

Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contribution Plan 2011

Amendment 3



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PART A – Expected Development and demand for public facilities

On 5 December 2005, the NSW State Government released its planning blueprint for Sydney as part of its Metropolitan Strategy. Three of the five potential major centres identified in that strategy, Cabramatta, Fairfield and Prairiewood are located in Fairfield City.

The M7 Motorway and the Liverpool to Parramatta Transit-way significantly increases the accessibility to this part of the City.

The Western Sydney Employment Hub, at the intersection of the M7 and the M4 Motorways, referred to in the Metropolitan Strategy is on the north-western corner of the City and is a logical extension of the existing employment lands at Wetherill Park. The State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 “Promotes economic development and the creation of employment in the Western Sydney Employment Area by providing for development, including major warehousing, distribution, freight transport, industrial, high technology and research facilities”.

Local infrastructure must be enhanced to better integrate with the new State infrastructure and to accommodate for the potential growth of identified centres.

In past contributions plans for the City, the demand for additional infrastructure was illustrated by population growth projections extrapolated from past census data. The Metro Strategy now sets out growth targets for the Local Government Area. The State is planning for a population growth of 1.1 million people in the Greater Sydney Metropolitan Area by 2031 and has identified where that population will be housed. Fairfield has been given a target of 24,000 new homes to be delivered in the Local Government Area. Accounting for a reduction in average dwelling occupancy rates, these additional dwellings will house an increased residential population of 30,000 people in the LGA.

The State Government strategies outlined above and provision of major infrastructure will undoubtedly result in greater population and business growth resulting in an increased impact on local community infrastructure. Accordingly, as properties are developed an appropriate contribution to infrastructure provision will be required pursuant to this plan.

Development Contributions will enable Council to provide high quality and diverse public facilities and services to meet the expectations of the existing and new residents and workers of Fairfield City.

Development throughout the city over is expected in the form of:

- higher density housing around the four town centres of Bonnyrigg, Cabramatta, Fairfield and Prairiewood, as well as local centres along the Canley Corridor;
- continued redevelopment of detached housing in existing narrow lot areas into row housing;
- strategic rezoning of sites along transit corridors that will increase residential densities;
- construction of larger dwellings and group housing that will accommodate changing family structures including aged relatives
- redevelopment and renewal of existing retail, commercial and industrial uses.

Development generated throughout the City will therefore require ongoing improvements to community infrastructure including, but not limited to:

- Community facilities;
- Recreation and Open space embellishment;
- Public domain improvements and place making embellishments achieved through cultural arts works and installations;
- Road-works;
- Land acquisition for open space

Funds collected through Indirect Contributions Levies will fund one or more of the projects listed in Part C: Schedule 3 – Schedule of Works. This Plan operates in conjunction with Council’s Direct Contributions Plan 2011 as part of Council’s development contributions framework for the purposes of funding community infrastructure.

PART B – Administration and operation

1 What is the name of this plan?

This plan is called the Fairfield City Council Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions Plan 2011

2 When does this plan commence?

The Fairfield City Council Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions Plan 2011 was adopted by Council on the 22 November 2011. The plan commences on 4 January 2012.

The following dates are relevant to the making of this plan:

Action	Date
Report to Council recommending exhibition	23 August 2011
Exhibition period	14 September 2011 – 12 October 2011
Report recommending adoption	22 November 2011
ADOPTION OF PLAN	22 November 2011
Revocation of 'Section 94A Levy Development Contributions Plan 2007'	4 January 2012
Commencement of the 2011 Plan	4 January 2012

Amendment 1	23 October 2013
Amendment No. 1 to the Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions Plan involved clarifying when Indirect Contributions would apply to Crown Development, introducing standard conditions of consent for use by Private Certifiers and other minor housekeeping amendments.	

Amendment 2	11 December 2013
Amendment No.2 to the Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions Plan involved replacing the specific category 'Fairfield Library Extension' with the new category 'Community Facilities' to broaden the types of community infrastructure Section 94A funds can be spent.	

Amendment 3	16 December 2015
Amendment No.3 to the Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contribution Plan involved the Introduction of a Deferred and Periodic Payments Section to the Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions Plan. Introduction of a Refunds Section to the Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions Plan. Introduction of a new Section, 7.1 Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contribution Levy, which will clearly outline the relevant contribution rate depending on cost of works. This amendment provides greater clarification of what the contribution rates would be for a development.	

3 What is the purpose of this plan?

The purposes of this plan are to:

- a. authorise the Council to impose as a condition of development or as a condition on complying development certificates, a requirement that the applicant pay to the Council a levy determined in accordance with this plan;
- b. assist the Council to provide the appropriate public facilities, infrastructure and services, which are required to maintain and enhance the amenity of those who live, work and recreate in Fairfield City;
- c. publicly identify the specific activities for which the levies are required; and
- d. govern the application of money to those activities.

4 What does Section 94A of the Act provide?

Section 94A of the Act provides as follows:

94A Fixed development consent levies

(1) A consent authority may impose, as a condition of development consent, a requirement that the applicant pay a levy of the percentage, authorised by a contributions plan, of the proposed cost of carrying out the development.

(2) A consent authority cannot impose as a condition of the same development consent a condition under this Section as well as a condition under Section 94.

(3) Money required to be paid by a condition imposed under this Section is to be applied towards the provision, extension or augmentation of public amenities or public services (or towards recouping the cost of their provision, extension or augmentation). The application of the money is subject to any relevant provisions of the contributions plan.

(4) A condition imposed under this Section is not invalid by reason only that there is no connection between the development the subject of the development consent and the object of expenditure of any money required to be paid by the condition.

(5) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to levies under this Section, including:

- (a) the means by which the proposed cost of carrying out development is to be estimated or determined, and
- (b) the maximum percentage of a levy.

5 Land to which this plan applies

This plan applies to all land within the Fairfield Local Government Area.

6 Relationship with other plans

This Plan repeals the previous Section 94A Levy Contributions Plan 2007 applying in the Fairfield Local Government Area

7 Development to which this plan applies

1. This plan applies to all applications for development consent and complying development certificates required to be made by or under Part 4 of the Act in respect of development on land to which this plan applies, **except** development identified in relevant Ministerial Directions where Indirect Contributions cannot be imposed, or any development proposal relating to the land to which the Direct (Section 94) Contributions Plan 2011 applies that results in an increase in:

- (a) the number of residential dwellings or occupancies;
- (b) the number of residential development lots; or
- (c) the area of commercial or retail floor space where a developer cannot provide the required car spaces on site; or
- (d) any combination of the above.

2. This plan does not apply to applications submitted by or on behalf of Fairfield City Council for the provision of public facilities or infrastructure.

3. This Plan applies to development applications and complying development certificates by or on behalf of the Crown. For the purpose of applying Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contributions to Crown Development the following principles apply:

- (a) Section 94A Development Contributions apply to Crown developments that propose an expansion/increase the current facility size and floor space and/or provide additional capacity to accommodate additional persons. (An example of this would be development at a school which would result in an increase in the number of people/student or expansion of the local police station to accommodate additional people/officers).
- (b) Section 94A Development Contributions do not apply to Crown developments that propose a redevelopment of facilities that purely involves internal fit out, refurbishment or upgrading facilities with no increase in capacity or additional persons. (An example of this would be upgrading / internal fit out of a trade quality kitchen/workshop at a high school. This does not increase the capacity, purely the quality of facility).

7.1 Indirect (Section 94A) Development Contribution Levy

The table below outlines the relevant rate of contribution dependent on cost of development.

Proposed cost of development	Maximum Percentage of the levy
Up to \$100,000	NIL
\$100,001 to \$200,000	0.5%
More than \$200,000	1.0%

8 Authorised conditions

This plan:

- (a) authorises the Council to grant consent to development; and
- (b) requires the Council or an accredited certifier to issue a complying development certificate,

subject to a condition requiring the applicant to pay to Council a levy of the proposed cost of carrying out the development in accordance with the Ministerial Direction under section 94E.

The Ministerial direction pursuant to section 94E of the Act authorises the Council or Certifying Authority to grant consent to development subject to a condition which is in accordance with that direction.

The current Ministerial Direction or Directions under section 94E of the Act, which have been made and are in force, are included in Schedule 1 of this Plan.

8.1 Standard conditions of consent wording

To ensure that Accredited Certifiers use consistent wording when applying a Section 94 or Section 94A Development Contribution to a Complying Development Certificate, standard conditions of consent wording has been included below:

Section 94A Contributions

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, a receipt for the payment to Fairfield City Council of Section 94A Levy Contributions shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority.

The Section 94A Levy as determined at the date of this consent is \$().*

The contribution amount payable may be adjusted at the date of payment. Any unpaid contributions will be adjusted on a quarterly basis to account for movements in the Australian Bureau of Statistics, Producer Price Index – Building Construction (New South Wales).

9 How is the proposed cost of carrying out development determined?

Clause 25J of the Regulation sets out how the proposed cost of carrying out development is to be determined. The clause provides as follows:

25J Section 94A levy—determination of proposed cost of development

- (1) The proposed cost of carrying out development is to be determined by the consent authority, for the purpose of a Section 94A levy, by adding up all the costs and expenses that have been or are to be incurred by the applicant in carrying out the development, including the following:
 - a. if the development involves the erection of a building, or the carrying out of engineering or construction work—the costs of or incidental to erecting the building, or carrying out the work, including the costs (if any) of and incidental to demolition, excavation and site preparation, decontamination or remediation,

- b. if the development involves a change of use of land—the costs of or incidental to doing anything necessary to enable the use of the land to be changed,
 - c. if the development involves the subdivision of land—the costs of or incidental to preparing, executing and registering the plan of subdivision and any related covenants, easements or other rights.
- (2) For the purpose of determining the proposed cost of carrying out development, a consent authority may have regard to an estimate of the proposed cost of carrying out the development prepared by a person, or a person of a class, approved by the consent authority to provide such estimates.
- (3) The following costs and expenses are not to be included in any estimate or determination of the proposed cost of carrying out development:
- a. the cost of the land on which the development is to be carried out,
 - b. the costs of any repairs to any building or works on the land that are to be retained in connection with the development,
 - c. the costs associated with marketing or financing the development (including interest on any loans),
 - d. the costs associated with legal work carried out or to be carried out in connection with the development,
 - e. project management costs associated with the development,
 - f. the cost of building insurance in respect of the development,
 - g. the costs of fittings and furnishings, including any refitting or refurbishing, associated with the development (except where the development involves an enlargement, expansion or intensification of a current use of land),
 - h. the costs of commercial stock inventory,
 - i. any taxes, levies or charges (other than GST) paid or payable in connection with the development by or under any law.
 - j. *the costs of enabling access by disabled persons in respect of the development,*
 - k. *the costs of energy and water efficiency measures associated with the development,*
 - l. *the cost of any development that is provided as affordable housing,*
 - m. *the costs of any development that is the adaptive reuse of a heritage item.*
- (4) The proposed cost of carrying out development may be adjusted before payment, in accordance with a contributions plan, to reflect quarterly or annual variations to readily accessible index figures adopted by the plan (such as a Consumer Price Index) between the date the proposed cost was determined by the consent authority and the date the levy is required to be paid.
- (5) To avoid doubt, nothing in this clause affects the determination of the fee payable for a development application.

10 How is the proposed cost of carrying out development indexed?

Under clause 25J(4) of the Regulation, the proposed cost of carrying out development is to be indexed before payment to reflect quarterly variations in the Producer Price Index (PPI) for New South Wales between the date the proposed cost was determined by the Council and the date the levy is paid.

The proposed construction cost will be adjusted on a quarterly basis in accordance with the 'Producer Price Index for outputs of the General Construction Industry'. This is a readily accessible index that measures changes in the cost of building. Groups and classes measured by the index include residential building construction, non-residential building construction and non-building construction being road and bridge construction. It is considered that this is the best measure for the movement of costs relating to construction.

The details of the relevant index are as follows:

- Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics
- 6427.0 Producer Price Index, Australia
- Construction Industry Producer Price Indexes
- Table 15 presents the Price Index of the Output of the General Construction Industry
- Index number 30 Building Construction – New South Wales
- Index calculated on the reference base 1998-99=100.0

The proposed construction cost will be indexed as follows:

$$\frac{PCC \times PPI^C}{PPI^B}$$

Where:

PCC is the proposed construction cost used for the purpose of determining the Indirect Contribution Rate shown on the development consent.

PPI^C is the current Producer Price Index for Sydney as published by the Australian Statistician at the time of the review of the contribution rate

PPI^B is the base Producer Price Index for Sydney as published by the Australian Statistician at date of adoption of this Plan.

The table below is an illustrative example for how the index will be used to adjust the contribution rate applicable. Note that the development consent will include a quote for the contribution to be paid based on the rate at the date of the consent.

As time passes, the contribution rate will be adjusted in accordance with the relevant Producer Price Index. When the developer or applicant proposes to pay the contribution, the amount will be recalculated based on the current contribution rate.

Date	Producer Price Index	Proposed Construction Cost	Indirect Contribution applicable	Event
Mar-2010	150.2	\$250,000	\$2,500	Determination of consent
Jun-2010	150.4	\$250,333	\$2,503	
Sep-2010	150.8	\$250,999	\$2,510	
Dec-2010	152.6	\$253,995	\$2,540	
Mar-2011	153.2	\$254,993	\$2,550	Payment of Indirect Contribution

Refer to Schedule 5 for Indirect Contributions Levy Indexing Schedule.

11 Cost estimate reports must accompany a development application

- (a) A development application shall be accompanied by a report, prepared at the applicant's cost, setting out an estimate of the proposed cost of carrying out the development.
- (b) The report shall be in the form of a cost report in accordance with Schedule 2.
- (c) The Council may, at the applicant's cost, engage a person referred to in Clause 12 to review a cost report submitted by an applicant.

12 Who may provide a report for the purposes of clause 11 of this plan

The following persons are approved by the Council to provide an estimate of the proposed cost of carrying out development:

- (a) where the applicant's initial estimate of the proposed cost of carrying out the development is less than \$1,000,000– any building industry professional;
- (b) where the applicant's initial estimate of the proposed cost of carrying out the development is \$1,000,000 or more – a quantity surveyor who is a registered member of the Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors.

13 How will the Council apply money obtained from the levy?

Money paid to Council under a condition authorised by this Plan is to be applied by Council towards one or more of the public facilities listed in Schedule 3. Council will consider a report on the allocation of funds at the beginning of each calendar year as part of allocating funds collected over the course of the previous calendar year. This is to ensure that the allocation of Section 94A funds towards projects listed in Schedule 3 are integrated with Council's Management Plan and Budget Processes.

The works identified in Schedule 3 of this plan shall be periodically reviewed as part of the above annual allocation report or alternatively informed by various studies or needs analyses that may be carried out from time to time.

14 Are there priorities for the expenditure of money obtained from levies authorised by this plan?

Subject to Section 93E(2) of the Act and clause 15 of this plan, the public facilities listed in Schedule 3 are to be provided upon availability of funds and the priorities shall be established through Council's Management Plan process.

15 Pooling of levies

For the purposes of 93E(2) of the Act, this plan authorises money obtained from levies paid in respect of different developments to be pooled and applied by the Council progressively towards the public facilities and services listed in Schedule 3

16 Obligation of Certifying Authorities

Under Clause 146 of the Regulation, a certifying authority must not issue a construction certificate for building work or subdivision work under a development consent unless it is satisfied of compliance with any condition requiring the payment of a levy before work is carried out in accordance with the consent.

The certifying authority must provide Council the applicant's receipt for payment of the levy at the same time as the other documents required to be provided under clause 142(2) of the EP&A Regulation.

17 When is the levy payable?

A levy is required to be paid by a condition authorised by this plan must be paid to the Council at the time specified in the condition.

If no time is specified, the levy must be paid prior to the first certificate issued in respect of the development under Part 4A of the Act.

18 What is the Council's policy on the deferred or periodic payment of levies?

The payment of a development contribution imposed by way of condition on a development may be deferred for a period not exceeding 12 months from the date that such payment is due under the relevant condition. Prior to Council accepting such a deferral the developer must lodge with Council an unconditional and irrevocable undertaking issued by a major Australian trading bank (Bank Guarantee) in favour of Fairfield City Council and subject to the following:

- The Bank Guarantee must be for the amount of the total contribution, or the amount of the outstanding contribution, plus an amount equal to twelve (12) months interest plus any charges associated with establishing or operating the bank security.
- The Section 94 Development Contributions shall only be deferred by way of bank guarantee for a maximum of 12 months and for the period of construction only. The Section 94 Development Contribution must be paid prior to issue of approval for occupation, and applies to both development applications and complying development certificates.
- The interest on the bank guarantee will be based on the market rate for term deposits as identified by Council at the time of an applicant seeking a deferred contribution payment.
- The contribution amount plus interest will be indexed for the twelve months of deferral. Council will use the Producer Price Index (PPI) and will be based on the average PPI increase of the last 5 years prior to the deferral.

Note: Prior to submitting a bank guarantee for deferral of Development Contributions, please contact Council's Strategic Land Use Planning team on 9725 0222 to discuss the process including interest and indexation payable.

Note: The rate of interest payable may be reviewed by Council from time to time.

- A non-refundable administration charge of \$200.00 must be paid to Council at the date of lodgement of the Bank Guarantee to cover any bank charges and to contribute to the coverage of Council administration costs.
- The developer may, at any time after lodging the Bank Guarantee, make part payments of either 25% or 50% of the Bank Guarantee amount. An adjustment to the interest payable will be made after the payment of the contribution in full.
- If the amount of the total contribution, or the amount of the outstanding contribution, plus an amount equal to twelve months interest has not been paid within 12 months from the date that the payment of the section 94 contribution imposed by way of condition on the development was due, the Council may immediately demand and the bank must pay the amount

guaranteed by the Bank Guarantee to the Council without reference to the developer, landowner or other person who lodged the guarantee, and without regard to any dispute, controversy, issue or other matter relating to the development consent or the carrying out of development to which the Bank Guarantee relates.

- The bank's obligations are discharged when payment to the Council is made in accordance with the Bank Guarantee or when council notifies the bank in writing that the Bank Guarantee is no longer required.
- The deferred payment of a development contribution imposed by way of condition on a development consent is not permitted where the amount sought to be deferred is less than \$20,000.00.

19 Refunds

Council is not obliged to refund community infrastructure contributions even if there is an excess of funds after the fulfilment of the specific purpose for which the contributions were made (i.e. contribution project) or if the development is not completed. Any request for a refund will be considered by Council on a case by case basis.

Unless exceptional circumstances can be demonstrated it will be the case that contributions will be not be refunded once paid. In all cases where contributions paid have spent on works identified in this Plan, no refunds will be made.

20 Definitions

In this plan unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:

ABS means the Australian Bureau of Statistics

Act means the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Council means Fairfield City Council

Development contributions means a development contribution required to be paid by a condition of development consent imposed pursuant to Section 94 of the Act

Levy means a levy under s94A of the Act authorised by this plan

Part 4 of the Act means that part of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 that deals with Development Assessment, including those developments that need development consent

Public facility means a public amenity or public service, including infrastructure, assets, community buildings, services and the like

Regulation means the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

Section 94 or s94 plan means a contributions plan made pursuant to Section 94B of the Act.

21 References

- (a) Development Contributions – Practice Notes
Department of Infrastructure Planning and Natural Resources July 2005.
- (b) Fairfield City Council, Section 94A Levy Development Contributions Plan 2006
- (c) City of Wagga Wagga S94A Levy Contributions Plan 2006
Prepared by Lindsay Taylor Lawyers
- (d) City of Canada Bay Council S94A Levy Contributions Plan 2005
Prepared by Lindsay Taylor Lawyers

Schedule 1 – Ministerial Directions (Clause 8)

Access the Department of Planning and Environment website for current Ministerial Directions issued under Section 94E (EP&A Act 1979). Contact Council should you have any issues.

Note: The Ministerial Direction in force at the time of adoption of this plan is shown below. You should check the Department of Planning and Environment website to ensure the Ministerial Direction is current.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 94E

I, the Minister for Planning, under section 94E of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (“the Act”), direct consent authorities that:

- (1) The maximum percentage of the levy for development under section 94A of the Act, having a proposed cost within the range specified in the Table to Schedule A, is to be calculated in accordance with that Table.
- (2) Despite subclause (1), a levy under section 94A of the Act cannot be imposed on development:
 - a) for the purpose of disabled access,
 - b) for the sole purpose of affordable housing,
 - c) for the purpose of reducing the consumption of mains-supplied potable water, or reducing the energy consumption of a building,
 - d) for the sole purpose of the adaptive reuse of an item of environmental heritage, or
 - e) other than the subdivision of land, where a condition under section 94 of the Act has been imposed under a previous development consent relating to the subdivision of the land on which the development is proposed to be carried out.

In this direction words and expressions used have the same meaning as they have in the Act. The term “item” and “environmental heritage” have the same meaning as in the *Heritage Act 1977*.

This direction does not apply to development applications and applications for complying development certificates finally determined before 1 December 2006.



FRANK SARTOR, M.P.,
 Minister for Planning,
 Sydney.
 [Dated: 10 November 2006]

SCHEDULE A

Proposed cost of the development	Maximum percentage of the levy
Up to \$100,000	Nil
\$100,001–\$200,000	0.5 percent
More than \$200,000	1.0 percent

Schedule 2 – Cost Reports (Clause 11)

COST ESTIMATE REPORT

DA NO. : (Office use only)	
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DATE:	
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APPLICANT’S NAME:	
--------------------------	--

APPLICANT’S ADDRESS:	

DEVELOPMENT ADDRESS:	

ANALYSIS OF DEVELOPMENT COSTS:

	Development Cost provided with DA	\$
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ADD	costs included in clause 25J(1) ...see over	\$
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LESS	costs included in clause 25J(3) ...see over	\$
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TOTAL	cost for calculating S94A levy	\$
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Show the breakdown of costs that are added or subtracted against the relevant item on the reverse of this sheet.

I certify that I have:

- Inspected the plans the subject of the application for development consent or construction certificate.
- Calculated the development costs in accordance with the definition of development costs in clause 25J of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* at current prices.
- Included GST in the calculation of development cost.
- If the total development cost is over \$1,000,000, prepared and attached an elemental estimate generally prepared in accordance with the Australian Cost Management Manuals from the Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors.

Signed:

Name:

Position & Qualifications:

HOW DO I CALCULATE MY COST OF DEVELOPMENT SO COUNCIL CAN DETERMINE THE LEVY TO BE PAID?

25J Section 94A levy—determination of proposed cost of development

- (1) The proposed cost of carrying out development is to be determined ... by adding up all the costs and expenses that ... are to be incurred by the applicant in carrying out the development, **INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:**
- (a) if the development involves the erection of a building, or the carrying out of engineering or construction work—the costs of or incidental to erecting the building, or carrying out the work, including the costs (if any) of and incidental to demolition, excavation and site preparation, decontamination or remediation,
 - (b) if the development involves a change of use of land—the costs of or incidental to doing anything necessary to enable the use of the land to be changed,
 - (c) if the development involves the subdivision of land—the costs of or incidental to preparing, executing and registering the plan of subdivision and any related covenants, easements or other rights.
 - (d) For the purpose of determining the proposed cost of carrying out development, a consent authority may have regard to an estimate of the proposed cost of carrying out the development prepared by a person, or a person of a class, approved by the consent authority to provide such estimates.
- (2) ...
- (3) **THE FOLLOWING COSTS ... ARE NOT TO BE INCLUDED** in any estimate or determination of the proposed cost of carrying out development:
- (a) the cost of the land on which the development is to be carried out,
 - (b) the costs of any repairs to any building or works on the land that are to be retained in connection with the development,
 - (c) the costs associated with marketing or financing the development (including interest on any loans),
 - (d) the costs associated with legal work carried out or to be carried out in connection with the development,
 - (e) project management costs associated with the development,
 - (f) the cost of building insurance in respect of the development,
 - (g) the costs of fittings and furnishings, including any refitting or refurbishing, associated with the development (except where the development involves an enlargement, expansion or intensification of a current use of land),
 - (h) the costs of commercial stock inventory,
 - (i) any taxes, levies or charges (other than GST) paid or payable in connection with the development by or under any law.
 - (j) *the costs of enabling access by disabled persons in respect of the development,*
 - (k) *the costs of energy and water efficiency measures associated with the development,*
 - (l) *the cost of any development that is provided as affordable housing,*
 - (m) *the costs of any development that is the adaptive reuse of a heritage*
- (4) The proposed cost of carrying out development may be adjusted before payment, in accordance with a contributions plan, to reflect quarterly or annual variations to readily accessible index figures adopted by the plan (such as a Consumer Price Index) between the date the proposed cost was determined by the consent authority and the date the levy is required to be paid.
- (5) To avoid doubt, nothing in this clause affects the determination of the fee payable for a development application.

COST OF EACH ELEMENT
(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
(f)
(g)
(h)
(i)
(j)
(k)
(l)
(m)

Schedule 3 – Schedule of Works (Clauses 13 and 14)

It is noted that a full list of specific projects within each of the infrastructure categories listed in Schedule 3.1 and the proportion of Section 94A funds allocated to each project will be determined at the beginning of each calendar year (refer to Clause 13) based on Council's priorities at that time and alternative opportunities available for these projects.

Council has the discretion to carryover any unfunded work items to the following financial year by Council resolution.

Schedule 3.1 – Indirect Contributions (Section 94A) Plan Works Schedule

Monies received from indirect contributions levies will be allocated to the following infrastructure categories:

1. Traffic Management Projects (including LATMs, PAMP & Black Spot Program)

Traffic Management Projects include works in the following areas to improve road safety for both pedestrians and motorists throughout the City:

- i) Local Area Traffic Management (LATM)
- ii) Pedestrian Access and Mobility Plan (PAMP)
- iii) Black Spot Program

2. Major/Local/Neighbourhood Centre Improvement Project (CIP)

The CIP coordinates public domain improvements for business centres across the City and includes a range of public domain works including, street furniture, landscaping, pedestrian amenity treatments and public art.

3. Access Upgrades to Council Facilities (ACCESS)

As part of Council's obligations to provide accessible facilities, infrastructure and services for all, ACCESS projects includes upgrades to Council facilities consisting of modification to entrances and internal facilities, parking, installation of hand rails and accessible toilets, access ramps and increased luminance.

4. Open Space Acquisition and Embellishment across the City

This project will allow Council to adequately fund/contribute to the acquisition and embellishment of existing/future open space sites across the city

5. Community Facilities

This project will allow Council to adequately fund/contribute to the redevelopment / development of community facilities throughout the City. Community facilities can include libraries, community centres, leisure centres, etc. An example is the existing Library at Fairfield, which is currently operating over capacity given the large size of the community it services. The extension to Fairfield Library is expected to significantly improve the service it currently provides and ensures it will continue to meet the community's needs.

Schedule 4 – Section 94A allocations to date

1. At the April 2009 Council Meeting, Council resolved to make the following allocation of Section 94A monies collected until 30 June 2008, towards the following projects:

Fairfield Park – bench/picnic shelters	\$40,000
Kinta Park – Playground	\$40,000
Springfield Park – Amenities Building Awning	\$30,000
De-Freitas Wetland	\$50,000
Warragamba Bush Park – Playground	\$40,000

2. At the February 2010 Council Meeting, Council resolved to make the following allocation of Section 94A monies collected until 31 December 2009, towards the following projects:

Fairfield Library and Community Centre Complex – Concept Design	\$220,000
Centres Improvement Program	\$180,000

3. At the March 2011 Council Meeting, Council resolved to make the following allocation of Section 94A monies collected until 31 December 2010:

Centres Improvement Program - General	\$180,000
Centres Improvement Program – Canley Heights	\$700,000
Access Vote	\$82,480
Springfield Park Amenities Building Awning (additional funds voted from S94A to supplement \$30,000 allocated previously to complete project)	\$20,000

4. At the April 2012 Council Meeting, Council resolved to make the following allocation of Section 94A monies collected until 31 December 2011:

Centres Improvement Program – Fairfield Heights	\$398,600
Fairfield Library and community centre project	\$285,500
Centres Improvement Program – General	\$180,000
Access Vote	\$84,870

5. At the April 2013 Council Meeting, Council resolved to make the following allocation of Section 94A monies collected until 31 December 2012. These allocations were in accordance with allocations identified in Council's Delivery Program 2013-2017:

Centres Improvement Program - General	\$180,000			
Project Name	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017
Access Vote	\$87,332	\$89,603	\$91,843	\$94,322

Schedule 5 – Date of Indirect Contributions Levy Indexing

Date of Contribution Levy Indexing

Base Index (as at time of adoption of the Contributions Plan)

Index: 100.00

Effective Date: 4 January 2012

Indexation No. 1

For period: January 2012 to June 2013

Index: 102.3

Rate of Increase: 2.3

Effective Date: 23 October 2013

Indexation No.2

For period: June 2013 to June 2014

Index: 105.5

Rate of Increase: 3.2

Effective Date: 17 September 2014

Indexation No.3

For period: June 2014 to September 2014

Index: 107.0

Rate of Increase: 1.5

Effective Date: 10 December 2014

Indexation No.4

For period: December 2014 to June 2015

Index: 108.8

Rate of Increase: 1.8

Effective Date: 5 June 2015

Indexation No. 5

For period: June 2015 to December 2015

Index: 112.1

Rate of Increase: 3.3

Effective Date: 16 December 2015



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City and Community Development Group 2015

Objective File No. 09/04204

Print Version 3 – December 2015

\$10.00 including GST
Sundry income: AG800.12601
Code: 97