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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM Waters trading as Waters & Carpenter First National Real Estate 112 South Parade, Auburn, NSW 1835	NSW DAN: Phone: 96490238 Fax: 96431400
co-agent		•
vendor	Rohini Maniam S	
vendor's solicitor	Auburn Lawyers 1, 115 Auburn Road, Auburn NSW 2144 PO Box 406, Auburn NSW 1835	Phone: 0416077696 Email: mhasan@auburnlawyers.com.au Fax: 02 8065 9243 Ref: MH:00111039/21
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date 11/13-19 Alice Street, Auburn, New South Wal Registered Plan: Lot 11 Plan SP 49440 Folio Identifier 11/SP49440	(clause 15)
improvements	☐ VACANT POSSESSION 🗶 subject to exist ☐ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home ☐ none ☐ other:	
attached copies	documents in the List of Documents as marked other documents:	ed or as numbered:
A real estate agent is inclusions		nis box in a sale of residential property. ☐ light fittings ☐ stove ☐ range hood ☐ pool equipment ☐ solar panels ☐ TV antenna
exclusions		·
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price deposit balance	\$ \$ \$	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
contract date	(if n	ot stated, the date this contract was made)
buyer's agent		•
vendor	GST AMOUNT (optional The price includes GST of: \$	
purchaser	୮ TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequ	al shares witness

Choices		
Vendor agrees to accept a deposit-bond (clause 3)	□ NO	☐ yes
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30):		·
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	☐ no	☐ YES ndor must provide further details, such as
	the propo	osed applicable waiver, in the space below, within 14 days of the contract date):
Tax information (the parties promise this is o	orrect as f	far as each party is aware)
Land tax is adjustable	∏ NO ∏ NO	☐ yes ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent
GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	□ NO	yes
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the folk not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise the	owing may a	apply) the sale is: for carries on (section 9-5(b))
by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be	registered f	or GST (section 9-5(a))
CST free because the sale is the supply of a going conc	ern under s	ection 38-325
☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or far ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential pre-	mises (sect	ions 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)
	⊠ NO	yes (if yes, vendor must provide
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)		further details)
If the	ect date, the	tails below are not fully completed at the e vendor must provide all these details in a within 14 days of the contract date.
GSTRW payment (GST residential withhor Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, someti entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partr in a GST joint venture.	mes further	r information will be required as to which
Supplier's name:		
Supplier's ABN:		
Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):		
Supplier's business address:		
Supplier's email address:		
Supplier's phone number:		•
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:		·.
If more than one supplier, provide the above details		
Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the GSTRW ra		itial withholding rate):
Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in mone		
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monet		eration: \$
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO	forms):	

List of Documents

Canaral	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
General 1 property certificate for the land 2 plan of the land 3 unregistered plan of the land 4 plan of land to be subdivided 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit a prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract 11 planning agreement 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) 13 survey report 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) 16 other document relevant to tenancies 17 licence benefiting the land 18 old system document 19 Crown purchase statement of account 20 building management statement 21 form of requisitions 22 clearance certificate 23 land tax certificate 25 brochure or warning 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover Swimming Pools Act 1992 17 certificate of compliance 28 evidence of registration 29 relevant occupation certificate 30 certificate of non-compliance 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	32 property certificate for strata common property 33 plan creating strata common property 34 strata by-laws 35 strata development contract or statement 36 strata management statement 37 strata renewal proposal 38 strata renewal plan 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property 41 plan creating neighbourhood property 42 neighbourhood development contract 43 neighbourhood development contract 44 property certificate for precinct property 45 plan creating precinct property 46 precinct development contract 47 precinct management statement 48 property certificate for community property 49 plan creating community property 50 community development contract 51 community management statement 52 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract 59 59
number	A TARITY MANIES AND

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to 1. this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning, Industry and

Environment

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacv

NSW Department of Education

Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

- A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential 2. Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994
- If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before 3. obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the 4. obligations of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor 5. wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge 6. purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the 7. deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate. 8.
- Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal 9. Property Securities Act 2009.
- A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of 10. completing the purchase.
- Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the 11. purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase 12. price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date

the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank

bank, a building society or a credit union; any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

business day

cheque

clearance certificate

a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

deposit-bond

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named/in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title

FRCGW percentage

document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, being the lesser of the FREGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act

GST rate

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

an Act or a by-law ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; legislation subject to any other provision of this contract;

normally

party

property

requisition

rescind

planning agreement

each of the vendor and the purchaser; the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property; an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other party;

serve settlement cheque

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if)authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other cheque;

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

solicitor

TA Act

terminate

variation

work order

within

2.5

contract or in a notice served by the party; Taxation Administration Act 1953;

terminate this contract for breach;

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Deposit and other payments before completion

The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder. 2.1

Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2

If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque

2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder. If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the

vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full. If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply. 2.6

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance. 2.7
- If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor 2.8 directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until termination by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit 2.9 (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

Deposit-bond

- This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a deposit-bond for the deposit 3.1 (or part of it).
- The purchaser must provide the original deposit-bond to the vendor's solicitor (or if no solicitor the 3.2 depositholder) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- If the deposit-bond has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the 3.3 expiry date, the purchaser must serve a replacement deposit-bond at least,7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -3.4
 - it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and 3.4.1
 - it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue. 3.4.2
- A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -3.5
 - the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
- 3.6
- 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond. 3.7
- The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7. 3.8
- The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond % 3.9 on completion; or
 - 3.9.1
 - if this contract is rescinded. 3.9.2
- If this contract is terminated by the vendor -3,10
 - normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or 3.10.1
 - if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the 3.10.2 vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3.11
- If this contract is terminated by the purchaser 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the 3.11.2 vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

Transfer

- Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -4.1
 - the form of transfer; and 4.1.1
 - particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the 4.1.2 purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it. 4.2
- If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the 4.3 vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this 4.4 contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions. 5.1
- If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other requisition, the purchaser can make it only by 5.2 serving it
 - if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the property or title within 21 days 5.2.1 after the contract date;
 - if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date 5.2.2 and that service; and
 - in any other case within a reasonable time. 5.2.3

Error or misdescription

- Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in 6.1 this contract (as to the property, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing 6.2 or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position. 6.3

Claims by purchaser 7

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion -

- the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -7.1
 - the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price; 7.1.1
 - the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and 7.1.2
 - the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and 7.1.3
- if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -7.2
 - the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and 7.2.1 held by the depositholder until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9; 7.2.2
 - the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties or, if an appointment is not 7.2.3 made within 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a party (in the latter case the parties are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and 7.2.4 the costs of the purchaser:
 - net interest on the amount held must be paid to the parties in the same proportion as the amount 7.2.5 held is paid; and
 - if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither partly requests the President to appoint an 7.2.6 arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

Vendor's rights and obligations ደ

- The vendor can rescind if -8.1
 - the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition; 8.1.1
 - the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds; 8.1.2
 - the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service. 8.1.3
- If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or anotice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the 8.2 purchaser can terminate by serving a notice. After termination
 - the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this 8.2.1
 - contract; the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and 8.2.2
 - if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment. 8.2.3

9

Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination the vendor can —

- keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price); 9.1
- hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - for 12 months after the termination; or 9.2.1
 - if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings 9.2.2 are concluded; and
- sue the purchaser either -9.3
- rcnaser eitner · · where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the 9.3.1 termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - to recover damages for breach of contract. 9.3.2

Restrictions on rights of purchaser 10

- The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -10.1
 - the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991; 10.1.1
 - a service for the property being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service 10.1.2 for another property passing through the property ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the property being affected by an 10.1.3 easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - any change in the property due to fair wear and tear before completion; 10.1.4
 - a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or 10.1.5 referred to in this contract;
- a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant; 10.1.6 BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum; 10.1.7
- any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or 10.1.8 any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, 10.1.9 priority notice or writ).
- The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions. 10.2
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to 10.3 change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- Compliance with work orders 11
- Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before, the contract date and if 11.1 this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay 11.2 the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- Certificates and inspections 12
 - The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required; 12.1
- to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -12.2
 - any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or 12.2.1
 - a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property 12.2.2 given under legislation, even if given after the contract date, and
- to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion. 12.3
- Goods and services tax (GST) 13
- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the 13.1 GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amounts to the other party under this contract, GST is not to 13.2 be added to the price or amount.
- be added to the price of amount.

 If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an 13.3
 - expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or 13,3,2 payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount 13.3.3 for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -13.4
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern; 13.4.1
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on 13.4.2 the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the 13.4.3 purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the 13.4.4 vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property. 13.5
- If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the 13.6 margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -13.7
 - the purchaser promises that the property will not be used and represents that the purchaser does 13.7.1 not intend the property (or any part of the property) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by 13.7.2 multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the 13.8 property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if -

- this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or 13.8.1
- the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property). 13.8.2
- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -13.9
 - clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the property which is identified as being a taxable 13.9.1 supply: and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant 13.9.2 payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the property to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply 13.10 by the vendor by or under this contract.
- The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable 13.11
- If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before 13.12 completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -13.13
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment 13,13.1 notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the GSTRW payment payable to the Deputy 13.13.2 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 13.13.3
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date 13.13.4 confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

Adjustments 14

- Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and 14.1 drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion. 14.2
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax/(as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or spayable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -14.4.2
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the 14.5 parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- Normally, the vendor can difect the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an 14.6 amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and 14.6.1
 - the chequermust be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the 14,6.2 cheque relates only to the property or by the vendor in any other case).
- If on completion the last, bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the 14.7 adjustment date, the wendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property 14.8 or any adjoining footpath or road.

Date for completion 15

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

Completion 16

Vendor

- On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property. 16.1
- If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a document of title that relates also to other property, 16,2 the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being an estate in fee simple) to 16.3 pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- The legal title to the property does not pass before completion. 16.4

- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.5 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do 16.6 all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque --16.7 the price less any: 16.7.1
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and

any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.

- If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque. 16.8
- If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor 16.9 an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the yendor for the deposit.
- On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor. 16.10

Place for completion

- Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is 16.11
 - if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or 16.11.1
 - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually 16.11.2 discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place or

in any other case - the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract. 16.11.3

- The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must 16.12 pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the 16.13 purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- Possession 17
- Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion. 17.1
- The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if 17.2
 - this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and 17.2.1
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease 17.2.2 and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is 17.3 affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).
- 18
- Possession before completion
 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the property before completion. 18.1
- The purchaser must not before completion -18.2
 - let or part with possession of any of the property; 18.2.1
 - make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or 18.2.2
 - contravene any agreement between the parties or any direction, document, legislation, notice or 18,2.3 order affecting the property.
- The purchaser must until completion -18.3
 - keep the property in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of 18.3.1 possession; and
 - allow the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable 18,3.2
- The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into 18.4 possession.
- If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -18.5 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.1 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at 18.5.2 the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property. 18.6
- If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable. 18.7
- Rescission of contract 19
- If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -19.1
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any 19.1.2 arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation -19.2
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded; 19.2.1
 - a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession; 19.2.2
 - a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and 19.2.3
 - a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

- 20 Miscellaneous
- The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by 20.1 the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract. 20.2
- An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate. 20.3
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is 20.5 to be paid to another person.
- A document under or relating to this contract is -20.6
 - signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under 20.6.1
 - served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor, 20.6.2
 - served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has diedion any of them has died; 20.6.3
 - served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919; 20.6.4
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and 20.6.6
 - served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once. 20.6.7
- An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay -20.7 if the party does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.1
- if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.7.2 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights 20.8 continue.
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights. 20.9
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current. 20.10
- A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to 20.11 any corresponding later legislation.
- Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this 20.12 contract.
- Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title. 20.13
- The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each 20.14 party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract?
- Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is 20.15 marked.
- Time limits in these provisions 21
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time. 21.1
- If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies. 21.2
- The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to 21.3
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does 21.4 not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day, the time is extended to 21.5 the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential. 21.6
- Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 22
- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer 22.1 under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate. 22.2
- Strata or community title 23
 - Definitions ând modifications
- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community 23.1 scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- In this contract -23.2
 - 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -23,2,1
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme; 23.2.2
 - 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law; 23.2.3
 - 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 23.2.4 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management 23.2.5 Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating 23.2.6 expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher 23.2.7 scheme:
- 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and 23.2.8
- 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected 23.2.9 expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear:
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by 23.3
- Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis. 23.4

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -23.5
 - a regular periodic contribution: 23,5.1
 - a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and 23,5.2
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners 23.5.3 corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -23.6
 - the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by 23.6.1 instalments: and
 - the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date. 23.6.2
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1. 23.7
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -23.8
 - an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation; 23.8.1 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under 23.8.2 clause 6: or
 - a past or future change in the scheme ora higher scheme. 23.8.3
- However, the purchaser can rescind if -23.9
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more
 - than 1% of the price; in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit 23.9.2 entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme 23.9.3 materially prejudices; the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to 23.9.4 give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
 - Notices, certificates and inspections
- The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation 23.10 and signed by the purchaser.
- The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion. 23.11
- Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- The vendor must serve an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the 23.13 scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the certificate and clause 21.3 23.14 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate. 23,15
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in 23.16 the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
 - Meetings of the owners corporation
- If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -23.17
 - if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and 23.17.1
 - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the 23.17.2 purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 **Tenancies**

- If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -24.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.1 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further 24.1.2 assignment at the vendor's expense.
- If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be 24.2 adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -24.3
 - the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy 24.3.1 inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser 24.3.2 before or after completion; and
 - normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -24.3.3
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -24.4

the vendor must allow or transfer -24.4.1

- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
- and any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- if the security is not transferable, each party must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement 24.4.2 security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3
- the vendor must give to the purchaser a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be 24.4.4 complied with by completion; and
- the purchaser must comply, with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the 24.4.5 obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- Qualified title, limited title and old system title 25
- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -25.1
 - is under qualified, limited or old system title; or 25.1.1
 - on completion is to be under one of those titles. 25.1.2
- The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date. 25.2
- If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is served on the contract date. 25.3
- An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or 25.4 codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and 25.4.1
 - has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it. 25,4.2
- An abstract of title 25.5
 - must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 25.5.1 30 years old at the contract date);
 - in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease; 25.5.2
 - normally, need not include a Crown grant; and 25.5.3
 - need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900. 25,5,4
- In the case of land under old system title -25.6
 - in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance; 25.6.1
 - the purchaser does not have to serve the form of transfer until after the vendor has served a proper 25.6.2 abstract of title; and
 - each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -25.7

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- normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, 25.7.1 area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
- clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and 25.7.2
- the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan 25.7.3 (whether in registrable form or not).
- The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant. 25.8
- The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the 25.9 vendor or a mortgagee.
- If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a 25.10 photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- Crown purchase money 26
- This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment. 26.1
- The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it. 26.2
- To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion. 26.3
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1. 26.4

27 Consent to transfer

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under legislation or a 27.1 planning agreement.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchasers part of an application for consent to 27.2 transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part. 27.3
- If consent is refused, either party can rescind. 27.4
- If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a party, then that 27.5 party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- If consent is not given or refused -27.6 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can 27.6.1 rescind; or
 - within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind. 27.6.2
- Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -27.7
 - under a planning agreement; or 27.7.1
 - in the Western Division.
- If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot. 27.8
- The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice 27.9 granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan. 28.1
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, 28.2 with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -28.3
 - 28.3.1
 - the purchaser can rescind; and the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any 28,3,2 legislation governing the rescission.
- Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number. 28.4
- The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice. 28.5
- Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered. 28.6

Conditional contract 29

- This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event. 29.1
- If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date. 29.2
- If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party. 29.3
- If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to 29.4 cause the event to happen.
- A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4. 29.5
- If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially 29.6 disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.
- If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -29.7
 - if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the 29.7.1 provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a party who has the 29.7.2 benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the refusal; and

- the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest 29.7.3 of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -29.8
 - if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can 29.8.2 rescind:
 - the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party 29.8.3 serves notice of the event happening.
- A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens. 29.9
- Electronic transaction 30
- This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if 30.1
 - this contract says that it is an electronic transaction; 30.1.1
 - the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or 30.1.2
 - the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction. 30.1.3
- However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as anyelectronic transaction -30.2
 - if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or 30.2.1 if, at any time after the effective date, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a party 30.2.2 serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- If, because of clause 30.2.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic 30.3 transaction
 - each party must -30.3.1
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne 30.3.2 equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -30.4
 - to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions 30.4.1 of this clause prevail;
 - normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as Electronic 30.4.2 Workspace and Lodgment Case) have the same meaning which they have in the participation
 - the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -30.4.3
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
 - a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as 30.4.4 a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -30.4.5
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that party at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- a document which is an electronic document is served as soon as it is first Digitally Signed in the 30.4.6 Electronic Workspace on behalf of the party required to serve it.
- the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -Normally, 30.5
 - create an Electronic Workspace; 30.5.1
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, 30.5.2 mortgaĝee details; and
 - invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace. 30.5.3
- If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may 30.6 create an Electronic Workspace. If the purchaser creates the Electronic Workspace the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with title data; 30.6.1
 - create and populate an electronic transfer, 30,6.2
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; 30,6.3 and
 - invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the 30.7 purchaser must
 - join the Electronic Workspace; 30.7.1
 - create and populate an electronic transfer, 30.7.2
 - invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and 30.7.3
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time. 30.7.4

If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the 30.8 Electronic Workspace ioin the Electronic Workspace; 30.8.1

30.9

populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2

invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.8.3

To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;

the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 30.9.2 completion; and

if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance; the purchaser must 30.9.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.

Before completion, the parties must ensure that -30.10

all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 30.10.1 populated and Digitally Signed;

all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 30.10.2

they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the 30.10.3 electronic transaction to proceed to completion.

If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -30.11

payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque;

the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and 30.11.2

clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31-2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply. 30.11.3

If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are 30.12 inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by

30.13 the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring -

all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of 30.13.1 mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and

the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.

A party who holds a certificate of title, must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.

If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Ejectronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by;

the party entitled to them. In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean – 30,16 4

adjustment figures certificate of title

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;

completion time

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be settled:

conveyancing rules discharging mortgagee the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL effective date the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date:

electronic document

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

Land - 2019 edition

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules.

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the electronically tradeable

conveyancing rules;

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the incoming mortgagee

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; participation rules

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and populate

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace title data

by the Land Registry.

Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding 31

This clause applies only if -31.1

mortgagee details

the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of \$14215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; 31.1.1

a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract. 31.1.2

31.2 The purchaser must -

aser must – at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;

produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 31,2.2 Commissioner of Taxation;

forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 31.2.3

serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31,3

The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2. If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier 31.4 than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 31.5 clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

Residential off the plan contract 32

This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division). 32.1 Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division. 32.2

If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the 32,3 Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 -

the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7, and the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

32.3.2

This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division 32.4 under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 32 In Clause 7.1.1 the words "exceeds 5% of the price" are replaced by the words "exceeds \$ 1,000."
- 33. In clause 8.1 delete the words "reasonable grounds".
- 34. In clause 10.1.8 and 10.1.9 replace the word "substance" with the word "existence".
- 35. In clause 16.5 delete the words "plus another 20% of that fee".
- 36. Clause 16.8 is deleted
- 37. In clause I, the definition of "settlement cheque" is amended to delete the words "or; building society, credit union or other FCA institution as defined in the Cheques Act 1986";
- 38. Clause 23.13.14 is deleted and replaced with "Vendor authorizes the purchaser to obtain s184 Strata Scheme Certificates from the Owners Corporation". A copy of the certificates must be furnished to the vendor representative on or before completion.
- 39. (a)The purchaser acknowledges and agrees that he purchases the subject property, all improvements erected thereon and furnishings and chattels, if any, in their present condition and state of repair with all defects (if any) latent or patent. The Purchaser shall not make any requisitions, objections, claims or claims for compensation or require the vendor to do anything whatsoever with regard to the condition, state of repair, infestation or decay of or in the subject property, or any improvements erected thereon or any furnishings and chattels included in this contract.
- (b) No Objection , requisition or claim for compensation or attempt to delay completion shall be made by purchaser should any water or sewerage main or any underground or surface storm water pipe or drain passes through, over or under or should any sewer manhole or vent be upon the property or should the downpipes be connected with the Sewer; and
- (c) No Objection , requisition or claim for compensation or attempt to delay completion shall be made by purchaser on account of the vendor not being in possession of a survey report in regard to the property and the purchaser shall satisfy itself as to the position of any improvements to the property or the compliance or otherwise of any improvements on the property or the compliance or otherwise of any improvements on the property with the provisions of Local Government Act.
- 40. No objection, requisition or claim shall be made by the purchaser as to or arising out of the suitability of the property for any particular purpose or otherwise.
- 41. It is agreed that there are no conditions, warranties or other terms affecting this sale other than those in this contract. This contract is the whole contract between the vendor and purchaser. The Purchaser acknowledges that no representations have been made by the vendor or its agent to induce the purchaser to enter this contract.

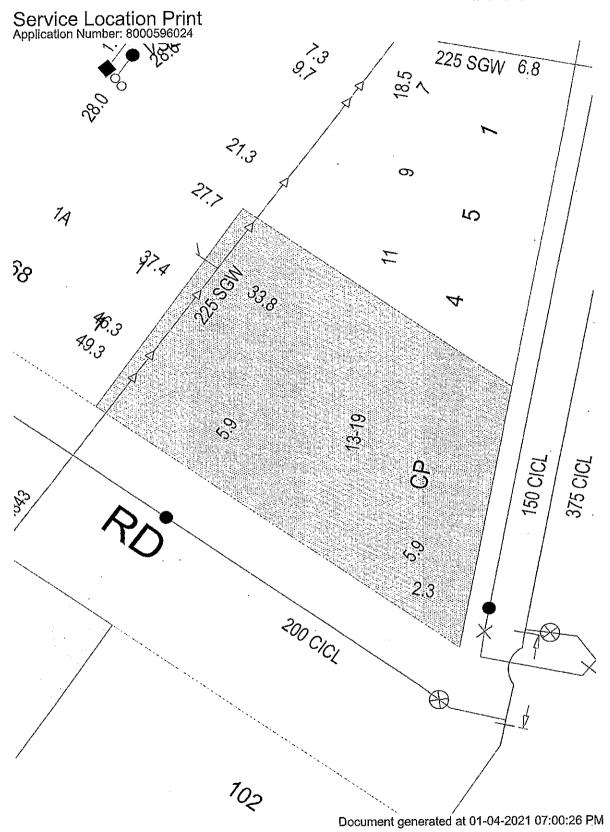
- 42. Should a party (and if more than one, then any of the parties) prior to completion:
 - a. Die or become mentally incompetent or
 - Be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme to make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or have a petition for winding up presented or have a liquidator, receiver, official manager, manager & receiver, or controller appointed,

Then the other party can rescind this contract under clause 19.

- 43. In the event that the vendor requires the whole or part of the deposit referred to on the front page of the contract to be released for the purchase of another property, payment of stamp duty or for paying the vendor's mortgagee purposes, the purchaser hereby authorizes the release of such deposit, provided that should the deposit be required for the vendor's purchase then the deposit is to be placed in the Trust Account of the estate Agent or vendor solicitor's trust account in such subsequent purchase.
- 44 The purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the property by a real estate agent other than the agent shown as the Vendor's Agent on the front page of this contract and agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor against any claim or claims by any other agent for commission. This condition shall not merge on completion.
- 45. (a) if a party is unable or unwilling to complete this contract on the completion date then the other party can at any time after the completion date serve a Notice to Complete requiring completion to occur on a specified date and making time of the essence. A Notice to Complete must give at least 14 days notice (excluding the day of service but including the day completion is specified in the Notice. A Notice to complete under this clause will be reasonable and sufficient to make time for completion essential.
- (b) The party that issued the Notice to Complete may withdraw any Notice to Complete shall be without prejudice to that party's right to issue and serve a subsequent Notice to Complete.
 - (c) In the event that Vendor issues a Notice to Complete, then the Purchaser agrees to pay \$330 at completion by way of compensation for the vendor's legal costs in issuing the notice to complete.
- 46. If completion does not take place by the completion date for any reason other than due to the default of the Vendor, the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion by way of liquidated damages a sum equal to interest on the balance of the purchase monies at the rate of ten per centum (10%) per annum calculated daily from and including the day being one day after the completion date until and including the day completion actually takes place. The payment of interest in accordance with this clause on completion is an essential term of this contract.
- 47. In the event that a swimming pool is in this sale, the purchaser will make no requisition, objection, claim or claim for compensation in relation to:
 - (a) Any non-compliance by the vendor or any provision of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and/ or
 - (b) Any notice issued pursuant to the Swimming Pools Act 1992 after the date of this contract

- 49. In the event that, on exchange of this contract, less than ten per centum (10%) of the purchase price is paid as a deposit the Purchaser acknowledges that in the event that the Vendor is entitled to forfeit the deposit paid herein, the Vendor shall in addition, be entitled to recover from the Purchaser a sum equal to the difference between the deposit herein paid and the ten per centum (10%) of the purchase price. This provision is in addition to and not in substitution for any other rights of the vendor under this contract. This clause shall not merge on completion.
- 50. In the circumstances where this contract is exchanged with cooling off period then notwithstanding that a deposit of 10% is payable under this contract, the Vendor will accept a deposit of 0.25% of the purchase price on the date of this contract. The balance of the 10% deposit is payable before the fifth business day after this contract. In this clause time is essential.
- 51. (a) if the vendor does not have a building certificate or survey report and the purchaser is not entitled to require the vendor to apply for or to do anything to obtain a building certificate or survey report or to comply with the local council's requirements for the issue of a building certificate or survey report.
 - (c) Completion of the contract is not conditional on the vendor or the purchaser obtaining a building certificate or survey report.
- 52. If the purchaser fails to attend settlement or otherwise cancel the settlement (through no fault of the vendor) and particularly after appropriate arrangements have been made with all concerned parties, the purchaser allows on settlement to the vendor an amount of \$110 for each time a failure occurs.
- 53.In the event that purchaser fails to deliver the transfer to the vendor solicitor in accordance with the clause 4, the purchaser agrees to pay to the vendor the sum of \$110.00 towards the cost of arranging for the execution of transfer at short notice.
- 54. For purpose of clause 5, the vendor is required to answer the requisitions to the Law Society 2007 Residential Property Requisitions on title.
- 55. The purchaser agrees to rent back the property to the vendor for a period up to 6 months at market rent. Vendor will issue 3 weeks' notice to vacate to the landlord during the tenancy or if the vendor wants to move out earlier.







Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

SERVICES
NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 11/SP49440

SEARCH DATE

TIME

EDITION NO

DATE

_------1/4/2021

_---6:42 PM

10 8/9/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION.

LAND

LOT 11 IN STRATA PLAN 49440

AT AUBURN

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CUMBERLAND

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

ROHINI MANIAM S

(T AJ409268)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP49440

AJ409269 MORTGAGE TO WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

NOTATIONS _____

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 1/4/2021

LAND REGISTRY Title Search

Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP49440

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
1/4/2021	6:46 PM	2	24/11/2011

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 49440 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT AUBURN
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CUMBERLAND
PARISH OF LIBERTY PLAINS COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP49440

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 49440 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 13-19 ALICE STREET AUBURN 2144

SECOND SCHEDULE (5 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- 3 G119017 RIGHT OF WAY 3.05 WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 4 G119017 RIGHT OF WAY APPURTENANT TO THE PART OF THE LAND
 SHOWN SO BENEFITED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM AFFECTING THE
 LAND IN VOL 6883 FOL 71
- 5 AG641572 CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (A	GGREGATE: 3030)
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STRATA	PLAN	49440									
TOT	ENT		LOT		ENT	LOT		\mathtt{ENT}	LOT		ENT
					200	3		200	4	_	200
1 -	200		Z	_	200	_			-		
• 5 -	200		6	_	200	7	-	200	8	_	200
9 -	200		10	_	200	11	_	200	12	_	210
9 -	200										
13 -	210		14	_	200	15	_	210			

NOTATIONS

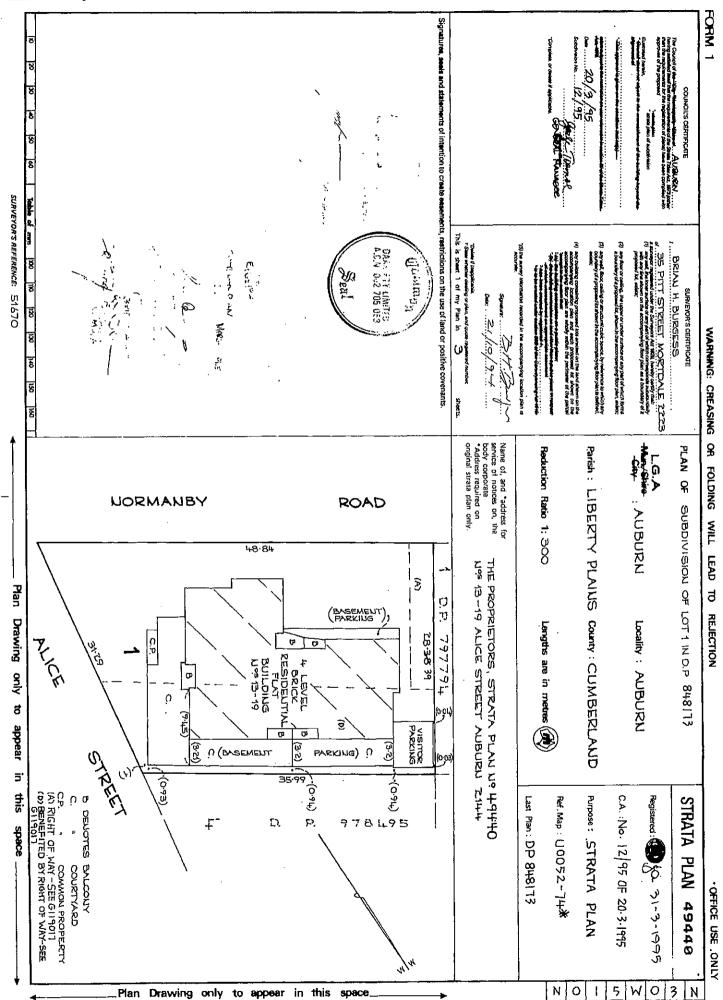
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

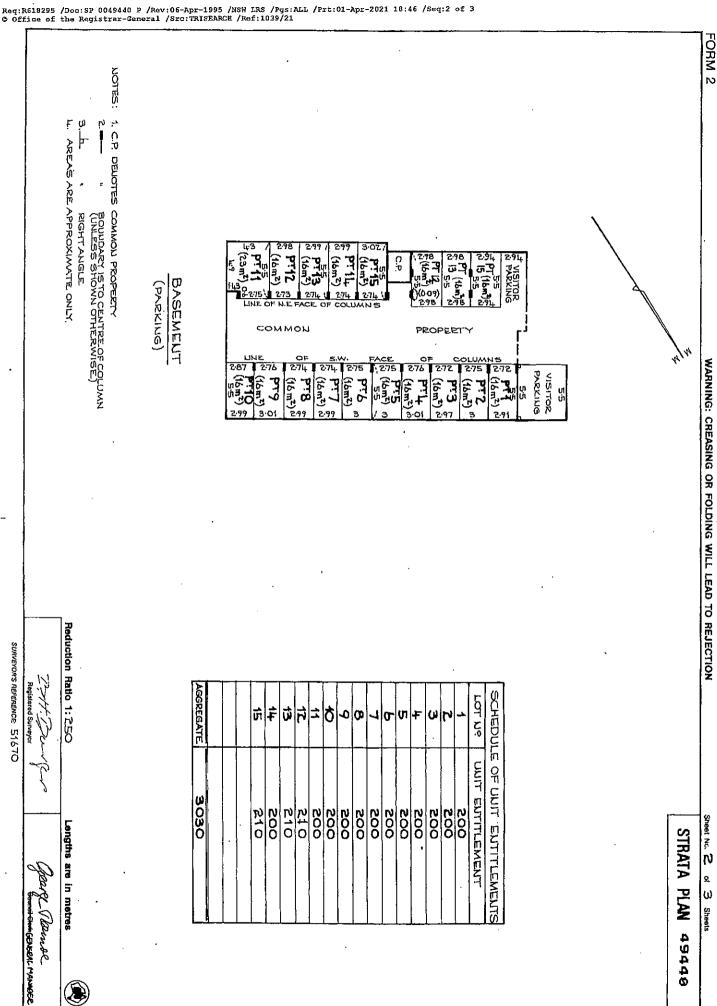
*** END OF SEARCH ***

1039/21

PRINTED ON 1/4/2021

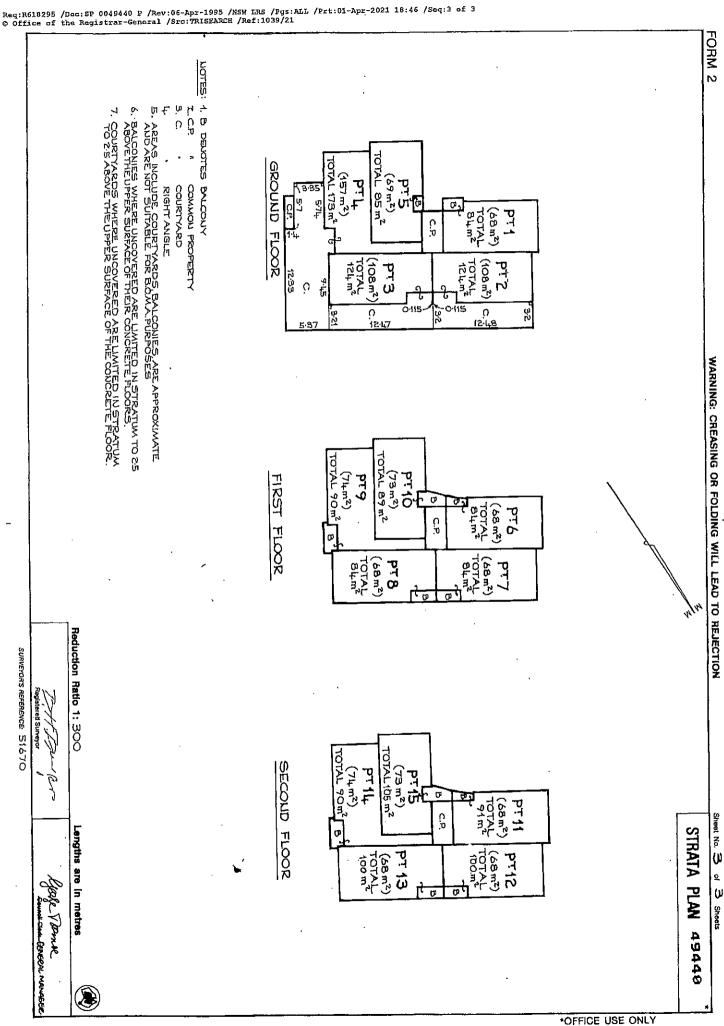
Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register, trisearch an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.





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*OFFICE USE ONLY



Req:R618306 /Doc:DL AG641572 /Rev:28-Nov-2011 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:01-Apr-2021 18:50 /Seq:1 of 1 @ Office of the Registrar-General /Src:TRISEARCH /Ref:1039/21

Form: 15CB

Release: 3.1 www.lpma.nsw.gov.au

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS.

1008

CHANGE OF BY-LAW!

New South Wales Strata Schemes Management Act 199 Real Property Act 1900



AG641572X

LAND AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1800 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP-Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A)	TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP49440						
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Box	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any Grace Fung & Associates PO Box 320 Auburn NSW 1835 Tel: 9749 4766 Reference:					
(C)	The Owners-Strat	ta Plan No. 4:	certify that pursuant to a resolution passed on 28 February 2011 and					
(D)	in accordance wit	h the provisio	ns of S47 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996					
	the by-laws are cl	nanged as foll						
(E)	Repealed by-law	No. NOT AP	PLICABLE					
	Added by-law No	. Specia	l By-Law No. 1					
	Amended by-law	No. NOT AF	PLICABLE					
	as fully set out be	low:						
	Any common punit/ lot ow	roperty f	or the exclusive personal use shall be the responsibility of the common the the responsibility of					
(E)	The common sea	Loftha Owner	THE PROPRIETORS OF STRATA PLAN No. 49440 Social Was affixed on 24 November 2011 in the presence of the property of the presence of the property of the presence of the property of the presence of the presen					
(F)	Signature(s):	of the Owner	Was allined on 24 November 2011 In the presence of					
		:						
	Name(s): Ke	nneth Ste	renson					
	being the person	(s) authorise	l by section 238 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 to attest the affixing of the seal					

Page 1 of 1



Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8000596023

METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD DIAGRAM OF SANITARY DRAINAGE

Municipality of Auburn

SEWER AVAILABLE

Boundary Trap III Pit III o. Grease interceptor III Gully III Trap III s. Reflux Sink oVert oV.P. oSV.P. D.C.C

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS
Reflux Valve
Cleaning Eye
Vertical Pipe
Vert, Pipe
Vert, Pipe
Soil Vert, Pipe
K.S. Kitchen Sink
W.C. Water Closet t.P. Induct Pipe
M.F. Mica Flap
T. Tubs
K.S. Kitchen Sink
W.C. Water Closet
B.W. Bath Waste

Existing drainage shown by black lines.

Scale: 40 Feet to an Inch

New drainage shown by full blue lines.

This diagram is the property of the Proprietor and is to be returned to him on completion of the work.

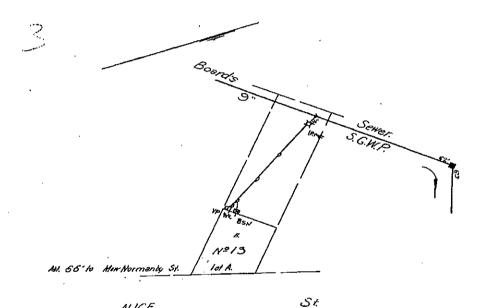
Certificates for drainage and sanitary plumbing may be obtained on application at the office of the Board by the Drainer or Plumber concerned.

The Beerd eccepts no responsibility for the suitability of the diagram in relation to the eventual position of the Board's sewer. When the sever becomes available it will be necessary to apply for a revised diagram

This work must be carried out in accordance with the Board's By-laws and Regulations.

(4"dia. pipes may be used in lieu of 6"dia. pipes as shown on this diagram if the property owner so desires, provided that the relative levels of the sewer and house fixtures will permit of the pipes being laid with regulation grades and cover. For further information consult Board's Inspector)

This work will be tested from



ALICE

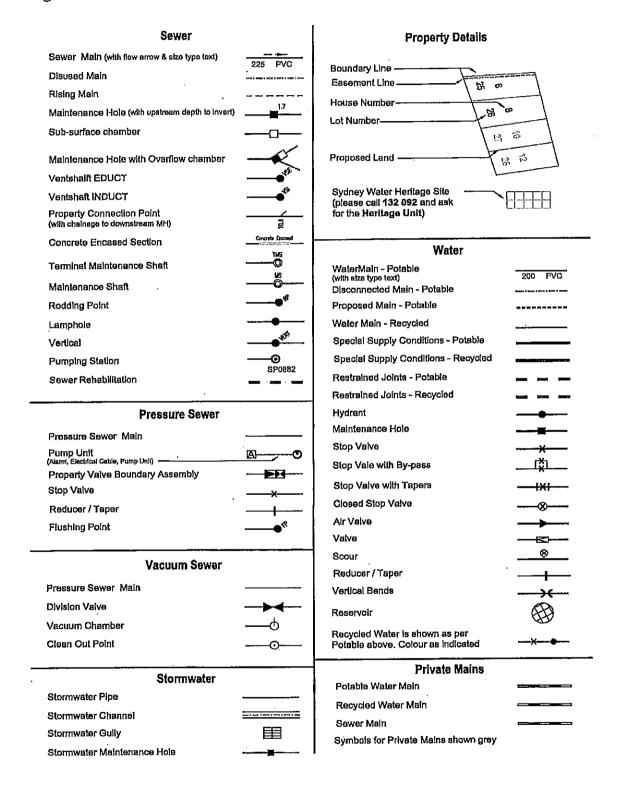
F			OFFICE USE ONLY		<u>107 503</u>	
WC.	Designed by	Date	Inspector	First Visit	Passed	Date
BW	Designed by	Γ,,	,p====:		<u> </u>	1
Shc	Inspector					. / /
Bsn	• •		Dete		Inspector	
K.S.	Examined by		Outfall Lt.			
Т.		<i>-LI</i>	Drainer	Checked with Des	ign and Diagram	
Plg.	Chief Inspector			l		
Dge Int.			Boundary Trap is	Chie	finspector	,,
Dge.Ext.	DESIGN		required.	50	PERVISION	

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Asset Information

Legend





Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	Ci	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
CORPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	_Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PG	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride; Modified	PVC-0	Polyvinylohloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined:	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
VC: 0	Vitrified/Clay	WI -	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 Schedule 1 Standard Form Agreement Clause 4(1)

This agreement is in 2 parts:

Part 1 - Sets out the terms and regulations of the agreement.

Part 2 – Contains the condition report showing the condition of the premise at the start of the agreement,

PART 1

TERMS OF AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made on 10 February, 2018 at AUBURN NSW 2144

between

Rohini Maniam S LANDLORD Name:

Whose Agent is WATERS & CARPENTER Name:

FIRST NATIONAL REAL ESTATE (A.C.N) 001 993 102

Address: 112 SOUTH PARADE, AUBURN NSW 2144

and

TENANT Name: Shikhar Bhandari & Nishma Basnet T129

Email: shikhar.bhandari10@gmail.com All Correspondence to

Other people who will live at the premise:

No more than ...3.... persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

The landlord gives the tenant the right to occupy the premises at

ADDRESS: 11/13-19 Alice Street AUBURN 2144

with PARKING SPACE:

RENT: The rent is \$450.00 payable IN ADVANCE on the MONDAY of every WEEK starting on

19/02/18.

THE RENT MUST BE PAID: into the following account with a deposit book.

COMMONWEALTH BANK

WATERS & CARPENTER TRUST ACCOUNT BSB: 062 107 ACCOUNT NUMBER: 10075766 PAYMENT DESCRIPTION: T129 BHANDARI

TERM: The term of this agreement is SIX MONTHS beginning on 19/02/18 and ending on 19/08/18.

WATER USAGE: Is the tenant required to pay separately for water usage?

(If Yes, see clauses 11 & 12)

STRATA BY-LAWS: Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the premise? (If yes, see clause 35) YES

CONTINUATION: At the end of the term the tenant can stay in the residential premise at the same rent (or at an increased rent if the rent is increased in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010) but otherwise under the same terms unless or until the agreement is ended in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

BOND: A Rental Bond of \$1800.00 must be paid by the tenant to the landlord or the landlord's agent on or before signing this agreement.

URGENT REPAIRS (Nominated Tradesmen) (Refer Clauses 16 & 17)

ALP ELECTRICAL.......0408340052..... ELECTRICIAN DIDIN CARPENTRY.......0423242311 HANDYMAN T L LOCKSMITH......0414-856-828 LOCKSMITH

Sidne Juieum)



Waters & Carpenter

Address 112 South Parade, AUBURN NSW 2144 Contact
P (02) 9649 0238
F (02) 9643 1400
E reception@wolerscorpenter.com.au
W waterscarpenter.com.au

TENANT CHECKLIST

Tenant Name:	Grikhar &	Mishme	~
Property Address:	11/13-19	Ahre :	Auburn
Tenant Nur		•	r of EFT must display their e letter T stands for Tenant.
Your Te	nant ID is: T <u>/29</u>	Bhan	laxi
	t identify your rental payn		ll remain in our 'UNKNOWN payment belongs to you

- 2. Always pay your rent ON TIME!
- 3. Pay your water usage account within <u>14 days</u> of receiving notice, to avoid water disconnection and additional re-connection fees
- 4. Ensure you allow plenty of ventilation in the bathroom during each shower to prevent mildew forming on walls & ceiling.
 Cleaning mildew from the walls & ceiling is the TENANTS responsibility.
- Advise our office of any change in your telephone number & email address.
- 6. Always park your vehicle in your own allocated car space. Do NOT obstruct other residents' car parking spaces.
- 7. Keep your property clean & tidy at all times and do not dump rubbish or furniture in common areas or footpath.
- 8. Make sure to mow your lawns and maintain garden's on a regular basis. Do not allow grass to overgrow and keep garden weeds in control.
- 9. During any Routine Inspections make sure you are available to allow access
- 10. When vacating your property AFTER the fixed term of your lease, you must give <u>21</u> <u>days'</u> written notice to our office. There is a form available at Reception for this. NO verbal notices will be accepted.

, Vidino Juinero



RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

- The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
- 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

- 3. The tenant agrees:
- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
- 4. The landlord agrees:
- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- The landlord and the tenant agree:
- 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 9. The landlord agrees to pay:
- 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 9.2 the Installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.
- 10. The tenant agrees to pay:
- 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
- 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:
 - 10.5.1 are separately metered, or
 - 10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.
- 11. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
- 11.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute.
 - 11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute.
 - 11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.
- The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount
 equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage
 charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

- 13. The landlord agrees:
- 13.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and

13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

- 14. The landlord agrees:14.1 that the lenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

- The tenant agrees:
- not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.
- The tenant agrees:
- 16.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.
- The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
- 17.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
- 17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 17.6 to return to the landford all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 18. The landlord agrees:
- 18.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- 18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

URGENT REPAIRS

- The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
- 19.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 19.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 19.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

- 19.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 19.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are urgent repairs are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows:

- a burst water service.
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- a blocked or broken lavatory system, (c)
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- a gas leak. (e)
- 'n a dangerous electrical fault,
- flooding or serious flood damage, (g)
- serious storm or fire damage,
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to (i) the premises.
- (i) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure

SALE OF THE PREMISES

- 20. The landlord agrees:
- 20.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord inlends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 20.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- The landlord and tenant agree:
- 22.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 22.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landford, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
- 23.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs).
- 23.2 if the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal so orders,
- 23.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned.
- if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry.
- 23.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time.
- 23.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement).
- 23.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),

23.10 if the tenant agrees.

- The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:
- must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 24.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 24.3 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

- The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO THE PREMISES

- The tenant agrees:
- 27. The tenant agrees:27.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 27.2 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the lenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture,
- 27.3 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 27.4 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- The landlord agrees not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

- 29. The landlord agrees:
- to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 29.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 29.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 29.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 29.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.
- The tenant agrees:
- 30.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 30.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

- The landlord and tenant agree that:
- 32.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 32.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 32.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises,
- 32.4 without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing

The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

34. The landlord agrees:

- 34.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.3 If the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 34.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

The landlord agrees to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

The landlord agrees that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the lenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

- The landlord agrees to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
- The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the (b) Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 or any other Act, and
- they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM-BREAK FEE

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:
- if the fixed term is for 3 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or
- 41.2 if the fixed term is for more than 3 years, [specify amount].

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

42. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 41 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM-PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.
- 44. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:
- 45. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to have the residential premises fumigated if the cleaning or fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FROM PRECEDING AGREEMENT

46. If this agreement is the renewal of a pre-existing tenancy agreement for the property between the landlord and tenant then the landlord and tenant agree to use the condition report for the preceding residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated to form part of this tenancy agreement.

47. ADDITIONAL TERM - SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS AND BY-LAWS

- 47.1 Premises that are subject to Clause 35, the tenant will comply with the by-laws and or management statements that apply to the premises.
- 47.2 Premises to which the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989) does not apply, such as flats, the tenant agrees to observe and comply with the special conditions that have been adopted where relevant from the Model By-Laws contained in the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2010, Schedule 2 and are set out in Schedule 1 of this agreement. For the words written therein "owner or occupier" insert instead the words "the tenant", for "owners' corporation", insert instead "landlord", for "lot" insert instead "premises or flat", "the Act" insert instead the words "Strata Schemes Management Act 1996" and for "strata scheme" insert instead "the block".

ADDITIONAL TERM - HEALTH ISSUES

- 48. The tenant agrees to:
- 48.1 control mould, mildew and dampness by adopting a regular cleaning routine, ensure adequate ventilation, operate exhaust fans where fitted and lifestyle practices that reduce the accumulation of condensation, and
- 48.2 keep the premises clear of any pests and vermin, and
- 48.3 advise the landlord/landlord's agent promptly of any signs of dampness, pests or vermin.

ADDITIONAL TERM - NO SET OFF

49. The tenant shall not deduct any money from rent or cease to pay rent as a set off against any rental bond without the approval of the landlord or the landlord's agent.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PROCEDURE ON TERMINATION

- 50. The tenant shall upon termination of this agreement:
- 50.1 vacate the premises peaceably and return all keys and or opening devices. If the tenant fails to do so, the tenant shall be liable to pay an occupation fee (equivalent to the rent payable) until the keys and/or opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent and or compensate the landlord for changing the locks or other opening devices to reasonably secure the premises. The landlord may seek an order from the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal to recover the occupation fee and/or compensation from the tenant, and
- 50.2 provide a forwarding address to the landlord.

ADDITIONAL TERM - COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA FACILITIES

51. The Landlord makes no warranty as to the availability or adequacy of any line or service for the telephone or internet; and digital, cable or analogue television and the tenant leases the property relying on his or her own enquiries.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CARE OF SWIMMING POOL

- 52. Unless the landlord and tenant have agreed in writing to contrary the following clause applies in the event the property being leased includes a swimming pool.
- 52.1 The tenant will daily or as often as necessary vacuum and clean away leaves and other debris;

- 52.2 The tenant will daily or as often as necessary brush the walls of the pool to remove any build-up of slime or other such moulds;
- 52.3 The tenant will regularly inspect the leaf baskets and remove any build-up of debris:
- 52.4 The tenant will regularly carry out a backwash of the pool filters;
- 52.5 The tenant will maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water by testing the pool water each month and purchase and apply the recommended chemicals as needed.
- 52.6 The tenant will ensure the level of the water in the pool remains above the filter inlet at all times.
- 52.7 The tenant will inform the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as possible of any problems with the pool or pool equipment;
- 52.8 Then tenant will never interfere with or alter the operation of any safety fence or gate by such means as propping the gate open or in any way allowing unhindered access to the pool; and
- 52.9 The tenant will never leave any kind of item near the safety gate or fence which would permit a child to gain access to the pool area.

ADDITIONAL TERM - INSURANCE

53. The tenant is advised that the landlord is not responsible to insure the tenant's own possessions (contents and personal effects).

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

54. The tenant may be listed on a tenancy database(s) if the tenant vacates owing funds in excess of the bond and/or an order is obtained from the Consumer Trader, and Tenancy Tribunal.

SCHEDULE 1 SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis,

4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- damage any fawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing;
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot, unless the device is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common properly and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10. Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (4) In this clause: washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

11. Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12. Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

14. Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
 - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other tot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:
 - (a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
 - (b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

15. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 10.

16. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

17. Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

Notes.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant. landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

 $\ensuremath{\textit{tenancy}}$ means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant,

Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND T	TENANT ENTER INTO THIS	AGREEMENT AND AGE	EE TO ALL ITS TERMS.	IΔNT a	
In the presence of	Name of Witness	Mohstype	In the presence of	Name of Witness	Mhsnycov
				(. Jun)	1. Burns

Signature of Landlord

Signature of Tenant



Signature of Witness

Signature of Witness

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

Signature of Tenant

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au



APPLICANT:

Infotrack

GPO Box 4029

SYDNEY NSW 2000

PLANNING CERTIFICATE

Issued under section 10.7(2) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Property:

11/13-19 Alice Street AUBURN NSW 2144

Title:

Lot 11 SP 49440

Land No:

37512

Certificate No:

PC2021/1671

Certificate Date:

07/04/2021

Applicant's Ref:

1039/21

SECTION 10.7(2)

In accordance with the requirements of section 10.7(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (1979) ("the Act"), the following prescribed matters relate to the land at the date of this certificate.

ITEM 1 -Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

1. The following environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 30 - Intensive Agriculture

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 - Canal Estates

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 - Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development State Environmental Planning Policy No. 70 – Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)

State Environmental Planning Policy - SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy - Building Sustainability Index: BASIX 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy – (Temporary Structures) 2007 State Environmental Planning Policy – (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy – (Repeal of Concurrence and Referral Provisions) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy – (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy – (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities)

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy – (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Concurrences) 2018

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21 - Caravan Parks

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No. 9 – Extractive Industry (No. 2 – 1995)

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

2. The following proposed environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land and are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979:

Cumberland Local Environmental Plan (PP 2019 CUMBE 006 00)

3. The following development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Auburn Development Control Plan 2010

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ITEM 2 - Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

1. (a) Zoning details in the instruments identified in ITEM 1(1) above

Auburn Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

Objectives of zone

To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.

To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment. To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.

Permitted without consent

Nil

Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Group homes; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Entertainment facilities; Environmental facilities; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Pondbased aquaculture; Port facilities; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Residential accommodation; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Service stations; Sewerage systems; Sex services premises: Signage; Storage premises: Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies

Additional permitted uses

No additional uses apply

(b) Are there development standards applying to the land, which fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land?

No fixed minimum land dimensions apply to this land

(c) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat

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(d) Is the land within a heritage conservation area?

The land is not within a heritage conservation area

(e) Is there a heritage item situated on the land?

There are no heritage items situated on the land

2. (a) Zoning details in the instruments identified in ITEM 1(2) above

Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- · To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that non-residential land uses are located in a context and setting that minimises impacts on the amenity of a medium density residential environment.

2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor) Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Water recycling facilities

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Entertainment facilities; Environmental facilities; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Pondbased aquaculture; Port facilities; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Residential accommodation; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Service stations; Sewerage systems; Sex services premises; Signage; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

Additional permitted uses

No draft additional uses apply

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(b) Are there development standards applying to the land, which fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land?

No fixed minimum land dimensions apply to the land under a draft environmental planning instrument

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(c) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat under a draft environmental planning instrument

(d) Is the land within a draft heritage conservation area?

The land is not within a draft heritage conservation area

(e) Is there a draft heritage item situated on the land?

There are no draft heritage items situated on the land

ITEM 2A - Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

Is the land identified within any zone under Part 3 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006, a Precinct Plan, or a Proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act?

Nο

ITEM 3 - Complying Development Exclusions

Is the land, land on which complying development may be carried out under clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e),(2),(3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008?

Housing Code

Yes, under the Housing Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Yes, under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Rural Housing Code

Yes, under the Rural Housing Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Housing Alterations Code

Yes, under the Housing Alterations Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Yes, under the General Development Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Yes, under the General Commercial and Industrial Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

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Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Yes, under the General Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Yes, under the Container Recycling Facilities Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Subdivisions Code

Yes, under the Subdivisions Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Yes, under the Demolition Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Yes, under the Fire Safety Code complying development may be carried out on the land.

ITEM 4 - (Repealed)

ITEM 4A - (Repealed)

ITEM 4B – Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Has the owner (or any previous owner) of the land consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act)?

No

ITEM 5 - Mine subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be in a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No

ITEM 6 - Road widening and road realignment

Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993; or
- (b) Any environmental planning instrument; or
- (c) Any resolution of the Council?

No

ITEM 7 - Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(a) Whether or not the land is affected by a policy adopted by the Council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:-

(i)	land slip	No
(ii)	bushfire	No
(iii)	tidal inundation	No
(iv)	subsidence	No
(v)	acid sulphate soils	Yes
(vi)	land contamination	No
(vii)	Other Risk	No

(b) Whether or not the land is affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the Council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:-

(i)	land slip	No
(ii)	bushfire	No
(iii)	tidal inundation	No
(iv)	subsidence	No
(v)	acid sulphate soils	No
(vi)	land contamination	No
(vii)	Other Risk	No

ITEM 7A - Flood related development controls information

1. Whether or not development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

2. Whether or not development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

ITEM 8 - Land reserved for acquisition

Is there an environmental planning instrument, or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 which makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979?

No

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ITEM 9 - Contributions plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land is:-

Cumberland Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2020

ITEM 9A - Biodiversity certified land

Is the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (including land certified under Part 7AA of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995)?

No

ITEM 10 - Biodiversity stewardship sites

Has Council been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (including biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995)?

No

ITEM 10A - Native vegetation clearing set asides

Under section 60ZC of the Local Land Service Act 2013, has Council been notified by Local Land Services (or is it registered in the public register under that section) that the land contains a set aside area?

No

ITEM 11 - Bush fire prone land

(a) All of the land is bush fire prone land.

No

(b) Some of the land is bush fire prone land.

No

(c) None of the land is bush fire prone land.

Yes

ITEM 12 - Property vegetation plans

Has Council been notified (by the person or body that approved the plan) of the existence of a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force) applying to the land?

No

ITEM 13 - Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has Council been notified that an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land?

No

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ITEM 14 - Directions under Part 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect?

Nο

ITEM 15 - Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

(a) Has a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the Council is aware, been issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

(b) Have any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

No

ITEM 16 – Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

Has a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or a site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the Council is aware, been issued?

No

ITEM 17 - Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

1. Has a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the Council is aware, been issued in respect of proposed development on the land?

Νo

2. Have any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land?

No

ITEM 18 - Paper subdivision information

Has a development plan been adopted that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot?

No

Certificate No.: PC2021/1671

N NSW 2144 Certificate Date: 07/04/2021

Certificate No.: PC2021/1671

(a) At the date of this certificate, is the land (or part of the land) to which this certificate relates significantly contaminated land?

No

(b) At the date of this certificate, is the land to which this certificate relates subject to a management order?

Νo

(c) At the date of this certificate, is the land to which this certificate relates the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal?

Νo

(d) At the date of this certificate, is the land to which this certificate relates subject to an ongoing maintenance order?

No

(e) At the date of this certificate, is the land to which this certificate relates the subject of a site audit statement and a copy of such a statement has been provided to the Council?

No

GENERAL INFORMATION

The absence of any reference to a matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by that matter not referred to in this certificate.

Information provided under section 10.7(2) is in accordance with the matters prescribed under schedule 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 and is provided only to the extent that the Council has been notified by the Department of Public Works or Department of Planning.

When advice in accordance with section 10.7(5) is requested the Council is under no obligation to furnish any advice. If advice is provided Council draws your attention to section 10.7(6) and schedule 6 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* which have the effect that Council shall not incur any liability in respect of advice provided in good faith pursuant to section 10.7(5), including the furnishing of advice in respect of contaminated land.

Any enquiries regarding State and Regional Environmental Planning Policies should be directed to the Department of Planning at http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au

Please contact Council's Strategic Planning section for further information about this Planning Certificate.

Hamish McNulty
GENERAL MANAGER