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The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

# Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	eCOS ID: 884509	74 NSV	W DAN:				
vendor's agent	Collie & Tierney First Nation	nal Real Estate Pty Ltd (Trading Na	ame), Collie & Tierney (Mild	Phone:	5021 2200			
	67 Lime Avenue MILDURA	VIC 3500		Fax:	5021 1213			
co-agent				Ref:				
vendor	David James Eccles and Mi	chael Thomas Eccles as Executor	rs of the Estate of Barry Tho	mas Eccles				
	2 / 515 Tapleys Hill Road FULHAM GARDENS SA 5024							
vendor's solicitor	Davies Watson Lawyers			Phone: (	03 5022 2422			
veridor 3 solicitor	103 Orange Ave MILDURA				03 5021 3673			
	103 Orange Ave MillbonA	VIC 3300						
1	45 4	1.1	45)		214283			
	45 days after the contract da		ise 15) Email:	william@da	vieswatson.com.au			
land	14 YANCO RD COOMEALI	_A 2717						
(Address, plan details and title reference)	Lot 2 in Deposited Plan 108	7658						
	2/1087658							
	✓ VACANT POSSESSION	Subject to existing tenant	ncies					
improvements	✓ HOUSE ☐ garage	✓ carport ☐ home uni	it 🗌 carspace 🔲 s	storage space				
	none <b>J</b> other:			0 1				
attached copies	<u> </u>	of Documents as marked or as n	umperea:					
	other documents:				·			
A real	estate agent is permitted by	legislation to fill up the items in	n this box in a sale of resid	lential property	у.			
inclusions	✓ blinds	dishwasher	light fittings	<b>√</b> stove				
	built-in wardrob	es	range hood	🔲 pool eq	uipment			
	clothes line	insect screens	✓ solar panels	TV ante	nna			
	✓ curtains	other:						
exclusions								
purchaser								
purchaser's solicitor				Phone:				
				Fax:				
				Ref:				
price	\$			Email:				
deposit	\$		(10% of the p	rice, unless otr	nerwise stated)			
balance	\$							
contract date			(if not stated, the	date this contr	ract was made)			
buyer's agent								
vendor					witness			
		GST AMOUNT (optional)	]					
		The price includes						
		GST of: \$						
		U31 UI. 3	1					
			J <sub></sub>					
purchaser	☐ JOINT TENANTS	tenants in common	in unequal shares		witness			
BREACH OF COPYRIG	GHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL A	CTION	214283	884509	974			

Amount must be paid:

Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the RW rate (residential withholding rate): \$

at another time (specify):

□ NO

☐ yes

☐ AT COMPLETION

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money?

### **List of Documents**

General			Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)			
ĺ☑	1	property certificate for the land	П	32	property certificate for strata common property	
V	2	plan of the land	ΙĒ		plan creating strata common property	
	3	unregistered plan of the land			strata by-laws	
	4	plan of land to be subdivided		35	strata development contract or statement	
	5	document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	$ \Box$	36	strata management statement	
V	6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental			strata renewal proposal	
		Planning and Assessment Act 1979	$   \Box $	38	strata renewal plan	
☑	7	additional information included in that certificate under	╽ᡖ	39	leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property	
	_	section 10.7(5)	一	40	property certificate for neighbourhood property	
	8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	ΙĒ	41		
Ιп	9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	$   \Box $	42	neighbourhood development contract	
lH		document that created or may have created an easement,	ΙĒ	43	neighbourhood management statement	
_	10	profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant	=	44	property certificate for precinct property	
		disclosed in this contract	ΙĒ	45	plan creating precinct property	
	11	planning agreement	ΙĒ	46	precinct development contract	
	12	section 88G certificate (positive covenant)		47	precinct management statement	
	13	survey report	$   \Box $	48	property certificate for community property	
	14	building information certificate or building certificate given	ΙĒ		plan creating community property	
		under legislation			community development contract	
		lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	╽ቨ		community management statement	
닏		other document relevant to tenancies	lF		document disclosing a change of by-laws	
		licence benefiting the land			document disclosing a change in a development or	
		old system document	_		management contract or statement	
		Crown purchase statement of account		54	document disclosing a change in boundaries	
		building management statement		55	information certificate under Strata Schemes Management	
ᆜ		form of requisitions	_		Act 2015	
ᆜ		clearance certificate	Ш	56	information certificate under Community Land Management	
✓		land tax certificate		<b>67</b>	Act 1989 disclosure statement - off the plan contract	
Home Building Act 1989		님		other document relevant to off the plan contract		
	24	insurance certificate			other document relevant to on the plan contract	
	25	brochure or warning	Othe	er		
	26	evidence of alternative indemnity cover	✓	59		
Swimming Pools Act 1992		Went	wort	h Shire Council 603 Certificate		
		Department of Education - Inquiry Certificate				
П		evidence of registration	Essential Energy - Inquiry Certificate  Transport for NSW (Roads) Wagga - Inquiry Certificate			
$\exists$		relevant occupation certificate	Transport for NSW (Roads) Wagga Wagga - Inquiry Certificate			
$\exists$		certificate of non-compliance				
		detailed reasons of non-compliance				

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN David James Eccles and Michael Thomas Eccles as Executors of

the Estate of Barry Thomas Eccles of 2/515 Tapleys Hill Road,

Fulham Gardens, South Australia (Vendor)

AND of (Purchaser)

### 1. Special conditions prevail

These special conditions prevail where inconsistent with clauses 1-32 of the printed form of contract.

### 2. Notice to complete

In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

### 3. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

### 4. Purchaser acknowledgements

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

- (a) In its present condition and state of repair;
- (b) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
- (c) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
- (d) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and

(e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek to, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

### 5. Late completion

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day due to the purchaser's default, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase price, 10% interest per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion, provided always that there shall be an abatement of interest during any time that the purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete and the vendor is not.

### 6. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

### 7. Smoke alarms

The property does not have smoke alarms installed.

### 8. Swimming pool

The property does not have a swimming pool.

### 9. Western Murray Irrigation

The Purchaser acknowledges that there are no water entitlements included in this sale and that the Purchaser shall be responsible for making their own arrangements with Western Murray Irrigation Limited for the supply of non-potable water to the property and for the costs and charges of Western Murray Irrigation Limited related to such supply.

### 10. Finance Approval

This Contract is subject to the Purchasers being approved for a loan of sufficient amount to allow the completion of the sale from a reputable lender on the security of the property within 21 days from the day of sale.

The Purchasers may end the Contract if the loan is not approved by the approval date only if the Purchasers :

- i) Have made immediate application for the loan
- ii) Have done everything reasonably required to obtain approval of the loan
- iii) Serves written notice ending the Contract on the Vendor on or before 2 business days after the approval date ends
- iv) Is not in default under any other condition of the Contract when the notice is given.

If the Contract is so ended all moneys paid by the Purchasers shall be immediately refunded to the Purchasers in full and without deduction.

### 11. Guarantee for corporate purchaser

In consideration of the vendor contracting with the corporate purchaser (the guarantors), as is evidenced by the guarantors execution hereof, guarantee the performance by the purchaser of all of the purchaser's obligations under the contract and indemnify the vendor against any cost or loss whatsoever arising as a result of the default by the purchaser in performing its obligations under this contract for whatever reason. The vendor may seek to recover any loss from the guarantor before seeking recovery from the purchaser and any settlement or compromise with the purchaser will not release the guarantor from the obligation to pay any balance that may be owing to the vendor. This guarantee is binding on the guarantors, their executors, administrators and assigns and the benefit of the guarantee is available to any assignee of the benefit of this contract by the vendor.

SIGNED by the guarantors in the presence of:	)	
Signature of Witness	_	Signature
Print Name of Witness	— N	Signature

### IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

### WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

### WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

# **COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)**

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
  - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
  - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

### **DISPUTES**

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

### **AUCTIONS**

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

### WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Public Works Advisory Environment Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications
Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

**Local Land Services** 

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

### 1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement and agreement within the meaning of \$7.4 of the Environmental

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*;

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party;

actions of the court of the cou

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

### 2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

### 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
  - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
  - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond --
  - 3.9.1 on completion; or
  - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
  - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
  - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

### 4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
  - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
  - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

#### 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
  - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
  - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*: and
  - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

### 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

### 7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
  - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
  - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
  - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
  - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
  - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
  - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
  - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
  - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
  - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

#### 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
  - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
  - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
  - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
  - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
  - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
  - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

#### 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
  - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
  - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either
  - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
    - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
    - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
  - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

### 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
  - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
  - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
  - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
  - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
  - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
  - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

#### 11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

### 12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
  - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
  - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

### 13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
  - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
  - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
  - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
  - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
  - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way:
  - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
    - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
      Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
      completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
    - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
  - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
  - the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
  - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
    - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
    - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
  - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
  - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
  - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
  - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
  - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
  - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

#### 14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
  - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
  - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
    - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
    - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
    - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
  - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

### 15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

### 16 Completion

#### Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

#### Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
  - deposit paid;
  - FRCGW remittance payable;
  - GSTRW payment; and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
  - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

### Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
  - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
  - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
  - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

#### 17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
  - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
  - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

### 18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
  - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
  - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
  - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
  - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
  - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
  - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
  - if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

#### 19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
  - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
  - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
  - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
  - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
  - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
  - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

#### 20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
  - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
  - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor;
  - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
  - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
  - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
  - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
  - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
  - if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

### 21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

### 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

### 23 Strata or community title

### Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
  - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
    - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
    - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
    - a change in the boundaries of common property;
  - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
  - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
  - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
  - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
  - normal expenses;
  - due to fair wear and tear;
  - disclosed in this contract; or
  - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

### Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
  - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
  - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
  - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
  - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
  - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
  - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
  - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6: or
  - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
  - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
  - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
  - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
  - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

### Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

### Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
  - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
  - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

#### 24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
  - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
  - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
  - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
  - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
    - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
    - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
    - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
    - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
  - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
    - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
    - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
    - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
  - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
  - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
    - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
    - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
    - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
    - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service,
       if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
    - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
  - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
  - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

#### 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
  - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
  - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
  - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
  - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
  - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
  - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
  - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
  - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
  - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
  - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
  - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

#### 26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

#### 27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
  - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
  - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
  - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
  - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

### 28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
  - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
  - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

#### 29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
  - if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
  - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
  - either party serving notice of the event happening;
  - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
  - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
  - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*:
  - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

#### 30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
  - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
  - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
  - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
  - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
  - if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
  - 30.3.1 each party must
    - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
    - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
  - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*:
  - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction
    - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
    - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
  - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
  - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
    - after the effective date; and
    - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
  - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
  - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
  - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
  - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
  - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
  - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
  - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
  - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
  - 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
  - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace
  - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
  - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
  - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
  - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
  - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
  - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
  - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
  - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
  - 30.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
  - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
  - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be

settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date;

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

Land – 2019 edition

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules:

incoming mortgagee

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules populate

mortgagee details

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

title data

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

#### 31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act;
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must -

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

#### 32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 -
  - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
  - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 2/1087658

SEARCH DATE ------

TIME

EDITION NO DATE -----

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14/10/2021 3:20 PM

7 14/10/2021

LAND

LOT 2 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 1087658 AT DARETON LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WENTWORTH PARISH OF MOURQUONG COUNTY OF WENTWORTH

FIRST SCHEDULE

-----DAVID JAMES ECCLES MICHAEL THOMAS ECCLES **AS JOINT TENANTS** 

(AE AR521681)

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

TITLE DIAGRAM DP1087658

LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE MEMORANDUM S700000A

NOTATIONS -------

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

214283

PRINTED ON 14/10/2021

OFFICE USE ONLY

used in Conjunction with Plan Form

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PLAN FORM 3 (APPROVED FORM

Red:R67:8999 /Doc:DP 1087658 P /Rev:16-sep-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:08-Oct-2021 09:22 /Seq:2 of 2



## WORTH 亚 DRIVE

26-28 Adelaide Street WENTWORTH NSW 2648 PO Box 81 WENTWORTH NSW 2648 T 03 5027 5027 F 03 5027 5000 E council@wentworth.nsw.gov.au W www.wentworth.nsw.gov.au ABN 96 283 886 815 Our Reference:

DOC/21/20816

Your Reference:

214283

Prepared By:

Date:

Health & Planning Department 17 September 2021

Your Reference:

214283

Applicant name:

**Davies Watson Lawyers** 

**Applicant address:** 

PO Box 5052 MILDURA PRIVATE BOXES VIC 3502

**Applicant email:** 

william@davieswatson.com.au

Certificate no:

2021-292

Subject land:

14 Yanco Road Lot 2 DP 1087658 Coomealla

Date of certificate:

17 September 2021

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### ABOUT THIS CERTIFICATE - Information for Applicant

This certificate has been prepared pursuant to Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (NSW). The number system in this Certificate follows Schedule 4 of the Regulation. Please note that Council has omitted:

- 2A of this Schedule as the Wentworth Shire Council is not in a Sydney Region Growth Centre
- 4B of this Schedule as Wentworth Shire Council is not in a coastal region

### CERTIFICATE 10.7(2) ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

### 1. Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

- a) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.
- b) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).
- The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

- a) Wentworth Local Environmental Plan 2011 applies to this land.
- b) See Annexure 1.
- c) Wentworth Development Control Plan December 2011.

- d) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.
- d) Not applicable.

#### 2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

- a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2 (a)")
- the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent,
- the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent,
- d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone,
- e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed,
- f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat,
- g) whether the land is in a conservation area (however described),
- h) whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

- a) Wentworth Local Environmental Plan (WLEP) 2011 **ZONE: RU1 Primary Production**
- b) In addition to the controls contained in the Wentworth Local Environmental Plan 2011, State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 sets out further circumstances where development consent will be required for development involving certain types of buildings, the demolition of buildings or the subdivision of land. These circumstances may include development that does not require consent under the Wentworth Local Environmental Plan 2011.
- c) See Annexure 1.
- d) See Annexure 1.
- e) 10,000 Hectares
- f) No

This information has been sourced from mapping provided by NSW Environment & Heritage.

g) No.

This information has been sourced from mapping provided by NSW Environment & Heritage.

h) No.

#### 3. Complying development

- a) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of <u>State</u> <u>Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.</u>
- b) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under that clause.

a): Yes, the land is land on which complying development may be carried out.

Not applicable.

c) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land. Not applicable.

#### 5. Mine subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the <u>Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017</u>.

Not applicable.

### 6. Road widening and road realignment

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

Not applicable.

- a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- b) any environmental planning instrument, or
- c) any resolution of the council.

# 7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions relating to land slip, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding)

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

a) adopted by the council, or

Council has adopted by resolution a policy on contaminated land which may restrict the development of the land. This policy is implemented when zoning or land use changes are proposed on land which have been previously used for certain purposes. Council records do not have sufficient information about previous uses of this land to determine whether the land is contaminated. Consideration of Councils adopted policy and the application or provisions under relevant state legislation is warranted.

 adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council.

#### 7A. Flood related development controls information

- a) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.
- b) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.
- c) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Standard Instrument.

- a) Not applicable.
- b) Not applicable.

Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Standard Instrument.

### 8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning

Not applicable

instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

#### 9. Contribution plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the

**Development Contribution Plan** 

#### 9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the <u>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</u>, a statement to that effect.

Council has not been notified that this land has been determined to be biodiversity specified land.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

#### 10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

No, Wentworth Shire Council has not been notified of the existence of a biodiversity stewardship agreement by the Office of Environment & Heritage in relation to this property.

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

### 10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

Council has not been notified of the existence of a set aside area by Local Land Services or that a set aside area has been registered.

### 11. Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land.

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

No, the land is not bushfire prone

### This information has been sourced from mapping provided by the NSW Rural Fire Service.

#### 12. Property vegetation plans

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the *Native Vegetation Act* 2003 (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

Council **has not** been notified of a Property Vegetation Plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* affecting this land. For further details please contact Local Land Services.

### This information has been sourced from NSW Local Land Services.

#### 13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the <u>Trees</u> (<u>Disputes Between Neighbours</u>) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

Council **has not** been notified of an Order under *Trees* (*Disputes Between Neighbours*) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to any tree on the land.

#### 14. Directions under Part 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect

No, there is no direction in force from the Minister under Section 75P (2) (c1) in relation to this property.

### 15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

If the land is land to which <u>State Environmental</u> <u>Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004</u> applies:

- a) A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
  - the period for which the certificate is current, and
  - (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department, and
- b) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.

The land is land to which the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors with a Disability) 2004 does apply. However, no current compatibility certificate exists of which Council is aware.

### 16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

- a) A statement of whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
  - (i) the period for which the certificate is valid, and
  - (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

Council is not aware of any site compatibility certificates for infrastructure applying to this land.

### 17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

- a) A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
  - (i) the period for which the certificate is current, and
  - (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.
- b) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing)</u> 2009 that have been imposed as a

Council is not aware of any site compatibility certificates for affordable rental housing applying to this land.

condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

### 18. Paper subdivision information

1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Council is unaware of any development plan or subdivision order that applies to the land.

2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the

3. Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation.

### 19. Site verification certificates

A statement of whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

Council is not aware of any site verification certificates applying to this land.

- a) The matter certified by the certificate, and Note: A site verification certificate sets out the Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land – see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.
- b) The date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- That a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

#### 20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the <u>Home</u> <u>Building Act 1989</u>) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

Not applicable

### 21. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- (2) A statement of:
  - a) Whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
  - b) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

Not applicable

#### (3) In this clause:

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017. Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

# CERTIFICATE 10.7(5) ISSUED PURSUANT TOTHE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

You are advised that at the date of this certificate the subject land is affected by the following matters:-

2	Information Requested	Reply		
a)	Is the land subject to a Tree Preservation Order?	No.		
b)	Has any development consent with respect to the land been granted within the previous five years?	No.		
c)	Any known non-compliance with matters relating to development approval?	No		
d)	Any known non-compliance on matters relating to, or delegated to Council and notices requiring work to be carried out in relation to building and/or health items?	A final inspection has not been carried out on Storage Shed the subject of Construction Certificate No. 57/06.		
e)	Any other known matter of which Council is aware that applies to the subject land?	Yes  *Mobile Garbage Bin No. J35488 has been issued to this property.  *The comments and information contained in this certificate relate to the property described in the section "Description of Land".  *The information contained in this certificate has been compiled from Council's records — no physical inspection of the property was carried out.		

The above information has been taken from the Council's records but Council cannot accept responsibility for any omission or inaccuracy.

Signed:

**MATTHEW CARLIN** 

**DIRECTOR OF HEALTH AND PLANNING** 

under delegation on behalf of the Shire of Wentworth

Contact:

T 03 5027 5027

E council@wentworth.nsw.gov.au

W wentworth.nsw.gov.au

26-28 Adelaide Street WENTWORTH NSW 2648 PO Box 81 WENTWORTH NSW 2648

ABN 96 283 886 815

### RU1 Primary Production Zone as at 16 December 2011

You are advised that as at the date of this Certificate the subject land is affected by the following matters:-

### (a) STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICIES

**No 21 - Caravan Parks** — Ensures that where caravan parks or camping grounds are permitted under an environmental planning instrument, movable dwellings, as defined in the Local Government Act 1993, are also permitted. The specific kinds of movable dwellings allowed under the Local Government Act in caravan parks and camping grounds are subject to the provisions of the Caravan Parks Regulation. The policy ensures that development consent is required for new caravan parks and camping grounds and for additional long-term sites in existing caravan parks. It also enables, with the council's consent, long-term sites in caravan parks to be subdivided by leases of up to 20 years.

No 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development — Provides new definitions for 'hazardous industry', 'hazardous storage establishment', 'offensive industry' and 'offensive storage establishment'. The definitions apply to all planning instruments, existing and future. The new definitions enable decisions to approve or refuse a development to be based on the merit of proposal. The consent authority must carefully consider the specifics of the case, the location and the way in which the proposed activity is to be carried out. The policy also requires specified matters to be considered for proposals that are 'potentially hazardous' or 'potentially offensive' as defined in the policy. For example, any application to carry out a potentially hazardous or potentially offensive development is to be advertised for public comment and applications to carry out potentially hazardous development must be supported by a preliminary hazard analysis (PHA). The policy does not change the role of councils as consent authorities, land zoning, or the designated development provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

No 36 - Manufactured Home Estates — Helps establish well-designed and properly serviced manufactured home estates (MHEs) in suitable locations. Affordability and security of tenure for residents are important aspects. The policy applies to Gosford, Wyong and all local government areas outside the Sydney Region. To enable the immediate development of estates, the policy allows MHEs to be located on certain land where caravan parks are permitted. There are however, criteria that a proposal must satisfy before the local council can approve development. The policy also permits, with consent, the subdivision of estates either by community title or by leases of up to 20 years. A section 117 direction issued in conjunction with the policy guides councils in preparing local environmental plans for MHEs, enabling them to be excluded from the policy.

**No 50 – Canal Estate Development** – Bans new canal estates from the date of gazettal (10th November 1997), to ensure coastal and aquatic environments are not affected by these developments.

**No 55 – Remediation of Land** – Introduces state-wide planning controls for the remediation of contaminated land. The policy states that land must not be developed if it is unsuitable for a proposed use because it is contaminated. If the land is unsuitable, remediation must take place before the land is developed. The policy makes remediation permissible across the State, defines when consent is required, requires all remediation to comply with standards, ensures land is investigated if contamination is suspected, and requires councils to be notified of all remediation proposals. To assist councils and developers, the Department, in conjunction with the Environment Protection Authority, has prepared Managing Land Contamination: Planning Guidelines.

**No 64 - Advertising and Signage** - Aims to ensure that outdoor advertising is compatible with the desired amenity and visual character of an area, provides effective communication in suitable locations and is of high quality design and finish. The SEPP was amended in August 2007 to permit and regulate outdoor advertising in transport corridors (e.g. freeways, tollways and rail corridors). The amended SEPP also aims to ensure that public benefits may be derived from advertising along and adjacent to transport corridors. <a href="Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising and Signage Guidelines">Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising and Signage Guidelines</a> (DOP July 2007) provides information on design criteria, road safety and public benefit requirements for SEPP 64 development applications.

**No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development** - Improves the design quality of residential apartment development across the state through the application of a series of design principles. The SEPP recognises that the design quality of residential apartment development is of significance for environmental planning for the State due to the economic, environmental, cultural and social benefits of high quality design. The SEPP operates to ensure that residential apartment development contributes to sustainable development of the state, achieves better built form and aesthetics of buildings and streetscapes, supports housing affordability for wide range of people, better satisfies the increasing demand, the changing social and demographic profile of the community, and maximises amenity, safety and security for the benefit of its occupants and the wider community. The SEPP facilitates timely and efficient assessment of applications for residential apartment development by providing a consistent policy framework and mechanism across the State. The policy provides for the establishment of design Review Panels to provide independent expert advice to councils on the merit of residential flat development.

**SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009** – Establishes a consistent planning regime for the provision of affordable rental housing The SEPP facilitates the effective delivery of new affordable rental housing by providing planning control incentives and expanding the role for not-for-profit-providers of affordable rental housing. The SEPP also establishes approaches to facilitate the retention and mitigate the loss of existing affordable rental housing. The SEPP aims to support local centres by providing housing for workers close to places of work, and facilitate development of housing for the homeless and other disadvantaged people.

**SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004** - This SEPP operates in conjunction with Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) Regulation 2004 to ensure the effective introduction of BASIX in NSW. The SEPP ensures consistency in the implementation of BASIX throughout the State by overriding competing provisions in other environmental planning instruments and development control plans and specifying that SEPP 1 does not apply in relation to any development standard arising under BASIX.

**SEPP (Concurrences) 2018** – Authorises the Planning Secretary to elect to act in place of a concurrence authority for the for the purposes of deciding whether to grant concurrence to a development if the concurrence authority fails to inform a consent authority of the decision concerning concurrence within the time allowed for doing so.

SEPP (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017 - Facilitates the effective delivery of educational establishments and early education and care facilities across the State. The SEPP improves regulatory certainty and efficiency for educational establishments and early education and care facilities through a consistent planning regime that simplifies and standardises planning approval pathways and establishes consistent State-wide assessment requirements and design considerations for these developments. The policy provides for the consultation with relevant public authorities during the assessment process or prior to development commencing for educational establishments and early education and care facilities. The SEPP also aligns the NSW planning framework with the National Quality Framework for early education and care services to enable proponents and consent authorities ensure that new developments or modified premises meet the applicable requirements of the National Quality Framework for the services. The policy supports joint and shared use of the facilities of educational establishments with the community through appropriate design.

**SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008** - Streamlines assessment processes for development that complies with specified development standards. The policy provides exempt and complying development codes that have State-wide application, identifying, in the General Exempt Development Code, types of development that are of minimal environmental impact that may be carried out without the need for development consent; and, in the General Housing Code, types of complying development that may be carried out in accordance with a complying development certificate as defined in the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

**SEPP** (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 – Encourages the provision of adequate, diverse and high quality housing for aged persons and people with disabilities. The SEPP achieves its aims by overriding local planning controls that would prevent the development of housing for seniors or people with a disability and setting out design principles to achieving built form that is in keeping with the site and local neighbourhood.

**SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007** - Provides a consistent planning regime for infrastructure and the provision of services across NSW, along with providing for consultation with relevant public authorities during the assessment process. The SEPP supports greater flexibility in the location of infrastructure and service facilities along with improved regulatory certainty and efficiency. More details about the SEPP, including a guide, are available at <a href="https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au">www.planning.nsw.gov.au</a>.

**SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007** – Provides for the proper management and development of mineral, petroleum and extractive material resources for the social and economic welfare of the State. This Policy establishes appropriate planning controls to encourage ecologically sustainable development.

**SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007** - Permits the erection of temporary structures with development consent across the state. The SEPP aims to ensure the safety of persons using temporary structures and protect the environment at the location, and in the vicinity, of temporary structures by specifying relevant matters for consideration.

**SEPP (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019** - Facilitates the orderly and economic use and development of lands for primary production. The aims to reduce land use conflict and sterilisation of rural land by balancing primary production, residential development and the protection of native vegetation, biodiversity and water resources. The SEPP encourages sustainable aquaculture and outlines the criteria for categorising aquaculture as designated development. The SEPP identifies State significant agricultural land, simplifies the regulatory process for water supply in irrigation areas and districts and sets out the considerations for assessing the impact of all proposed development oyster aquaculture.

**SEPP (State and Regional Development) 2011** – Identifies and declares development as a State significant development, State significant infrastructure, critical State significant infrastructure or regionally significant development based on a number of factors including location, purpose and capital investment value etc.

**SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005** - Facilitates the orderly development, redevelopment or protection of important urban, coastal and regional sites of economic, environmental or social significance to the State for the benefit of the state. The SEPP aims to facilitate service delivery outcomes for a range of public services, the development of major sites for a public purpose and redevelopment of major sites no longer appropriate or suitable for public purposes.

**SEPP (Urban Renewal) 2010** - Establishes the process for assessing and identifying sites as urban renewal precincts and facilitates the orderly and economic development and redevelopment of sites in and around such precincts. The SEPP aims to facilitate delivery of the objectives of any applicable government State, regional or metropolitan strategies connected with the renewal of urban areas that are accessible by public transport.

**SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017** - Protects the biodiversity values of trees and other vegetation in non-rural areas of the State. The SEPP aims to preserve the amenity of non-rural areas through the preservation of trees and other vegetation. The policy establishes the approval pathways for clearing in non-rural areas.

**SEPP (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019** – Encourages the conservation and management of areas of natural vegetation that provide habitat for koalas to support a permanent free-living population over their present range and reverse the current trend of koala population decline. The policy provides the state-wide approach needed to enable appropriate development to continue, while ensuring there is ongoing protection of koalas and their habitat. Local councils must ensure approvals for development on a land affected by this policy is consistent with the approved koala plan of management for the land. If there is no approved koala plan of management for a land affected by the policy, local councils must consider requirements of the koala habitat protection guideline or information prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced person in accordance with the guideline before approving development on the land.

### (b) REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLANS

**Willandra Lakes REP No 1 – World Heritage Property** - Applies to the Willandra Lakes Region in the Shires of Wentworth and Balranald. The purpose of the plans is to protect, conserve and manage this World Heritage Property in accordance with any strategic plan of management. The plan also aims to provide a process of consultation with stakeholders on development and related decisions.

Murray REP 2 - Riverine Land - Ensures the river and its floodplain are able to support a range of productive land uses. The plan coordinates planning along the Murray River and the implementation of planning related aspects of the Murray Darling Basin Commission strategies. It simplifies the consultation process between agencies and councils established in REP No. 1. It also promotes consistency between NSW and Victoria planning in relation to the river and its floodplain.

### (c) LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLANS – RU1 PRIMARY PRODUCTION ZONE

### 1 Objectives of zone

- To encourage sustainable primary industry production by maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base.
- To encourage diversity in primary industry enterprises and systems appropriate for the area.
- To minimise the fragmentation and alienation of resource lands.
- To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
- To ensure the protection of both mixed dryland and irrigation agricultural land uses that together form the distinctive rural character of Wentworth.
- To ensure land is available for intensive plant agricultural activities.
- To encourage diversity and promote employment opportunities related to primary industry enterprises, including those that require smaller holdings or are more intensive in nature.

### 2 Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works; Extensive agriculture; Farm buildings; Forestry; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home occupations; Intensive plant agriculture; Roads; Water reticulation systems

#### 3 Permitted with consent

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Animal boarding or training establishments; Aquaculture; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Camping grounds; Cellar door premises: Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Community facilities; Correctional centres; Depots; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist

facilities; Educational establishments; Environmental facilities; Extractive industries; Farm stay accommodation; Freight transport facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Home industries; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial training facilities; Information and education facilities; Intensive livestock agriculture; Jetties; Landscaping material supplies; Moorings; Offensive industries; Open cut mining; Plant nurseries; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Research stations; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Sewerage systems; Veterinary hospitals; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems

### 4 Prohibited

Dual occupancies (detached); Schools; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3



WORTH THE DRIVE

26-28 Adelaide Street WENTWORTH NSW PO Box 81 WENTWORTH NSW 2648 T 03 5027 5027

E council@wentworth.nsw.gov.au W wentworth.nsw.gov.au

ABN 96 283 886 815

# **CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 603 LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1993.**

**INFOTRACK GPO BOX 4029** SYDNEY NSW 2001

Certificate No.:

4278

Your Reference: 214283

Receipt No.:

224681

Date of Issue:

20/09/2021

Applicant Phone: 1800738524

Applicant Fax:

1800738533

### PROPERTY DETAILS

Assessment No.:

01726-10000000-000

Property Address:

14 YANCO ROAD, COOMEALLA NSW 2717

Real Property Description: L2 DP 1087658

PARISH MOURQUONG

Parish:

Valuation Date of Effect:

1/07/2019

Rateable Value:

Land Area:

4739 m<sup>2</sup>

**Current Ownership:** 

BARRY THOMAS ECCLES

PO BOX 309, DARETON NSW 2717

### RATE POSITION 2021/2022

		Rates And Charges		
		Debit	Credit	Balance
01-07-2021	Levies			
То	General	\$364.91		
30-06-2022	Water	\$225.00		
	Garbage	\$300.00		
	Total Levies	\$889.91		\$889.91

Total Rates and Charges Outstanding \$889.91

### **OUTSTANDING INSTALMENT BALANCES**

1st instalment due 31-08-2021 \$223.91 2nd instalment due 30-11-2021 \$222.00 3rd instalment due 28-02-2022 \$222.00 4th instalment due 31-05-2022 \$222.00

### WENTWORTH SHIRE BANK ACCOUNT DETAILS;

BSB:

633-000

ACCOUNT: 108992090

Please forward a remittance advice and use the below reference to enable identifictation on Council's

bank statement: Ref: 603 1726 1

Ver. 201602

DAILY INTEREST IS ACCRUING ON ANY ARREARS OF RATES AND EXCESS WATER. PENSION REBATE IS CHARGED BACK TO THE PROPERTY ON A PRO-RATA BASIS. RATING YEAR FROM 1ST JULY 2021 TO 30TH JUNE 2022.

After the issue of this certificate Council may be prepared to provide up to date oral information to the Applicant, but if it does Council accepts no responsibility for the accuracy of the oral information given and no council employee is authorised to bind Council by giving such information.

KEN ROSS

GENERAL MANAGER

# NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES

## CENTRAL REGISTER OF RESTRICTIONS

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED

APPLN NO: 2738978 ISSUED: 17/9/2021 2:52 PM

YOUR REFERENCE: 214283 PAGE 1

CERTIFICATE

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REFERENCE: 2/1087658

LGA: WENTWORTH

PARISH: MOURQUONG COUNTY: WENTWORTH

NO. OF AUTHORITIES INQUIRED OF: 1

THE FOLLOWING AUTHORITIES HAVE NO INTEREST IN THIS PROPERTY:

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

NO PRESENT INTEREST IN THE ACQUISITION OF THE ABOVEMENTIONED LAND.

REGISTRAR GENERAL

\*\*\*\*\* END OF CERTIFICATE \*\*\*\*\*

APPLICANTS SHOULD SATISFY THEMSELVES AS TO THE CORRECTNESS OF THE LAND DESCRIPTION (INCLUDING PARISH/COUNTY) RECORDED HEREON AGAINST WHICH THIS INQUIRY HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN.

# NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES

### CENTRAL REGISTER OF RESTRICTIONS

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED

APPLN NO: 2738980 ISSUED: 17/9/2021 2:52 PM

YOUR REFERENCE: 214283 PAGE 1

CERTIFICATE

LGA: WENTWORTH

REFERENCE: 2/1087658

PARISH: MOURQUONG COUNTY: WENTWORTH

NO. OF AUTHORITIES INQUIRED OF: 1

THE FOLLOWING AUTHORITIES HAVE NO INTEREST IN THIS PROPERTY:

### **ESSENTIAL ENERGY**

ESSENTIAL ENERGY HAS NO PRESENT PROPOSALS WHICH WILL GIVE RISE TO ACQUIRING THE ABOVEMENTIONED LAND OR ACQUIRING A RIGHT OR INTEREST IN THE ABOVE MENTIONED LAND.

REGISTRAR GENERAL

\*\*\*\*\* END OF CERTIFICATE \*\*\*\*\*

APPLICANTS SHOULD SATISFY THEMSELVES AS TO THE CORRECTNESS OF THE LAND DESCRIPTION (INCLUDING PARISH/COUNTY) RECORDED HEREON AGAINST WHICH THIS INQUIRY HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN.

## NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES

### CENTRAL REGISTER OF RESTRICTIONS

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED

APPLN NO: 2738979 ISSUED: 17/9/2021 2:52 PM

YOUR REFERENCE: 214283 PAGE 1

CERTIFICATE

REFERENCE: 2/1087658

LGA: WENTWORTH

PARISH: MOURQUONG COUNTY: WENTWORTH

NO. OF AUTHORITIES INQUIRED OF: 1

THE FOLLOWING AUTHORITIES HAVE NO INTEREST IN THIS PROPERTY:

TRANSPORT FOR NSW (ROADS) (FORMERLY KNOWN AS RMS) WAGGA WAGGA OFFICE TRANSPORT FOR NSW (ROADS) (FORMERLY KNOWN AS ROADS AND MARITIME SERVICES OF NEW SOUTH WALES) HAS NO CURRENT PROPOSAL TO ACQUIRE ANY INTEREST IN THE LAND SUBJECT OF THIS APPLICATION.

REGISTRAR GENERAL

\*\*\*\*\* END OF CERTIFICATE \*\*\*\*\*

APPLICANTS SHOULD SATISFY THEMSELVES AS TO THE CORRECTNESS OF THE LAND DESCRIPTION (INCLUDING PARISH/COUNTY) RECORDED HEREON AGAINST WHICH THIS INQUIRY HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN.



Enquiry ID
Agent ID
Issue Date
Correspondence ID
Your reference

3568267 81429403 17 Sep 2021 1733390908 214283

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED DX Box 578 SYDNEY

Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act, 1956.

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID

Land address

Taxable land value

D1087658/2

14 YANCO RD COOMEALLA 2717

**NOT AVAILABLE** 

There is no land tax (including surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2021 tax year.

Yours sincerely,

Scott Johnston

Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

### Important information

#### Who is protected by a clearance certificate?

A clearance certificate states whether there is any land tax (including surcharge land tax) owing on a property. The certificate protects a purchaser from outstanding land tax liability by a previous owner, however it does not provide protection to the owner of the land.

### When is a certificate clear from land tax?

A certificate may be issued as 'clear' if:

- the land is not liable or is exempt from land tax
- the land tax has been paid
- Revenue NSW is satisfied payment of the tax is not at risk, or
- the owner of the land failed to lodge a land tax return when it was due, and the liability was not detected at the time the certificate was issued.

**Note:** A clear certificate does not mean that land tax was not payable, or that there is no land tax adjustment to be made on settlement if the contract for sale allows for it.

#### When is a certificate not clear from land tax?

Under section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act 1956, land tax is a charge on land owned in NSW at midnight on 31 December of each year. The charge applies from the taxing date and does not depend on the issue of a land tax assessment notice. Land tax is an annual tax so a new charge may occur on the taxing date each year.

#### How do I clear a certificate?

A charge is removed for this property when the outstanding land tax amount is processed and paid in full. Payment can be made during settlement via an accepted Electronic Lodgement Network or at an approved settlement room.

To determine the land tax amount payable, you must use one of the following approved supporting documents:

- Current year land tax assessment notice. This can only be used if the settlement date is no later than the first instalment date listed on the notice. If payment is made after this date interest may apply.
- Clearance quote or settlement letter which shows the amount to clear.

The charge on the land will be considered removed upon payment of the amount shown on these documents

#### How do I get an updated certificate?

A certificate can be updated by re-processing the certificate through your Client Service Provider (CSP), or online at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

Please allow sufficient time for any payment to be processed prior to requesting a new version of the clearance certificate.

#### Land value, tax rates and thresholds

The taxable land value shown on the clearance certificate is the value used by Revenue NSW when assessing land tax. Details on land tax rates and thresholds are available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

#### Contact details



Read more about Land Tax and use our online servce at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au



1300 139 816\*



Phone enquiries 8:30 am - 5:00 pm, Mon. to Fri.

\* Overseas customers call +61 2 7808 6906 Help in community languages is available.