MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Rechargeable Li-ion Battery

Model: 943640-1400mAh

Prepared by	Approved by
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Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1-Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Identification

SP Lithium-Ion Polymer battery

Norminal Voltage : 3.7 VEquivalent Lithium content : $\leq 20 \text{ Wh}$

Testing Period : Jan. 2, 2017 To Jan. 3, 2017

Manufacturer

SPRINGPOWER TECHOLOGY SHENZHEN CO.,LTD

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Section 2-Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Composition	Molecular Formula	Weight%	CAS No	OSHA(PEL)	ACGIH(TLV)
Lithium Cobalt Oxide	LiCoO2	35~38%	12190-79-3	N/A	N/A
Graphite powder	С	23~25%	7782-42-5	N/A	N/A
Electrolyte	LiPF6 C ₃ H ₄ O ₃ C ₄ H ₆ O ₃ C ₃ H ₁₀ O ₃	12~15%	21324-40-3	N/A	N/A
Polyethylene	(C ₂ H ₄) n	0.5~1%	9002-88-4	N/A	N/A
Cu	Cu	5~10%	7440-50-8	N/A	N/A
Nickel	Nickel	2~3%	7440-02-0	N/A	N/A
Polyvinylidene fluoride	(CH ₂ CF ₂) n	0.5~2%	24937-79-9	N/A	N/A
Polypropylene	(C ₃ H ₆) n	2~5%	9003-07-0	N/A	N/A
Aluminum foil	Al	7~10%	7429-90-5	N/A	N/A
Silicon	Si	1~2%	7440-21-3	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin	EP	1.5~2%	38891-59-7	N/A	N/A
PVC	(C ₂ H ₃ Cl)x	0.2~0.5%	9002-86-2	N/A	N/A
Gold	Au	0.2~0.5%	7440-57-5	N/A	N/A
Sn	Sn	0.05~ 0.1%	7440-31-5	N/A	N/A



Section 3-Hazards Identification

Preparation	Not dangerous with normal use. Do not dismantle, open or shred Li-ion Battery.
hazards and	Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their ingredients products could be harmful.
classification	
Appearance,	Solid object with no odor, no color.
Color, and	
Odor	
Primary	These chemicals are contained in a sealed stainless steel enclosure. Risk of exposure occurs
Route(s) of	only if the cell is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused to the point of
Exposure	compromising the enclosure. If this occurs, exposure to the electrolyte solution contained
	within can occur by Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye contact and Skin contact.
Potential	ACUTE (short term): see Section 8 for exposure controls In the event that this battery has
Health	been ruptured, the electrolyte solution contained within the battery would be corrosive and
Effects:	can cause burns.
	Inhalation: Inhalation of materials from a sealed battery is not an expected route of
	exposure. Vapors or mists from a ruptured battery may cause respiratory irritation.
	Ingestion: Swallowing of materials from a sealed battery is not an expected route of
	exposure. Swallowing the contents of an open battery can cause serious chemical burns of
	mouth, esophagus, and gastrointestinal tract.
	Skin: Contact between the battery and skin will not cause any harm. Skin contact with
	contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation or burns to the skin.
	Eye: Contact between the battery and the eye will not cause any harm. Eye contact with
	contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation or burns to the eye.
	CHRONIC (long term): see Section 11 for additional toxicological data
Medical	Not applicable
Conditions	
Aggravated	
by	
Exposure	
Reported as	Not applicable
carcinogen	

Section 4-First-aid Measures

Inhalation	If contents of an opened battery are inhaled, remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. Obtain medical advice.
Skin contact	If skin contact with contents of an open battery occurs, as quickly as possible remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Immediately flush with lukewarm, gently
	flowing water for at least 30 minutes. If irritation or pain persists, seek medical attention.

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	Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Eye contact	If eye contact with contents of an open battery occurs, immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 30 minutes while holding the eyelids open. Neutral saline solution may be used as soon as it is available. If necessary, continue flushing during transport to emergency care facility. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto face. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.
Ingestion	If ingestion of contents of an open battery occurs, never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 60 to 240 mL (2-8 oz.) of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Have victim rinse mouth with water again. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.

	Section 5-Fire Fighting Measures		
Flammable Properties	In the event that this battery has been ruptured, the electrolyte solution contain within the battery would be flammable. Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could result in the release of flammable or corrosive materials.		
Suitable extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing media suitable for the materials that are burning.		
Unsuitable extinguishing Media	Not available		
Explosion	Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: This may result in rupture in extreme cases		
Data	Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not Applicable		
Specific	Fires involving Li-ion Battery can be controlled with water. When water is used, however,		
Hazards	hydrogen gas may evolve. In a confined space, hydrogen gas can form an explosive mixture.		
arising from the chemical	In this situation, smothering agents are recommended to extinguish the fire		
Protective	As for any fire, evacuate the area and fight the fire from a safe distance. Wear a		
Equipment	pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.		
and	Fight fire from a protected location or a safe distance. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved		
precautions	full-face self-contained breathing apparatus(SCBA) with full protective gear.		
for firefighters			
NFPA	Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0		



Section 6-Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, protective equipment, and	Restrict access to area until completion of
emergency procedures	clean-up. Do not touch t
	he spilled material. Wear
	adequate personal protective equipment as
	indicated in Section 8.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent material from contaminating soil and
	from entering sewers or waterways.
Methods and materials for Containment	Stop the leak if safe to do so. Contain the spilled
	liquid with dry sand or earth. Clean up spills
	immediately.
Methods and materials for cleaning up	Absorb spilled material with an inert absorbent (dry
	sand or earth). Scoop contaminated absorbent into an
	acceptable waste container.
	Collect all contaminated absorbent and dispose of
	according to directions in Section 13. Scrub the area
	with detergent and water; collect all contaminated
	wash water for proper disposal.

Section 7-Handling and Storage

Handling	Don't handling Li-ion Battery with metalwork. Do not
	open, dissemble, crush or burn battery.
	Ensure good ventilation/ exhaustion at the workplace.
	Prevent formation of dust. Information about
	protection against explosions and fires: Keep ignition
	sources away- Do not smoke.
Storage	If the Li-ion Battery are subject to storage for such a
	long term as more than 3 months, it is recommended
	to recharge the Li-ion Battery periodically.
	3 months: $-10 ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, 45 to 85%RH And
	recommended at 0°C~+35°C for long period storage.
	The capacity recovery rate in the delivery state (50%
	capacity of fully charged) after storage is assumed to
	be 80% or more. The voltage for a long time storage
	shall be 3.7V~4.2V range.



Do not storage Li-ion Battery haphazardly in a box or
drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be
short-circuited by other metal objects.
Keep out of reach of children.
Do not expose Li-ion Battery to heat or fire.
Avoid storage in direct sunlight.
Do not store together with oxidizing and acidic
materials.

Section 8-Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	**
Engineering Controls	Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering
	controls to control sources of dust, mist, fumes and
	vapor. Keep away from heat and open flame. Store in
	a cool, dry place.
Personal Protective Equipment	Respiratory Protection: Not necessary under
	normal conditions.
	Skin and body Protection: Not necessary under
	normal conditions, Wear neoprene or nitrile rubber
	gloves if handling an open or leaking battery.
	Hand protection: Wear neoprene or natural rubber
	material gloves if handling an open or leaking
	battery.
	Eye Protection: Not necessary under normal
	conditions, Wear safety glasses if handling an open or
	leaking battery.
Other Protective Equipment	Have a safety shower and eye wash fountain readily
	available in the immediate work area.
Hygiene Measures	Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area.
	Maintain good housekeeping.

Section 9-Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical	Form: Solid
State	Color: White
	Odour: Monotony
Change in conditi	on:

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pH, with indication of the concentration	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling Point, initial boiling point and Boiling range:	Not available.
Flash Point	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapor Pressure:	Not applicable
Vapor Density: (Air = 1)	Not applicable
Density/relative desity	Not available.
Solubility in Water:	Insoluble
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	130℃
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Odout threshold	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (soil, gas)	Not available.
Viscosity	Not applicable

Section 10- Stability and Reactivity

Stability	The product is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid (e.g. static discharge, shockor vibration)	Do not subject Li-ion Batteryto mechanical shock. Vibration encoutered during transportation does not cause leakage, fire or explosion. Do not disassemble, crush, short or install with incorrect polarity. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse.
Incompatible Materials	Not Available
Hazardous Decomposition Products	This material may release toxic fumes if burned or exposed to fire
Possibility of Hazardous Reaction	Not Available

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Section 11-Toxicological Information		
Irritation	Risk of irritation occurs only if the cell is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused to the point of compromising the enclosure. If this occurs, irritation to the skin, eyes and respiratory tract may occur.	
Sensitization	Not Available	
Neurological Effects	Not Available	
Teratoaenicity	Not Available	
Reproductive Toxicity	Not Available	
Mutagenicity (Genetic Effects)	Not Available	
Toxicologically Synergistic Materials	Not Available	

Section 12-Ecological Information

General note:	Water hazard class 1(Self-assessment): slightly
	hazardous for water.
	Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities
	of it to reach ground water, water course or
	sewage system.
Anticipated behavior of a chemical product in	Not Available
environment/possible environmental	
impace/ecotoxicity	
Mobility in soil	Not Available
Persistence and Degradability	Not Available
Bioaccumulation potential	Not Available
Other Adverse Effects	Not Available

Section 13-Disposal Considerations

Product disposal recommendation: Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations. Packaging disposal recommendation: Be aware discarded batteries may cause fire, tape the battery terminals to insulate them. Don't

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disassembly the battery. Completely discharge containers (no tear drops, no powder rest, scraped carefully). Containers may be recycled or re-used. Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations.

The potential effects on the environment and human health of the substances used in batteries and accumulations; the desirability of not disposing of waste batteries and accumulators as unsorted municipal waste and of participating in their separate collection so as to facilitate treatment and recycling.

Section 14-Transport Information

This report applies to by sea, by air and by land;

The Li-ion Battery tested according to the requirements of the 5th revised edition of the UN manual of tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 38.3;

Lithium ion battery was protected so as to prevent short circuits. This includes protection against contact with conductive materials within the same packaging that could lead to short circuit;

The LITHIUM ION BATTERY(943640-1400mAh) according to Section II/IA/IB of PACKING INSTRUCTION 965/966/967 of the 2017 IATA Dangerous Goods regulations 58th Edition may be transported and applicable U.S.DOT regulations for the safe transport of Li-ion Battery.

More information concerning sh2ipping, testing, marking and packaging can be obtained from label master at http://www.labelmaster.com/.

The packaging shall be adequate to avoid mechanical damage during transport, handling and stacking. The materials and pack design shall be chosen so as to prevent the development of unintentional electrical conduction, corrosion of the terminals and ingress of moisture.

The package must be handled with care and that a flammability hazard exists if the package is damaged; Each package must be labeled with a Li-ion Battery handling label or in addition to the Class 9 hazard label. With regard to transport, the following regulations are cited and considered:

- The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Technical Instructions.
- The International Air transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations. UN number of lithium battery: UN3480 or UN3481;

UN Proper shipping name/Description (technical name): Lithium ion batteries or Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment or Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment;

UN Classification (Transport hazard class): Non dangerous;

Marine pollutant (Y/N): N;

- The International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code.

For lithium-ion batteries by sea, provided that packaging is strong and prevent the products from short-circuit. UN number of lithium battery: UN3480 or UN3481;

UN Proper shipping name/Description (technical name): Lithium ion batteries or Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment or Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment;

UN Classification (Transport hazard class): Non dangerous; Marine pollutant (Y/N): N;

Special Provision: International maritime dangerous goods code (IMDG) 188, 230, 310, 348, 957;

- The US Hazardous Materials Regulation (HMR) pursuant to a final rule issued by RSPA
- The Office of Hazardous Materials Safety within the US Department of Transportations' (DOT) Research and

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Special Programs Administration (RSPA)

Section 15-Regulatory Information		
OSHA hazard communication standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)		
HazardousVNon-hazardous		
Section 16-Other Information		

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