© 2022 The Law Society of New South Wales ACN 000 000 699 and The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales ACN 000 012 457 You can prepare your own version of pages 1 - 4 of this contract. Except as permitted under the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth) or consented to by the copyright owners (including by way of guidelines issued from time to time), no other part of this contract may be reproduced without the specific written permission of The Law Society of New South Wales and The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERMNSW DAN:GIA Realtyphone: 02 8102 461633 Harris Street, Fairfield NSW 2165email: support@giarealty.com.au	
co-agent		
vendor	Quyen Thi Thuy Trinh	
vendor's solicitor	State Law Group phone: 02 9727 3780 Suite 1 67 Rickard Road Bankstown NSW 2200 email: agocmen@statelawgroup.com.au ref: LLH 124024	
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42 days after the contract date (clause 15) Unit 4 23 CARRAMAR AVE CARRAMAR NSW 2163 LOT 4 STRATA PLAN SP76764 Folio Identifier 4/SP76764	
	□ VACANT POSSESSION ⊠ subject to existing tenancies	
improvements	□ HOUSE □ garage □ carport ⊠ home unit □ carspace □ storage space □ none □ other:	
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:	
A real estate agent is permitted by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.		
inclusions	\Box air conditioning \Box clothes line \boxtimes fixed floor coverings \boxtimes range hood	
	\Box blinds \Box curtains \boxtimes insect screens \Box solar panels	
	$oxtimes$ built-in wardrobes \Box dishwasher $oxtimes$ light fittings $oxtimes$ stove	
	□ ceiling fans □ EV charger □ pool equipment □ TV antenna □ other:	
exclusions		
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price deposit balance	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)	
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)	
Where there is mo	ore than one purchaser	
□ tenants in common □ in unequal shares, specify:		
GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$		

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

Land – 2022 Edition

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER	
Signed by		Signed by	
Quyen Thi Thuy Trinh Vendor		Purchaser	
Vendor		Purchaser	
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the authorised person(s) whose sigr	e Corporations Act 2001 by the
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held

Land – 2022 Edition

Cho	ices		
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	⊠ NO	□ yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause	4)		
<i>Manual transaction</i> (clause 30)	⊠ NO	□ yes	
		•	further details, including the space below):
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise thi	s is correct as	far as each <i>party</i>	is aware)
Land tax is adjustable	\boxtimes NO	□ yes	
GST: Taxable supply	\bowtie NO	\Box yes in full	\Box yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	\Box NO	\Box yes	
 This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of th □ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpri □ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to □ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going □ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land □ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residentia 	se that the vent o be registered concern under s or farm land sup	dor carries on (sect for GST (section 9 section 38-325 oplied for farming u	iion 9-5(b)) -5(d)) Inder Subdivision 38-O
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment		• • •	endor must provide
d	ate, the vendor		completed at the contract nese details in a separate te for completion.
<i>GSTRW payment</i> (GST residential Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sentity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture. Supplier's name:	sometimes furth	ner information will	be required as to which
Supplier's ABN:			

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW rate (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: \Box AT COMPLETION \Box at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? \Box NO \Box yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

3

Land – 2022 Edition

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
\boxtimes 1 property certificate for the land	☑ 33 property certificate for strata common property
\boxtimes 2 plan of the land	⊠ 34 plan creating strata common property
\Box 3 unregistered plan of the land	□ 35 strata by-laws
\Box 4 plan of land to be subdivided	□ 36 strata development contract or statement
\Box 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	37 strata management statement
☑ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	□ 38 strata renewal proposal
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	□ 39 strata renewal plan
1979	\Box 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common
\Box 7 additional information included in that certificate	property
under section 10.7(5)	□ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property
⊠ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram	□ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property
 (service location diagram) ⊠ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service 	□ 43 neighbourhood development contract
diagram)	\Box 44 neighbourhood management statement
\boxtimes 10 document that created or may have created an	 45 property certificate for precinct property 46 plan creating precinct property
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	\square 40 plan cleating precinct property \square 47 precinct development contract
positive covenant disclosed in this contract	\square 48 precinct management statement
□ 11 planning agreement	\square 49 property certificate for community property
\Box 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	\square 50 plan creating community property
□ 13 survey report	\Box 51 community development contract
□ 14 building information certificate or building	\Box 52 community management statement
certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	\Box 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws
□ 15 occupation certificate	\Box 54 document disclosing a change in a development
□ 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or	or management contract or statement
variation) 17 other document relevant to tenancies	\Box 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries
\square 18 licence benefiting the land	\Box 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes
\square 19 old system document	Management Act 2015
\square 20 Crown purchase statement of account	□ 57 information certificate under Community Land
□ 21 building management statement	Management Act 2021
\Box 22 form of requisitions	\Box 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
□ 23 clearance certificate	□ 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract Other
□ 24 land tax certificate	
Home Building Act 1989	
\Box 25 insurance certificate	
\Box 26 brochure or warning	
\Box 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	
Swimming Pools Act 1992	
\square 28 certificate of compliance	
\square 29 evidence of registration	
□ 30 relevant occupation certificate	
\square 31 certificate of non-compliance	
□ 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

4

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.* It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1 This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4 A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5 The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

-		
	WARNIN	GS
1.	Various Acts of Parliament and other matter this contract. Some important matters are notices, orders, proposals or rights of way APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land and Housing Corporation Local Land Services If you think that any of these matters affect	actions, claims, decisions, licences, involving: NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
2.	A lease may be affected by the Agricultura Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases A	
3.	If any purchase money is owing to the Cro obtaining consent, or if no consent is need	
4.	If a consent to transfer is required under le obligations of the parties.	egislation, see clause 27 as to the
5.	The vendor should continue the vendor's i wants to give the purchaser possession be ask the insurer to confirm this will not affe	efore completion, the vendor should first
6.	not an Australian citizen, surcharge p purchasers may be eligible to choose to	duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is burchaser duty) on this contract. Some pay first home buyer choice property tax of made on time, interest and penalties may
7.		eposit, the purchaser's right to recover the ters (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8.	The purchaser should arrange insurance a	s appropriate.
9.	Some transactions involving personal property Securities Act 2009.	perty may be affected by the Personal
10.	A purchaser should be satisfied that finance completing the purchase.	ce will be available at the time of
11.	Where the market value of the property is a purchaser may have to comply with a fore payment obligation (even if the vendor is r the amount available to the vendor on com	ign resident capital gains withholding not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect

12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean – 1

1.1

	ms (in any form) mean –
adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
authorised Subscriber	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice <i>served</i> by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a
	bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers
	one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to
	completion;
completion time	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor –
	the issuer;
	 the expiry date (if any); and
	the amount;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's
	solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose
	provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or
	withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to
	be transferred to the purchaser;
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and
	Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;
electronic transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal
	representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL
	and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared
	and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of
	the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as
FRCGW percentage	at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	
FRUGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the
	TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if
007.4	any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served</i> by a <i>party</i> ;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
22	- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA
V	Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at
	1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, $1/11$ th if not);
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the
	property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
manual transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case
	at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL;</i>
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental
p.a.m.g agroomont	Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;
populate	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
μοραίατο	

requisition rescind serve settlement cheque	 an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other <i>party</i>; an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
solicitor	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
title data	the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by
	the Land Registry;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*,
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
 - This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

4.4

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction
 - 4.2.1 each *party* must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
 - A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*,
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 *populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.*
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by;
 - the party entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can rescind if -

- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to 13.2 be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but 13.3.1
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -13.4
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on 13.4.2 the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the 13.4.3 purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the 13.4.4 vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property. 13.5
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the property will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the property (or any part of the property) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the 13.8 property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if -13.8.1
 - this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or

the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property). 13.8.2

- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the property which is identified as being a taxable 13.9.1 supply; and
 - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the property to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable 13.11 supply.
- If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before 13.12 completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- If the vendor serves details of a GSTRW payment which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not 13.13 have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must, at least 2 business days before the date 13.14 for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
 - the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 14.2.2 completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date -
 - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land; •
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and •
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property 14.8 or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion. 16.2
- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.3 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -16.5 16.5.1
 - the price less any -
 - deposit paid:
 - FRCGW remittance payable; •
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor. 16.7

Possession 17

16.5.2

- Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion. 17.1
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
 - If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

18.6

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
 - 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).

23.2 In this contract – 23.2.1 'chang

- 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by 23.6.1 instalments: and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for 23.7 which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation; 23.8.1
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under 23.8.2 clause 6: or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit 23.9.2 entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract: or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation 23.10 and signed by the purchaser.
- After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the 23.11 owners corporation.
- The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser. 23.12
- The vendor must serve at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the 23.13 scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and 23.14 clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate. 23.15
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in 23.16 the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the 23.17.2 purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -24.1
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be 24.2 adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion 24.3
 - the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy 24.3.1
 - inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -24.3.3
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required; ٠
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or •
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994. •

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

25.5 An abstract of title –

- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 If the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –

- either party serving notice of the event happening;
- every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind,
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

Transfer

- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract. 32.3.2

rat.

Special condition forming part of this contract BETWEEN

AND

(Vendor)

(Purchaser)

If there is an inconsistency between these special conditions and clauses 1 to 32 of this contract, these special conditions prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

33. Changes to Standard Contract

- 33.1 The words in the box commencing "GST Amount" at the bottom of page 1 of the standard form contract are deleted.
- 33.2 Unless the box specifying the requirement for an adjustment of land tax is marked "NO", it is deemed marked "Yes".
- 33.3 Clause 2.4 is amended by deleting the words "cash (up to \$2,000) or".
- 33.4 Clause 2.9 is deleted.
- 33.5 Clause 5.2 is deleted.
- 33.6 Clause 7.1.1 is deleted.
- 33.7 Clause 8.1.1 is amended by deleting the words "on reasonable grounds".
- 33.8 Clause 8.1.3 is amended by including the words "seven days" for "14 days".
- 33.9 **Clause 10.1** is amended by including the words "or delay completion" or after the word "terminate".
- 33.10 Clause 10.1.8 is amended by substituting the word "existence" for "substance".
- 33.11 **Clause 10.1.9** is amended by substituting the word "existence" for "substance" and deleting the words "(except a caveat, charge, mortgage or writ)".
- 33.12 Clause 11 deleted.
- 33.13 Clause 13.2, Clause 13.8 and Clause 13.9 are deleted.

33.14 **Clause 14.4.2** is amended by deleting the first two bullet points.

- 33.15 Clause 16.5 is amended by deleting the words "plus another 20% of that fee".
- 33.16 Clause 20.8 is deleted.
- 33.17 Clause 22 is deleted.
- 33.18 Clause 23.9 and clause 23.14 are deleted.
- 33.19 Clauses 24 to 29 are deleted.

34 Real estate agents

- 34.1 The purchaser warrants that it was not introduced to the property or the vendor by any real estate agent or other person entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the real estate agent and/or co-agent named on the front page of the Contract.
- 34.2 The purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any claim for commission by any real estate agent or other person arising out of an introduction of the purchaser (other than a claim by the vendor's agent and vendor's co-agent, if any, specified in this contract) and against all claims and expenses for the defences and determination of such a claim made against the vendor.
- 34.3 This right continues after completion.

35 Purchaser not related to agent

The purchaser warrants that he/she is not a relative of the real estate agent described on the front page of this contract (**Agent**), an employee of the Agent or a relative of an employee of the Agent.

36 GST

- 36.1 In this clause "GST" refers to goods and services tax under *A New Tax System* (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 ("**GST Act**") and the terms used to have the meanings as defined in the GST Act.
- 36.2 The purchaser warrants that the property will be used predominantly for residential accommodation. The purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any liability to pay GST arising from breach of this warranty. This right continues after completion.

- 36.3 The purchasers will indemnity the vendor against any liability to pay GST arising from breach of this warranty. This right shall not merge on completion.
- 36.4 In event of the vendor being liable for GST due to the purchaser's failure to comply with clause 35.2, then the purchaser agrees to pay to the vendor, within 14 days after the vendor's liability for GST on the sale is confirmed by an assessment from the Commissioner. This amount includes any additional penalty or interest.

37 Notice to complete

- 37.1 Despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary, the vendor and the purchaser agrees that any notice to complete under this contract will be reasonable as to time if a period of 14 days from the date of service of the notice is allowed for completion.
- 37.2 For the avoidance of doubt a party may issue a notice to complete, provided that party is not then in default even if an encumbrance or outgoing exists in circumstances where the issuing party will be able to clear any such encumbrance or outgoing (if required on or before the end of the notice to complete.
- 37.3 The party serving a notice to complete at any time:
 - 37.3.1 withdraw the notice to complete by further notice to the party in default and at that party's option, issue a further notice to complete; or
 - 37.3.2 unilaterally extend the time allowed by the notice to complete, with such extended time remaining of the essence of the notice to complete and this contract.
- 37.4 If the vendor serves a notice to complete, the purchaser must pay to the vendor the sum of \$330.00, being a genuine pre-estimate of the damages payable by the purchaser for breach in order to reimburse the vendor for additional legal costs payable by the vendor in connection with the preparation and service of the notice. It is an essential provision of this contract that this amount be paid on completion in addition to all other monies required to be paid by the purchaser under this contract at that time.
- 37.5 If the purchaser cancels a booking for completion or fails to complete this contract at a scheduled completion booking, such that a second or subsequent completion booking is required, the purchaser will pay or allow to the vendor the sum of \$110.00 of each such booking which is cancelled or does not result in completion of this contract. It is an essential provision of this contract that this amount be paid on completion in addition to all other monies required to be paid by the purchaser under this contract at that time.

38 Deposit

- 38.1 The purchaser hereby agrees to release to the vendor the deposit money paid herein, for any purpose(s), including for payment of a deposit or stamp duty on the purchase of another property, if requested by the vendor.
- 38.2 The vendor's solicitor agrees to supply the purchaser's solicitor with particulars of any release of deposit pursuant to this clause.

39 Late completion interest

- 39.1 Without prejudice to the vendor's other rights, if the balance of the price is not paid by the purchaser to the vendor by the completion date, the purchaser must pay to the vendor as liquidated damages an amount calculated:
 - 39.1.1 At the rate of 12% per annum on the Balance of the Price; and
 - 39.1.2 payable daily from the completion date until the first to happen of completion or termination of this contract by the vendor (excluding those days, if any, when completion does not occur due to a default solely attributable to the vendor).
- 39.2 The parties agree that it is an essential term of this special condition that the money to be paid hereunder will be paid on completion and is a genuine preestimate of liquidated damages which forms part of the balance of purchase money due and payable on completion.

40 Land Tax

- 40.1 Notwithstanding any other clause or provision of this contract for the purpose of adjusting State land tax the vendor shall be entitled to adjust land tax on the basis of the full amount actually paid in respect of the subject property not taking into account any concessions or other allowances that may be applicable. If completion does not take place by the completion date and in the land tax year that completion is due, the vendor shall be entitled to a land tax adjustment for the following land tax year.
- 40.2 If the purchaser serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land provided however, that the uncleared certificate is received not less than ten (10) business days prior to settlement, otherwise the purchaser must accept an undertaking on settlement that the land tax will be cleared within twenty (20) business days after settlement.

41 Requisitions

- 41.1 The purchaser shall only be entitled to serve general requisitions in the following form (as applicable):
 - 41.1.1 for Torrens title property: HWL Ebsworth 2020; or
 - 41.1.2 for Stata title property: HWL Ebsworth 2020.

42 Encroachments, services and fences

- 42.1 Subject to the application (if any) of section 52A of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and the *Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation* 2010, the purchaser takes title subject to:
 - 42.1.1 any encroachment by or on the property (or If the property is strata/community title, by or on the common/community property and/or the property);
 - 42.1.2 any non-compliance with the *Local Government Act* 1993 or the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979 by the improvements or by any part of the strata scheme;
 - 42.1.3 any roof or surface water drainage connected to the sewer;
 - 42.1.4 the services referred to in clause 10.1.2, the lack of any rights or easements for the services, defects in the services or the lack of any services; and
 - 42.1.5 the existence and location of fences in and about the property.
- 42.2 If the property (or if the property is strata/community title, the common/community property) has solar panels installed, the vendor discloses that it has no information concerning the installation, ownership or other rights/liabilities (including entitlement to rebates) associated with the solar panels.
- 42.3 The purchaser covenants with the vendor that it has made its own enquires, is fully satisfied and will make no objection, requestion or claim for compensation, or delay completion, on the basis of anything arising from this special condition 47.

43 Exclusion of pre-contractual representations

43.1 This contract constitutes the entire agreement between the vendor and the purchaser relating to the sale of property.

- 43.2 The parties have not entered into and are not bound by any collateral or other agreement apart from this contract.
- 43.3 The parties are not bound by any warranty, representation, collateral, or agreement or implied term under the general law or imposed by legislation unless:
 - 43.3.1 such warranty, representation, agreement or term is contained in the express terms of this contract;
 - 43.3.2 it is an implied term or warranty imposed by statute which is mandatory and cannot be excluded by the parties' agreement.
- 43.4 The purchaser acknowledges that the purchaser, when entering into this contract, relied exclusively on the following matters independent of any statements, inducements or representations made by or on behalf of the vendor:
 - 43.4.1 the inspection of and investigation relating to the land made by or on behalf of the purchaser;
 - 43.4.2 the skill and judgement of the purchaser, its consultants and representatives;
 - 43.4.3 opinions or advice obtained by the purchaser independently of the vendor or of the vendor's agents or employees.
- 43.5 The purchaser acknowledges that no representations, inducements or warranties have been made by the vendor or its agents or representative relating to the present state or condition of the property, its suitability for the purposes of the purchaser, the improvements erected on the property, any contamination relating to, caused by, or affecting the property or any proposed work to be done to the property. The purchaser purchases the property in its existing condition and state of repair.
- 43.6 If the property is a:
 - 43.6.1 strata title lot, for the purposes of this clause property includes the common property and all lots in the strata scheme; and
 - 43.6.2 if the property is a community title lot, for the purposes of this clause property includes the community property and all lots in the community scheme.

44 Rescission on death/liquidation

- 44.1 Without in any way negativing, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to the vendor at law or in equity had this special condition not been included in this contract, if the purchaser (or one of them if there is more than one purchaser) prior to completion:
 - 44.1.1 dies or becomes meanly ill, then either party may rescind the contract and the provision of clause 19 will apply;
 - 44.1.2 being a company:
 - 44.1.2.1 is subject to an order or an effective resolution to wind it up or if it enters into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors under part 5 of the *Corporations Act* 2001;
 - 44.1.2.2 If any liquidator, administer, receiver or official manger is appointed in respect of it,

then the vendor may terminate this contract.

45 Consumer Credit

- 45.1 The purchaser acknowledges and warrants to the vendor either that credit is not required to complete this contract or credit to complete this contract has already been approved on terms acceptable to the purchaser.
- 45.2 The purchaser will indemnify the vendor in respect of all claims or actions and costs arising therefrom in respect of a breach of this warranty.

46 FIRB Approval

- 46.1 The purchaser warrants that the purchaser has obtained (or is not required to obtain) any necessary consent or approval from the Commonwealth Treasurer under the *Foreign Acquisitions and Takeover Act* 1975 as to the purchase of the property by the purchaser.
- 46.2 A breach of warranty given under special condition 51.1 entitles the vendor to terminate.
- 46.3 The purchaser indemnifies the vendor in respect of all claims or actions and costs arising in respect of a breach of this warranty.
- 46.4 This special condition 51 does not merge on completion.

47 Severability

Unenforceability of a provision of this contract does not affect the enforceability of any other provision.

48 Non-merger

The Provisions of this contract having application after completion continue to apply despite completion.

49 Amendment

This contract may only be amended or supplemented in writing, signed by the parties or their solicitor/conveyancers.

50 Improvements

- 50.1 The improvements may not comply with all relevant legislation.
- 50.2 The purchaser accepts the property subject to the disclosure contained in this special condition 56 and may not make any objection, requisition, claim for compensation, rescind or terminate this contract or delay completion because of any matter arising either directly or indirectly from the matters disclosed in this special condition 56.

51 Building certificate

- 51.1 The vendor does not have a:
 - 51.1.1 building certificate given under any legislation for the improvement on the property; or
 - 51.1.2 a survey of the property.
- 51.2 The purchaser is not entitled to:
 - 51.2.1 have the property inspected for the purpose of obtaining a building certificate or to apply for a building certificate before completion;
 - 51.2.2 require the vendor to apply for or do anything to obtain a building certificate or survey; or
 - 51.2.3 require the vendor to comply with the local council's requirements for this issue of a building certificate.

- 51.3 Completion of this contract is not conditional on the vendor or the purchaser obtaining a building certificate for the improvements on the property or a survey of the property.
- 51.4 The purchaser cannot make any objection, requisitions, claim for compensation or otherwise delay completion in respect of anything referred to or disclosed in this clause 57.

52 Exchange on less than ten percent (10%) deposit

- 52.1 This special condition 60 shall only operate in the event the vendors expressly consent in writing to accept a reduced deposit prior to the contract being entered into.
- 52.2 The purchaser(s) acknowledges that the deposit payable hereunder is ten percent (10%) of the Purchase price.
- 52.3 The purchaser(s) acknowledges that they have entered into this Agreement upon the part payment of the deposit by way of a sum of less than ten percent (10%) of the purchase price stipulated herein.
- 52.4 The balance of the deposit payable hereunder shall be paid by the purchaser on the completion of this contract or upon termination of this contract by the vendor. If the vendor(s) terminates this contract the vendor(s) shall in addition to any rights and remedies conferred on it by law and equity have the right to sue the purchaser for the unpaid balance of deposit.
- 52.5 This clause shall not merge on termination of this contract.

53 Transfer

- 53.1 The purchaser must serve the transfer in accordance with Clause 4.1. Should the purchaser fail to do so, the purchaser will be liable to pay \$100.00 to the vendor at settlement, being a fair and reasonable estimate to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred.
- 53.2 This is an essential term of the contract and the vendor should not be required to complete until the necessary adjustment has been made.

54 Section 10.7 certificate

The vendor discloses that the prescribed certificate pursuant to section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning And Assessment Act* 1979 attached to this contract may not specify the true status of the subject property and/or comply with the prescribed matters required to be disclosed in accordance with schedule 4 of *the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation* 2000. The purchaser shall not be entitled to make a claim, requisition or rescind this contract in respect of the above and/or should

any subsequent certificate reveal that the subject property is not subjected to any adverse affectation other than disclosed in the section 10.7(2) certificate attached to this contract.

55 Swimming pool

- 55.1 If the property contains a swimming pool, then:
 - 55.1.1 The vendor does not warrant that the swimming pool on the property complies with the requirements imposed by the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992 and the regulations prescribed under that Act;
 - 55.1.2 The purchaser agrees that after completion the purchaser will comply with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992 and regulations relating to access to the swimming pool, fencing and the erection of a warning notice and this special condition shall not merge upon completion of this contact.
 - 55.1.3 The purchaser may not make any claim or raise any requisition whatsoever in relation to the swimming pool or any non-compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992 or other relevant legislation.

56 Section 184 / Section 26 certificate

- 56.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a Strata, Neighbourhood or Community Scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 56.2 The purchaser shall be responsible for applying to the holder of the Strata or Community Title records for the section 184 certificate under the *Strata Schemes Management Act* 1996 or for the section 26 certificate under the *Community Land Management Act* 1989. The purchaser shall not be entitled to delay completion or make any requisition or objection arising from the purchaser's failure to apply for the said certificate.
- 56.3 The vendor hereby authorises the purchaser to apply for the section 184 certificate under the *Strata Schemes Management Act* 1996 or for the section 26 certificate under the *Community Land Management Act* 1989 in relation to the lot and the purchaser undertakes to provide a copy of the said certificate to the vendor at least five (5) business days prior to completion.
- 56.4 Should the purchaser fail to procure the Section 184 certificate under the *Strata Schemes Management Act* 1996 or for the section 26 certificate under the *Community Land Management Act* 1989 in relation to the lot, the vendor shall be entitled to damages in accordance with clause 9 of the contract.
- 57 Lease

If the sale is subject to a lease:

- 57.1 The property is sold and the purchaser takes title subject to the lease affecting the Property.
- 57.2 Lease Terms:
 - 57.2.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that it has undertaken extensive due diligence of the lease and investigations and enquiries as to all matters relating to the terms, nature, status and enforceability of the Lease.
 - 57.3 Acceptance of Lease:
 - 57.3.1 The Purchaser is not entitles to rescind, terminates or delay completion of this contract, nor to object, requisitions or make any claim in relation to any matter relating to the lease including:
 - 57.3.1.1 by reason of any term of the lease;
 - 57.3.1.2 in relation to the use of the premises the subject of the Lease;
 - 57.3.1.3 In relation to any outstanding breach of the Lease, the *Retail Leases Act* 1994, the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 or the *Real Property Act* 1900;
 - 57.3.1.4 on the grounds that any term of the Lease is or may be enforceable or open to termination or being avoided.
 - 57.3.2 No Warranty:
 - 57.3.2.1 The Vendor does not warrant or represent:
 - (a) that the Lessee will not be in breach under the Lease, as at completion;
 - (b) that the Lease is legally blinding;
 - (c) the ability of the Lease to comply with its obligations under the Lease;
 - (d) that the Lease complies with the relevant legislation including the *Retail Lease Act* 1994, the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and the *Real Property Act* 1900.

57.4. The Purchaser is not entitled to rescind, terminate or delay completion of this Contract, nor subject, requisition or make claim because of any matter referred to in clause 53.4 occurring on or before completion.

58 Adjustments

The parties agree to adjust the usual outgoings and all amounts pursuant to this contract on completion. However if any amount is incorrectly calculated, adjusted or overlooked, the parties agree to correct such error and to reimburse each other accordingly after settlement. This clause shall not merge on completion.

59 GST included in price / margin scheme applies / no input tax credit

- 60.1 The purchase price herein is inclusive of any Goods and Services Tax (GST) payable.
- 60.2 The vendor will remit GST calculated under the margin scheme.
- 60.3 The vendor having remitted GST based on the margin scheme, the purchaser acknowledges that the purchaser will not be entitled to claim an input tax credit in respect of the said GST.

60 Conditions of sale of land by auction

- 60.1 If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:
- Bidders record means the bidders record to be kept pursuant to clause 13 of the *Property,* Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2014 and section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002.
 - 60.2 The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land or livestock:
 - (a) The vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences;
 - (b) A bid for the vendor cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the vendor;
 - (c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price;
 - (d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final;
 - (e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor;
 - (f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person;
 - (g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer;
 - (h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.

- 60.3 The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause 1, are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
 - (a) All bidders must be registered in the bidders record and display an identifying number when making a bid;
 - (b) Subject to subclause 3, the auctioneer may make only one vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land and no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or any other person; and
 - (c) Immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller or announces 'vendor bid'.
- 60.4 The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclauses 1 and 2 are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of coowned residential property or rural land or the sale of such land by a seller as executor or administrator:
 - More than one vendor bid may be made to purchase interest of a coowner;
 - A bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity;
 - (c) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller;
 - (d) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of any co-owner, executor or administrator or any person registered to bid on behalf of any co-owner, executor or administrator.

61 Guarantee (mandatory if purchaser is a corporation)

- 61.1 This special condition applies if the purchaser is a corporation but does not apply to a corporation listed on an Australian Stock Exchange. This clause is an essential term of this contract.
- 61.2 The word "guarantor" means:
 - 61.1.1 ______ of _____; and

61.1.1 ______ of ______

(being two directors of the purchaser, or if the purchaser is a sole director/secretary corporation, the sole director).

61.3 If the guarantor has not signed this clause, the vendor may terminate this contract by serving a notice, but only within 14 days after the contract date.

- 61.4 In consideration of vendor entering into this contract at the guarantor's request, the guarantor guarantees to the vendor:
 - 61.4.1 payment of all money payable by the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 61.4.2 the performance of all of the purchaser's other obligations under this contract.
 - 61.5 The guarantor:
 - 61.5.1 indemnifies the vendor against any claim, action, loss, damage, cost, liability, expense, or payment incurred by the vendor in connection with or arising from any breach or default by the purchaser of its obligations under this contract; and
 - 61.5.2 must pay on demand any money due to the vendor under this indemnity.
- 61.6 The guarantor is jointly and separately liable with the purchaser to the vendor for:
 - 61.6.1 the performance by the purchaser of its obligations under this contract;
 - 61.6.2 any damage incurred by the vendor as a result of the purchaser's failure to perform its obligations under this contract or the termination of this contract by the vendor.
- 61.7 The guarantor must pay to the vendor upon written demand by the vendor all expenses incurred by the vendor in respect of the vendor's exercise or attempted exercise of any right under this clause.
- 61.8 If the vendor assigns or transfers the benefit of this contract, the transferee receives the benefit of the guarantor's obligations under this clause.
- 61.9 The guarantor's obligations under this clause are not released, discharged, or otherwise affect by:
 - 61.9.1 the granting of any time, wavier, covenant not to sue or other indulgence;
 - 61.9.2 the release or discharge of any person;

- 61.9.3 an arrangement, composition or compromise entered into by the vendor, the purchaser, the guarantor or any other person;
- 61.9.4 any moratorium or other suspension of the right, power, authority, discretion or remedy conferred on the vendor by this contract, statue, a court, or otherwise;
- 61.9.5 payment to the vendor, including payment which at or after the payment date is illegal, void, voidable, avoided or unenforceable; or
- 61.9.6 the winding up of the purchaser.
- 61.10 This clause binds the guarantor and the executors, administrators and assigns of the guarantor.
- 61.11 This clause operates as a Deed between the vendor and the guarantor.

)

)

EXECUTED as a Deed

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by the

Guarantor in the presence of:

Signature of Witness

Signature of Guarantor

Name of Witness

Name of Guarantor



REGISTRY Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 4/SP76764

LAND

SERVICES

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
26/5/2025	5:24 PM	6	20/9/2023

LAND

LOT 4 IN STRATA PLAN 76764 AT CARRAMAR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA FAIRFIELD

FIRST SCHEDULE

QUYEN THI THUY TRINH

(T AI688109)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP76764

2 AT455429 MORTGAGE TO WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 26/5/2025

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



REGISTRY Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP76764

LAND

SERVICES

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
26/5/2025	5:24 PM	3	2/8/2019

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 76764 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT CARRAMAR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA FAIRFIELD PARISH OF ST JOHN COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SP76764

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 76764 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: C/- INDEPENDENT UNIT MANAGEMENT 1ST FLOOR 227-229 GEORGE ST LIVERPOOL 2170

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)

2 DP525407 EASEMENT TO DRAIN SEWAGE OVER EXISTING LINE OF PIPES AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

3 AA683305 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 1 WIDE AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

4 AP428171 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 85)

STRATA	PLAN 76764						
LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1 -	10	2 -	7	3 -	10	4 -	10
5 -	9	б –	10	7 -	10	8 -	9
9 –	10						

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

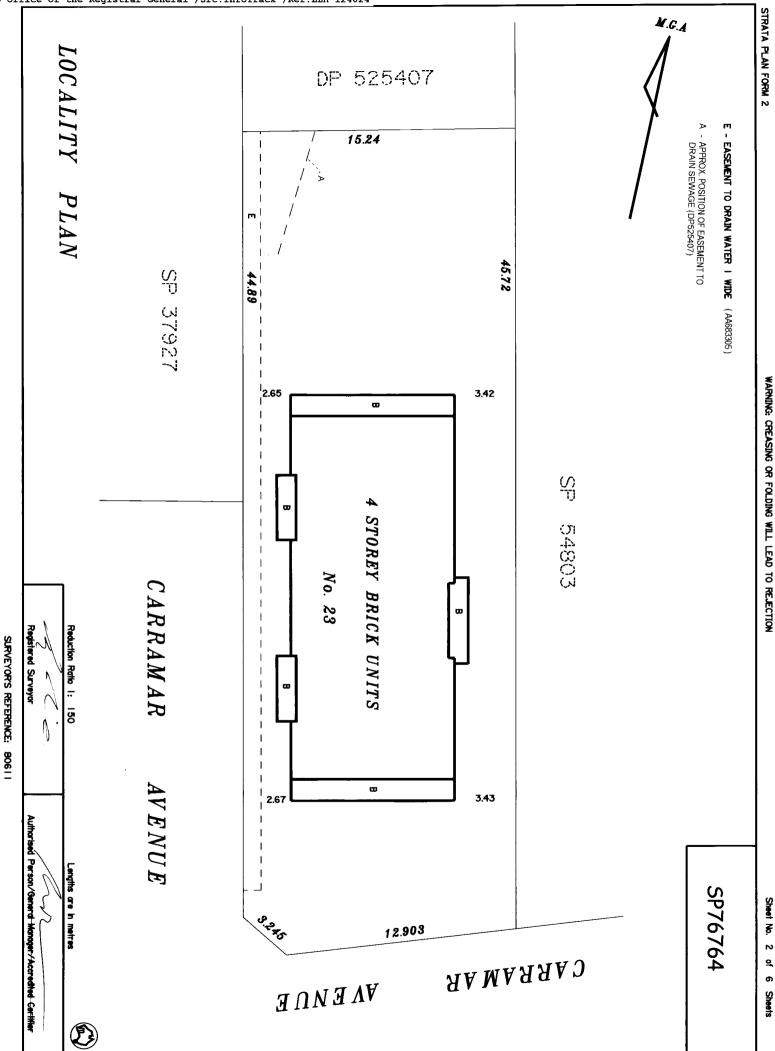
*** END OF SEARCH ***

LLH 124024...

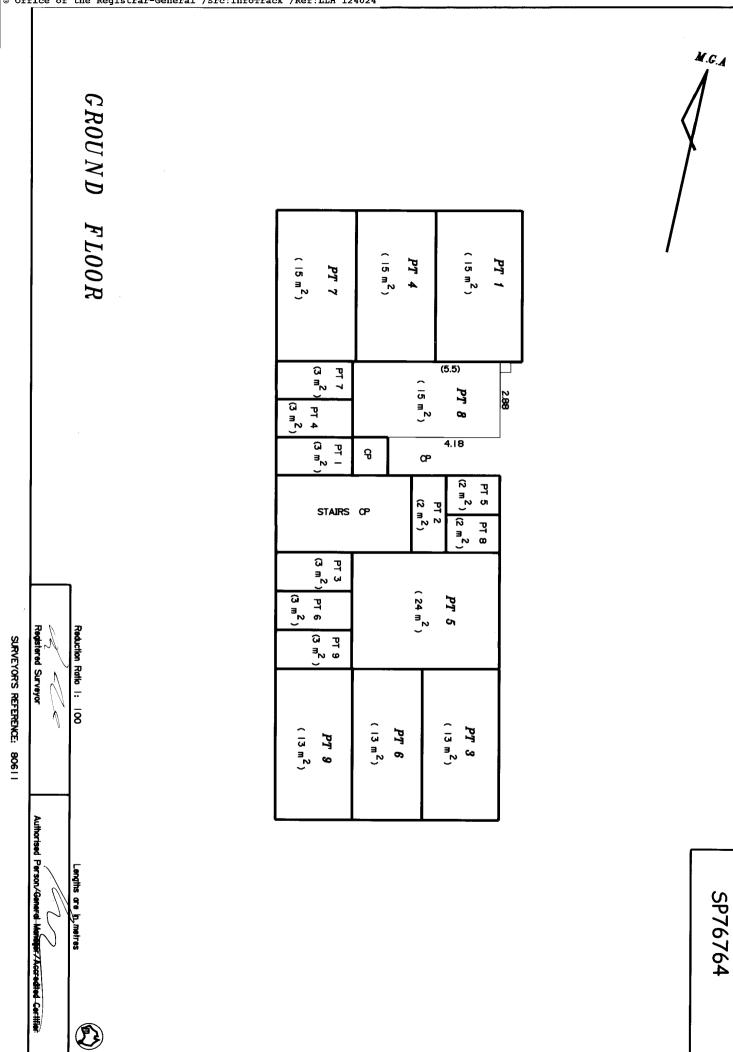
PRINTED ON 26/5/2025

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

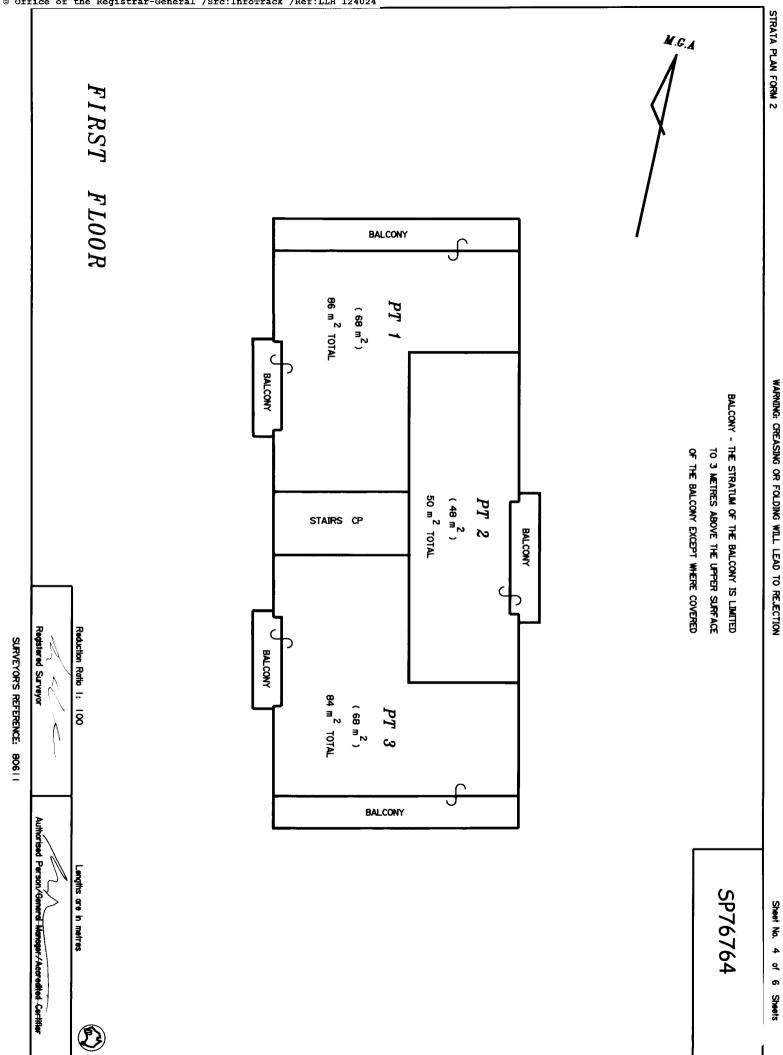
STRATA PLAN FORM I	WARNING CREASING OR FI	WARNING CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION	OFFICE USE ONLY
• FALOCIEL DO CONTRATA	SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE		
╪┋═⋍ ╞┣╒╒	I, JOHN ROBERT LOWE of John Lowe and Associates (Liverpool) Pty Ltd	PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OVER LOT 56 IN DP1092148	SP76764
strate plan of subdivision." Bustrate jub of subdivision."	a surveyor registered under the Surveying Act 2002, hereby certify that:		
The eccredited contrition is controlled that the plan is consistent with a rejevent development consent in force, and that du conditions of the development consent that has its terms are repeated to be downlad.	(1) each applicable requirement of [*] Schedule 1A to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 or * Schedule 1A	LGA:FAIRFIELD Suburb/Locality: CARRAMAR	Registered . 14. 3. 2006
with before a strata certificate may be issued, have been completed with The strata dan strata plan of subdivision is port of a development The strata dan strata plan of subdivision is port of a development	<u>ra tra vertra vroamar (Farenova Lavavoromant) Art 1988.</u> has been met		Purpose: STRATA PLAN
consistent with any applicable conditions of any deyelopment consent and that the plan gives effect to the stage of the strata development contract to which it relates.	 (z) - for the building encroaches on land (other that a bublic (b) the building encroaches on land (other that a bublic place), in respect of which encroachased an appropriate 	Parish ST IOHN Causta Classes Ann	Ref. Map: U9145 - 52
*The Council does not object to the encréachment of the building beyond the diagramment of	 has been created by + 		Last Plan: DP1002148
The Accredited Certifier is satisfied that the building complies with a relevant development consent/in force that allows the encroachment.	 Is to be treated under section 888 of the Lonveyancing 		
 This approval is given ay the condition that the use of lot(s)	(3) the survey information recorded in the accompanying location plan is accurate.		
occupation as <u>a</u> residence, office, shop or the like) is restricted to the propriety or occupier of a bit or proposed bit (not being such a utility_doff) the subject of the strata scheme concerned, as referred	Signature	for he	
or the section 39 of the Strata Schemes (Leosehold Development) Act 1973 or ^s section 68 of the Strata Schemes (Leosehold Development) Act 1996	+State whether dealing or pian, and quote registered number.	RAMA	
Date 27-2-2006 Sublishing the 0667	THIS IS SHEET 1 OF MY PLAN IN 6 SHEETS.	CARRAMAR 2163	
	Model By-laws adopted for this scheme	FOR LOCATION PLAN SEE SHEET 2	
	neeping on Animus, opinin Ar on e Schedde of By texa in <u>Skeets filed with plan</u> The By texa opply	Signatures, seals and statements of intention to create easements, restrictions as to user and positive covenants	
Complete, or delete if applicable.	Strike out vinchever is inapplicable	THE COMMON SEAL OF AUSTRALIAN	
024 Schedule of unit entitlement		SECURED LENDING Pry LIMITED	
		OF THE ROOPS within	
		TURITY OF THE BOARD IN THE	
2		The second secon	
3 IO			
4 0		SECRETHAN THORETON	
Un Un			
6 0			
7 10			
ω σ			
бен б			
TOTAL 85	Boldy Enteronises Ptulit		
gist	091 1F7		
he Re	2	h	
e of t	H		
ſ			
Of SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: BOG 1 Ø Ø			

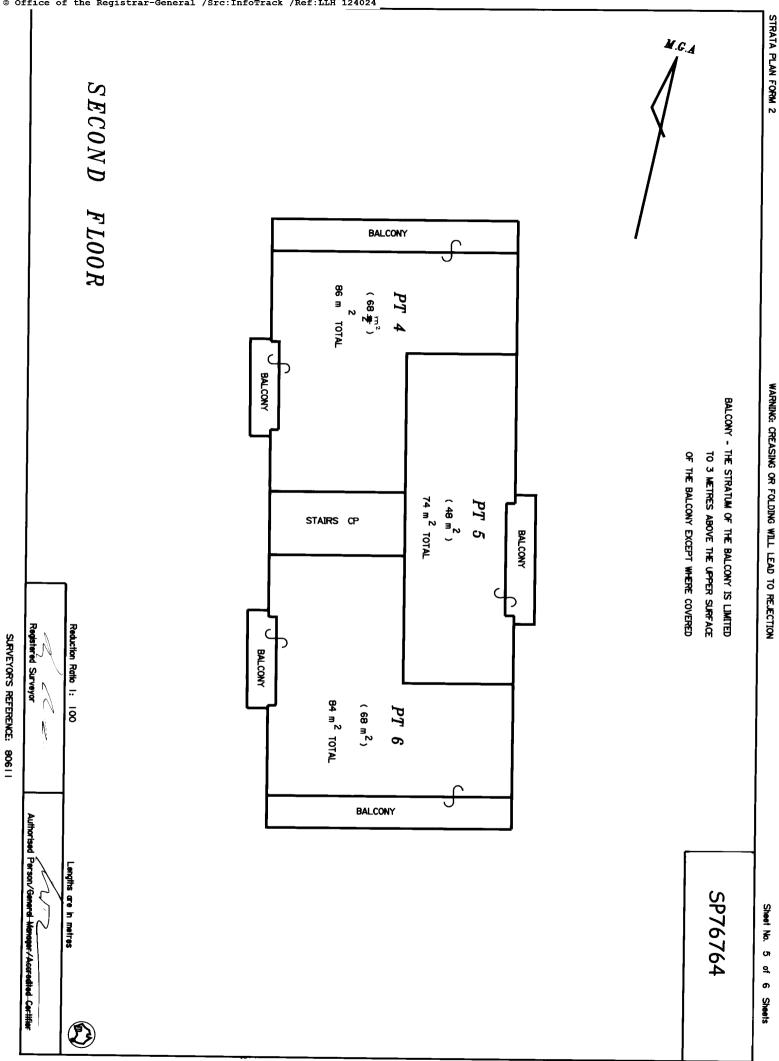


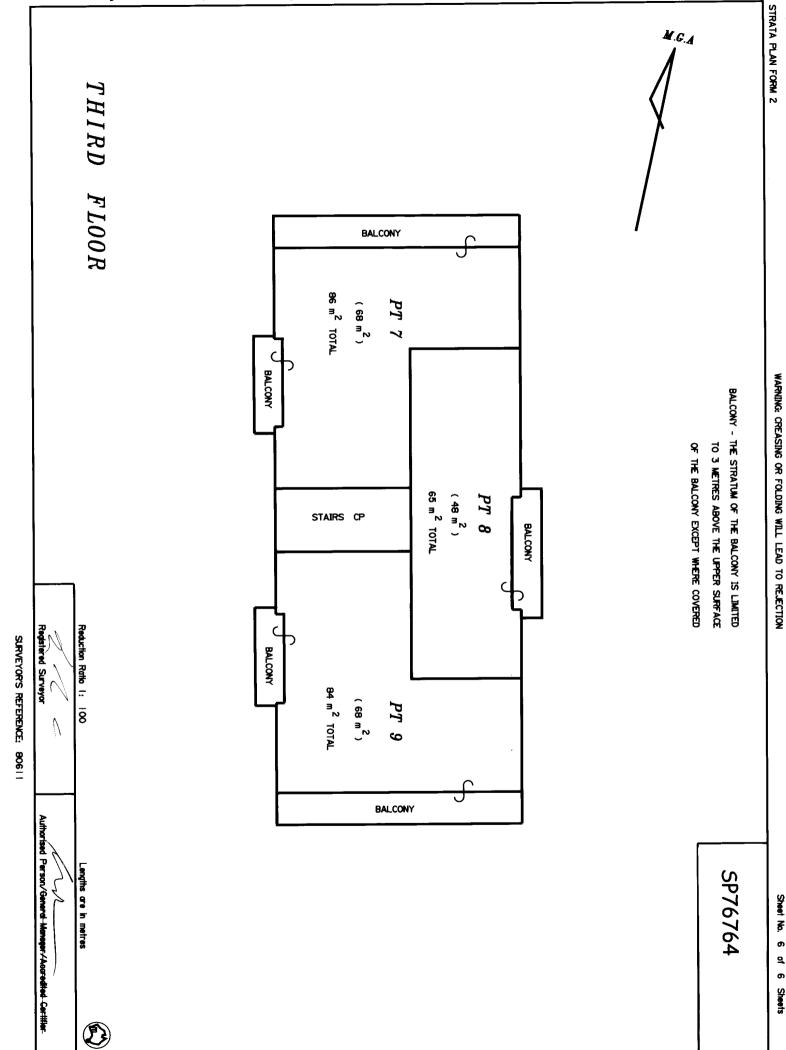
WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

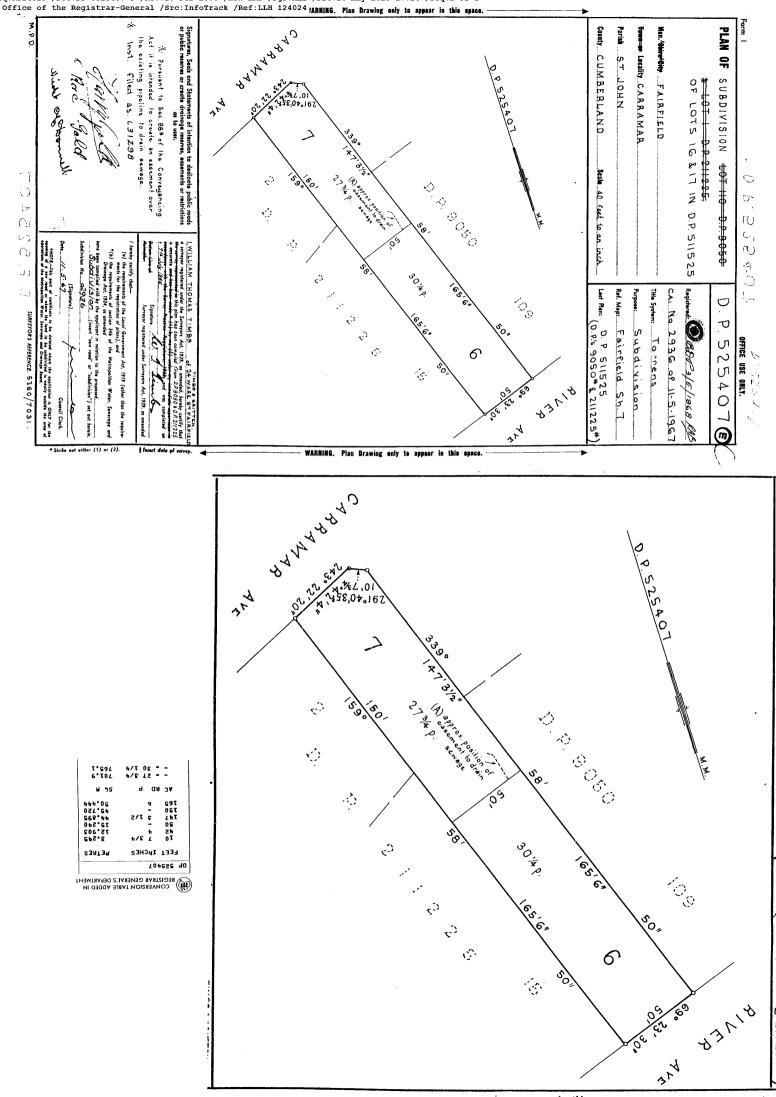


Sheet No. 3 of 6 Sheets









Reg: R324829 /Doc:DP 0525407 /Rev:10 **/NSW LRS** /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26 2025 /Seq:1 of 1 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack

Req:R324828 /Doc:DP 0525407 B /Rev:10-Feb-2000 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26-May-2025 17:26 /Seq:1 of 1 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:LLH 124024 L 31298 About a Gas INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT. 1919

PART 1

<u>Plan:</u>

DP525407 **E**

Subdivision of Lot 110 D.P. 9050 and Lot 1 D.P. 211225 comprised in Certificates of Title Volume 9851 Folics 165, & 166 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. 2936.

Full name and address of proprietor of the land:

Violet McDonnell of 268 River Avenue, Carramar and Harry Gold and Rae Gold of Carramar Avenue, Carramar.

1. <u>Identity of easement</u> or restriction firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan:

Easement to drain sewage.

Lots bur<u>dened</u>

Lot 7

<u>Schedule of lots, etc. affected</u> <u>Lots. name of road. or Authority</u> <u>benefited</u> Lot 6

Signed in my presence by <u>VIOLET McDONNELL</u> who is personally known to me

Solicitor Faifield Signed in my presence by <u>HAFARY GOLD</u> who is personally known to me ldmy Signed in my presence by AE GOLD who is personally known to

Instrument pursuant to Regulation 52D Conveyancing Act Regulations, 1961, setting out the terms of easements or restrictions as to user created by registration of the within-mentioned Deposited Plan.

D. all tom

H.S. Water Staffard - Ayling

Reg:R324830 /Doc:DL © Office of the Regi Form:	strar-Gene	Rev:21-Jun-2004 /NSW LR ral /Src:InfoTrack /Ref	:LLH 124024	26-May-2025 17:26 /s	eg:1 of 4
Licence: 01-08-0	70 A-0 e Systems	785131K GRANTING New Sout Real Proper	EASEMENT	AA6833	<u>305L</u>
	PRIVACY NO	TE: this information is legally re	quired and will become	e part of the public record	
(A) TORRENS TITLE	Servient Ten	ement (land burdened)	Dominant	Tenement (land benefited)	
	7/525407		6/525407	,	
(B) LODGED BY	Delivery Box ISAU • 819R	Name, Address or DX and Tel STOIKOVICH MACRI, Soli DX 5008 LIVERPOOL Tel Reference (optional): AM:LN	CCA eitors - 02-9601-4311-		CODE
(C) TRANSFEROR	Registered p	roprietor of the servient teneme			
· · · ·	BOLDY EN	ITERPRISES PTY LIMITED	م <u>م</u> ر به مر مر م	ما اعتباد از رسید را دوری از در رسید می افراد این د مارسید از این	
(D)	The transfer	or acknowledges receipt of the c	consideration of \$ 40,0	00.00	
	and transfers	s and grants	·		
(E) DESCRIPTION OF EASEMENT	EASEMEN	T TO DRAIN WATER 1 WIDI	E SHOWN MARKEI	D (B) IN PLAN "A' ANNEX	ED
(F) (G) T RANSFEREE	Encumbrand Registered p	rvient tenement and appurtenant ces (if applicable): proprietor of the dominant tenem JIC AND LJUBENKA PAJIC	nent	ment.	
DATE		1			
and executed on authorised perso pursuant to the a Corporation: BC	behalf of the on(s) whose signuthority speci OLDY ENTER	ses of the Real Property Act 190 corporation named below by the mature(s) appear(s) below fied. PRISES PTY LIMITED Corporations Act 2001	00		Bold
Signature of aut			Signature of au	thorised person:	
Name of author Office held:	-		Name of author Office held:		n Bow
personally acqu	ainted or as to	ing opposite, with whom I am whose identity I am otherwise at in my presence.	Certified correct 1900 by the tra	Sole direction of the Real states of the Real state	or Secretery al Property Act
Signature of wit	thess:	7 yrs.	Signature of tra	insferee: Juleabat	apr
Name of witnes	s: 5:	pred by 309 R of	-11	insferee: Juleabat	Umr_
/ Address of #itm 10/ M100 re	stralt	7 Jus. prod. by 309 R a. 14/5/04 Lor a Liverpo 01.	97/67.		

All handwriting must be in block capitals.

Number additional pages sequentially

Req:R324830 /Doc:DL AA683305 /Rev:21-Jun-2004 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26-May-2025 17:26 /Seq:2 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:LLH 124024

<u>INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE</u> <u>USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE</u> CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

(Lengths are in metres)

<u>Plan</u>:

Full name and address of the proprietors of the land:

(Sheet 1 of 2 Sheets)

Plan of Easement to Drain Water 1 wide over Lot 7 in DP 525407

BOLDY ENTERPRISES PTY LIMITED ACN 091 747 769 of Unit 14, 2 Daniel Street, Wetherill Park NSW 2164

<u>PART 1</u>

<u>Identity of Easement firstly referred</u> to in the abovementioned plan:

Easement to Drain Water 1 wide

SCHEDULE OF LOTS ETC AFFECTED

Lot Burdened

Lot 7 in DP525407 (7/525407) Lot Benefited

Lot 6 in DP525407 (6/525407)

<u>PART 2</u>

Terms of easement to Drain Water firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan:

Easement to Drain Water within the meaning of Part 3 of Schedule 8 of Section 181A of the Conveyancing Act, 1919.

This is Sheet 1 of a 2 Sheet Instrument

Hay will lem

O:\Docs\20226107\114452.doc

Reg:R324830 /Doc:DL AA683305 /Rev:21-Jun-2004 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26-May-2025 17:26 /Seq:3 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:LLH 124024

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT. 1919

(Lengths are in metres)

(Sheet 2 of 2 Sheets)

Plan:

1 8 4 4

Plan of Easement to Drain Water 1 wide over Lot 7 in DP 525407

Name of persons empowered to release, vary or modify such Easement:

The Registered Proprietors for the time being of Lot 6 in DP525407.

The Common Seal of BOLDY **ENTERPRISES PTY LIMITED** was hereunto affixed by authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors in the presence of:

Secretary

The Common Seal of Australian Secured Lending Pty Limited was affixed in the presence of:

20Mu of Sta Secretary NAOMI STAFFORD

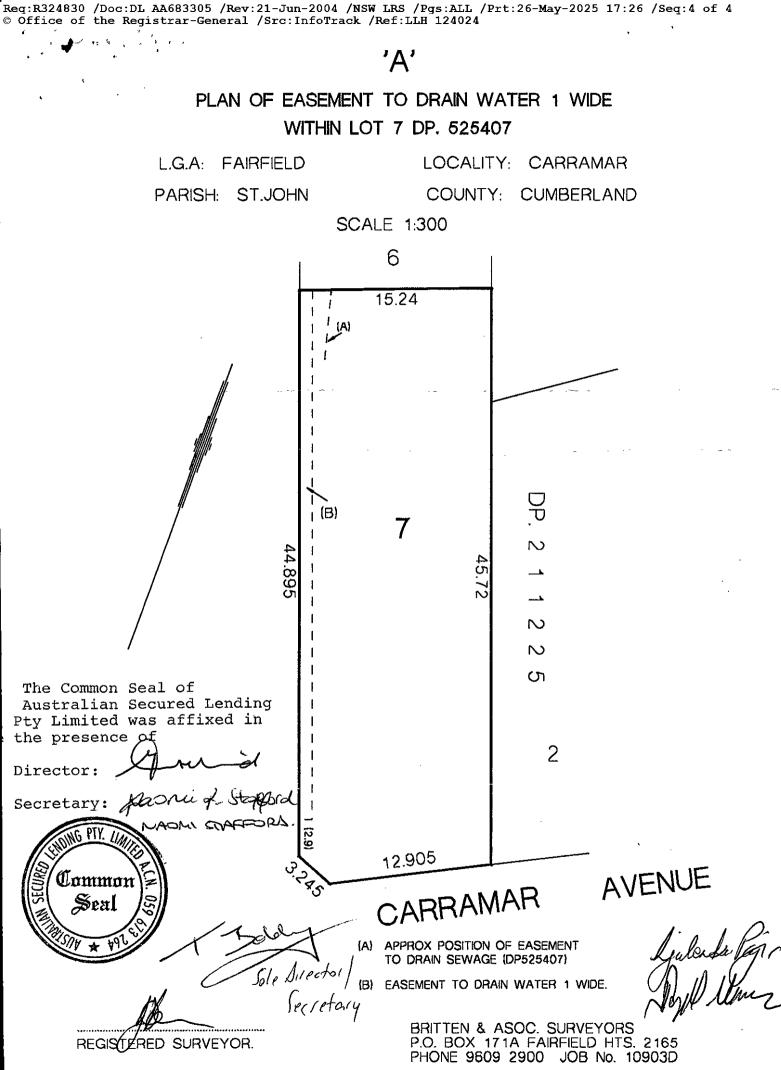
Director





fyulenballigir Fi HA M.

This is Sheet 2 of a 2 Sheet Instrument



Req:R324831	/Doc:DL AP428171	/Rev:02-Aug-2019) /NSW LRS	/Pgs:ALL	/Prt:26-May-2025	17:26	/Seq:1	of 7
© Office of	the Registrar-Gen	neral /Src:InfoTi	ack /Ref:I	LLH 124024				

Form:	15CH	
Release:	$2 \cdot 1$	

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS New South Wales



Strata Schemes Management Act 20 Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A)	IONN

(B)

(G)

TORRENS TITLE	For the com		
LODGED BY	Document Collection Box	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any STRATA ADVISORY SERVICES PO BOX 415 EPPING NSW BC 1710 Reference: B178.1	

e certify that a special resolution was passed on SITE (e) BULON (C) The Owners-Strata Plan No. 76764

(D) pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as follows-

(E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE Added by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE

Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE

as fully set out below:

SEE ANNEXURE "A"

(C) The Owners Corporation is obliged, by virtue of section 141(3) of the Act, to keep a consolidated up to date copy of the by-laws for the strata scheme. In order to comply with that provision, it desires to register a consolidation of the strata scheme's applicable by-laws.



A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at (F) Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure A

TUNE 2019 in the presence of The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 76764 was affixed on

the following person(s) authorised by section	273 Strata Schemes Management	Act 2015 to attest the	e affixing of the seal:
M nn h	0		8

Signature: Alergaffred
Name: 12HILLIN PAPAS
Authority: STRATA MANAGER
Signature:
vame: KUNIN Willirs (Strata Managing agent)
Authority: JINTECT OR

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS. 1705

Annexure A referred to in Consolidation/Change of By-laws for Strata Scheme 76764

PART 1

PREAMBLE

- 1.1 Section 134 (2) of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (the "Act") provides that the bylaws in force for a strata scheme that came into existence after the commencement of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (the "1996 Act") (namely, 1 July 1997) and before the commencement of the section (namely, 30 November 2016) are the by-laws adopted or lodged with the strata plan registered by the Registrar-General for the strata scheme, including any changes to the by-laws made in accordance with the 1996 Act or in accordance with the Act.
- 1.2 Section 43(3) of the 1996 Act stated that the regulations may prescribe model by-laws which may be adopted as the by-laws for the strata scheme.
- 1.3 Clause 27 of the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005 (the "2005 Regulation") provided that model by-laws for different types of strata schemes were set out in Schedules 1 to 6 to the 2005 Regulation.
- 1.4 By virtue of the registration of Strata Plan 76764 on 14th March 2006, the strata scheme was created and a body corporate was duly constituted as the Owners Corporation.
- 1.5 The model by-laws for residential schemes were adopted and option A in relation to the keeping of animals was selected.
- 1.6 By-laws 1 to 20 inclusive (set out in Schedule 1 to the 2005 Regulation) were the model bylaws adopted (the "Model By-Laws").
- 1.7 The Model By-Laws are the by-laws in force for the strata scheme. The by-laws are set out in Part 3 below.

PART 2

INDEX

BY-LAW	SUBJECT MATTER	PAGE
By-Law 1:	Noise	2
By-Law 2:	Vehicles	2
By-Law 3:	Obstruction of common property	2
By-Law 4:	Damage to lawns and plants on common property	2
By-Law 5:	Damage to common property	2
By-Law 6:	Behaviour of owners and occupiers	3
By-Law 7:	Children playing on common property in building	3
By-Law 8:	Behaviour of invitees	3
By-Law 9:	Depositing rubbish and other material on common property	3
By-Law 10:	Drying of laundry items	3
By-Law 11:	Cleaning windows and doors	3
By-Law 12:	Storage of inflammable liquids	4

BA

Page 2017

By-Law 13:	Changes to floor coverings and surfaces	4
By-Law 14:	Floor coverings	4
By-Law 15:	Garbage disposal	4
By-Law 16:	Keeping of animals	5
By-Law 17:	Appearance of Lot	5
By-Law 18:	Change in use of lot to be notified	5
By-Law 19:	Provision of amenities or services	6
By-Law 20:	Compliance with planning and other requirements	6

PART 3

BY-LAWS

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

not

Page 3 of 7

- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

BA

Page 4 of 7

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Changes to floor coverings and surfaces

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.
- (2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),

MM

Page Sof 7

- (e) must not place anything in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:
 - (a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
 - (b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

16 Keeping of animals

(1)

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2)

The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change

Page 6077

of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
 - (a) window cleaning,
 - (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
 - (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
 - (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note.

Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

20 Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

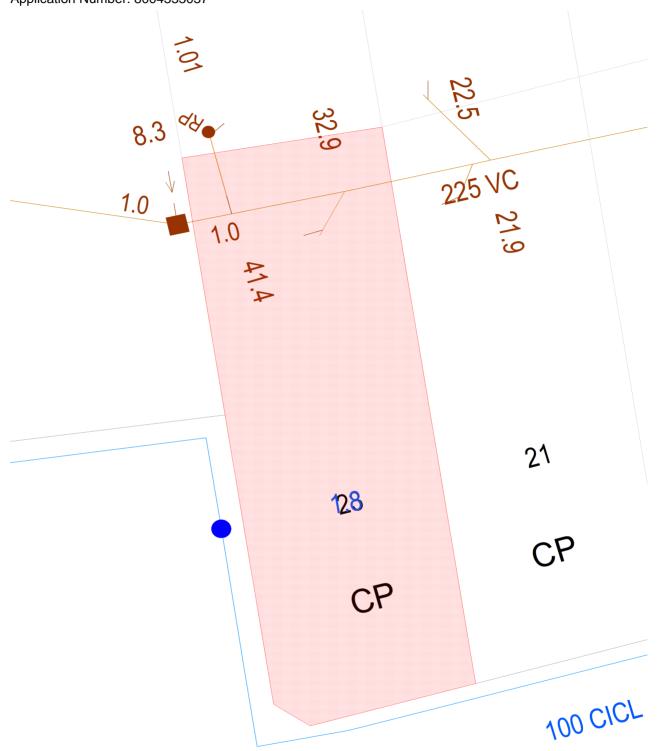


This page is a temporary placeholder for the Fairfield City Council: Section 10.7 (2) Certificate - Standard - 4/SP76764 which will be removed and replaced with the certificate once available from the authority.

> Ordered: 26/05/2025 05:25:32 PM Order ID: 163251291



Service Location Print Application Number: 8004333037



Document generated at 26-05-2025 05:40:14 PM

Disclaimer
The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a Sewer service diagram.
Page



Asset Information

Legend

Sewer	
Sewer Main (with flow arrow & size type text)	225 PVC
Disused Main	
Rising Main	
Maintenance Hole (with upstream depth to invert)	1.7
Sub-surface chamber	<u> </u>
Maintenance Hole with Overflow chamber	-
Ventshalft EDUCT	
Ventshaft INDUCT	
Property Connection Point (with chainage to downstream MH)	10.6
Concrete Encased Section	Concrete Encosed
Terminal Maintenance Shaft	
Maintenance Shaft	——Õ—
Rodding Point	— •*
Lamphole	
Vertical	
Pumping Station	0
Sewer Rehabilitation	SP0882
Pressure Sewer	
Pressure Sewer Main	
Pump Unit (Alarm, Electrical Cable, Pump Unit)	⊠⊘
Property Valve Boundary Assembly	
Stop Valve	——×——
Reducer / Taper	<u> </u>
Flushing Point	®
Vacuum Sewer	
Pressure Sewer Main	
Division Valve	—
Vacuum Chamber	—ф
Clean Out Point	<u>O</u>

Stormwator

Stormwater	
Stormwater Pipe	
Stormwater Channel	
Stormwater Gully	
Stormwater Maintenance Hole	

Property Details

Boundary Line ———	
Easement Line	30
House Number	No
Lot Number	- 0,
Proposed Land ————	27 10 28
Sydney Water Heritage Site (please call 132 092 and ask for the Heritage Unit)	

Water

WaterMain - Potable (with size type text) Disconnected Main - Potable Proposed Main - Potable	200 PVC
Water Main - Recycled	
Special Supply Conditions - Potable	
Special Supply Conditions - Recycled	
Restrained Joints - Potable	
Restrained Joints - Recycled	
Hydrant	
Maintenance Hole	_
Stop Valve	—×—
Stop Vale with By-pass	iš
Stop Valve with Tapers	
Closed Stop Valve	
Air Valve	—
Valve	
Scour	<u> </u>
Reducer / Taper	
Vertical Bends	$\rightarrow \leftarrow$
Reservoir	
Recycled Water is shown as per Potable above. Colour as indicated	
Private Mains	

Potable Water Main **Recycled Water Main** Sewer Main Symbols for Private Mains shown grey

Disclaimer
The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a Sewer service diagram.
Page



ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
VC	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

Pipe Types

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

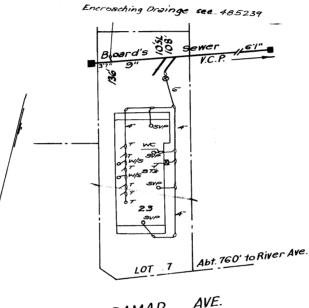
Disclaimer
The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a Sewer service diagram.
Page



Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8004333056

Municipality				10. 58	
Boundary Trap Pit G.I. Grease Interceptor Gully BP.T. P. Trap BR.S. Reflux Sink	■ R.V. ○ VERT. ○ V.P. ○ S.V.P.	YMBOLS AND AB Reflux Valve Cleaning Eye Vertical Pipe Vent. Pipe Soil Vent. Pipe Down Cast Cowl SCALE: 40 FEET T	I.P. Induct Pipe M.F. Mica Flap T. Tubs K.S. Kitchen Sink w.C. Water Closet B.W. Bath Waste	Bsn. Shr. W.I.P. C.I.P. F.W. W.M.	Basin Shower Wrought Iron Pipe Cast Iron Pipe Floor Waste Washing Machine



CARRAMAR	,
----------	---

	SHEET No. 6247	<u>.s_/0</u>	U.C.s		
	DRAINAGE			PLUMBING	
W.C.	Supervised by	Date	BRANCH OFFICE Date	Supervised by	Date
Shr Bsn. K.S. T.	Inspector Examined by	···/·····/·····	Outfall <u>Sky</u> ^{HL} Drainer	Inspector 693 351	
Pig. Dge. Int. Dge. Ext.	Chief Inspector Tracing Checked		Plumber Boundary Trap is not required	1253-138	Ss 2

Document generated at 26-05-2025 05:40:08 PM

10 T. 1

Disclaimer The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a Service location print.



RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).
- This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please 1. read all terms and conditions carefully.
- 2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit
- www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both З. the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication. 4.

This agreement is made on 10 /03 / 2023 at 121 WARE STREET, FAIRFIELD Between

Landlord [Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides]

Landlord 1 Name: QUYEN THI THUY TRINH	A.B.N. (if applicable):			
Landlord telephone number or other contact details:	qjtrinh6970@yahoo.com.au			
If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in:				
Landlord 2 Name:	A.B.N. (if applicable):			
Landlord telephone number or other contact details:				
If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord	ordinarily resides in:			

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent. [Insert business address or residential address of landlord(s)]

C/- CENTURY 21 SOUTHWEST FAIRFIELD

121 WARE STREET FAIRFIELD NSW 2165

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]

N/A

Tenant [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]

Tenant 1	Name RONNY OSEI-KWARTENG	
	Phone 0421 279 040	Email rooney2t3@hotmail.com
Tenant 2	Name	
	Phone	Email
Tenant 3	Name	
	Phone	Email
Tenant 4	Name	
	Phone	Email

Landlord's agent details [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]

Licensee Si	sbro Investment Pty Ltd			
Trading as Century 21 South West FairfieldA.B.N.14 107 633 438				
Address 12	21 Ware Street			
Fairfield, NS\	N		Postcode 2165	
Phone 02 97	27 6677 Fax 02 9727 3419	Mobile	Email rentals@century21fairfield.com.au	

Tenant's agent details [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]

		······································		
Name/s	N/A		A.B.N.	
Address				
			Postcode	
Phone	DocuSigned Hyax	Mobile	Email	
<u></u>	F73FB7162EA54F3 Originateri and distribu		IOVEMBER 2021 Real Estate Institute of NSW in whom exclusive co	PAGE 1 OF 18 EM00401 - 11/21

WARNING Unauthorised reproduction in whole or in part is an infringement of Copyright.

Postcode 2163

Term of agreement

The term of this agr	eement is:
----------------------	------------

6 months
12 months
2 years
3 years
5 years
✓ Other (please specify): 26 WEEKS
Periodic (no end date)
starting on 10 / 03 / 2023 and ending on 09 / 09 / 2023 [Cross out if not applicable]
Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> .
Residential Premises
The residential premises are [Insert address]
Address 4/23 CARRAMAR AVENUE

Suburb CARRAMAR

The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

State NSW

LOCK UP GARAGE

The residential premises do not include: [List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part of the residential premises]

N/A Rent

The rent is	\$ 300.00	per	WEEK	payable in advance starting on	14	/03	/2023	
Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks								

rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a)	to		at		by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT),	or
(b)	into the following	j account,		or any	y other account nominated by the landlord:	
	BSB number:		Account number:			
	Account name:					
	Payment referer	ce:			,	or

(c) as follows: BPAY or DIRECT DEBIT or INTERNET TRANSFER

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental bond [cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of \$BOND LODGED must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

the landlord or another person, or

the landlord's agent, or

✓ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

DocuSigned by: \cap 4 m Ken 73EB7162E454E3

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants 1

	No	more	than
--	----	------	------

persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs:	DISTINCT ELECTRICAL AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Telephone: 0423 337 636
Plumbing repairs:	NSW MAINTENANCE & PLUMBING SERVICES	Telephone: 0424 588 810 or 0405 509 001
Other repairs:	GENERAL MAINTENANCE - THE BLOKE NEXT DOOR	Telephone: 0419 288 330

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? Yes Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves Ves V		
Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?	Yes	🖌 No
Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?	Yes	✓ No
For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.		-
Smoke alarms		
Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated: Hardwired smoke alarm ✓ Battery operated smoke alarm		
If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?	🖌 Yes	No
If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:		
9 VOLT		
If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?	Yes	No
If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replace	:d:	
If the <i>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</i> applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?	Yes	🖌 No
Strata by-laws		
Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Ves No If yes, see cla	auses 38 ar	nd 39.
Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] [Cross out if not applicable]		
Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under sec Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notice		

documents you send or receive electronically. [You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants

should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?	Yes	🖌 No	lf yes, see clause 50.
[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]			

Tenant

Yes Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? [Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

hu

Orig

rooney2t3@hotmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws DocuSigned by:



COPYRIGHT NOVEMBER 2021

ate日沼冊砌協和БAHHF by and printed and produced for the Real Estate Institute of N.S.W. in whom exclusive copyright vests WARNING Unauthorised reproduction in whole or in part is an infringement of Copyright.

No

If yes, see clause 50.

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

REINSW

- 2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - **2.2** a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- **3.2** to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- **3.3** to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- **4.1** to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- **4.2** not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- **4.3** not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- **4.5** not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- **4.6** to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- **4.8** to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- **7.3** that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

- 8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- 9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 10. The landlord agrees to pay:
 - **10.1** rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - **10.2** the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - **10.3** all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

- **10.4** the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- **10.5** all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- **10.6** all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- **10.7** all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- **10.8** all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

REINSW

- **11.1** all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- **11.2** all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

- **11.3** all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- **11.4** all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- **11.5** any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- **11.6** water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - **11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - **12.1** the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - **12.2** the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
 - **12.3** the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
 - **12.4** the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - **12.4.1** all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - **12.4.2** on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - **12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

- 14. The landlord agrees:
 - **14.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
 - **14.2** to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- **15.1** that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- **15.2** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- **15.3** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- **16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- **16.3** not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- **16.4** not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- **16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- **17.2** to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- **17.3** that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- **17.4** that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- **18.** The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - **18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - **18.2** to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - **18.3** to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - **18.4** to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

COPYRIGHT NOVEMBER 2021 Originated and distributed by and printed and produced for the Real Estate Institute of N.S.W. in whom exclusive copyright vests. WARNING Unauthorised reproduction in whole or in part is an infringement of Copyright.

REINSW

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- **18.5** to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- **18.6** to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES 19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows-do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- **19.2** to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- **19.3** to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- **19.4** not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- **19.5** not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- **19.6** to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- **19.7** that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - **20.1** the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - **20.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - **20.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - **20.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
 - **20.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and



- **21.2** to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and the tenant agree:

REINSW

AL ESTATE INSTITUTE NEW SOUTH WALES

- **23.1** that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- **23.2** that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- 24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
 - **24.1** in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
 - 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
 - **24.3** if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
 - 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
 - **24.5** to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - **24.6** to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - **24.8** to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
 - **24.9** to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - **24.10** to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
 - 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- **25.** The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
 - **25.1** must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - **25.3** must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

- **25.4** must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- **27. The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

- **30.1** not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- **30.2** that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- **30.3** to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- **30.4** not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- **30.5** to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- **30.6** to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- **31. The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. The landlord agrees:

32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- **32.2** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- **32.3** not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- **32.4** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- **32.5** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

REINSW

AL ESTATE INSTITUTE NEW SOUTH WALES

- **33.1** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- **33.2** to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- **34.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- **35.1** the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- **35.2** the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- **35.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- **35.4** without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to subletting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

- **37.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- **37.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- **37.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- **37.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- **37.5** if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- **38.** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.*
- **39.** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- **41. The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
 - **41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - **41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

- **42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- **42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- **42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- **42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- **42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and



REINSW REAL ESTATE INSTITUTE OF NEW SOUTH WALES

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- **42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- **42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- **43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- **43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a batteryoperated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- **43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

- **46.** The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:
 - **46.1** the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and

46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- **47.1** if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- **47.2** if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- **48.** The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
 - **48.1** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - **48.2** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - **48.3** that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- **50.1** to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- **50.2** to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- **50.3** that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- **50.4** if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- **51.** The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
 - 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

Originated and distributed by and printed and produced for the Real Estate Institute of N.S.W. in whom exclusive copyright vests. WARNING Unauthorised reproduction in whole or in part is an infringement of Copyright.

- **51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- **51.3** 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

REINSW

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and

(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement. ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

53. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc]:

N/A			

- 54. The tenant agrees
 - 54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
 - **54.2** to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
 - 54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and
 - 54.4 to comply with any council requirements.
- **55.** The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

56. The landlord and tenant:

- **56.1** agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated 06 / 04 / 2020 (insert a date if the landlord and and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,
- **56.2** acknowledge that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

56.3 agree that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- **57.** Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, **the tenant agrees**:
 - **57.1** to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;
 - **57.2** not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
 - **57.3** to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
 - **57.4** to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
 - 57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
 - **57.6** to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
 - **57.7** to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
 - **57.8** to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
 - **57.9** to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;
 - **57.10** to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
 - **57.11** to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
 - **57.12** not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
 - **57.13** not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
 - **57.14** to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58. The tenant agrees:

58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and



58.2 the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59. The tenant agrees:

- **59.1** to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- **59.2** not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.
- **50.** The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61. The tenant agrees:

- **61.1** not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, and
- **61.2** to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

62. The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63. The tenant agrees:

- 63.1 upon termination of this agreement, to:
 - (a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*,
 - (b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - (c) comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
- **63.2** that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.
- 64. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- **65.1** any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
- **65.2** the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:

- **66.1** to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 66.2 where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
- **66.3** where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
- **66.4** that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

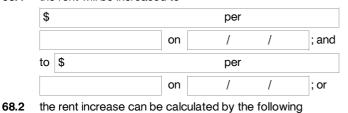
(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

- 67. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, the tenant agrees:
 - **67.1** to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;
 - **67.2** to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;
 - 67.3 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;
 - **67.4** to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment, safety gate, access door, fence or barrier;
 - **67.5** not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier including not propping or holding open any safety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to climb the pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier; and
 - 67.6 to ensure that the pool safety gate or access door is self-closing at all times.

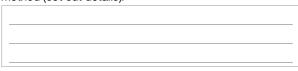


ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of **less than 2 years**):

- **68.** By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 68.1 the rent will be increased to



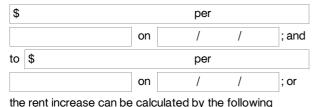
method (set out details):



Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of <u>2 years or more</u>):

- **69.** By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 69.1 the rent will be increased to



69.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):



Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

- 70. For avoidance of doubt:
 - **70.1** a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;
 - **70.2** a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

70.3 if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS 71. The tenant agrees:

- 71.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
 - (a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;
 - (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;
- **71.2** to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- **71.3** to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

- **73.** The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
- **74.** The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.

COPYRIGHT NOVEMBER 2021

76. The landlord agrees to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

- 77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.
- **78.** The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

REINSW

79. The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- (c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: ______ or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

COPYRIGHT NOVEMBER 2021

ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

REINSW

REAL ESTATE INSTITUTE OF NEW SOUTH WALES

80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:

- **80.1** the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
- **80.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
 - (a) they do not contravene the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW), the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - (b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
- **80.3** The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and /or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.

COPYRIGHT NOVEMBER 2021



SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

EINSW

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:
 - do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (vii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

REINSW REALESTATE INSTITUTE OF NEW SOUTH WALES

- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.

NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

REINSW

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989.*

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD / LANDLORD'S AGENT	
Daliborka Jaglic	30/3/2023
(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)	(Date)
LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT	
The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residenti contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets DocuSigned by:	
Daliborka Jaglic	30/3/2023
(Signature of landlord / landlord's agent)	(Date)
Note: A landlord's agent must not sign this acknowledgment unless they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the landlord has read and understood the contents of the information statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights and obligations.	
SIGNED BY THE TENANT	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
30/3/2023	
(Date)	(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

REINSW

AL ESTATE INSTITUTE NEW SOUTH WALES

(Date)

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.



(Signature of tenant)

30/3/2023

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

COPYRIGHT NOVEMBER 2021

March 2020



Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- · not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told<u>befo</u>re you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- · planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the <u>loose-fill asbestos insulation</u> register
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be giv<u>en before you s</u>ign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- · a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be giv<u>en at the time you sign</u> an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

 for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent must give you:

 a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

- 1. be structurally sound
- 2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
- 3. have adequate ventilation
- be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
- 5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
- have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
- 7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent **within 7 days** after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- · keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using <u>Rental Bonds Online</u> (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement. Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required. For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the <u>Fair Trading website</u>.

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an emergency, no notice is necessary
- if the **Tribunal orders** that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs or maintenance of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a general inspection of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- · insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- · install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any cotenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

- ☐ I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
- □ I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
- □ I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
- □ I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
- I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

□ I have made sure these have already been done

or

□ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

Upfront costs

I am **not** required to pay:

- more than 2 weeks rent in advance
- more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- I am **not** being charged for:
 - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
 - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
 - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in. Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean. Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixedterm. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the Fair Trading website or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au 13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50 (ask for an interpreter in your language)

© State of New South Wales (NSW Fair Trading), 2020 Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 licence. For information: <u>fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/copyright</u> This publication must not be relied on as legal advice. For more information about this topic, refer to the appropriate legislation.

DocuSign Envelope ID: BAC6BD99-23EC-4A31-981A-0839624D1BFE ANNEXURE ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

- 1. **Condition Report** The tenant acknowledges and confirms receiving the condition report sheet. The tenant is required to return a completed inspection report sheet within seven (7) days after executing the residential tenancy agreement. If the tenant fails to return a completed, signed and dated inspection report within seven (7) days, then the tenant acknowledges the agent's inspection report to be correct and legally binding.
- 2. **Condition of Premises -** The tenant/s have viewed the property and agree to accept the property in its current condition.
- 3. **Utilities** The tenant is responsible to pay for all charges of electricity and gas where separately metered. The tenant is also responsible for connecting and disconnecting gas, electricity, internet, pay television and telephone to the property.
- 4. **Water Usage -** Where the water is separately metered, the tenant agrees to pay for all water usage charges. This is to be paid to your Real Estate Agency and not Sydney Water. As per the Residential Tenancy Act 2010 and the new Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, water usage must be paid within <u>21 days</u> of receiving the water usage bill.
- 5. **Water Saving Devices** The tenant agrees not to remove any water saving devices or tamper with the taps/showerheads where applicable at the property during the tenancy.
- 6. **Contents insurance** The tenant is responsible to take out contents insurance to cover their own belongings. The landlord is not liable for any loss.
- 7. **Change of contact details -** The tenant agrees to supply their email address and home & work telephone numbers to the Landlords Agent and further agrees to notify the Landlords Agent of any changes to these details within 48 hours of any such changes.
- 8. **Repairs** The tenant must report ALL repairs (except if it is urgent) by email to <u>diana@c21fairfield.com.au</u>. Repair requests can also be handed in to the office or faxed should you not have access to an email. Request for repairs must be submitted in writing and outline the issue, how it occurred, when it occurred and your best contact details. The tenant agrees to notify the Real Estate Agency / Property Manager immediately upon any damage occurring to the property and acknowledges that the repairs will to be carried out during the tradesperson's work hours. Should the tenant/s require repairs to be carried out, out of hours, any surcharge costs are the responsibility of the tenant/s.
- 9. **Damage to property** The tenant agrees that any damage, either intentional or accidental, caused to the property by the tenant or their acquaintances will be repaired at the cost of the tenant, within 48 hours. Should the damage be significant it must be reported to Century 21 Fairfield immediately and the agent is to be given access to inspect the item once it has been repaired and restored to its original state.
- 10. **Fireplaces** The tenant/s agrees if there is a fireplace, they are not to light a fire under any circumstances. Should there be any damages to the property caused by the lighting of the fireplace, the tenant understands that any damage to the property or the property of the landlord is the tenant's responsibility and must be repaired and/or replaced at the cost of the tenant.
- 11. **Gas Bottles** -The tenant/s hereby acknowledge and agree that under no circumstances can a portable or LPG gas bottle be used for cooking inside the premises or on the balcony of the property.
- 12. **Smoking -** is not permitted in the premises.

- 13. **Globes** Under the Residential Tenancy Act 2010 and the new Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes.
- 14. **Smoke alarms -** The tenant agrees not to cover or disassemble smoke alarms within the property. The tenant agrees to notify the Real Estate Agent immediately if the smoke alarm is not working or is broken.
- 15. **Floorboards** The tenant is responsible for ensuring the polished floorboards, where applicable, are not scratched and will undertake to put suitable felt coverings on the legs of all furniture.
- 16. **Alterations to the property -** The tenant agrees not to make any alteration (which includes installing any fixtures or undertaking any renovations) to the property without the written permission of the agent/landlord. E.g.: painting the walls/windows/doors, hooks/screws on windows/walls/doors, changing locks, installing satellite/pay television. Should the landlord grant permission to install hooks, only 3m removable hooks are to be used and any damage to walls & paint caused is to be repaired by the tenants.
- 17. **Garden maintenance -** The tenant agrees to keep the eaves and gutters at the property free of debris. The tenant also agrees to maintain the garden, yard, courtyard including weeding the garden beds & paving, removing of moss from the building, paving & pathways and mowing the lawn where applicable both during and at the end of the tenancy. The tenant understands that the condition of the gardens and lawns has been comprehensively documented at the commencement of the tenancy, and that the tenant is required to return the property in the same condition at the end of the tenancy. In the event that the tenant fails to maintain the premises and grounds in accordance with the terms of the agreement, the landlord will employ the appropriate cleaners and/or gardeners to carry out the work. The cost of which will be claimed against the tenant as a consequence of the tenant's breach of the agreement.
- 18. **Flooring** The tenant/s agrees that special care will be taken with all flooring. All furniture must be fitted with the rubber or alike prior to being placed on the floor to prevent scratching and indentation etc. The tenant/s agrees pot plants are not to be placed directly on any carpets/ timber floors
- 19. **Drains -** The tenant is not permitted to dispose of any fat, grease, oil, sanitary napkins or any materials in drains/sinks that may cause a blockage. If the drains become blocked or damaged due to misuse, the tenant is liable for the cost to repair.
- 20. **Swimming Pools** If the rental property has a swimming pool or spa, the tenant is responsible for keeping the pool or spa and any associated equipment in a properly treated and clean condition. The tenant is responsible for all associated costs relating to the pool, including, chemicals, cleaning, servicing and maintaining the pool and the equipment provided by the landlord to maintain the pool. The tenant must also observe all legal requirements relating to pools or spas during the period of the lease.
- 21. **Wading Pools** The tenant agrees they will not set up any form of wading/swimming pool at the property including the inflatable styles or portable spas and are aware that all pools, including, portable, plastic or inflatable pools or spas, including children's wading pools, must be registered at <u>www.swimmingpoolregister.nsw.gov.au</u> in accordance with the NSW State Government Swimming Pool (Amendment) Act 2012.
- 22. **Respect neighbours** The tenant agrees not to be a nuisance or cause a disturbance to their neighbours.
- 23. **Garbage bins -** The tenant is responsible to replace any stolen garbage / disposal bins where applicable. The tenant is also responsible for taking their bins out for garbage collection.

- DocuSign Envelope ID: BAC6BD99-23EC-4A31-981A-0839624D1BFE the properties keys in the office. The tenant/s is responsible for making additional copies for themselves and also responsible for providing a spare set of keys to Century 21 Fairfield.
 - 25. **Sub-Leasing & Air-BnB** – The tenant acknowledges that it is in breach of their agreement to lease or sub-lease the property or any part of the property to any party not listed on this tenancy agreement. Should the tenant be found to be in breach of this clause an immediate termination notice will be issued. This includes renting out rooms, long or short term and holiday rentals.
 - 26. **Modification of Locks/Security** - The tenant agrees not to alter, remove, add or change any lock without reasonable justification without approval from the landlord. Should a request be made and the landlord grant consent, the tenant must supply a copy of the key within 7 days of the change to our office. Should the tenant not provide copies of the keys to the landlord's agent, the agent may employ a locksmith to gain access to the premises and supply new keys at the tenant's expense. Furthermore, if any key is lost or misplaced, the tenant is responsible for any costs of replacement keys or locks.
 - 27. **Ventilation** – The tenant agrees to keep the walls and ceilings free from mould, and to open doors and windows when possible to ensure adequate ventilation to the premises. If there are any serious mould problems, the tenant/s must inform the managing agent in writing immediately.
 - 28. **Air Conditioning** – Where air conditioning is installed at the property, the tenant agrees to regularly clean any filter/intake ducts on a monthly basis.
 - 29. Rental payments - Under the Residential Tenancy Act 2010 and the new Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, a tenant is provided two method options for rental payments. At least one method for the payment of rent must be made available to the tenant that does not incur a fee other than bank fees.
 - Option 1 Direct Debit
 - Option 2 Internet transfer
 - 30. **Rental Payment Systems-** The tenant acknowledges that the b-pay services and the direct debit of rents is handled by an independent third party and any changes/contact should be made directly with them. The tenant understands that fees are charged for the use of this service by the direct debit company and agrees that they have read and understand the Conditions of Use.
 - 31. **Dishonored payments**- Dishonoured cheques will incur a \$35.00 fee. This fee must be paid within 7 days of the dishonored payment to the office.
 - **Penalty for dishonoured payments** Under the Residential Tenancy Act 2010 and the new 32. Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 where an owner incurs penalty costs as a result of a rent payment dishonoring (bouncing) the tenant must re-imburse for the cost.
 - 33. Defaulting Tenants - You are hereby informed that all arrears and defaults, under the proposed lease will be listed on the Tenants Reference Association (TRA) and TICA register of defaulting tenants. The recording of such information will appear on your rental record and will affect your future capacity to secure a rental property.
 - 34. Lease Renewals - If you require a lease renewal at the end of your agreement, a periodical inspection must be carried out, and rent must be two weeks in advance.
 - 35. Change in leaseholders - The lessee agrees and acknowledges that the amount of people to reside in the property is according to the Residential Tenancy Agreement. The lessee agrees to notify the agent in writing of any change to the number of persons living at the premises and to changes of any of the lease holders which are all subject to the owner's approval.

- 36. **Notice to end tenancy -** The tenant must give written notice when ending the residential tenancies agreement. To vacate an end of fixed term tenancy a tenant is to provide at least (14) days notice prior to the expiry day of the agreement. To vacate where the lease has expired, the tenant is to provide at least 21 days' notice.
- 37. **Notice to Vacate** The tenant acknowledges that they are not to vacate or give notice to vacate between the 21st December and the 6th January of any given year.
- 38. **Break Lease fees** The tenant/s understands that in the event of terminating the lease before the lease has expired, the tenant shall be liable to pay the penalty stipulated In The Residential Tenancy Agreement (51 51.1 to 51.4).

Should the tenants break the lease at any point during their tenancy they will be responsible for the following:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired
- 1 weeks rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired
- 39. Access to prospective tenants prior to vacating The tenant must give reasonable access to allow prospective tenants through the property when given notice.
- 40. **Cleaning at end of tenancy -** The tenant is required to clean the premises at the end of the tenancy. E.g. Walls, windows, garden, grass, floors, kitchen, bathroom, removal of mould etc. *Note: the tenant is required to keep the premises clean, neat, tidy internally and externally at all times.* The tenant is also required to steam clean the carpets at the end of the tenancy, if applicable.
- 41. **Rent Arrears at end of tenancy** The tenant understands that the bond is security held by the Department of Fair Trading to cover the repair of any damage, cleaning, or any loss suffered by the landlord. The tenant understands that the bond is not intended to cover the last 4 weeks rent for the property and in the event of the tenant vacating, the bond is not to be used for rent outstanding. All rent must be paid by the tenant directly and not deducted from the bond.
- 42. **Pets** The tenant/s agrees no pets or animals are to be kept on the premises without prior written consent from the landlord/s. The tenant understands that should they keep pets without prior consent of the landlord, they will be given 14 days notice to vacate and the lease will be terminated. The tenant/s understands that if written consent is given, the tenant/s will be responsible to have the property professionally sprayed by a Licensed Pest Control company upon vacating and all carpets and curtains professionally steam cleaned.
- 43. **Bidets -** The tenant/s hereby acknowledge that the installation of portable bidets' (hoses connected to the back of the toilet) is not allowed. Should you install a portable bidet you will be held responsible for any damages that may be caused due to the installation and use.

Date: <u>30/3/2023</u>

30/3/2023