiring the consent of the Local Council or other authority? If so, please provide details and evidence of consents.
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy prior to completion.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) Has there been any building work on the property to which provisions of the *Home Building Act* 1989 apply? If so, please provide details and state whether the work was done pursuant to an owner/builder permit or by a licensed builder and provide details as to the permit, names of the parties and licence number(s).
- 18. Has any notice been given or received or has an application been made under the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922* or are there circumstances which would give rise to a notice or application under that Act in respect of the property. If the answer is yes, please provide full details.
- 19. Are the improvements affected or have they been previously affected by:
 - (a) termite infestation, treatment or repair?
 - (b) flooding or dampness of areas below ground levels?
 - (c) functional problems with equipment such as air conditioning, roofs or inclinators, pool equipment, building management and security systems?
- 20. Are there any pipes or structures below the surface of the land which are not disclosed in the Contract?
- 21. Is there any development approval consent to use the property which is not disclosed in the Contract?
- 22. Has all the structural work including any retaining walls been designed by a qualified structural engineer?
- 23. If the answer to any of Requisitions 19 to 22 is yes, please provide full details.
- 24. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Local Council, the Sydney Water Corporation or any other authority concerning any development on the property?
 25.
 - (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
 - (b) Are there any party walls?
 - (c) If the answer to Requisition 25(b) is *yes*, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act* 1991?.
- 26. Are any rainwater downpipes connected to the sewer? If so, they must be disconnected prior to completion.

Use and enjoyment of the property

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to user other than those disclosed in the Contract?
- (b) Have the covenants and restrictions disclosed in the Contract been complied with?
- 28. Is the vendor aware of:

27.

- (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
- (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
- (c) any building line fixed by the Local Council affecting the land?
- (d) any judgment, order, decree or execution against the vendor or the property?
- (e) any suit current, pending or proposed in respect of the property?
- (f) any latent defects in the property?
- 29. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the property is affected by any of the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice, order or proposed order requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the property or any footpath or road adjoining? Full details of any notice, order or proposed order must be provided. Any notice or order must be complied with prior to completion.

- (c) any work done or intended to be done on the property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
- (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, the same must be paid prior to completion.
- (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the property?
- (f) any contamination?
- (g) any charge or liability including liability for restoration of the property, or proceedings under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 or any environment protection legislation (as defined in that Act) or any circumstances which could lead to any such liability, charge or proceedings being commenced?
- 30. If the answer to any of Requisitions 29(a) to (g) is yes, please:
 - (a) provide full details;
 - (b) advise whether any applicable notice, order, direction, resolution or liability has been fully complied with; and
 - (c) provide full details regarding the extent of any non-compliance.

31.

- (a) Does the property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
- (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land? If so, it must be shown that the vendor has a right thereto which will vest in the purchaser on completion.
- (c) Do any service connections for any other property pass through the property?
- 32. Has asbestos, fibreglass or other material injurious to health been used in the construction of the property? If the answer is yes, please provide full details.
- 33. Is the property required for the purpose of paying a fine or satisfying an order for compensation?
- 34. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the property or to an easement over any part of the property?

Warranties and service contracts

- 35. Please provide copies of any warranty or maintenance or service contract for the property which is assignable on completion.
- 36. Please provide details, or copies if available, of any warranty or maintenance or service contract which is not assignable.

Zoning

37. Is the vendor aware of the property being subject to any existing or proposed planning scheme or other restriction on user not disclosed in the Contract? If the answer is yes, please provide full details.

Capacity

38. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 39. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 40. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 41. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 42. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 43. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.

Completion

- 44. Please confirm that on completion you will hand to us:
 - (a) a discharge of any mortgage and withdrawal of any caveat;
 - (b) the certificate of Title Folio Identifier;
 - (c) Transfer executed by the vendor;
 - (d) the vendor's copies of all leases;
 - (e) all keys in the possession of the vendor;
 - (f) original of any Building Certificate;
 - (g) original of any Survey Report;
 - (h) instruction manuals and warranties for any plant belonging to the vendor;
 - (i) information or devices necessary for the operation of the security system, air conditioning systems, building management systems, etc;
 - (j) notices of attornment;
 - (k) any security deposits or bank guarantees pursuant to any of the leases; and
 - (I) tax invoice.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 89/753570

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE _____ ____ _____ ____ 14/6/2022 12:02 PM 8 1/9/2018

LAND

LOT 89 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 753570 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA BOURKE PARISH OF NORTH BOURKE COUNTY OF GUNDERBOOKA (FORMERLY KNOWN AS PORTION 89) TITLE DIAGRAM CROWN PLAN 263.1944

FIRST SCHEDULE

TRACEY MAY SIMMONDS PETER GERARD SIMMONDS AS JOINT TENANTS

(T 3441846)

SECOND SCHEDULE (5 NOTIFICATIONS)

- LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS (S.171 CROWN LANDS ACT 1989) 1
- 7028377 PART INCOMPLETE PURCHASE NO. 206970
- SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE CROWN LANDS ACT 1989 AND THE CROWN LANDS (CONTINUED TENURES) ACT 1989 PARTICULARLY AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF BALANCE OF PURCHASE AND OTHER MONEYS, FORFEITURE PROVISIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON SUBDIVISION - SEE SCHEDULE 4 OF THE LATTER ACT
- THIS FOLIO CANNOT BE DEALT WITH SEPARATELY FROM THE BALANCE OF THE ABOVE HOLDING WHICH COMPRISES LOTS 89 & 90 IN DP753570
- 3441847 MORTGAGE TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

50306 TS

PRINTED ON 14/6/2022





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 90/753570

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE _____ ____ _____ ____ 14/6/2022 12:02 PM 8 1/9/2018

LAND

LOT 90 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 753570 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA BOURKE PARISH OF NORTH BOURKE COUNTY OF GUNDERBOOKA (FORMERLY KNOWN AS PORTION 90) TITLE DIAGRAM CROWN PLAN 263.1944

FIRST SCHEDULE

TRACEY MAY SIMMONDS PETER GERARD SIMMONDS AS JOINT TENANTS

(T 3441846)

SECOND SCHEDULE (5 NOTIFICATIONS)

- LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS (S.171 CROWN LANDS ACT 1989) 1
- 7028377 PART INCOMPLETE PURCHASE NO. 206970
- SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE CROWN LANDS ACT 1989 AND THE CROWN LANDS (CONTINUED TENURES) ACT 1989 PARTICULARLY AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF BALANCE OF PURCHASE AND OTHER MONEYS, FORFEITURE PROVISIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON SUBDIVISION - SEE SCHEDULE 4 OF THE LATTER ACT
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- 3441847 MORTGAGE TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

50306 TS

PRINTED ON 14/6/2022

CAT. NO. G 263-1944

PAPER NO. WLC 66 178

NOTATION PLAN

CHECKED & CHARTED B 100 4/12/67 Authorised Officer

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Req:R999935 /Doc:DL 7028377 /Rev:23-Aug-2000 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:16-Jun-2022 12:47 /Seq:1 of 3 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:50306 TS // U283/7R APPLICATION FOR RECORDING OF Licence: 10V/0171/95 ACTION AFFECTING A CROWN HOLD Edition: 9804 **New South Wales** Section 13K Real Property Act 196 TORRENS TITLE 89/753570 90/753570 **LODGED BY** LTO Box Name, Address or DX and Telephone CODE DLWC- FAR WEST REGION Po Box 1840 4695 DUBBO Reference (optional): WL 994104-**DELIVER TO** 4695 **APPLICANT** FOR LAND & WATER CONSERVATION MINISTER The applicant advises that the action detailed in annexure has been taken in respect of the land referred to above and pursuant to section 13K of the Real Property Act 1900 requests the Registrar General to make all necessary recordings in the Register to give effect to this action. I certify this application correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900. DATE: 5 JUNE, 2000 Signed on behalf of the Minister administering the Crown Lands Acts. Signature of authorised officer Name of authorised officer: BARRY MORGAN Survey & Mapping Coordinator FAR WEST REGION

PURCHASE OF CROWN LAND LEASE NOT IN AN IRRIGATION AREA

This is Annexure "A" referred to in the Application for Recording of Action affecting the Crown Holding comprised in Certificate of Title Folio Identifier 89/753570 and 90/753570.

APPLICATION FOR:-

PURCHASE OF THE WHOLE OF THE LAND COMPRISED IN WESTERN LANDS LEASE 14279

BEING THE LAND COMPRISED IN LOTS 89 DP 753570 AND 90 DP 753570 AT BOURKE

HAS BEEN GRANTED [under Section 28BB, Western Lands Act, 1901] AS INCOMPLETE PURCHASE 206970

TITLE COMMENCED ON 6 JUNE 2000

HOLDERS: TRACEY MAY SIMMONDS AND PETER GERARD SIMMONDS

MORTGAGEE:

AUSTRALIAN & NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP

PARISH:

NORTH BOURKE

COUNTY: GUNDERBOOKA

LAND DISTRICT: BOURKE

THE SECOND SCHEDULE OF THE FOLIO CREATED FOR THE ESTATE IN FEE SIMPLE SHOULD [in addition to carrying forward any recordings as to existing mortgages on the lease - see clause 17 of Part 1 of Schedule 7 to the Crown Lands (Continued Tenures) Act 1989] CONTAIN RECORDINGS AS FOLLOWS:

- Land excludes minerals see section 171, Crown Lands Act 1989.
- 2. Incomplete Purchase 206970.
- 3. Subject to the provisions of the Crown Lands Act 1989 and the Crown Lands (Continued Tenures) Act 1989, particularly as regards payment of balance of purchase and other moneys, forfeiture provisions and restrictions on subdivision see Schedule 4 of the latter Act.
- 4. This folio cannot be dealt with separately from the balance of the above holding which comprises Lots 89 and 90 in Deposited Plan 753570.

3 Mog Signature of Authorised Officer Req:R999935 /Doc:DL 7028377 /Rev:23-Aug-2000 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:16-Jun-2022 12:47 /Seq:3 of 3 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:50306 TS ANNEXURE 7028377

Use this side only for Second Schedule directions

DO NOT USE BOTH SIDES OF THIS FORM

SECOND SCHEDULE AND OTHER DIRECTIONS

FOLIO IDENTIFIER	DIRECTION	NOTEN	DEALING NUMBER	D OTHER DIRECTIONS
		TYPE	DEALING NUMBER	DETAILS
00110000	EST	FS		
90/753570	OFF		040000	
	OFF	AA	3120862	
	OFF	KH		
	OFF	KD		
	DEOD	1/7		
	BFOR	KZ		
	<u> </u>	AA		PART INCOMPLETE PURCHASE NO.
	PEOD	1/7		206970
	BFOR	KZ	N. III	
	 - -	FC	NIL	
	CT	4600		
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Req:R999935 /Doc:DL 7028377 /Rev:23-Aug-2000 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:16-Jun-2022 12:47 /Seq:1 of 3 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:50306 TS // U283/7R APPLICATION FOR RECORDING OF Licence: 10V/0171/95 ACTION AFFECTING A CROWN HOLD Edition: 9804 **New South Wales** Section 13K Real Property Act 196 TORRENS TITLE 89/753570 90/753570 **LODGED BY** LTO Box Name, Address or DX and Telephone CODE DLWC- FAR WEST REGION Po Box 1840 4695 DUBBO Reference (optional): WL 994104-**DELIVER TO** 4695 **APPLICANT** FOR LAND & WATER CONSERVATION MINISTER The applicant advises that the action detailed in annexure has been taken in respect of the land referred to above and pursuant to section 13K of the Real Property Act 1900 requests the Registrar General to make all necessary recordings in the Register to give effect to this action. I certify this application correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900. DATE: 5 JUNE, 2000 Signed on behalf of the Minister administering the Crown Lands Acts. Signature of authorised officer Name of authorised officer: BARRY MORGAN Survey & Mapping Coordinator FAR WEST REGION

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SECOND SCHEDULE AND OTHER DIRECTIONS

		SECOND	SCHEDULE AN	D OTHER DIRECTIONS
FOLIO IDENTIFIER	DIRECTION	NOTFN TYPE	DEALING NUMBER	DETAILS
89/753570	EST	FS		
90/753570				
	OFF	AA	3120862	
	OFF	KH		
<u> </u>	OFF	KD		
<u> </u>	BFOR	KZ		
		AA		PART INCOMPLETE PURCHASE NO.
				206970
	BFOR	KZ		
		FC	NIL	
	CT	469S		
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	<u> </u>			



29 Mitchell St, Bourke, N.S.W. 2840 P.O. Box 21, Bourke, N.S.W. 2840 Telephone (02)6830 8000 Email: bourkeshire@bourke.nsw.gov.au Web: http://www.bourke.nsw.gov.au

This is a Planning Certificate issued by Bourke Shire Council under Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 on the application of the person described below in respect of the Land described below:

Cert No: 2022/0132

Page No: 1

Your Ref: 50306 TS
Date of issue: 21-06-2022
Receipt No: 70792
Amount Paid: \$53.00

Assessment No: 02080-20000000-000

Applicant: Infotrack

GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Owner as recorded by Council:

EST. LATE PETER GERARD SIMMONDS "KIDMAN'S CAMP CARAVAN PARK" 72-78 MACQUARIE STREET

NORTH BOURKE NSW 2840

Property Location: KIDMAN'S CAMP CARAVAN PARK, 72-78 MACQUARIE STREET, NORTH

BOURKE NSW 2840

Parcel ID: 89//DP753570 Area: 15.94ha

Dimensions:

Property Location: KIDMAN'S CAMP CARAVAN PARK, 72-78 MACQUARIE STREET, NORTH

BOURKE NSW 2840

Parcel ID: 90//DP753570 Area: 4054m²

Dimensions:

The following information is current as at the date of issue of this certificate and is provided under section 10.7 (2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* in relation to the Land to which this certificate relates on the matters prescribed by section 290 and Schedule 2 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations 2021*:

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

(1) The names of each Environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Bourke Local Environmental Plan 2012 Gazetted: 25.01.13.

Bourke Development Control Plan 2012

SEPP No. 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development Gazetted: 26.07.02

SEPP (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 Gazetted: 25.06.04

SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 Gazetted: 27.02.09

SEPP (Housing) 2021 Gazetted 26.11.21

SEPP (Industry & Employment) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

SEPP (Primary Production) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

SEPP (Resources & Hazards) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 Gazetted 01.03.22

(2) The names of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying our of development on the land.

Nil Applicable

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if -
- (a) it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
- (b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred or has not been approved.
- (4) In this section -

Proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described -

(a) the identity of the zone, applying to the land under Bourke Local Environmental Plan 2012 is:

Zone SP3 Tourist

- (b) the purpose for which development in the zone -
- (i) may be carried out without development consent:

Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works; Home-based child care; Home occupations; Roads; Water reticulation systems

(ii) may not be carried out except with development consent

Permitted with consent

Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Aquaculture; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cellar door premises; Centre-based child care facilities; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Community facilities; Eco-tourist facilities; Emergency services facilities; Entertainment facilities; Environmental facilities; Flood mitigation works; Food and drink premises; Function centres; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home businesses; Home industries; Information and education facilities; Jetties; Kiosks; Marinas; Neighbourhood shops; Passenger transport facilities; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Registered clubs; Respite day care centres; Roadside stalls; Service stations; Sewage treatment plants; Shop top housing; Signage; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Viticulture; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems

(iii) is prohibited

Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

- (c) Nil additional permitted uses apply to the land
- (d) there **ARE** development standards applying to the land under Bourke Environmental Plan 2012 fixing minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land. The minimum land dimensions are shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.
- (e) the land is **NOT** in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the <u>Biodiversity Conservation Act</u> 2016.
- (f) the land is **NOT** in conservation area (however described).
- (g) there is NO item of environmental heritage, however described, situated on the land.

3. Contribution plans

(1) The name of each contribution plan under the Act, Division 7.1, applying to the land, including draft contribution plans

Nil

(2) The land is **NOT** in a special contribution area under the Act, Division 7.1.

4. Complying development

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A 1(c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008:

Complying development under each of the codes (as applicable to the zone) may be carried out on the land.

5. Exempt development

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may or may not be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under the provisions of clauses 1.16(1) (b)(1)-(d) or 1.16A of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

Exempt development under each of the codes (as applicable to the zone) may be carried out on the land.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) (a) There is **NO** affected building notice, of which the council is aware, that is in force in respect of the land.
- (b) There is **NO** building product rectification order, of which council is aware, that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (c) There is **NO** notice of intention given or is outstanding, in respect of the land, to make a building product rectification order, of which the council is aware.
- (2) In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the <u>Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.</u> building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the <u>Building Products (Safety) Act 2017</u>

7. Land reserved for acquisition

There is **NO** environmental planning instrument, or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 applying to the subject land that provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in Section 3.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

8. Road widening and road realignment

The land is **NOT** affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- (b) any environmental planning instrument, or

(c) any resolution of the council.

9. Flood related development controls information

- (1) The land or part of the land **IS** within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) The land or part of the land **IS** between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.
- (3) In this clause -

Flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

Probably maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- (1) the land is **NOT** affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slips, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding;
- (2) In this section **adopted policy** means a policy adopted -
- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issues by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

The land, or some of the land, is **NOT** bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The land does **NOT** contain any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

13. Mine subsidence

The land is **NOT** declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the <u>Coal Mine Subsidence</u> <u>Compensation Act 2017</u>.

14. Paper subdivision information

- (1) There is **NO** development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.
- (2) There is NO subdivision order that applies to the land.
- (3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2021*, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. Property vegetation plans

There is **NO** property vegetation plan applying to part or all of the land under Part 4 of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* of which the council has been notified.

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land is **NOT** a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.*

Note -

Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the <u>Threatened Species Conservation</u> <u>Act 1995</u>, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the <u>Biodiversity Conservation</u> <u>Act 2016</u>, Part 5.

17. Biodiversity certified land

The land is NOT biodiversity Certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

There is **NO** order of which the council has been notified that has been made under the <u>Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006</u> to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

19. Annual charges under <u>Local Government Act 1993</u> for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

Bourke Shire Council is NOT a coastal council.

20. Western Sydney aerotropolis

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021 does NOT apply to the land.

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

NO terms of a kind referred to in section 88(2) of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021</u> have been imposed as a condition of consent to any development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect to the land.

22. Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) There is **NO** current site compatibility certificate under <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing)</u> <u>2021</u>, of which the Council is aware.
- (2) **NO** terms of a kind referred to in section 21(1) or 40(1) of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing)</u> <u>2021</u> Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5_have been imposed as a condition of consent to any development application in respect to the land.
- (3) **NO** terms of a kind referred to in section 17(1) or 38(1) of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009</u> have been imposed as a condition of consent to any development application in respect to the land.
- (4) In this section -

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under <u>State Environmental</u> Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

NOTE: The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, as additional matters to be specified in this planning certificate.

- (a) the land (or part of the land) is **NOT** significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as at the date this certificate is issued.
- (b) the land is **NOT** subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as at the date this certificate is issued.
- (c) the land is **NOT** the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as at the date this certificate is issued.

- (d) the land is **NOT** the subject of an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, as at the date this certificate is issued.
- (e) the land is **NOT** the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, as at the date this certificate is issued.

Signed for and on behalf of Bourke Shire Council by its duly authorised delegate

Dwayne Willoughby Manager, Environmental Services



Enquiry ID Agent ID Issue Date Correspondence ID Your reference 3746031 81429403 22 Jun 2022 1748394044 50306

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act, 1956.

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID Land address Taxable land value

D753570/90 78 MACQUARIE ST NORTH BOURKE 2840 NOT AVAILABLE

D753570/89

There is no land tax (including surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2022 tax year.

Yours sincerely,

Scott Johnston

Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

Important information

Who is protected by a clearance certificate?

A clearance certificate states whether there is any land tax (including surcharge land tax) owing on a property. The certificate protects a purchaser from outstanding land tax liability by a previous owner, however it does not provide protection to the owner of the land.

When is a certificate clear from land tax?

A certificate may be issued as 'clear' if:

- the land is not liable or is exempt from land tax
- the land tax has been paid
- Revenue NSW is satisfied payment of the tax is not at risk, or
- the owner of the land failed to lodge a land tax return when it was due, and the liability was not detected at the time the certificate was issued.

Note: A clear certificate does not mean that land tax was not payable, or that there is no land tax adjustment to be made on settlement if the contract for sale allows for it.

When is a certificate not clear from land tax?

Under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956*, land tax is a charge on land owned in NSW at midnight on 31 December of each year. The charge applies from the taxing date and does not depend on the issue of a land tax assessment notice. Land tax is an annual tax so a new charge may occur on the taxing date each year.

How do I clear a certificate?

A charge is removed for this property when the outstanding land tax amount is processed and paid in full. Payment can be made during settlement via an accepted Electronic Lodgement Network or at an approved settlement room.

To determine the land tax amount payable, you must use one of the following approved supporting documents:

- Current year land tax assessment notice. This can only be used if the settlement date is no later than the first instalment date listed on the notice. If payment is made after this date interest may apply.
- Clearance quote or settlement letter which shows the amount to clear.

The charge on the land will be considered removed upon payment of the amount shown on these documents

How do I get an updated certificate?

A certificate can be updated by re-processing the certificate through your Client Service Provider (CSP), or online at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au/taxes/land/clearance.

Please allow sufficient time for any payment to be processed prior to requesting a new version of the clearance certificate.

Land value, tax rates and thresholds

The taxable land value shown on the clearance certificate is the value used by Revenue NSW when assessing land tax. Details on land tax rates and thresholds are available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

Contact details



Read more about Land Tax and use our online servce at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au



1300 139 816*



Phone enquiries 8:30 am - 5:00 pm, Mon. to Fri.

Overseas customers call +61 2 7808 6906
 Help in community languages is available.



Account Number 206970 ADDRESS FOR PAYMENTS

Issue Date 20th June 2022 PO Box 2155

Search Date 16th June 2022 Dangar NSW 2309

Search ID 3159792

Issued To Infotrack Pty Ltd - Sydney

Holding Details

Holding	Incomplete Purchase 206970 (Holding is now Current)
Registered Holder(s)	Tracey May Simmonds, Peter Gerard Simmonds
Area	16.19ha
Purpose(s)	N/A
Land	Whole: Lots 89-90 DP 753570 Parish North Bourke County Gunderbooka
Text Description	N/A

Financial details

Total amount required to complete payment of all amounts as at 16th June 2022 is \$27,570.82

Annual Payment	\$3,097.00
Regular Payment Dates	6 June each year (payable yearly)
Total Now Due	\$3,097.00
Total Not Yet Due	\$24,473.82
Less amount at Credit	\$0.00
Total as at 16th June 2022	\$27,570.82

Please Note

^{*} This statement shows the position of the account as at 16 Jun 2022. Any subsequent payments, debits or adjustments to the account are not reflected in these figures.

^{*} Interest for late payment, currently at the rate of 8.07% per year, is charged from the due date to the date of payment, on all amounts not received within 28 days of becoming due.

^{*} If the purchase continues to be paid by annual instalments, the final instalment is expected to fall due on 06 Jun 2035.

^{*} The incomplete purchase may not be transferred if the annual instalments are in arrears. Any debt must be paid to the department, in full, prior to settlement.

^{*} Complete payment of this purchase account is required within 3 months of the date of settlement if holding is transferred.

^{*} Failure to comply with conditions (including payment of rent/instalments) may result in forfeiture of this holding.



Frequently asked questions

Crown land conveyancing searches

What information does a Crown land conveyancing search provide?

A Crown land conveyancing search will disclose the following information about Crown land tenures at a given date:

- Crown tenure type and status
- registered holders
- lot and DP (deposited plans) identifiers
- primary due date
- annual gross rental
- current amount due (only available where the debt transfers with the land).

What is a tenure?

Crown tenure is a term used to describe any lease, licence (including permissive occupancies), incomplete purchase or enclosure permit administered under the *Crown Land Management Act* 2016 (the Act).

Why is a search necessary?

When purchasing a property, especially waterfront land or rural properties adjacent to Crown land or Crown roads, or land that is subject to a Crown tenure, it is important to undertake a Crown land conveyancing search to determine the details of the Crown tenure the land is subject to or that attach to/or are associated with the property being transferred.

What is the application process for a conveyancing search?

A Crown land conveyancing search application form is available from the website of the NSW Department of Planning, Industry & Environment – Crown Lands (the department), www.industry.nsw.gov.au/lands. The application form must be lodged with the department with the relevant fee and all mandatory fields must be completed. The application fee for conveyancing searches changes on 1 July each year. Please ensure you visit the department's website for the current application form and associated fee.

Search results will not be provided unless full payment has been received. Monthly account holders can forward the completed application form directly to searches@crownland.nsw.gov.au.

For information on how to become a monthly account holder, please contact our accounts team accounts@crownland.nsw.gov.au

Note: A separate application is required for each individually rateable property.

Who can apply for a Crown land conveyancing search?

Solicitors, conveyancer and conveyancing agents are able to apply for a conveyancing search.

A valid reason for conducting the search must be provided on the application form and may include the sale or purchase of land. Other reasons for a search must be specified on the application form and an assessment will be made on receipt of the application as to whether the search will be conducted on those grounds.



Frequently asked questions

What is an enclosure permit?

An enclosure permit (EP) is an authorisation issued by the department to an owner of an adjoining property and allows the Crown road to be:

- used for the grazing of stock
- fenced into the owner's private land.

An EP does not give a person ownership of the Crown road or allow them to restrict access along the Crown road.

When a property enclosing a Crown road is sold, the EP remains in force and the new owner/s of the land are liable for payment of the rent, including any arrears of rent and interest.

What is a Crown land licence?

A licence is an authority granted by the department under the Act, which by law, gives permission to occupy and used Crown land for a specified purpose/s. These include waterfront structures, grazing, water supply and access and many more. Licences are subject to conditions that are set out in the licence agreement with additional special conditions included relative to the purpose of the licence and specific environmental outcomes.

There are various ways to transfer or obtain a new licence. Information and the applicable forms will be issued with a conveyancing search. All applications for licences of Crown land are considered on their individual merits and, until approved, no guarantees can be given that an application will ultimately be successful.

What is an automatically transferable licence?

Licences that provide a benefit to associated freehold or leasehold land are automatically transferred as at the date of transfer of the associated land.

Examples of these licences include some domestic waterfront facilities, water supply and access facilities, access tracks or encroachments. It is at the discretion of the department to determine if a licence provides a benefit to freehold or leasehold land.

The purchaser of freehold or leasehold land (the transferee) will become liable for any rent, fees, or other amounts related to the licence, including any arrears, from the date of transfer of the associated freehold or leasehold land. Conveyancing agents must undertake adjustments at settlement for licences that automatically transfer.

If a security deposit exists on the licence account, the security will be returned to the prior holder subject to compliance with terms and conditions of the licence. A replacement security may then be requested from the transferee.

Conveyancing search results will specify whether a licence automatically transfers or otherwise.

Upon transfer of the associated freehold or leasehold land, it is the responsibility of the transferee to notify the department within 28 days. Notification should be provided via the *Automatic Transfer—Notification of Transfer* form, available from industry.nsw.gov.au/lands/use/licences.

If the current licence holder does not consent to the transfer of the licence, a request to terminate the licence must be submitted via the *Licence: Termination Statutory Declaration* form, available from industry.nsw.gov.au/lands/use/licences. The termination must be approved by the department **prior** to the transfer of associated freehold or leasehold land, otherwise the licence will automatically transfer.

A request for termination should be submitted in a timely manner to enable the department to assess the request prior to the associated freehold or leasehold land transferring.



Frequently asked questions

What licences do not automatically transfer?

A licence will not automatically transfer in the following circumstances:

- The licence does not provide a benefit to freehold or leasehold land.
- The licence is not held in the exactly the same name as the associated freehold or leasehold land.
- The ownership of associated freehold or leasehold land is being changed by transmission and not a transfer. A transmission may occur where the ownership of the land is transmitted to an executor, beneficiary, mortgagee or other third party.

In these circumstances an application for the revocation of an existing licence and issue of a new licence to the purchaser/s must be submitted to the department. All applications will be considered on their individual merits and no guarantees can be given that an application will be successful.

Adjustments do not need to be made at settlement for licences that do not automatically transfer.

What is a Western Lands lease?

Western Lands leases (WLL) are granted for a variety of purposes including residence, business, grazing, agriculture, cultivation, conservation and farm tourism. A WLL may have more than one purpose.

The holder of a WLL may not transfer their lease if there is any debt owing to the department. Any debt must be paid to the department, in full, prior to settlement.

Minster's consent is required for the transfer of all WLLs, except where Minister's consent has been granted to remove the restriction on dealings from the title.

Rent on rural WLLs is calculated on the total area of all WLLs held by the lease holder and also takes into account the use of the land.

Rent is due on 1 July annually and is payable in advance.

What is a perpetual lease?

A perpetual lease is a form of tenure held over Crown land authorising the occupation and usage of the land. The holder of a perpetual lease may not transfer their lease if there is any debt owing to the department. **Any debt must be paid to the department, in full, prior to settlement.**

In most cases, the consent of the Minister for Lands and Forestry is required to transfer these types of Crown tenures. Upon transfer the purchaser becomes responsible for payment of annual rental and compliance with any lease conditions.

Perpetual leaseholders may be eligible to purchase the land associated with their lease. Interested leaseholders should contact the department for further information.

What is an incomplete purchase?

An incomplete purchase is a former lease that is in the process of being purchased.

The holder of an incomplete purchase may not transfer their incomplete purchase if the annual instalments are in arrears. Any debt must be paid to the department, in full, prior to settlement.

The Act requires that when an incomplete purchase is transferred, the balance of purchase monies must be paid within three months from the date of settlement. Schedule 4 Division 3 Section 24(5) of the Act lists the exceptions to the requirement for payment of the purchase monies upon transfer.



Frequently asked questions

What are the border fence maintenance rates?

Land holders in the Western Division with lands totalling at least 1,000 ha are charged annual border fence maintenance rates.

These rates apply to all tenures including Western Lands leases, freehold, Crown leases, licences and other occupations. Rates are determined by the Border Fence Maintenance Board and are due annually on 1 January.

As the border fence maintenance rates apply to the land, all rates including arrears must be paid in full prior to the transfer of freehold or leasehold land to which these rates apply.

When is minister's consent required?

Some leases, including perpetual leases, Western Lands leases and general leases, may have restrictions on dealings that prevent NSW Land Registry Service from recording a transfer of an affected title until minister's consent has been granted. Some general leases may also have restrictions on mortgage and sub-leasing.

The relevant minister's consent application forms will be issued with a conveyancing search.

More information

Email: searches@crownland.nsw.gov.auWeb: www.industry.nsw.gov.au/lands

Phone: 1300 886 235

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However, because of advances in knowledge, users are reminded of the need to ensure that information upon which they rely is up to date and to check currency of the information with the appropriate officer of the Department of Industry or the user's independent adviser.



File Reference:

13/02386 452550 PO Box 2215, DANGAR NSW 2309 Phone: 1300 886 235

Fax: (02) 4925 3517

cl.searches@crownland.nsw.gov.au www.dpie.nsw.gov.au/lands

20 June 2022

Infotrack Pty Ltd GPO Box 4103 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Dear Sir/Madam

Re: Search Results – T Simmonds (sale of property) Lot 89 DP 753570 - Your Ref: 50306 TS - (Search ID 3159792)

I refer to your recent search request, this request has now been investigated, please find enclosed;

- Crown tenure report
- Crown land Conveyancing Search Information Sheet.

The following information is related to the Crown tenure identified as part of this search.

This search has not identified any Crown Reserves related to the searched area.

Lots 89 & 90 DP 753570 are currently held under incomplete purchase 206970. The holder of the incomplete purchase may not transfer their incomplete purchase if the annual instalments are in arrears. Any debt must be paid to the department, in full, prior to settlement.

The balance of purchase monies must be paid in full within 3 months from the date of settlement if the land is transferred.

Customers who receive personal information in response to this request are reminded that they may be subject to the provisions of NSW and/or Commonwealth privacy legislation regarding the storage, use and disclosure of personal information.

The Purchaser(s) should also note that the Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983 (ALRA) provides that the New South Wales Aboriginal Land and Local Aboriginal Land Councils may make claim(s) to claimable Crown land(s). A search of the Land Claim Register can be lodged with the Office of the Registrar ALRA.

http://www.oralra.nsw.gov.au/pdf/forms/20180822 Land Claim Search Request August2018.pdf

Should you have any further questions regarding this matter please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Yours faithfully

Craig Ferguson

Department of Planning and Environment - Crown Lands Business Centre

NEW SOUTH WALES

BIRTHS DEATHS AND MARRIAGES REGISTRATION ACT 1995

DEATH CERTIFICATE

REGISTRATION NUMBER 192223/2022

1 DECEASED Family Name	SIMMONDS
1 DECEASED Family Name Given Name(s)	Peter Gerard
Given Name(s)	1 Old Colaid
Date of Death	19 February 2022
Place of Death	Yarrumbin, Mitchell Highway, Bourke
Sex and Age	Male 57 years
Place of Birth	Bourke, NSW
Period of Residence in Australia	Life
Place of Residence	Yarrumbin, Mitchell Highway Bourke, NSW, 2840
Usual Occupation	Builder
Marital Status at Date of Death	Married
2 MARRIAGE(S) Place of Marriage Age when Married	Bourke, NSW Unknown
Full Name of Spouse	Tracey May DONN
, an right of opens	That is the second of the seco
3 CHILDREN In Order of birth	Kayla May 25 Years Clay Peter 21 Years
names and ages	Sally Flo 20 Years
4 PARENTS Mother's Name	Carole Catherine SIMMONDS
Mother's Maiden Family Name	LACK
Father's Name	Francia Jaha CIMMONIDO
	Francis John SIMMONDS
5 MEDICAL Cause of Death and	(1)(a) Respiratory failure, minutes (b) Metastatic cholangiocarcinoma, 1 year
Duration of last illness	(b) Metastatio cholangiocarcinoma, 1 year
1	
Name of Certifying Medical	Dr Robert Maxwell Reed
Practitioner or Coroner	A. A. Carlotte and A. Carlotte
6 BURIAL OR CREMATION Date	25th February 2022
Place	Western Districts Memorial Park Crematorium
	Dubbo, NSW
7 INFORMANT Name	Tracey May SIMMONDS
Address	Yarrumbin, Mitchell Highway
	Bourke, NSW, 2840
Relationship to deceased	Wife
8 REGISTERING AUTHORITY Name	Amanda lanna, Registrar
Date	28 February 2022
	Not Any
9 ENDORSEMENT(S)	Not Any



Before accepting copies, sight unaltered original. The original has a coloured background.

REGISTRY OF BIRTHS
DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

SYDNEY 08 March 2022

I hereby certify that this is a true copy of particulars recorded in a Register in the State of New South Wales, in the Commonwealth of Australia

Registrar \