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The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2017 edition

TERIVI	MEANING OF TERM	ecus ID: 43626155	NSW Duty:	
vendor's agent	First National Altitude		Phone:	02 4903 8228
	68 Medcalf Street, Warners	s Bay NSW 2282	Fax:	02 4903 8233
co-agent			Ref:	Paul McAllister
vendor	RYAN EDWARD STRICK	LAND, LAUREN LOUISE MERRIT	Т	
vendor's solicitor	Boyd Conveyancing Se	rvices	Phone:	02 4945 0932
	S4 5 Sharp Street Belmont	NSW 2280	Fax:	02 4945 0898
			Ref:	JC4871STRICKLAND
date for completion	1 42 days after the contra	act date (clause 15)	Email: kat	herine@boydconveyancing.com.a
land	62 DENT ST NORTH LAMBTON NSW 2299			
(Address, plan details	LOT 15 IN DEPOSITED PL	15 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 20308		
and title reference)	15/20308			
	☐ Vacant Possession	Subject to existing tenancies		
improvements	✓ HOUSE ☐ garage		☐ carspace ☐ storage	space
improvements	none other:			
attached copies		of Documents as marked or as numb	ered:	
attaonou oopioo	other documents:			
A re	 eal estate agent is permitted	by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in t	his box in a sale of residential p	roperty.
inclusions	☐ blinds	dishwasher	☐ light fittings ☐	stove
	☐ built-in wardrob	_	☐ range hood ☐	pool equipment
	☐ clothes line	insect screens	solar panels	TV antenna
	curtains	other:	solal pariets	1 V untermu
	curtains	U otner.		
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor			Phone:	
•			Fax:	
			Ref:	
price	\$		Email:	
deposit	\$		(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)	
balance	\$			
contract date			(if not stated, the date this contract was made)	
buyer's agent				
vendor				witness
- VOTIGOT			 1	With C33
		GST AMOUNT (optional)		
		The price includes		
		GST of: \$		
purchaser	☐ JOINT TENANTS	tenants in common	in unequal shares	witness
	CHT MAY DESHIT IN LEGAL /		ICARATCEDICKI AND	42626155

Land - 2017 edition

`holoos

	Choices				
vendor agrees to accept a deposit-bond (clause 3) proposed <i>electronic transaction</i> (clause 30)	□ NO □ yes □ NO □ yes				
Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)					
land tax is adjustable	□ NO □ yes				
GST: Taxable supply	□ NO □ yes in full □ yes to an extent				
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	□ NO □ yes				
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:					
not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b)) by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d)) GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325 GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-0 input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1) HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address and telephone number					
HOLDER OF SHAMING WINDOWN THEE RECORDS Wallie, address and telephone namber					
List	t of Documents				
General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)				
1 property certificate for the land	29 property certificate for strata common property				
2 plan of the land	30 plan creating strata common property				
3 unregistered plan of the land	☐ 31 strata by-laws				
4 plan of land to be subdivided	32 strata development contract or statement				
5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	33 strata management statement				
6 section 149(2) certificate (Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)	34 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property				
7 section 149(5) information included in that certificate	35 property certificate for neighbourhood property				
8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location					
diagram)	37 neighbourhood development contract				
9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	38 neighbourhood management statement				
document that created or may have created an easement profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant	The property continuate for precinct property				
disclosed in this contract	40 plan creating precinct property				
11 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	41 precinct development contract				
12 survey report	42 precinct management statement				
13 building certificate given under legislation	43 property certificate for community property				
14 insurance certificate (Home Building Act 1989)	44 plan creating community property				
15 brochure or warning (Home Building Act 1989)	45 community development contract				
16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	46 community management statement				
17 other document relevant to tenancies	47 document disclosing a change of by-laws				
18 old system document	48 document disclosing a change in a development or				
19 Crown purchase statement of account	management contract or statement 49 document disclosing a change in boundaries				
20 building management statement					
21 form of requisitions	Act 2015				
22 clearance certificate	51 information certificate under Community Land Management				
23 land tax certificate	Act 1989				
Swimming Pools Act 1992	Other				
24 certificate of compliance	□ 52				
25 evidence of registration					
26 relevant occupation certificate					
27 certificate of non-compliance					
28 detailed reasons of non-compliance					

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—SWIMMING POOLS

An owner of a property on which a swimming pool is situated must ensure that the pool complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992. Penalties apply. Before purchasing a property on which a swimming pool is situated, a purchaser is strongly advised to ensure that the swimming pool complies with the requirements of that Act.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Model and Guidelines).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading
Council NSW Public Works

County Council Office of Environment and Heritage

Department of Planning and Environment Owner of adjoining land

Department of Primary Industries Privacy

East Australian Pipeline Limited Roads and Maritime Services
Electricity and gas authority Subsidence Advisory NSW
Land & Housing Corporation Telecommunications authority

Local Land Services Transport for NSW

NSW Department of Education Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it may become payable when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that

covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract

date to completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax

Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

remittance amount the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the

amount specified in a variation served by a party;

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice *served* by the *party*;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953;

terminate terminate this contract for breach;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be

spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or

clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

solicitor

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and

- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser:
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*: or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or

- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GSTAct* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if —

- this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* – 16.7.1 the price less any:

- deposit paid;
- remittance amount payable; and
- amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession:
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by fax to the party's solicitor, unless it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 and 2) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract;
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

Land - 2017 edition

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear:
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6: or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion; or
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and

23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and

- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is restricted title land (land that cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation*).
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 If the *legislation* is the Western Lands Act 1901 each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days.
- 27.8 If the land or part is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.

Land - 2017 edition

- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed electronic transaction; and
 - 30.1.2 the purchaser *serves* a notice that it is an *electronic transaction within* 14 days of the contract date.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a *party serves* a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
 - associated with the agreement under clause 30.1; and
 - 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as Electronic Workspace and Lodgment Case) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules;
 - 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*:
 - a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after receipt of the purchaser's notice under clause 30.1.2; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2;
 - is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and
 - 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of receipt of the notice under clause 30.1.2
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –

- 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
- 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
- 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time: and
- invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.6.4
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must -
 - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and 30.7.3
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time. 30.7.4
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2
 - invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.8.3
- To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* 30.9
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion; and
 - the vendor must populate the Electronic Workspace with payment details at least 1 business day 30.9.2 before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least 1 business day before the date for completion, the parties must ensure that –
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction 30.10.1 are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
 - payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and 30.11.2
 - 30.11.3 clauses 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative 30.12 for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the Electronic Workspace allows the parties to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the Land Registry being inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties –
 - normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however 30.13.1
 - if both parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial 30.13.2 settlement occurs -
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment* Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the 30.14 certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the party required to deliver the documents or things -
 - 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; 30.15.2 the party entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title

the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate:

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be settled:

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

mortgagee details the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ENCL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*: and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the remittance amount.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.



CONDITION OF SALE BY AUCTION

These conditions replace "Auction – Conditions of sale" 1-6 inclusive on page 3 of the printed contract.

If the property is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders Record to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the Property, Stock & Business Agents regulation 2003 and Section 68 of the Property Stock & Business Agents Regulation 2002:

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land or livestock:
- a) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
- b) A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer's has, before the commencement of the auction. Announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
- c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.
- d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
- e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion is not the best interest of the seller.
- f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
- g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
- h) As soon as applicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- (2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land.
- a) all bidders must be registered in the bidders record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
- b) One bid may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
- c) When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller or auctioneer.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. The purchaser warrants that the purchaser was not introduced to the property or the Vendor by a Real Estate Agent other than the Real Estate Agent, if any, disclosed on the front page of the contract. The purchaser agrees to indemnify the Vendor against any claim for commission, including the Vendor's costs of defending any such claim, which arises as a result of the purchaser's breach of this warranty. This warranty and indemnity will not merge on completion.
- 2. Completion of this matter shall take place on or before 4.00 pm within the time provided for in clause 15 herein. Should completion not take place within that time, then either party shall be at liberty to issue a Notice to Complete calling for the other party to complete the matter making the time for completion essential. Such Notice shall give not less than 14 days notice after the day immediately following the day on which that notice is received by the recipient of the notice. A Notice to Complete of such duration is considered by the parties as being deemed reasonable and sufficient to render the time for completion essential. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall also be at liberty to withdraw such Notice to Complete and re-issue another one at anytime. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall be entitled to recover the fee of \$220.00(GST inclusive) from the other party to cover the cost for issuing such Notice.
- 3. In the event that completion of this Contract shall not take place within the time allowed for completion in Clause 15 and the Vendor is ready, willing and able to complete, the Purchaser hereby acknowledges and agrees that the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion hereof interest on the balance of the purchase price payable hereunder at the rate of ten per centum (10%) per annum for the period between the expiration of the time allowed for completion pursuant to Clause 15 hereof and the actual date of completion, which such interest being calculated on a daily basis. This is genuine pre-estimate of the vendors loss of interest on the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.
- 4. The property together with the improvements thereon is sold in its present state of repair and condition and the Purchaser acknowledges that he buys the property not relying upon any warranties or representations made to him by or on behalf of the Vendor not contained in the Contract. The Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs to any furnishings and chattels or comply with a work order, nor effect any treatment for pest infestation.
- 5. If the Purchaser or Vendor (or if more than one, any one of them) shall die, become mentally incapacitated, be declared bankrupt or assign his estate for the benefit of his creditors, or, being a company, go into liquidation prior to completion of this Contract then either party may by notice in writing to the other party's Licensed Conveyancer or Solicitor rescind this contract whereupon the provisions of this contract as to rescission shall apply.
- 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of Cause 6 and 7 hereof the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an object or requisition for the purpose of Clause 7 hereto entitling the Vendor to rescind this Contract.
- 7. The deposit referred to herein shall be released if required for the Vendor's use as a deposit on their purchase providing such deposit shall only be paid to the Trust Account of a Licensed Agent or Solicitor. Such deposit shall not be further released without the Purchaser's expressed consent.



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 15/20308

 SEARCH DATE
 TIME
 EDITION NO
 DATE

 ---- --- ---

 6/2/2018
 1:41 PM
 1
 20/5/2010

LAND

LOT 15 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 20308

AT LAMBTON

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NEWCASTLE

PARISH OF NEWCASTLE COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND

TITLE DIAGRAM DP20308

FIRST SCHEDULE

RYAN EDWARD STRICKLAND LAUREN LOUISE MERRITT

AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AF507503)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 D609235 COVENANT
- 3 AF507504 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

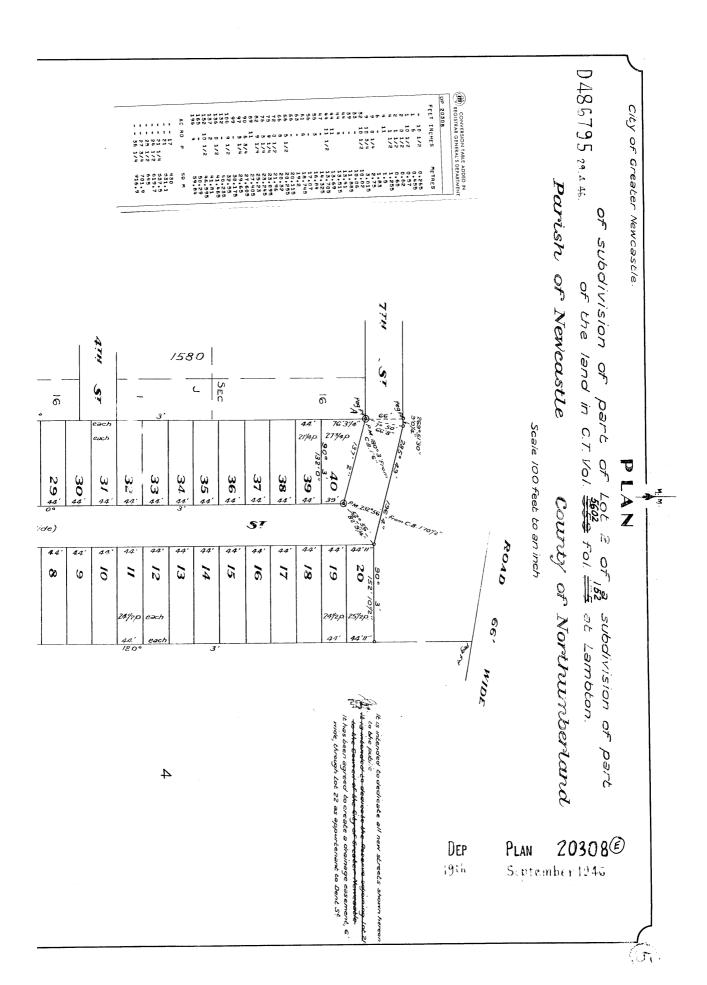
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

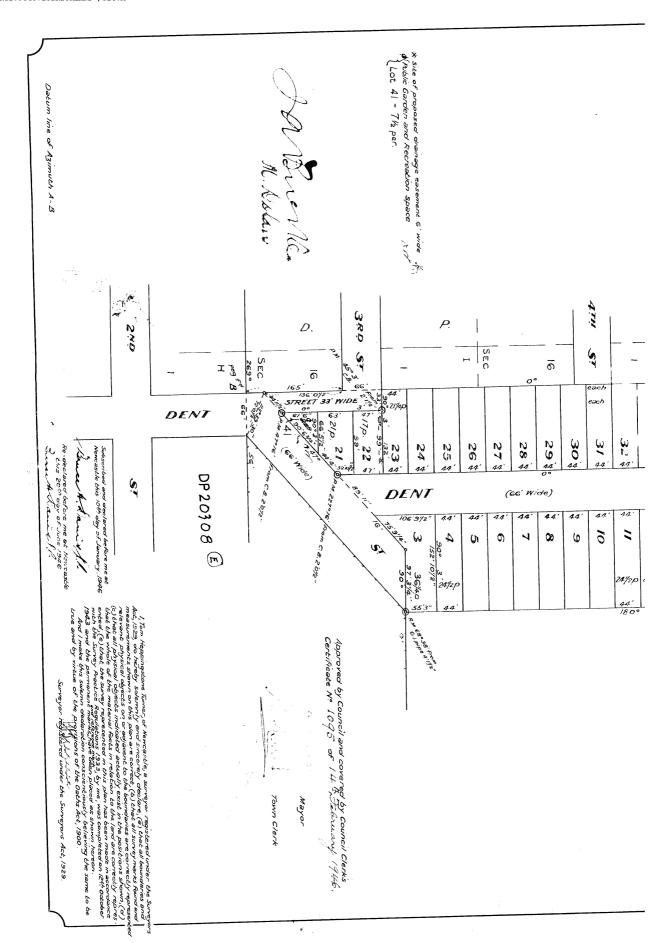
*** END OF SEARCH ***

JC4871STRICKLAND

PRINTED ON 6/2/2018









PLANNING CERTIFICATE

Section 149, Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

To: Infotrack

GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001 **Certificate No:** PL2018/00571 **Fees:** \$133.00

Receipt No(s): D000752420

Your Reference: JC4871STRICKLAND

Date of Issue: 07/02/2018

The Land: Lot 15 DP 20308

62 Dent Street North Lambton NSW 2299

Advice provided on this Certificate:

Advice under section 149(2): see items 1 - 20

Additional advice under section 149 (5): see Items 21 - 29

IMPORTANT: Please read this certificate carefully

This certificate contains important information about the land.

Please check for any item which could be inconsistent with the proposed use or development of the land. If there is anything you do not understand, phone Council's **Customer Enquiry Centre** on (02) 4974 2000, or come in and see us.

The information provided in this certificate relates only to the land described above. If you need information about adjoining or nearby land, or about the Council's development policies for the general area, contact Council's **Customer Enquiry Centre**.

All information provided is correct as at 07/02/2018. However, it's possible for changes to occur within a short time. We recommend that you only rely upon a very recent certificate.

Newcastle City Council

PO Box 489 NEWCASTLE 2300

Phone: (02) 4974 2000 Facsimile: (02) 4974 2222 **Customer Enquiry Centre**

Ground floor, 282 King Street Newcastle NSW 2300

Office hours:

Mondays to Fridays 8.30 am to 5.00 pm

PART 1:

ADVICE PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 149(2)

ATTENTION: The explanatory notes appearing in italic print within Part 1 are provided to assist understanding, but do not form part of the advice provided under section 149(2). These notes shall be taken as being advice provided under section 149(5).

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

The following environmental planning instruments, proposed environmental planning instruments and development control plans apply to the land, either in full or in part.

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 44 - Koala Habitat Protection

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 - Canal Estate Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 - Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 - Design Quality of Residential Flat Development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing For Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index:BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Temporary Structures) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012

Newcastle Development Control Plan 2012

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012

Zoning: The Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012 identifies the land as being within the following zone(s):

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

Note: Refer to www.newcastle.nsw.gov.au or www.legislation.nsw.gov.au web site for LEP instrument and zoning maps.

The following is an extract from the zoning provisions contained in Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012:

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

Objectives of zone

 To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.

- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To accommodate a diversity of housing forms that respects the amenity, heritage and character of surrounding development and the quality of the environment.

Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works; Home occupations

Permitted with consent

Boarding houses; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home-based child care; Hospitals; Neighbourhood shops; Recreation areas; Residential accommodation; Respite day care centres; Roads; Tourist and visitor accommodation

Prohibited

Backpackers' accommodation; Hostels; Rural workers' dwellings; Serviced apartments; Any other development not specified in, permitted without consent or permitted with consent

Minimum land dimensions for erection of a dwelling-house: The Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012 contains development standards relating to minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house. Refer to clause 4.1 Minimum subdivision lot size and Part 4 Principle development standards of the Newcastle LEP 2012 for provisions relating to minimum lot sizes for residential development.

Critical habitat: The Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012 does not identify the land as including or comprising critical habitat.

Heritage conservation area: The land is not within a heritage conservation area under the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Heritage items: There are no heritage items listed in the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012 situated on the land.

3. Complying development

Note Other requirements: The advice below for all Complying Development Codes, is limited to identifying whether or not the **land**, the subject of the certificate, is land on which complying development may be carried out because of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) & (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (the Codes SEPP).

General Housing Code

Complying development under the General Housing Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development under the Rural Housing Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code MAY be carried out on this land.

General Development Code

Complying development under the General Development Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Subdivision Code

Complying development under the Subdivision Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Demolition Code

Complying development under the Demolition Code MAY be carried out on this land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code MAY be carried out on this land.

4. Coastal Protection Act 1979

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by the operation of sections 38 or 39 of the Coastal Protection Act 1979.

4A. Certain information relating to beaches and coasts

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by an order under Part 4D of the Coastal Protection Act 1979 in relation to temporary coastal protection works (within the meaning of that Act) on the land (or on public land adjacent to that land), except where the council is satisfied that such an order has been fully complied with.

The Council HAS NOT been notified under section 55X of the Coastal Protection Act 1979 that temporary coastal protection works (within the meaning of that Act) have been placed on the land (or on public land adjacent to that land).

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

The land IS NOT subject to an agreement for annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

5. Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961

The land IS within a proclaimed Mine Subsidence District under the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961. The approval of the Mine Subsidence Board is required for all subdivision and building, except for certain minor structures. Surface development controls are in place to prevent damage from old, current or future mining. It is strongly recommended prospective purchasers consult with the Mine Subsidence Board regarding mine subsidence and any surface development guidelines. The Board can assist with information about mine subsidence and advise whether existing structures comply with the requirements of the Act.

NOTE: Plans of existing and abandoned mine workings are available for viewing at the Mine Subsidence Board's offices. For further clarification and details, contact the Mine Subsidence Board, 117 Bull Street, Newcastle West. Ph (02) 49084300.

6. Road widening or realignment

NOTE: The Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) may have proposals that are not referred to in this item. For advice about affectation by RMS proposals, contact the Roads and Maritime Services, Locked Mail Bag 30 Newcastle 2300. Ph: 131 782.

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by any road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by any road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by road widening or road realignment under a resolution of the Council.

7. Policies on hazard risk restrictions

Except as stated below, the land is not affected by a policy referred to in Item 7 of Schedule 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

Potential acid sulfate soils: Works carried out on the land must be undertaken in accordance with Clause 6.1 Acid sulfate soils of the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Land Contamination: Council has adopted a policy of restricting development or imposing conditions on properties affected by Land Contamination. Refer to the Newcastle Development Control Plan 2005, which may be inspected or purchased at Council's Customer Enquiry Centre.

NOTE: The absence of a policy to restrict development of the land because of the likelihood of a particular risk does not imply that the land is free from that risk. The Council considers the likelihood of natural and man-made risks when determining development applications under section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. Detailed investigation carried out in conjunction with the preparation or assessment of a development application may result in the Council either refusing development consent or imposing conditions of consent on the basis of risks that are not identified above.

7A. Flood related development controls information

Council's current information indicates the property is not flood prone land as defined in the Floodplain Development Manual: the management of flood liable land, April 2005 published by the NSW Government.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

The land is not identified for acquisition by a public authority (as referred to in section 27 of the Act) by any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument applying to the land.

9. Contributions plans

The following contribution plan/s apply to the land.

Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2009 - August 2017:

The Plan specifies section 94A contributions that may be imposed as a condition of development consent.

NOTE: Contributions plans are available on Council's website or may be inspected or purchased at Council's Customer Enquiry Centre.

9A. Biodiversity certified land

The land IS NOT biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land IS NOT land (of which the Council is aware) under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

The land IS NOT land (of which the Council is aware) that contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013.

11. Bush fire prone land

The land IS NOT bush fire prone land for the purposes of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

12. Property vegetation plans

Not applicable. The Native Vegetation Act 2003 does not apply to the Newcastle local government area.

13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council HAS NOT been notified that an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

14. Directions under Part 3A

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act.

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- (a) The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a current site compatibility certificate (of which the Council is aware) issued under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors and People with a Disability) 2004.
- (b) The land IS NOT AFFECTED by any terms of kind referred to in clause 18(2) of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October, 2007 in respect of the land.

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the Council is aware) issued under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007.

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the Council is aware) issued under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

18. Paper subdivision information

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by any development plan that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

19. Site verification certificates

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a current site verification certificate (of which the Council is aware) issued under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The Council HAS NOT been notified that the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the register of loose-fill asbestos insulation, that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Note: There are no matters prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 to be disclosed, however if other contamination information is held by the Council this may be provided under a section 149(5) certificate.

PART 2:

ADVICE PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 149(5)

ATTENTION: Section 149(6) of the Act states that a Council shall not incur any liability in respect of advice provided in good faith pursuant to sub-section 149(5).

21. Outstanding Notices and Orders issued by Council.

Council records indicate that this premise IS NOT AFFECTED by a current notice or order (excluding the notices or orders mentioned in the note below).

NOTE: The Council has not inspected the premises immediately prior to the issue of this certificate. It is possible that the premises are affected by matters of which the Council is unaware.

NOTE: This Certificate does not include any advice regarding outstanding notices or orders issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 or the Local Government Act 1993. To obtain advice regarding these matters, you should lodge an application for a Certificate as to Outstanding Notices and Orders (accompanied by the appropriate fee). For further information, please contact the Customer Enquiry Centre on (02) 4974 2000.

22. Further consent requirements under the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

The following provisions of the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012 affect the carrying out of development on the land. These provisions are in addition to those required to be disclosed at Item 2 of this Certificate.

Refer to clause 3.1 Exempt Development of the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012

Refer to clause 3.2 Complying Development of the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012

Note: The Newcastle Local Environmental 2012 may have additional provisions that affect the carry out of development. Refer to the Newcastle Local Environmental 2012 for the full affect it may have on the land or obtain profession advice for more information.

23. Suspension of covenants.

Refer to 1.9A Suspension of covenants, agreements and instruments of the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

24. Draft development control plans.

The following draft development control plans APPLY to the land. The draft plans are exhibited pursuant to Part 3 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

Draft Newcastle Development Control Plan 2012 - Section 5.03 Tree Management

Draft Newcastle Development Control Plan 2012 - Section 9.00 Glossary

25. Heritage Act 1977.

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a listing on the State Heritage Register or an Interim Heritage Order that is in force under the Heritage Act 1977.

NOTE: The above advice is provided to the extent that Council has been notified by the Heritage Council of NSW. For up-to-date details, contact the Office of Environment and Heritage, PO Box A290, South Sydney NSW 1232 Ph: (02) 9995 5000.

26. Listing by National Trust of Australia.

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a listing of the National Trust of Australia (NSW).

NOTE: The above advice is provided to the extent that Council has been notified by the National Trust of Australia (NSW). For up-to-date details, contact the National Trust Ph 02 9258 0123.

27. Australian Heritage Database.

The land IS NOT AFFECTED by a listing on the Australian Heritage Database.

NOTE: The above advice is provided to the extent that Council has been notified by the Department of the Environment. For up-to-date details, contact the Department of the Environment, Heritage, King Edward Terrace, Parkes ACT 2600. Ph (02) 6274 1111.

28. Environment Protection & Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth)

Under the (Commonwealth) Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999, actions which have, may have or are likely to have, a significant impact on a matter of national environmental significance may be taken only with the approval of the Commonwealth Minister for the Environment.

Approval is also required for actions that have a significant effect on the environment of Commonwealth land. These actions may be on Commonwealth land or other land.

This approval is in addition to any approvals under the (NSW) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 or other NSW legislation.

Matters of national environmental significance are:

- · declared World Heritage areas
- · declared Ramsar wetlands
- · listed threatened species and ecological communities
- · listed migratory species
- · nuclear actions
- the environment of Commonwealth marine areas.

Locations within the City of Newcastle that are a declared Ramsar wetland include Kooragang Nature Reserve and Shortland Wetlands. Listed threatened species and listed migratory species are known to occur within the City of Newcastle.

29. Other matters

The land is affected by the following:

Newcastle earthquake

Earthquakes occurred in the vicinity of Newcastle on 28th December 1989 and 6 August 1994. Buildings on the land may have suffered damage as a consequence of the earthquakes. Prospective purchasers are advised to make their own enquiries as to whether the property is affected by any damage.

Local Planning Strategy

The Local Planning Strategy is the principal land use strategy for Newcastle. It was adopted by the Council on 28 July 2015. The Strategy is taken into account when the Council assesses development applications and amendments to the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Note: Refer to Council's website to view the document. www.newcastle.nsw.gov.au

Lower Hunter Regional Strategy (2006 - 2031)

The Lower Hunter Regional Strategy has been prepared by the Department of Planning and Infrastructure. The contents of the strategy will be taken into account when Council assesses development applications and amendments to the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Note: Refer to Council's website to view the document. www.newcastle.nsw.gov.au

Newcastle City-Wide Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan (2012)

The Newcastle City-wide Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan addresses flood management for the City of Newcastle. The Study and Plan will be taken into account when Council assesses development applications and amendments to the Newcastle Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Note: Refer to Council's website to view the document. www.newcastle.nsw.gov.au

Issued without alterations or additions, 07/02/18
Authorised by
JEREMY BATH
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SERVICE LOCATION PLAN

Enquiries: 1300 657 657 APPLICANT'S DETAILS



InfoTrack

N/A

N/A/

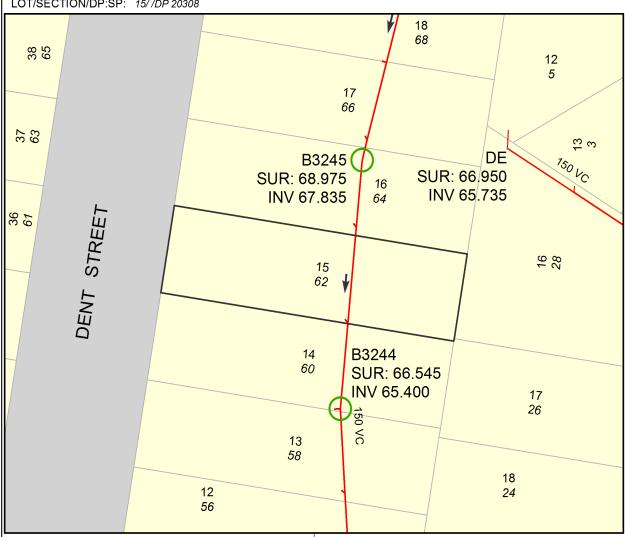
APPLICATION NO.: 0173349094

APPLICANT REF: M JC4871STRICKLAND

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 5605110067

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 62 DENT ST NORTH LAMBTON 2299

LOT/SECTION/DP:SP: 15//DP 20308



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY. SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLDED. ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF A SEWERMAIN IS LAID WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT, SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SEWERMAIN APPLY IF DEVELOPMENT IS UNDERTAKEN. IN THESE CASES, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK ADVICE ON THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PURCHASE. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE INTENDING OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION.

ANY INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 6/02/2018

Scale at A4: 1:500

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SEWER/WATER/RECYCLED WATER UTILITY DATA
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