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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM Vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM		NSW DAN: Phone: Fax: Ref:	
Co-agent Vendor				
Vendor's solicitor			Phone: Fax: Ref:	
Date for completion Land (address, plan details and title reference)			Nei.	
	VACANT POSSESS	SION subject to exist	ing tenancies	
Improvements	HOUSE garage	e carport home of	unit carspace	storage space
Attached copies	none other: documents in the List o other documents:	of Documents as marked o	r numbered:	
	s permitted by legislation			
Inclusions	blinds built-in wardrobes clothes line curtains	dishwasher fixed floor coverings insect screens other:	light fittings range hood solar panels	stove pool equipment TV antenna
Exclusions Purchaser	curtains	outer.		
Purchaser's solicitor				
Price	\$			
Deposit	\$		(10% of the price,	unless otherwise stated)
Balance	\$			
Contract date		(if r	not stated, the date	this contract was made)
Buyer's agent			Phone: Fax: Ref:	
Vendor		GST AMOUNT (optional The price includes GST of: \$	l)	Witness
Purchaser JOINT	TENANTS tenants in o	common in unequal sl	nares	Witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a *deposit-bond* (clause 3) NO yes

Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30)

Electronic transaction (clause 30) no YES

(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or serve within 14 days of the contract date):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable NO yes

GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))

by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))

GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325

GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)

NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice within 14 days of the contract date.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) - further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment. \$

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW rate (residential withholding rate):\$

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General

- 1 property certificate for the land
- 2 plan of the land
- 3 unregistered plan of the land
- 4 plan of land to be subdivided
- 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan
- 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)
- 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)
- 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)
- 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract
- 11 planning agreement
- 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)
- 13 survey report
- 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under *legislation*
- 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)
- 16 other document relevant to tenancies
- 17 licence benefiting the land
- 18 old system document
- 19 Crown purchase statement of account
- 20 building management statement
- 21 form of requisitions
- 22 clearance certificate
- 23 land tax certificate

Home Building Act 1989

- 24 insurance certificate
- 25 brochure or warning
- 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover

Swimming Pools Act 1992

- 27 certificate of compliance
- 28 evidence of registration
- 29 relevant occupation certificate
- 30 certificate of non-compliance
- 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance

Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)

- 32 property certificate for strata common property
- 33 plan creating strata common property
- 34 strata by-laws
- 35 strata development contract or statement
- 36 strata management statement
- 37 strata renewal proposal
- 38 strata renewal plan
- 39 leasehold strata lease of lot and common property
- 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
- 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
- 42 neighbourhood development contract
- 43 neighbourhood management statement
- 44 property certificate for precinct property
- 45 plan creating precinct property
- 46 precinct development contract
- 47 precinct management statement
- 48 property certificate for community property
- 49 plan creating community property
- 50 community development contract
- 51 community management statement
- 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
- 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
- 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
- 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
- 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
- 57 disclosure statement off the plan contract
- 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract

Other

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HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS - Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSV

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications

Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment date

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers clearance certificate

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under \$14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition GST rate

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning;

serve in writing on the other party; serve

an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this solicitor

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach:

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and within

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent work order

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

requisition

rescind

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor-
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum; any
- 10.1.8 easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows—
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable
 - value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it. 26.2
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1. 26.4

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under legislation or a planning agreement.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to 27.2 transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- If consent is refused, either party can rescind. 27.4
- If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a party, then that 27.5 party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can 27.6.1
 - within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -27.7
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.

 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the 27.8 later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice granting consent to transfer.

Unregistered plan 28

- This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan. 28.1
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, 28.2 with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -28.3
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can rescind, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any legislation governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 **Conditional contract**

- This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event. 29.1
- If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date. 29.2
- If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party. 29.3
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially 29.6 disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a party who has the 29.7.2 benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the hominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time;
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 30.10.1 populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the 30.10.3 electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace
 - payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and 30.11.2
- 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply. If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of 30.13.1 mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title

the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be completion time

settled;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; conveyancing rules

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose discharging mortgagee

provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and electronic document

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be electronic transfer

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the *parties' Conveyancing Transaction*;

Land – 2019 edition

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. If either party is unable or unwilling to complete by the completion date, the other party shall be entitled at any time after the completion date to serve a notice to complete making the time for completion essential. Such a notice shall give not less that 14 days' notice after the date immediately following the day on which that notice is received by the recipient of the notice. A notice to complete of such duration is considered by the parties to be reasonable and sufficient to render the time for completion essential.
- 2. If the Vendor or the Purchaser or any one or more of them shall
 - (a) die
 - (b) become mentally incapacitated
 - (c) assign his estate for the benefit of creditors, or being a Company goes into liquidation prior to completion of this Contract

either party may by notice in writing to the other party's Solicitor rescind this Contract whereupon the provisions of Clause 19 hereof shall apply.

- 3. Should the Purchaser become entitled to rescind this contract for the breach of warranty in clause 1(d) of Schedule 3, Part 1 of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2019, the Vendor shall also be entitled to rescind the Contract provided such right is exercised before the Purchaser has served his notice of recission.
- 4. If the Purchaser shall not complete this purchase by the completion date, without default by the Vendor, the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated at ten per cent (10%) interest on the balance purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the completion date to the day on which this sale shall be completed. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings. Despite clause 14, adjustments are to be made as at the time for completion specified in the Contract.
- 5. The Purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the Vendor or to the property by or through any Agent other than the one named as the Vendor's Agent and did not learn that the property was for sale through any other Agent and agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against any claim, action or demand by any Agent other than the one stipulated in this Contract. It is expressly agreed that this warranty and indemnity shall not extend to any claim made upon the Vendor as a consequence of any sole agency agreement signed by the Vendor. This clause shall not merge on completion.
- 6. The printed conditions of this Contract are amended by deleting clause 7.1.1.
- 7. In the event that the Vendor requires a release of the deposit paid herein for any of the following reasons:
 - a) to pay the deposit for the purchase of another property;
 - b) to pay the Stamp Duty on the Agreement for Sale of Land for the purchase of another property; or
 - c) to pay the balance of purchase moneys for the purchase of another property;

then the Purchaser herein agrees to release so much of the deposit as is required by the Vendor on the request of the representative of the Vendor without delay, and the Purchaser herein authorises his solicitor to provide the Vendor's representative with a letter addressed to the Vendor's agent (if any) when requested by the Vendor's representative to authorise the release of such deposit.

CHRISTMAS PERIOD

8. Notwithstanding any other term or condition herein neither party to this Contract shall be entitled to call for completion of this Contract during the period commencing 5.00 pm Wednesday 22nd December 2021 and expiring on 5.00 pm Monday 10th January 2022. For the avoidance of doubt during this period interest pursuant to Special Condition 4 will not accrue and neither party will be entitled to issue a Notice to Complete.



Order number: 70740531 Your Reference: Thoroughgood 07/10/21 18:23



NSW LRS - Title Search

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 5/SP71417

 SEARCH DATE
 TIME
 EDITION NO
 DATE

 ---- ---- ---

 7/10/2021
 6:23 PM
 5
 8/9/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION.

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 71417 AT OAK FLATS

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHELLHARBOUR

FIRST SCHEDULE

NICOLE RENEE THOROUGHGOOD

(T AH822616)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP71417
- 2 AH822617 MORTGAGE TO WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



Order number: 70740896 Your Reference: Thoroughgood 07/10/21 18:40



NSW LRS - Title Search

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP71417

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE ------7/10/2021 6:40 PM 2 10/7/2018

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 71417 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT OAK FLATS LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHELLHARBOUR PARISH OF TERRAGONG COUNTY OF CAMDEN TITLE DIAGRAM SP71417

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 71417 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 149-151 CENTRAL AVENUE OAK FLATS 2529

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

- RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 DP800385 EASEMENT FOR SEWERAGE PURPOSES OVER EXISTING LINE OF PIPES AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- AN417872 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS AN417872 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED 3

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 100)

STRATA PLAN 71417

LOT ENT LOT ENT 1 - 20 2 - 20 LOT ENT LOT ENT 3 - 20 4 - 20 5 - 20

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 7/10/2021

STRATA PLAN FORM 1 *the strata plan/strata plan of subdivision is part of a development scheme. The 'council' occredited certifier is satisfied Moil the plan is consistent with any applicable conditions of any development consent and that the plan gives effect to the strage of the strata development contract to which it relates. have been complied with, approves of the proposed:
*strata plan a relevant development consent in force, and that oil conditions of the development consent that by its terms are required to be compiled with before a strata certificate may be issued, have been compiled with *The Accredited Certifier is satisfied that the building complies with a relevant development consent/in force that allows the encroachment. *The Council does not object to the engloachment of the building beyond the alignment of illustrated in the annexure to this certificate. STRATA CERTIFICATE *Residential Model By-laws adopted for this scheme Keeping of Animals: Option \(\chi/\S\) \\ Sehedule of \(\text{By-laws in sheets-filed with plane)} a surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act 1929, hereby certify that: of G.A.GOODMAN SURVEYS PTY, LIMITED P.O.BOX 353, WARILLA 2528 3 (1) each applicable requirement of "Schedule 1A to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 or "Schedule 1A—
1o the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Bevelopment) Act 1986— (2) (a) the building encroaches on a public place; THIS IS SHEET 1 OF MY PLAN IN 3 SHEETS. *Delete if inapplicable. +State whether dealing or plan, and quote registered number. ROBERT VAN DER ZYPEN is to be created under section 880 of the Conveyoncing the survey information recorded in the location plan is accurate. has been met; Act 1919. *(b) the building encroaches on land (alber than a public place), in respect of which energathment an appropriate has been created by +. SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE Signature:.. WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION npanying Name of, and *address fo services of notices on, the owners corporation *Address required on original strata plan only. PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN D.P. 1060714 Parish: TERRAGONG LGA: SHELLHARBOUR. 충호 THE ÖWNERS
STRATA PLAN No. 71417
No. 149-151 CENTRAL AVENUE,
OAK FLATS, N.S.W., 2529. FOR LOCATION PLAN SEE County: CAMDEN Suburb/Locality: OAK FLATS. Lengths are in metres SHEET 2 Registered: Last Plan: DP 1060714 Ref. Map: Purpose: STRATA PLAN W8270-4# 88 20:10:2003 OFFICE USE ONLY

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

*Strike out whichever is inapplicable No By laws apply

sheets-filed with plan

UNIT ENTITLEMENT

20

20 20 20 20

100

SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: 107918 SP (CHECKLIST)

Slikedi aus Bloti

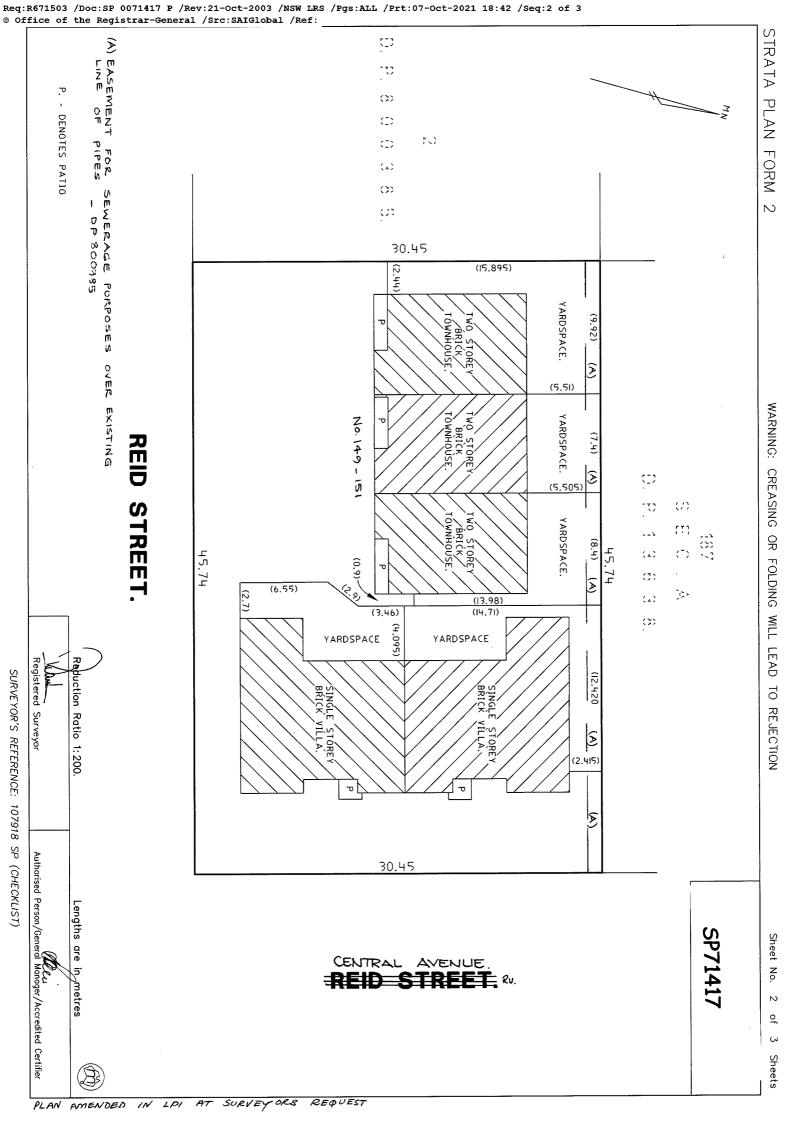
Signatures, seals and statements of intention to create easements, restrictions on the use of land or positive covenants.

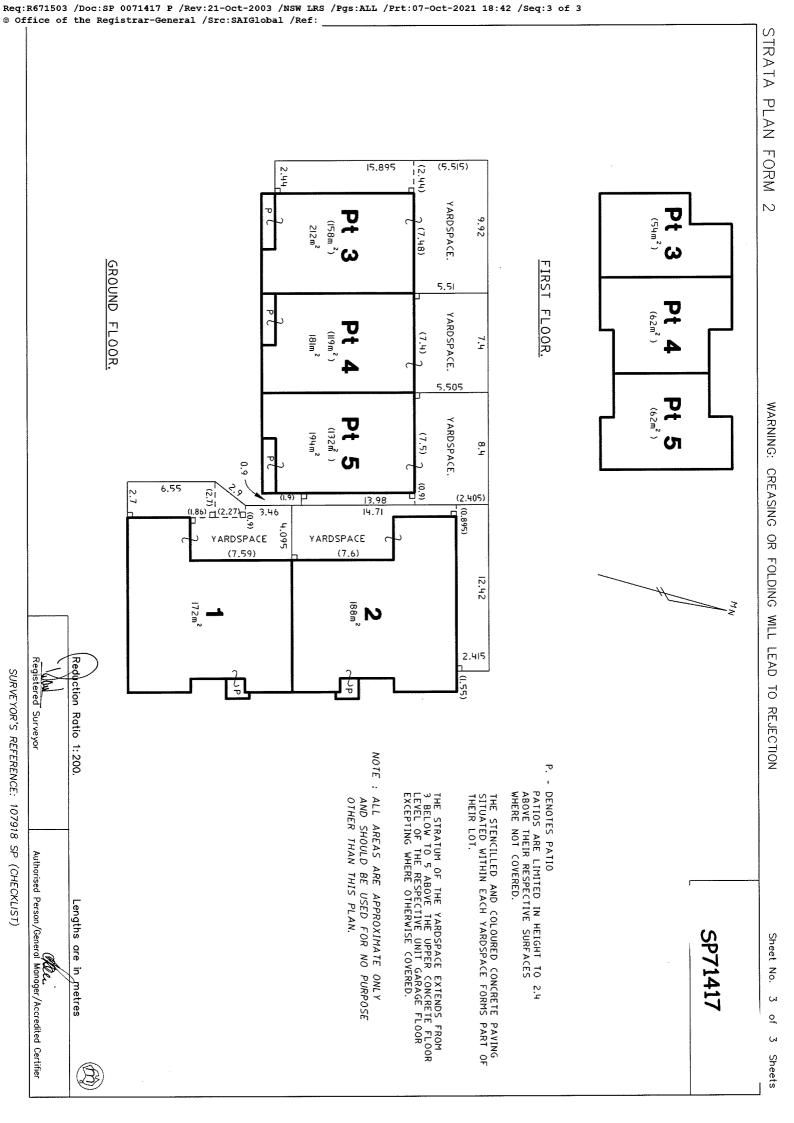
Neathria Joseinaea Michelle Anne Suominen 20/1 MARKET STREET SYDNEY who is personally known to me.

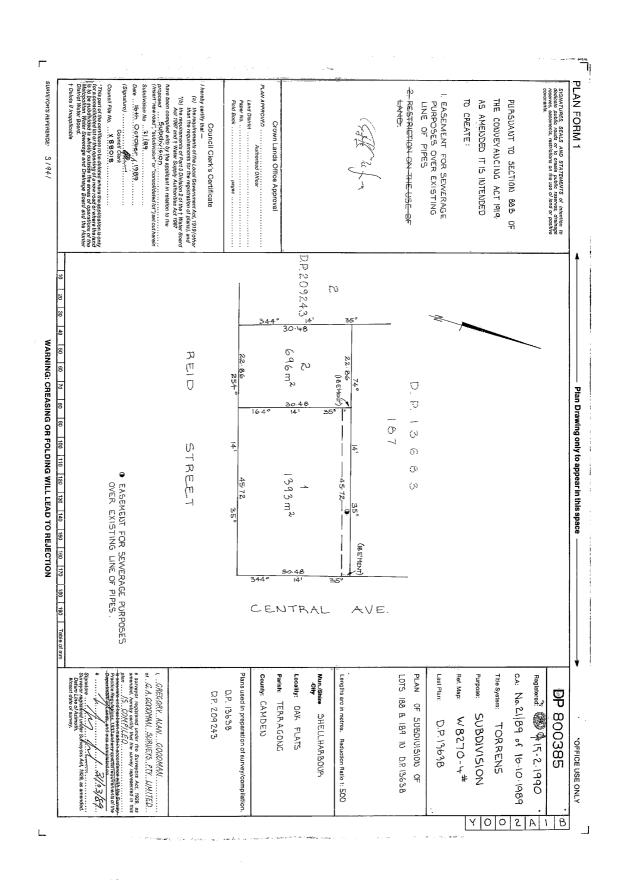
and I, the said Attorney state that I have not received any notice of the revocation of the Payor of Attorney as Book about No. \$78 jinder which this document as Book about No. \$78 jinder which this document where the executed.

ACTHOG MANAGER SECURITIES FOR THE TIME EDITION OF AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROULD HIMTED の時間には

BANK OFFICER







record of a document in the custody of the Registrar General this day. 19th FEBRUARY, 1990

This negative is a photograph made as a permanent

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERKS OF ENSEMBNTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER

(Sheet 1 of 2 sheets)

PART 1

PASOCSAS

Subdivision of Lots 188 and 189 Section A Deposited Plan No. 13638 in the Wuntcipality of Shellharbour Parish of Terragong and County of Camden covered by Council Clerk's Carrificate No. 21/89

Pull name and address of Hegistered Proprietor of the land:

GEORGE HENRY CHAPTER of 151 Central Avenue, oak Flats.

Identity of Easement
firstly referred to
in abovementioned
Plan

Easement for Sewerage purposes over existing line of pipes.

12

Schedule of Lots etc. affected

Lots Burdened:

Lots or Hame of Authority Benefited:

Terms of Easement firstly referred to in the abovementioned Plan.

pipes in replacement or in substitution therefor and together with the right for within the servien"; tenement for the purpose of draining sewage or any pipe or right to use, for the purpose of the easement, any line of pipes already laid and through the land herein indicated as the servient tenement, together with the pipes to drain sewage and other waste material and fluid in any quantities across every person authorised by him, from time to time and at all times by means of or any part thereof with which the right shall be capable of enjoyment, and or interest in possession in the land herein indicated as the dominant tenement Full and free right for every person who is at any time entitled to an estate

REGISTERED

15-2-1990

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF MASMEMTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER.

INTENDED TO BE CREATED FURSIONAL TO SECTION 888 OF THE CONMENSACING ACT 1915.

(Sheet 2 of 2 sheets)

Plan DP800385

Subdivision of Lots 188 and 189 Section A Degosited Plan No. 13638 in the Municipality of Shellharbour Parish of Terragong and County of Cadan covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. 21|89

PART 2 (continued)

that surface as nearly as practicable to its original condition and this easement disturbance as possible to the surface of the servient tenement and will restore authorised by him will take all reasonable precautions to ensure as little to such extent as may be recessary provided that the grantee and the persons and for any of the aforesaid purposes to open the soil of the servient tenement eleansing, repairing, maintaining or renewing such pipe line or any part thereof to remain there for any reasonable time for the purpose of laying, inspecting, the grantee and every person authorised by him with any tools, implements, or shall not be released varied or modified without the consent of the Water Board. machinery, necessary for the purpose, to enter upon the servicent tenement and

5

the prior consent in writing of the Water Board first had and obtained nor No building or other structure shall be erected, constructed or placed on the land shown as Easument for Sowerage purposes over existing line of pipes without and this restriction shall not be released varied or modified without the consent of otherwise than in strict compliance with such conditions as the said Board may impose

SIGHED in my prosence by GEORGE HENRY CHAPER who is personally known to me:

Mitness Witness

REGISTERED (15-2-1990

Registrar General this day. record of a document in the custody of the This negative is a photograph made as a permanent 19th FEBRUARY,

30

40

60 70 Table of mm | 110 120 130 140

Req:R671507 /Doc:DL AN417872 /Rev:11-Jul-2018 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:07-Oct-2021 18:42 /Seq:1 of 11 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:SAIGlobal /Ref:

Form: 15CH = • Release: 2 1

For the common property

CP/SP71417

Document

Collection

(A) TORRENS TITLE

LODGED BY

CONSOLIDATION/ **CHANGE OF BY-LAWS**

New South Wales

Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900



CODE

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any

	Collection Box LLPN: SAI GLOBAL Property DX 885 SYDNEY 124247U 02 9210 0700 Reference: 71255449 BALLY	СH	e 28/6
(C) (D)	The Owners-Strata Plan No. 71417 certify that a special resolution was passed on 16 February pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were	2018	آلام
(E)	follows— Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE Added by-law No. Special By Law 1		29
	Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE		*
	as fully set out below:		7
	See annexure "A" attached		المحال
	2 8 JUN 2017.		20
	TIME: 332	ا ا	DHEUD
			C 600
			3
(F)	A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change rendered is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure "B".	eferred to at	9
(G)	the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the	esence of e seal:	らて
	Signature:		٠,
	Name: Roy Christopher Darby Authority: Strata Managing Agent		H
	Signature: Signature: Seal		
	Name:	J.	
	Authority:		
	ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS. 1705 Page 1 of 11		

Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

*the original proprietor owns all of the lets in the strata cohomo and any purchaser under an-

exchanged contract for the purchase of a let in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing

-being lodged with this certificate.

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 71417. was affixed on ^ 11 May 2015 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal.

Signature: Name: Roy Christopher Ourby Authority. Shota Managing Agent

÷



[^] Insert appropriate date

^{*} Strike through if inapplicable.

"A"

Special By Law 1 - Common Property Memorandum

Owners corporation responsibilities for maintenance, repair or replacement

1 Doloony and	(a) columns and railings
1. Balcony and	(a) columns and railings
courtyards	(b) doors, windows and walls (unless the plan was registered
	before 1 July 1974 – refer to the registered strata plan) (c) balcony ceilings (including painting)
	(d) security doors, other than those installed by an owner after
	registration of the strata plan
	(e) original tiles and associated waterproofing, affixed at the time
	of registration of the strata plan
	(f) common wall fencing, shown as a thick line on the strata plan
	(g) dividing fences on a boundary of the strata parcel that adjoin
	neighbouring land
	(h) awnings within common property outside the cubic space of a
	balcony or courtyard
	(i) walls of planter boxes shown by a thick line on the strata plan
	(j) that part of a tree which exists within common property
2. Ceiling/Roof	(a) false ceilings installed at the time of registration of the strata
	plan (other than painting, which shall be the lot owner's
	responsibility)
	(b) plastered ceilings and vermiculite ceilings (other than painting,
	which shall be the lot owner's responsibility)
	(c) guttering
	(d) membranes
3. Electrical	(a) air conditioning systems serving more than one lot
	(b) automatic garage door opener, other than those installed by an
	owner after the registration of the strata plan and not including
	any related remote controller
	(c) fuses and fuse board in meter room
	(d) intercom handset and wiring serving more than one lot
	(e) electrical wiring serving more than one lot
	(f) light fittings serving more than one lot
	(g) power point sockets serving more than one lot
	(h) smoke detectors whether connected to the fire board in the
	building or not (and other fire safety equipment subject to the
	regulations made under Environmental Planning and
	Assessment Act 1979)
	(i) telephone, television, internet and cable wiring within common
	property walls (i) television aerial satallite dish or cable or internet wiring
	(j) television aerial, satellite dish, or cable or internet wiring serving more than one lot, regardless of whether it is contained
	within any lot or on common property
	(k) lifts and lift operating systems
4 10 4	
4. Entrance door	(a) original door lock or its subsequent replacement
<u> </u>	(b) entrance door to a lot including all door furniture and automatic

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	closer (c) security doors, other than those installed by an owner after registration of the strata plan
5. Floor	 (a) original floorboards or parquetry flooring affixed to common property floors (b) mezzanines and stairs within lots, if shown as a separate level in the strata plan (c) original floor tiles and associated waterproofing affixed to common property floors at the time of registration of the strata plan (d) sound proofing floor base (eg magnesite), but not including any sound proofing installed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan
6. General	 (a) common property walls (b) the slab dividing two storeys of the same lot, or one storey from an open space roof area eg. a townhouse or villa (unless the plan was registered before 1 July 1974 – refer to the registered strata plan) (c) any door in a common property wall (including all original door furniture) (d) skirting boards, architraves and cornices on common property walls (other than painting which shall be the lot owner's responsibility) (e) original tiles and associated waterproofing affixed to the common property walls at the time of registration of the strata plan (f) ducting cover or structure covering a service that serves more than one lot or the common property (g) ducting for the purposes of carrying pipes servicing more than one lot (h) exhaust fans outside the lot (i) hot water service located outside of the boundary of any lot or where that service serves more than one lot (j) letter boxes within common property (k) swimming pool and associated equipment (l) gym equipment
7. Parking / Garage	 (a) carports, other than those within the cubic space of a lot and referred to in the strata plan, or which have been installed by an owner after registration of the strata plan (b) electric garage door opener (motor and device) including automatic opening mechanism which serves more than one lot (c) garage doors, hinge mechanism and lock, if shown by a thick line on the strata plan or if outside the cubic space of the lot (d) mesh between parking spaces, if shown by a thick line on the strata plan
8. Plumbing	 (a) floor drain or sewer in common property (b) pipes within common property wall, floor or ceiling (c) main stopcock to unit

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	(d) storm water and on-site detention systems below ground
9. Windows	 (a) windows in common property walls, including window furniture, sash cord and window seal (b) insect-screens, other than those installed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan (c) original lock or other lock if subsequently replacement by the owners corporation

Lot owner responsibilities for maintenance, repair or replacement

1. Balcony and courtyards	 (a) awnings, decks, pergola, privacy screen, louvres, retaining walls, planter walls, steps or other structures within the cubic space of a balcony or courtyard and not shown as common property on the strata plan (b) that part of a tree within the cubic space of a lot
2. Ceiling/Roof	(a) false ceilings inside the lot installed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan
3. Electrical	 (a) air conditioning systems, whether inside or outside of a lot, which serve only that lot (b) fuses and fuse boards within the lot and serving only that lot (c) in-sink food waste disposal systems and water filtration systems (d) electrical wiring in non-common property walls within a lot and serving only that lot (e) light fittings, light switches and power point sockets within the lot serving only that lot (f) telephone, television, internet and cable wiring within non-common property walls and serving only that lot (g) telephone, television, internet and cable service and connection sockets (h) intercom handsets serving one lot and associated wiring located within non-common walls
4. Entrance door	 (a) door locks additional to the original lock (or subsequent replacement of the original lock) (b) keys, security cards and access passes
5. Floor	 (a) floor tiles and any associated waterproofing affixed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan (b) lacquer and staining on surface of floorboards or parquetry flooring (c) internal carpeting and floor coverings, unfixed floating floors (d) mezzanines and stairs within lots that are not shown or referred to in the strata plan
6. General	 (a) internal (non-common property) walls (b) paintwork inside the lot (including ceiling and entrance door) (c) built-in wardrobes, cupboards, shelving (d) dishwasher

	 (e) stove (f) washing machine and clothes dryer (g) hot water service exclusive to a single lot (whether inside or outside of the cubic space of that lot) (h) internal doors (including door furniture) (i) skirting boards and architraves on non-common property walls (j) tiles and associated waterproofing affixed to non-common property walls (k) letterbox within a lot (l) pavers installed within the lot's boundaries (m) ducting cover or structure covering a service that serves a single lot
7. Parking /	(a) garage door remote controller
Garage	(b) garage doors, hinge mechanism and lock where the lot boundary is shown as a thin line on the strata plan and the door is inside the lot boundary
	(c) light fittings inside the lot where the light is used exclusively for the lot
	(d) mesh between parking spaces where shown as a thin line, dotted line or no line on the strata plan (this will be treated as a dividing fence to which the <i>Dividing Fences Act 1991</i> applies)
8. Plumbing	 (a) pipes, downstream of any stopcock, only serving that lot and not within any common property wall (b) pipes and 'S' bend beneath sink, laundry tub or hand basin (c) sink, laundry tub and hand basin
·	(d) toilet bowl and cistern (e) bath
	(f) shower screen
'	(g) bathroom cabinet and mirror
	(h) taps and any associated hardware
9. Windows	(a) window cleaning – interior and exterior surfaces (other than those which cannot safely be accessed by the lot owner or occupier)
	(b) locks additional to the original (or any lock replaced by an owner)
	(c) window lock keys

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STRATA SCHEMES BY LAWS

1. NOISE

An Owner or Occupier must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the Owner or Occupier of another Lot or of any person lawfully using Common Property.

2. VEHICLES

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on Common Property except with the written approval of the Owners Corporation.

3. OBSTRUCTION OF COMMON PROPERTY
An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not obstruct
the lawful use of Common Property by any
person

4. DAMAGE TO LAWNS & PLANTS ON COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not:

(a) Damage any lawn, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on Common Property; or

(b) Use for his or her purposes as a garden any portion of the Common Property.

5. DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY

- An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into or otherwise damage or deface any structure that forms part of the Common Property without the approval, in writing, of the Owners Corporation.
 An approval given to the Owners Corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the Common Property.
- (3) This By Law does not prevent an Owner or person authorised by an Owner from installing:

 (a) any locking or safety device for protection of
- (a) any locking or safety device for protection of the Owner's Lot against intruders;
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the Lot;
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children;
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance with the rest of the building. (5) Despite section 106 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Owner of a Lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the Common Property and that services the Lot.
- 6. BEHAVIOUR OF OWNERS & OCCUPANTS
 An Owner of Occupier of a Lot when on Common
 Property must be properly clothed and must not
 use language or behave in a manner likely to
 cause offence or embarrassment to the Owner or
 Occupier of another Lot or to any person lawfully
 using Common Property.

7. CHILDREN PLAYING ON COMMON PROPERTY IN BUILDING

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not permit any child of whom the Owner or Occupier has control to play on Common Property within the building, or unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on Common Property comprising a laundry, car parking area and other areas of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. BEHAVIOUR OF INVITEES

An Owner of Occupier of a Lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the Owner or Occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of

the Owner or Occupier of another Lot or any other person lawfully using Common Property.

9. DEPOSITING RUBBISH & OTHER MATERIAL ON COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not deposit or throw on the Common Property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another Lot or any person lawfully using Common Property.

10. DRYING OF LAUNDRY ITEMS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the Owners Corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the Owners Corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11. CLEANING WINDOWS & DOORS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the Lot, including so much as is Common Property.

12. STORAGE OF INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS & OTHER SUBSTANCES & MATERIALS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the Owners Corporation, use or store on the Lot or the Common Property any inflammable liquid, chemical, gas or other inflammable material.
 This By Law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other materials used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any other chemical, liquid or gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13. MOVING FURNITURE & OTHER OBJECTS ON OR THROUGH COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on Common Property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the Strata Committee so as to enable the Strata Committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the Owner or Occupier does so.

14. FLOOR COVERINGS

- (1) An Owner of Lot must ensure that all floor space is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of an Owner or Occupier of another Lot.
- (2) This By Law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15. GARBAGE DISPOSAL

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot:

(a) Must maintain within the Lot, or on such part of the Common Property as may be authorised by the Owners Corporation, in clean and dry conditions and adequately covered, a receptacle for garbage; and

- (b) Must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or in the case of tins and other containers, completely drained; and (c) For the purpose of having garbage collected, must place receptacle within an area designed for that purpose by the Owners Corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time which garbage is normally collected; and
- (d) When garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the Lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a); and
- (e) Must not place any thing in the receptacle of the Owner or Occupier of any other Lot except with the permission of that Owner or Occupier; and
- (f) Must promptly remove any thing which the Owner, Occupier or Garbage Collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16. KEEPING OF ANIMALS

- (1) Subject to Section 49(4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written approval of the Owners Corporation, keep any animal (except a small cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The Owners Corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a small cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:
- (a) notify the Owners Corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot; and
- (b) keep the animal within the lot; and
- (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property; and
- (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

17. APPEARANCE OF LOT

- (1) An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, without the written consent of the Owners Corporation, maintains within the Lot anything visible from outside the Lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This By Law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towels, clothing or other articles referred to in By Law 10.

18. NOTICE BOARD

An Owners Corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the Common Property.

19. CHANGE IN USE OF LOT TO BE NOTIFIED

An Occupier of a Lot must notify the Owners Corporation if the Occupier changes the existing use of the Lot in a way which may affect the insurance premiums for the Strata Scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the Lot or results in the Lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

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Special By Law 1 - Common Property Memorandum

Owners corporation responsibilities for maintenance, repair or replacement

1. Balcony and	(a) columns and railings
courtyards	(b) doors, windows and walls (unless the plan was registered
001117,111111	before 1 July 1974 – refer to the registered strata plan)
	(c) balcony ceilings (including painting)
	(d) security doors, other than those installed by an owner after
	registration of the strata plan
	(e) original tiles and associated waterproofing, affixed at the time
	of registration of the strata plan
	(f) common wall fencing, shown as a thick line on the strata plan
	· -
	(g) dividing fences on a boundary of the strata parcel that adjoin neighbouring land
	(h) awnings within common property outside the cubic space of a
	balcony or courtyard
	(i) walls of planter boxes shown by a thick line on the strata plan
	(i) that part of a tree which exists within common property
2. Ceiling/Roof	(a) false ceilings installed at the time of registration of the strata
	plan (other than painting, which shall be the lot owner's
	responsibility)
	(b) plastered ceilings and vermiculite ceilings (other than painting,
<u>'</u>	which shall be the lot owner's responsibility)
	(c) guttering
	(d) membranes
3. Electrical	(a) air conditioning systems serving more than one lot
	(b) automatic garage door opener, other than those installed by an
	owner after the registration of the strata plan and not including
,	any related remote controller
	(c) fuses and fuse board in meter room
	(d) intercom handset and wiring serving more than one lot
	(e) electrical wiring serving more than one lot
	(f) light fittings serving more than one lot
	(g) power point sockets serving more than one lot
	(h) smoke detectors whether connected to the fire board in the
	building or not (and other fire safety equipment subject to the
,	regulations made under Environmental Planning and
	Assessment Act 1979)
	(i) telephone, television, internet and cable wiring within common
	property walls
,	(j) television aerial, satellite dish, or cable or internet wiring
	serving more than one lot, regardless of whether it is contained
	within any lot or on common property
	(k) lifts and lift operating systems
4. Entrance door	(a) original door lock or its subsequent replacement
T. Ditti affec door	(b) entrance door to a lot including all door furniture and automatic
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	closer (c) security doors, other than those installed by an owner after registration of the strata plan
5. Floor	 (a) original floorboards or parquetry flooring affixed to common property floors (b) mezzanines and stairs within lots, if shown as a separate level in the strata plan (c) original floor tiles and associated waterproofing affixed to common property floors at the time of registration of the strata plan (d) sound proofing floor base (eg magnesite), but not including any sound proofing installed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan
6. General	 (a) common property walls (b) the slab dividing two storeys of the same lot, or one storey from an open space roof area eg. a townhouse or villa (unless the plan was registered before 1 July 1974 – refer to the registered strata plan) (c) any door in a common property wall (including all original
	door furniture) (d) skirting boards, architraves and cornices on common property walls (other than painting which shall be the lot owner's responsibility)
	(e) original tiles and associated waterproofing affixed to the common property walls at the time of registration of the strata plan
	 (f) ducting cover or structure covering a service that serves more than one lot or the common property (g) ducting for the purposes of carrying pipes servicing more than
	one lot (h) exhaust fans outside the lot (i) hot water service located outside of the boundary of any lot or where that service serves more than one lot
	 (j) letter boxes within common property (k) swimming pool and associated equipment (l) gym equipment
7. Parking / Garage	(a) carports, other than those within the cubic space of a lot and referred to in the strata plan, or which have been installed by an owner after registration of the strata plan
;	(b) electric garage door opener (motor and device) including automatic opening mechanism which serves more than one lot (c) garage doors, hinge mechanism and lock, if shown by a thick
	line on the strata plan or if outside the cubic space of the lot (d) mesh between parking spaces, if shown by a thick line on the strata plan
8. Plumbing	 (a) floor drain or sewer in common property (b) pipes within common property wall, floor or ceiling (c) main stopcock to unit

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•	(d) storm water and on-site detention systems below ground
9. Windows	 (a) windows in common property walls, including window furniture, sash cord and window seal (b) insect-screens, other than those installed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan (c) original lock or other lock if subsequently replacement by the owners corporation

Lot owner responsibilities for maintenance, repair or replacement

1. Balcony and courtyards	 (a) awnings, decks, pergola, privacy screen, louvres, retaining walls, planter walls, steps or other structures within the cubic space of a balcony or courtyard and not shown as common property on the strata plan (b) that part of a tree within the cubic space of a lot
2. Ceiling/Roof	(a) false ceilings inside the lot installed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan
3. Electrical	 (a) air conditioning systems, whether inside or outside of a lot, which serve only that lot (b) fuses and fuse boards within the lot and serving only that lot (c) in-sink food waste disposal systems and water filtration systems (d) electrical wiring in non-common property walls within a lot and serving only that lot (e) light fittings, light switches and power point sockets within the lot serving only that lot (f) telephone, television, internet and cable wiring within non-common property walls and serving only that lot (g) telephone, television, internet and cable service and connection sockets (h) intercom handsets serving one lot and associated wiring located within non-common walls
4. Entrance door	 (a) door locks additional to the original lock (or subsequent replacement of the original lock) (b) keys, security cards and access passes
5. Floor	 (a) floor tiles and any associated waterproofing affixed by an owner after the registration of the strata plan (b) lacquer and staining on surface of floorboards or parquetry flooring (c) internal carpeting and floor coverings, unfixed floating floors (d) mezzanines and stairs within lots that are not shown or referred to in the strata plan
6. General	 (a) internal (non-common property) walls (b) paintwork inside the lot (including ceiling and entrance door) (c) built-in wardrobes, cupboards, shelving (d) dishwasher

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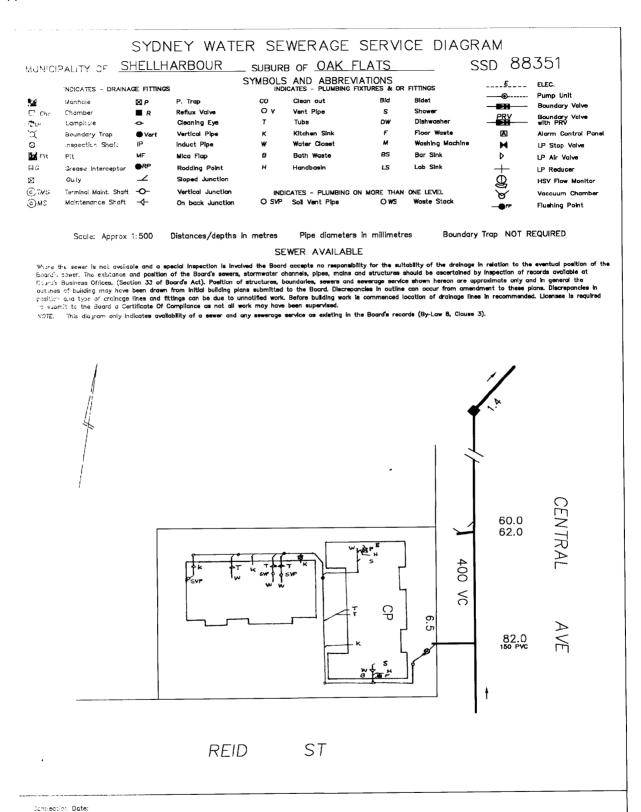
	(a) store
	(e) stove (f) washing mashing and elether dryer
	(f) washing machine and clothes dryer
	(g) hot water service exclusive to a single lot (whether inside or
	outside of the cubic space of that lot)
	(h) internal doors (including door furniture)
	(i) skirting boards and architraves on non-common property walls
	(j) tiles and associated waterproofing affixed to non-common
	property walls (k) letterbox within a lot
	(l) pavers installed within the lot's boundaries
· ,	
	(m) ducting cover or structure covering a service that serves a single lot
	Single lot
7. Parking /	(a) garage door remote controller
Garage	(b) garage doors, hinge mechanism and lock where the lot
	boundary is shown as a thin line on the strata plan and the door
,	is inside the lot boundary
	(c) light fittings inside the lot where the light is used exclusively
	for the lot
	(d) mesh between parking spaces where shown as a thin line,
	dotted line or no line on the strata plan (this will be treated as a
	dividing fence to which the Dividing Fences Act 1991 applies)
8. Plumbing	(a) pipes, downstream of any stopcock, only serving that lot and
	not within any common property wall
	(b) pipes and 'S' bend beneath sink, laundry tub or hand basin
·	(c) sink, laundry tub and hand basin
	(d) toilet bowl and cistern
	(e) bath
	(f) shower screen
	(g) bathroom cabinet and mirror
	(h) taps and any associated hardware
9. Windows	(a) window cleaning – interior and exterior surfaces (other than
	those which cannot safely be accessed by the lot owner or
·	occupier)
	(b) locks additional to the original (or any lock replaced by an
	owner)
	(c) window lock keys

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Sewer Service Diagram

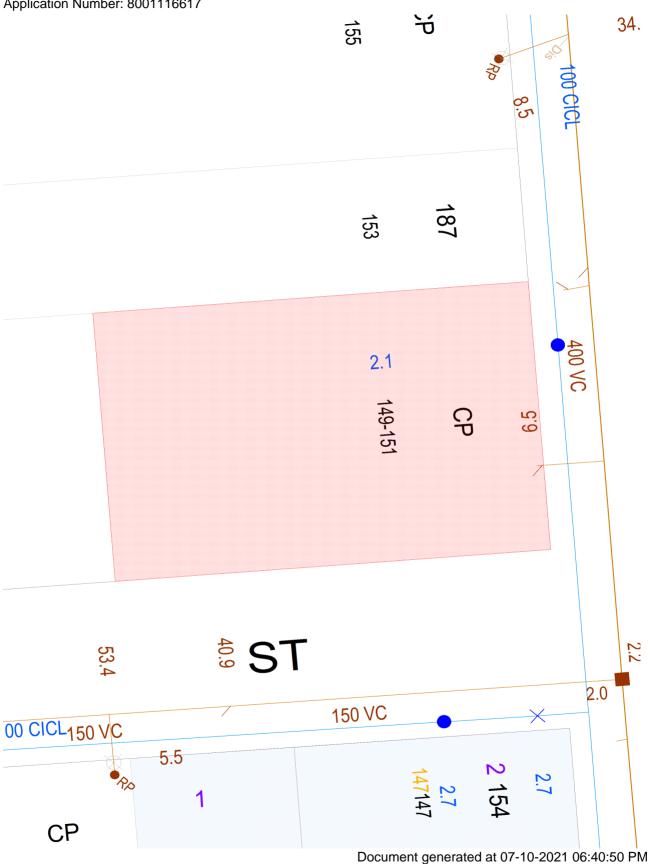
Application Number: 8001116618



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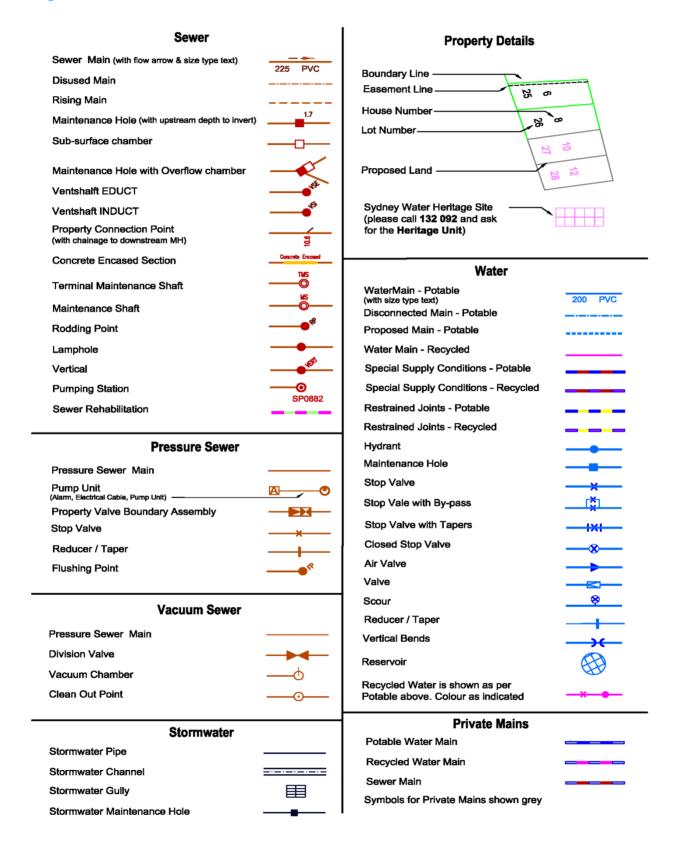
Service Location Print Application Number: 8001116617





Asset Information

Legend





Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement		
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron		
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete		
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron		
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined		
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass		
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron		
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene		
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined		
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete		
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride		
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented		
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete		
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	s	Steel		
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined		
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined		
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone		
VC	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron		
ws	Woodstave				

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)





Address all communication to the Chief Executive Officer

Shellharbour City Council, Locked Bag 155 Shellharbour City Centre, NSW 2529 DX 26402 Shellharbour City Centre p. 02 4221 6111 f. 02 4221 6016 council@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au www.shellharbour.nsw.gov.au

Applicant:

Mr P Fraser PO Box 483 ALBION PARK NSW 2527

rrunner@speedlink.com.au

PLANNING CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Applicants Reference: Thoroughgood

Certificate No: PL2257/2021

Print Date: 08 October 2021

LAND DESCRIPTION:

5/149-151 Central Avenue OAK FLATS NSW 2529

Lot 5 SP 71417

Land ID: 26945

Disclaimer

Information contained in this certificate relates only to the land for which this certificate is issued on the day it is issued. This information is provided in good faith and the Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any such advice. Council relies on state agencies for advice and accordingly can only provide that information in accordance with the advice. Verification of the currency of agency advice should occur. For further information, please contact Council's Customer Service Section.

Title Information

Title information shown on this Planning Certificate is provided from Council's records and may not conform to information shown on the current Certificate of Title. Easements, restrictions as to user, rights of way and other similar information shown on the title of the land are not provided on this planning certificate.

Inspection of the land

The Council has made no inspection of the land for the purposes of this Planning Certificate.

SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

PART A: INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7(2)

Matters contained in this certificate apply only to the land on the date of issue.

1. Name of Relevant Planning Instruments and DCPs

1.1 Which environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land?

Local Environmental Plan

Shellharbour Local Environmental Plan 2013.

Reference should also be made to NSW Legislation website www.legislation.nsw.gov.au for full details regarding this LEP.

State Environmental Planning Policies

SEPP No 21 - Caravan Parks.

The policy provides that where caravan parks or camping grounds are permissible under the environmental planning instrument, movable dwellings, as defined under the Local Government Act, 1919, are permissible.

SEPP No 33 - Hazardous & Offensive Development.

Provides new definitions for 'hazardous industry', 'hazardous storage establishment', 'offensive industry' and 'offensive storage establishment'. The policy also requires specified matters to be considered for proposals that are 'potentially hazardous' or 'potentially offensive' as defined in the policy.

SEPP No 36 - Manufactured Home Estates.

The policy -(i) defines where Manufactured Home Estates (MHEs) may be permitted and establishes criteria for the granting of development consent to these estates, - (ii) enables, with development consent, the subdivision of MHEs, provided such subdivision complies with the provisions of the Local Government (Manufactured Home Estates) Regulation 1993.

SEPP No 50 - Canal Estate Developments.

This policy provides that where the policy applies, a person shall not carry out canal estate development as defined in the policy.

SEPP No 55 - Remediation Of Land.

The policy aims to promote the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing risk of harm to human health or any other aspect of the environment. The policy applies to the whole state to ensure that remediation is permissible development and is always carried out to high standard. It specifies when consent is required for remediation and lists considerations that are relevant when rezoning land and determining development applications.

SEPP No 64 - Advertising And Signage.

The policy aims to improve the amenity of urban and natural settings by managing the impact of outdoor advertising.

SEPP No 65 - Design Quality Of Residential Flat Development.

The policy raises the design quality of residential flat development across the state

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through the application of a series of design principles. Provides for the establishment of Design Review Panels to provide independent expert advice to councils on the merit of residential flat development. The accompanying regulation requires the involvement of a qualified designer throughout the design, approval and construction stages.

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SEPP No 70 - Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes).

The policy extends the life of affordable housing provisions relating to: Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 26 - City West, Willoughby Local Environmental Plan 1995, South Sydney Local Environmental Plan 1998.

SEPP - Building Sustainability Index: Basix 2004.

This policy applies to all new single dwelling houses or dual occupancy development from 1st July 2005, and to all new multi-dwelling development or alterations and additions from 1st October 2005. BASIX is a web based tool designed to assess the potential performance of residential buildings against sustainability criteria. Details are available at www.basix.nsw.gov.au or by contacting NSW Department of Infrastructure Planning and Natural Resources.

SEPP - (State Significant Precincts) 2005.

This policy identifies the criteria for state significant development to be determined by the Minister for Infrastructure and Planning. This will facilitate the development, redevelopment or protection of important urban, coastal and regional sites of economic, environmental or social significance to the state.

SEPP - (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004.

The policy aims to encourage the development of high quality accommodation for our ageing population and for people who have disabilities - housing that is in keeping with the local neighbourhood.

SEPP - (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007. This SEPP aims to provide for the proper management and development of mineral, petroleum and extractive material resources for the purpose of promoting the social and economic welfare of the State. The policy also aims to facilitate the orderly and economic use and development of land containing mineral, petroleum and extractive material resources and to establish appropriate planning controls to encourage ecologically sustainable development through the environmental assessment and sustainable management, of development of mineral, petroleum and extractive material resources.

SEPP - (Infrastructure) 2007.

The aim of this Policy is to facilitate the effective delivery of infrastructure across the State by:

- a) improving regulatory certainty and efficiency through a consistent planning regime for infrastructure and the provision of services, and
- b) providing greater flexibility in the location of infrastructure and service facilities, and
- c) allowing for the efficient development, redevelopment or disposal of surplus government owned land, and
- d) identifying the environmental assessment category into which different types of infrastructure and services development fall (including identifying certain development of minimal environmental impact as exempt development), and
- e) identifying matters to be considered in the assessment of development adjacent

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to particular types of infrastructure development, and

 f) providing for consultation with relevant public authorities about certain development during the assessment process or prior to development commencing.

SEPP - (Exempt & Complying Development Codes) 2008.

This policy aims to provide streamlined assessment processes for development that complies with specified development standards by identifying in the General Exempt Development Code the types of development that may be carried out without the need for development consent and in the Complying Development Codes the types of complying development that may be carried out in accordance with a complying development certificate.

SEPP - State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009. The aims of this Policy are as follows:

- a) to provide a consistent planning regime for the provision of affordable rental housing,
- to facilitate the effective delivery of new affordable rental housing by providing incentives by way of expanded zoning permissibility, floor space ratio bonuses and non-discretionary development standards
- c) to facilitate the retention and mitigate the loss of existing affordable rental housing
- d) to employ a balanced approach between obligations for retaining and mitigating the loss of existing affordable rental housing, and incentives for the development of new affordable rental housing,
- e) to facilitate an expanded role for not-for-profit-providers of affordable rental housing
- to support local business centres by providing affordable rental housing for workers close to places of work
- g) to facilitate the development of housing for the homeless and other disadvantaged people who may require support services, including group homes and supportive accommodation.

SEPP - State Environmental Planning Policy (State & Regional Development) 2011.

The SEPP aims to:

- a) Identify development that is State significant development,
- b) to identify development that is State significant infrastructure and critical State significant infrastructure.
- c) to confer functions on joint regional planning panels to determine development applications.

SEPP - State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007.

This Policy aims to:

- a) to provide that the erection of temporary structures is permissible with consent across the State.
- b) to ensure that suitable provision is made for ensuring the safety of persons using temporary structures,
- c) to encourage the protection of the environment at the location, and in the vicinity, of temporary structures by specifying relevant matters for consideration,
- d) to provide that development comprising the subdivision of land, the erection of a building or the demolition of a building, to the extent to which it does not

already require development consent under another environmental planning

already require development consent under another environmental planning instrument, cannot be carried out except with development consent.

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State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017. The aims of this Policy are to:

- (a) protect the biodiversity values of trees and other vegetation in non-rural areas of the State, and
- (b) preserve the amenity of non-rural areas of the State through the preservation of trees and other vegetation.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017.

This Policy aims to facilitate the effective delivery of educational establishments and early education and care facilities across the State.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018. This SEPP applies to the whole lot. The aim of this SEPP is to promote an integrated and co-ordinated approach to land use planning in the coastal zone in a manner consistent with the objects of the *Coastal Management Act 2016*.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

The aims of this Policy are to:

- Facilitate the orderly economic use and development of lands for primary production
- Reduce land use conflict
- Identify State significant agricultural land for the purpose of ensuring the ongoing viability of agriculture on that land and
- Simplify the regulatory process for smaller-scale low risk artificial waterbodies.

Deemed SEPP's (Regional Environmental Plans)

No Deemed SEPPs apply to the land.

1.2 Which proposed environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land that is or has been the subject of community consultation or public exhibition?

Planning Proposal - Local Environmental Plan

No exhibited Draft Local Environmental Plans.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

The Draft Housing Diversity SEPP proposes to:

- 1. introduce new definitions for build-to-rent housing, student housing and colivina:
- 2. amend some state-level provisions, particularly regarding boarding house and seniors housing development;
- 3. amend the state-level planning provisions used by the NSW Land and Housing Corporation (LAHC) for social housing developments undertaken

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on Government-owned land; and

- 4. consolidate three housing-related SEPPs
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors and People with a Disability) 2004
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 70 Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes).

It is also proposed to simplify the pathway for major LAHC projects, such as those within the Communities Plus program, to become State Significant Development (SSD) under the State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development (2011).

Full details can be found at https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Policy-and-Legislation/Housing/Diverse-and-affordable-housing

1.3 Which development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land?

The Shellharbour Development Control (DCP) is Council's only DCP and applies to all of the Shellharbour City Council area except for the land at Calderwood covered by the Major Development State Environmental Planning Policy.

The DCP covers many forms of development including residential, commercial and industrial and will potentially apply to any development within the Shellharbour City Council area that requires development consent.

Section 79C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* lists a DCP as a matter for consideration in determining a development application.

Draft Exhibited Development Control Plan

No exhibited draft Development Control Plans apply to the land.

Technical Policies

Shellharbour City Council Stormwater Policy. Council has adopted the Shellharbour City Council Stormwater Policy that would apply to all lots within the Shellharbour City Local Government Area.

Exhibited Technical Policies

There are no Exhibited Technical Policies on this land.

1.4 In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for the LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEPS

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 above (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that applies to the land:

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2.1 What is the identity of the zoning for the land?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - R2 Low Density Residential.

2.2 For what purposes may development be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - R2: Home occupations.

2.3 For what purposes may development not be carried out within the zone except with development consent?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - R2: Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Jetties; Multi dwelling housing; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Semidetached dwellings; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Water reticulation systems.

Exceptions

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

2.4 For what purposes is development prohibited within the zone?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - R2: Any development not specified in clause 2.2 or 2.3.

2.5 Are there any development standards applying to the land which fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

Note: A minimum lot size applies to all land shown on the Lot Size Map and/or as outlined in Shellharbour LEP 2013 written instrument.

Note: A clause for the subdivision of certain split zoned land applies as outlined in the Shellharbour LEP 2013 written instrument.

2.6 Does the land include or comprise a critical habitat?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

2.7 Is the land in a conservation area?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

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2.8 Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

2A ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (SYDNEY REGION GROWTH CENTRES) 2006

This clause does not apply to the land.

3. COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

- 3.1 The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- 3.2 The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- 3.3 If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Housing Code

Complying development under the Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development under the Rural Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code MAY NOT be carried out on the land.

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code MAY be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Complying development under the General Development Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings & Additions) Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development under the Subdivision Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code MAY be carried out on the land.

4B ANNUAL CHARGES UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993 FOR COASTAL PROTECTION SERVICES THAT RELATE TO EXISTING COASTAL PROTECTION WORKS

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act)?

Not applicable.

5. MINE SUBSIDENCE

5.1 Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961?*

No.

6. ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD REALIGNMENT

6.1 Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

	TION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING Page No: 10 ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979
(A)	Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993?
	No.
(B)	Any environmental planning instrument?
	No.
(C)	Any resolution of the Council?
	No.
7.	COUNCIL AND OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK RESTRICTIONS.
	Is the land affected by a policy either adopted by Council <u>OR</u> adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council (for the express purposes of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the Council) that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:
7.1	Landslip
	No.
7.2	Bushfire
	No.
7.3	Tidal Inundation
	No.
7.4	Subsidence
	No.
7.5	Acid Sulphate Soils
	No
7.6	Any other risk
	No.
7A	FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROLS INFORMATION

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7A.1 Is the land or part of the land within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls?

Yes. Lake Illawarra, Mt Warrigal & Oak Flats Flood Study - All or part of the land

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has been identified within the adopted Lake Illawarra, Mt Warrigal & Oak Flats Flood Study (2019) as below the **Preliminary Flood Planning Level**. For further information, please contact Council's Technical Services Department on 4221 6111 (This information has been provided pursuant to section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act, but does not constitute a full section 10.7(5) planning certificate).

7A.2 Is the land or part of the land between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls?

Yes. <u>Lake Illawarra, Mt Warrigal & Oak Flats Flood Study</u> - All or part of the land has been identified within the adopted Lake Illawarra, Mt Warrigal & Oak Flats Flood Study (2019) as **Flood Prone**. For further information, please contact Council's Technical Services Department on 4221 6111 (This information has been provided pursuant to section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act, but does not constitute a full section 10.7(5) planning certificate).

7A.3 In this clause -

Flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005. Probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

8. LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION

8.1 Does any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in item 1 above make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act?*

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

9. CONTRIBUTIONS PLAN

9.1 Which contributions plan/s apply to the land?

Shellharbour Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 (9th Review).

9A BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND

9A.1 Is the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No.

10. BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES

10.1 Is the land a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, that council is aware of?

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No.

10A NATIVE VEGETATION CLEARING SET ASIDES

10A.1 Does the land contain a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013* that council is aware of or is registered in the public register under that section?

No.

11. BUSH FIRE PRONE LAND

11.1 Is any of the land bushfire prone land as defined in the *Environmental Planning* & Assessment Act 1979?

No.

12. PROPERTY VEGETATION PLANS

12.1 Does a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* apply to the land, being a plan to which the council has been notified of its existence by the person or body that approved the plan under the Act?

No.

13. ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS) ACT 2006

13.1 Has an order been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act* 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, being an order to which the council has been notified of?

No.

14. DIRECTIONS UNDER PART 3A

14.1 Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2)(c1) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect?

No.

15. <u>SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR SENIORS</u> HOUSING

15.1 If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies, is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?

No.

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15.2 If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies, have any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of that SEPP been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October in respect of the land?

No.

- 16. <u>SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE, SCHOOLS OR</u> TAFE ESTABLISHMENTS
- 16.1 Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?

No.

- 17. <u>SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE</u> RENTAL HOUSING
- 17.1 Is there a current site compatibility statement (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?

No.

17.2 Have any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land?

No.

- 18. PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION
- 18.1 The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Not applicable.

18.2 The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not applicable.

- 18.3 Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation.
- 19. SITE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATES
- 19.1 Is there a current site verification certificate, of which the Council is aware, in respect of the land?

No.

SEC	NNING CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO TION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979	Cert No: Page No:	PL2257/2021 14				
19.2	The certificate ceases to be current on:						
	Not applicable.						
19.3	A copy of the certificate may be obtained from the head office of the NSW Department of Planning and Environment.						
20.	LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION						
20.1	Does the land include any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division?						
	Council is not aware that the land is on the register. You should make your own enquiries with NSW Fair Trading and search the register available on their website to confirm this information.						
21.	AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES PRODUCT F	RECTIFICATION	ON ORDERS				
21.1	Is an affected building notice, of which council is aware, in force in respect of the land?						
	No						
21.2	Is there any building product rectification order, of which council is aware, in force in respect of the land that has not been fully complied with?						
	No						
	Has any notice of intention to make a building which council is aware, been given in respect						
	No						
22.	STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (WESTERN SYDNEY AEROTROPOLIS) 2020						
22.1	This Policy does not apply to the Shellharbour Local Government Area.						

NOTE: MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 59(2) OF THE CONTAMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT ACT 1997 (CLM Act)

(a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

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(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(d) Is the land the subject of an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(e) Is the land the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the *CLM*Act (such a statement having been provided to Council at any time)?

No.

CONTAMINATED INFORMATION - 1a. There are no matters listed under Section 59(2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* which should be specified on this certificate.

CONTAMINATED INFORMATION - 2a. The land is affected by a policy adopted by Council that restricts development of land if there is likelihood of contamination. Council has not assessed the likelihood of contamination of the land and cannot certify whether or not the policy restricts development of the land.

PART B: NOTATIONS

There are no Part B notations on this property.

For further information please contact the Land & Information Services on (02) 4221 6111

Carey McIntyre
Chief Executive Officer

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