



## Safety Data Sheet

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<b>Document group:</b>	16-5855-8	<b>Version number:</b>	5.00
<b>Issue Date:</b>	15/11/2016	<b>Supersedes date:</b>	17/11/2013

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76

#### Product Identification Numbers

62-4943-4921-0

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Aerosol adhesive.

For Industrial or Consumer Use.

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**Address:** 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113  
**Telephone:** 136 136  
**E Mail:** productinfo.au@mmm.com  
**Website:** www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.

Gas under pressure: Liquefied gas.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

#### 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for

Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

**Signal word**

DANGER!

**Symbols**

Flame | Gas cylinder | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

**Pictograms**



**Hazard statements**

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H371	May cause damage to organs: cardiovascular system

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention:**

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response:**

P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P309 + P311	IF exposed or you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

**Storage:**

P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.
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**2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards**

3M Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal.

**2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Causes mild skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. Toxic to aquatic life.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	35 - 45
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	20 - 30
Non-hazardous components	Trade Secret	10 - 20
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	7 - 13
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	1 - 5
Light petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	0.5 - 1.5
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	0.5 - 1.5

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**Skin contact**

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye contact**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**If swallowed**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required**

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

**SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures****5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

**Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products****Substance**

Aldehydes.  
Carbon monoxide.  
Carbon dioxide.

**Condition**

During combustion.  
During combustion.  
During combustion.

**5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

Hazard Code: 2YE

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. **WARNING!** A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

For industrial or professional use only. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (100 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (300 ppm)	
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (400 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500 ppm)	
JET FUELS (NON-AEROSOL), AS TOTAL HYDROCARBON VAPOUR	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapour, non-aerosol):200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN

**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapour, non-aerosol):200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Manufacturer determined	TWA:100 ppm	
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	AIHA	TWA:2700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1000 ppm)	
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (250 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

Organic vapour respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Gas.
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Appearance/Odour	clear-amber, mild solvent odour.
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	<i>No data available.</i>
Melting point/Freezing point	<i>No data available.</i>
Flash point	-40 °C [ <i>Test Method</i> :Tagliabue closed cup]
Evaporation rate	1.9 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :ETHER=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour density	2.97 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	0.782 g/ml
Relative density	0.782 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Autoignition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Viscosity	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=428 g/l [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [ <i>Details</i> :low solids less exempts]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=3.57 lb/gal [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [ <i>Details</i> :low solids less exempts]
Percent volatile	Approximately 85 % weight
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	<=54.7 % [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated per CARB title 2]
Solids content	7.1 %

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

Heat.

### 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
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None known.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

##### Inhalation

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

##### Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

##### Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

##### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

##### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac sensitisation: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

#### Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm

**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

Methyl acetate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Methyl acetate	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 49 mg/l
Methyl acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 437,000 ppm
1,1-Difluoroethane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,500 mg/kg
Non-hazardous components	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Non-hazardous components	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Light petroleum distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Petroleum naphtha	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Light petroleum distillates	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Light petroleum distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum naphtha	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Methyl acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Non-hazardous components	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Light petroleum distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Petroleum naphtha	Rabbit	Irritant

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Methyl acetate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Light petroleum distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Petroleum naphtha	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Methyl acetate	Human	Not sensitizing
Light petroleum distillates	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Petroleum naphtha	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Dimethyl ether	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Methyl acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic



**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,1-Difluoroethane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,1-Difluoroethane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Light petroleum distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Petroleum naphtha	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Petroleum naphtha	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Light petroleum distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum naphtha	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Reproductive Toxicity****Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 50,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis

**Target Organ(s)****Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000 ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	5 minutes
Methyl acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	

**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

Methyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl acetate	Inhalation	blindness	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Methyl acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL Not available	not available
Light petroleum distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Light petroleum distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Light petroleum distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Petroleum naphtha	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 20,000 ppm	30 weeks
Methyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	28 days
Methyl acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.1 mg/l	28 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks

**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

			classification			
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   blood   liver   muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days

**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Light petroleum distillates	Aspiration hazard
Petroleum naphtha	Aspiration hazard

**Exposure Levels**

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

**Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

**12.1. Toxicity****Acute aquatic hazard:**

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

**Chronic aquatic hazard:**

Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>4,000 mg/l
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Guppy	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>4,000 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	3.4 mg/l
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	450 mg/l
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	980 mg/l
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	320 mg/l

**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

Methyl acetate	79-20-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1,026.7 mg/l
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Non-hazardous components	Trade Secret		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Light petroleum distillates	64742-47-8		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.14 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	10.77 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Light petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	4 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	1.8 hours (t 1/2)	Other methods
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	74 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Non-hazardous components	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential**

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<129	Other methods
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.2	Other methods
Light petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**3M(TM) Hi-Tack Spray Adhesive 76**

		classification				
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.75	Other methods
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.18	Other methods
Non-hazardous components	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Please contact manufacturer for more details

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans.

**SECTION 14: Transport Information****Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport**

UN No.: UN1950

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

Hazchem Code: 2YE

IERG: 49

**International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport**

UN No.: UN1950

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport**

UN No.: UN1950

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

**Packing Group:** Not applicable.

**Marine Pollutant:** Not applicable.

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Australian Inventory Status:**

The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule:** This product is not a scheduled poison according to the criteria of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

**Revision information:**

Conversion to GHS format SDS.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

**3M Australia SDSs are available at [www.3m.com.au](http://www.3m.com.au)**